Atividade 05

$$1 \times = x$$

$$(2k) \cdot (4l) = 8kl - 3(2k) \cdot (4l) = 2 \cdot k \cdot 4 \cdot l = 2 \cdot 4 \cdot k \cdot l = 8kl$$

$$(-3x^2)\cdot(7x^3)=-6x^5$$

$$\times (\alpha + \beta) = \times \alpha + \times \beta$$

$$2x^{2}(x+3y) = 2x^{3} + 2x^{2}y$$

$$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{8}{12}x = \frac{8x}{12}$$

$$\frac{8x}{12} = \frac{2x}{3}$$

·
$$\frac{y}{y} = y^2$$

$$\frac{18x}{6x^3} = \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$\times$$
 \times + \times = $2x$

•
$$3k + 4k = 7k$$

$$2xy + 9xy = 11xy$$

•
$$4a + 5b - a + 3b = 3a + 8b$$

$$\frac{3}{8}x - \frac{5}{12}y + x = mmc(9;12) = 24$$

$$\frac{9}{24}x - \frac{10}{24}y + \frac{24}{24}x = \frac{10}{24}y + \frac{24}{24}x = \frac{10}{24}y + \frac{10}{24}y +$$

$$\frac{9x - 10y + 24x}{24} = \frac{33x - 10y}{24}$$

$$-X = (-L)X$$

$$-x-2x=-3x$$

$$-(x-2x) = (-1)(x-2x)$$

$$= (-1)x + (-1)(-2x)$$

$$= -x + 2x$$

$$= X$$

$$-(\alpha+b)=-\alpha-b$$

$$-(\alpha-b)=-\alpha+b$$