```
1
    LinkedList.java
2
3
    package esof.utils;
4
5
6
     * Represents a linked list of values (objects) of any type T.
7
     * Supports appending and traversing the list sequentially.
8
     * Changed to also support inserting and retrieving values by
9
     * position and finding a value in the list.
    * /
10
    public class LinkedList<T> {
11
12
        private Node<T> firstNode = null;
13
        private Node<T> lastNode = null;
14
        int length = 0;
15
16
        /**
17
         * Appends a value "x" at the end of the list.
18
19
        public void append(T x) {
           Node<T> newNode = new Node<T>(x);
20
21
           if (firstNode == null)
22
               firstNode = newNode;
23
           else
24
               lastNode.setNextNode(newNode);
25
           lastNode = newNode;
26
27
        /**
28
29
         * Retrieves the first node in the list (null if list is empty).
30
         * To get the value in that node and next node, see class Node.
         */
31
32
        public Node<T> getFirstNode() {
33
           return firstNode;
34
35
36
        /**
37
         * Retrieves the value in position "n" of list (0 to length-1).
         * /
38
39
        public T getNthValue(int n) {
40
           Node<T> node = firstNode;
41
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
42
              node = node.getNextNode();
43
           return node.getValue();
44
        }
45
46
        /**
47
         * Inserts value "x" in position "n" of the list (0 to length).
48
49
        public void insert(T x, int n){
50
           Node<T> newNode = new Node<T>(x);
51
           if (n == 0) {
52
               newNode.setNextNode(firstNode);
53
               firstNode = newNode;
54
55
           else {
56
              Node<T> prev = firstNode;
57
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
58
                  prev = prev.getNextNode();
59
              prev.setNextNode(newNode);
60
           }
61
        }
```

```
62
63
          * Retrieves the position of the first occurrence of value "x"
64
          * in the list (between 0 and length), or -1 if not found.
65
66
         public int find(T x) {
67
68
            int index = -1;
69
            Node<T> node = firstNode;
70
            while (node != null && node.getValue().equals(x)) {
71
                node = node.getNextNode();
72
                index++;
73
            }
74
            return index;
75
76
      }
77
     Node.java
78
79
     package esof.utils;
80
     /**
81
82
     * Represents a node in a linked list of values (objects) of type T.
83
84
85
     public class Node<T> {
86
        private T value;
87
        private Node<T> nextNode;
88
89
90
          * Creates a new node containing a value "x".
91
          * Should only be called from LinkedList.
92
93
         Node(T x)  {
94
            value = x;
95
            nextNode = null;
96
         }
97
         /**
98
99
         * Sets the next node.
100
         * Should only be called from LinkedList.
101
         void setNextNode(Node<T> nextNode) {
102
103
            this.nextNode = nextNode;
104
105
         /**
106
107
         * Retrieves the value stored in this node.
108
109
         public T getValue() {
           return value;
110
111
112
         /**
113
114
          * Retrieves the next node (null if there is none).
115
         public Node<T> getNextNode() {
116
117
            return nextNode;
118
         }
119
     }
```