# Ili

## Aprendizagem 2023

### Lab 4: kNN and Evaluation

### **Practical exercises**

Consider the following data:

	input		output	
	У1	<b>y</b> 2	<b>y</b> 3	У4
<b>X</b> 1	1	1	Α	1.4
$\mathbf{X}_2$	2	1	В	0.5
<b>X</b> 3	2	3	В	2
$\mathbf{X}_4$	3	3	В	2.2
<b>X</b> 5	1	0	Α	0.7
$\mathbf{x}_6$	1	4	Α	1.2

- **1.** Assuming a k-nearest neighbor with k=3 applied within a leave-one-out schema:
  - a) Let  $y_3$  be the output variable (*categoric*). Classify  $\mathbf{x}_1$  when considering uniform weights and:
    - i. Euclidean (*l*2) distance (real input variables)
    - ii. Hamming distance (categorical input variables)
  - b) Let  $y_4$  be the output variable (*numeric*). Considering cosine similarity, provide the mean regression estimate for  $\mathbf{x}_1$ .
  - c) Consider a weighted-distance k-nearest neighbor with Euclidean (l2) distance, identify the:
    - i. weighted mode estimate of  $\mathbf{x}_1$  for the  $y_3$  outcome
    - ii. weighted mean estimate of  $\mathbf{x}_1$  for the  $y_4$  outcome
- **2.** Let  $x_i$  be the measurement on variable  $y_i$  for a given observation  $\mathbf{x}$ .

Given the learnt regression model  $\hat{x}_4 = 1 - 0.8x_1 + 0.2x_2^2 + 0.2x_1x_2$ :

- a) Compute the  $\boldsymbol{y}_4$  regression estimates for the observations of the aforementioned dataset
- b) Compute the training Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
- c) Perform a residue analysis to assess the presence of systemic biases against  $y_1$  and  $y_2$
- 3. Consider the probabilistic outcome of a classifier for the given six observations to be

$$\mathbf{p}(y_3 = A \mid \mathbf{x}) = [p(y_3 = A \mid \mathbf{x}_1), ..., p(y_3 = A \mid \mathbf{x}_6)] = [0.45 \ 0.4 \ 0.3 \ 0.6 \ 0.8 \ 0.4]$$

- a) Draw the training ROC curve
- b) Compute the training AUC
- c) Would you change the default 0.5 probability threshold for this classifier in order to maximize training F1?

# **Programming quest**

- Consider the accuracy estimates collected under a 5-fold CV for two predictive models M1 and M2, acc<sub>M1</sub>=(0.7,0.5,0.55,0.55,0.6) and acc<sub>M2</sub>=(0.75,0.6,0.6,0.65,0.55).
  Using scipy, assess whether the differences in predictive accuracy are statistically significant.
  Resource: <a href="https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/generated/scipy.stats.ttest\_rel.html">https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/generated/scipy.stats.ttest\_rel.html</a>
- **4.** Consider the *housing* dataset available at <a href="https://web.ist.utl.pt/~rmch/dscience/data/housing.arff">https://web.ist.utl.pt/~rmch/dscience/data/housing.arff</a> and the *Regression* notebook available at the course's webpage. Using a 10-fold cross-validation:
  - a) Assess the MAE of a kNN regressor for  $k \in \{1,5,9\}$  (remaining parameters as default)
  - b) Compare the RMSE of the default kNN and decision tree regressors