

## Example unicast in Contiki

```
// the process control block includes variable name for the process and human readable text
name

PROCESS(example_unicast_process, "Example unicast");

//the example_unicast_process is to be automatically started when Contiki boots, or, if this
module is

compiled as a loadable module, when the module is loaded.

AUTOSTART_PROCESSES(&example_unicast_process);

// Print out an address of sender

static void recv_uc(struct unicast_conn *c, const rimeaddr_t *from)
{
    printf("unicast message received from %d.%d\n",
        from->u8[0], from->u8[1]);
}

// callback function

static const struct unicast_callbacks unicast_callbacks = {recv_uc};

// allocate memory for struct_unicast by defining as static

static struct unicast_conn uc;

PROCESS_THREAD(example_unicast_process, ev, data)
{
    // Close unicast connection when a process exits

    PROCESS_EXITHANDLER(unicast_close(&uc);

    //Define the beginning of a process

    PROCESS_BEGIN();

    // sets up a unicast connection with 3 parameters: unicast_struct, uint16_t channel and
    unicast callback
```

```

        unicast_open(&uc, 146, &unicast_callbacks);

//Start the infinitive loop
    while(1) {

// declare etimer for an event

        static struct etimer et;

        rimeaddr_t addr;

// set etimer = 1 second

        etimer_set(&et, CLOCK_SECOND);

// process waits for an event generated when etimer is expired

        PROCESS_WAIT_EVENT_UNTIL(etimer_expired(&et));

// Copy from external data into the packetbuf

        packetbuf_copyfrom("Hello", 5);

        addr.u8[0] = 1;

        addr.u8[1] = 0;

// Compare two Rime addresses. Return non-zero if the addresses are the same, zero if
//they are different

        if(!rimeaddr_cmp(&addr, &rimeaddr_node_addr)) {

            unicast_send(&uc, &addr);

        }

    }

    PROCESS_END();
}

```