pedmonte

(https:// profile.intra.42.fr)

SCALE FOR PROJECT MINISHELL (/ PROJECTS/42CURSUS-MINISHELL)

You should evaluate 2 students in this team



Git repository

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Introduction

Please comply with the following rules:

- Remain polite, courteous, respectful and constructive throughout the evaluation process. The well-being of the community depends on it.
- Work with the student or group whose project is being evaluated to identify possible issues. Take the time to discuss and debate the problems that may have been identified.
- You must consider that there might be some differences in how your peers might have understood the project's instructions and the scope of its functionalities. Always keep an open mind and grade them as honestly as possible. Peer evaluation is only effective if taken seriously.

Guidelines

- Only grade the work that was turned in the Git repository of the evaluated student or group.
- Verify that the Git repository belongs to the student(s) and that it contains the correct project. Also, check that 'git clone' is used in an empty folder.
- Check carefully that no malicious aliases were used to deceive you and make you evaluate something that is not the content of the official repository.
- To avoid any surprises and if applicable, review together any scripts used to facilitate the grading (scripts for testing or automation).
- If you have not completed the assignment you are going to evaluate, you have to read the entire subject prior to starting the evaluation process.
- Use the appropriate flags to report an empty repository, a malfunctioning program, a Norm error, or cases of cheating. In these cases, the evaluation process ends and the final grade is 0, or -42 in case of cheating. However, except for cheating, student are strongly encouraged to review together the work that was turned in, in order to identify any mistakes that shouldn't be repeated in the future.
- During the defense, no segmentation faults or any other unexpected, premature, or uncontrolled terminations are allowed. Otherwise, the final grade will be 0. Use the appropriate flag.

You should never need to modify any file except the configuration file, if one exists. If you want to edit a file, take the time to explain the reasons to the evaluated student and ensure both of you agree.

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- You must also verify the absence of memory leaks. Any memory allocated on the heap must be properly freed before the end of execution.

You are allowed to use any of the different tools available on the computer, such as leaks, valgrind, or e_fence. In case of memory leaks, tick the appropriate flag.

Attachments

subject.pdf (https://cdn.intra.42.fr/pdf/pdf/157049/en.subject.pdf)

Mandatory Part

Compile

- Use "make -n" to check if the compilation uses "-Wall -Wextra -Werror". If not, select the "invalid compilation" flag.
- minishell must compiles without any errors. If not, select the "invalid compilation" flag.
- . The Makefile must not re-link. If not, select the flag.

Simple Command & global variables

- Run a simple command using an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command without any options.
- How many global variables are used? Why? Ask the evaluated student to give you a concrete example of why
 it feels mandatory or logical.
- Check the global variable. This global variable cannot provide any other information or data access than the number of a received signal.
- · Test an empty command.
- Test commands that contain only spaces or tabs.
- If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

⊘ Yes ×No

Arguments

- Execute a simple command with an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command with arguments but without any quotes or double quotes.
- Repeat the test multiple times with different commands and arguments.
- If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

 ${\it ext{ iny Yes}}$

echo

- Execute the echo command with or without arguments, or the -n option.
- Repeat multiple times with different arguments.
- If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

 ${\it ext{ iny Yes}}$

exit

- Execute exit command with or without arguments.
- · Repeat multiple times with different arguments.
- Don't forget to relaunch the minishell

- If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- · If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

 ${\it ext{$ec Y$es}}$

Return value of a process

- Execute a simple command with an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command with arguments but without any quotes and double quotes. Then execute echo \$?
- Check the printed value. You can do the same in bash in order to compare the results.
- Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments. Try some wrong commands like '/bin/ls filethatdoesntexist'
- Try expressions like expr \$? + \$?
- · If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

⊗ Yes ×No

Signals

- · ctrl-C in an empty prompt should display a new line with a new prompt.
- ctrl-\ in an empty prompt should not do anything.
- ctrl-D in an empty prompt should quit minishell --> RELAUNCH!
- ctrl-C in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should display a new line with a new prompt.
- The buffer should be clean too. Press "Enter" to make sure nothing from the previous line is executed.
- ctrl-D in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should not do anything.
- ctrl-\ in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should not do anything.
- Try ctrl-C after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something".
- Try ctrl-\ after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something".
- Try ctrl-D after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something".
- Repeat multiple times using different commands.
- · If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

⊗ Yes ×No

Double Quotes

- Execute a simple command with arguments and, this time, use also double quotes (you should try to include whitespaces too).
- Try a command like : echo "cat lol.c | cat > lol.c"
- Try anything except \$.
- If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.
- If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

⊗ Yes ×No

Single Quotes

- · Execute commands with single quotes as arguments.
- · Try empty arguments.
- Try environment variables, whitespaces, pipes, redirection in the single quotes.
- echo '\$USER' must print "\$USER".
- Nothing should be interpreted.

⊗ Yes × No

env

• Check if env shows you the current environment variables.

V 10 0 HT		
export		
•	nvironment variables, create new ones ar ne result with env.	nd replace old ones.
	⊗ Yes	imesNo
unset	mulica managatu va da balana a sua ata manu a sa a sa	ad vanilage and areas
	nvironment variables, create new ones ar et to remove some of them.	la replace old ories.
	ne result with env.	
		×No
ed		
	command cd to move the working directo	ry and check if you are in the right directory with /bin/ls
	multiple times with working and not working	
 Also, try 	'.' and '' as arguments.	
	⊘ Yes	imesNo
	⊗ Yes	∕ N0
owd		
	command pwd.	
	multiple times in different directories.	
		imesNo
Relative Path		
	commands but this time use a relative pa	th.
• Execute	commands but this time use a relative pa multiple times in different directories with	
• Execute	multiple times in different directories with	a complex relative path (lots of).
• Execute		
Execute Repeat r	multiple times in different directories with a	a complex relative path (lots of).
Execute Repeat r Environment p	multiple times in different directories with a second yes	a complex relative path (lots of).
 Execute Repeat r Environment r Execute 	multiple times in different directories with a second year. Yes path commands but this time without any path	a complex relative path (lots of). × No (ls, wc, awk and so forth).
 Execute Repeat r Environment r Execute Unset the 	multiple times in different directories with a	a complex relative path (lots of). × No (ls, wc, awk and so forth).
 Execute Repeat r Environment p Execute Unset the Set the \$ 	multiple times in different directories with a	x complex relative path (lots of). × No (Is, wc, awk and so forth). working anymore.
 Execute Repeat r Environment r Execute Unset the Set the \$\$ 	Path commands but this time without any path e \$PATH and ensure commands are not of SPATH to a multiple directory value (directory left to right.	a complex relative path (lots of).
 Execute Repeat r Environment r Execute Unset the Set the \$\$ 	PATH to a multiple directory value (directory value (directory value (directory value (directory value (directory value))	x complex relative path (lots of). × No (Is, wc, awk and so forth). working anymore.
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• Execute • Repeat r Environment p • Execute • Unset th • Set the \$ order fro Redirection • Execute • Repeat r • Check if	Path commands but this time without any path e \$PATH and ensure commands are not of \$PATH to a multiple directory value (directory left to right. Yes commands with redirections < and/or > multiple times with different commands are	a complex relative path (lots of). No (Is, wc, awk and so forth). working anymore. cory1:directory2) and ensure that directories are checked in No
Execute Repeat r Environment r Execute Unset the Set the \$ order fro Redirection Execute Repeat r Check if	Path commands but this time without any path e \$PATH and ensure commands are not value (directory value (directory left to right. Yes Yes commands with redirections < and/or > multiple times with different commands ar multiple tries of the same redirections fail	a complex relative path (lots of). No (Is, wc, awk and so forth). working anymore. cory1:directory2) and ensure that directories are checked in No

- Execute commands with pipes like 'cat file | grep bla | more'
- · Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments.
- Try some wrong commands like 'ls filethatdoesntexist | grep bla | more'
- Try to mix pipes and redirections.

arnothing Yes

Go Crazy and history

- Type a command line, then use ctrl-C and press "Enter". The buffer should be clean and there should be nothing left to execute.
- Can we navigate through history using Up and Down? Can we retry some command?
- Execute commands that should not work like 'dsbksdgbksdghsd'. Ensure minishell doesn't crash and prints an error.
- 'cat | cat | Is' should behave in a "normal way".
- Try to execute a long command with a ton of arguments.
- Have fun with that beautiful minishell and enjoy it!

⊗ Yes ×No

Environment variables

- Execute echo with some environment variables (\$variable) as arguments.
- Check that \$ is interpreted as an environment variable.
- Check that double quotes interpolate \$.
- Check that USER exists. Otherwise, set it.
- echo "\$USER" should print the value of the USER variable.

 ${\it ext{ iny Yes}}$

Bonus

Evaluate the bonus part if, and only if, the mandatory part has been entirely and perfectly done, and the error management handles unexpected or bad usage. In case all the mandatory points were not passed during the defense, bonus points must be totally ignored.

And, Or

• Use &&, ||, and parentheses with commands to ensure that minishell behaves the same way as bash.

 ${\it ext{ iny Yes}}$

Wildcard

• Use wildcards in arguments in the current working directory.

⊗ Yes ×No

Surprise! (or maybe not...)

- Set the USER environment variable.
- echo "'\$USER'" should print the value of the USER variable.
- echo ""\$USER"' should print "\$USER".

arnothing Yes

Ratings

Don't forget to check the flag corresponding to the defense

