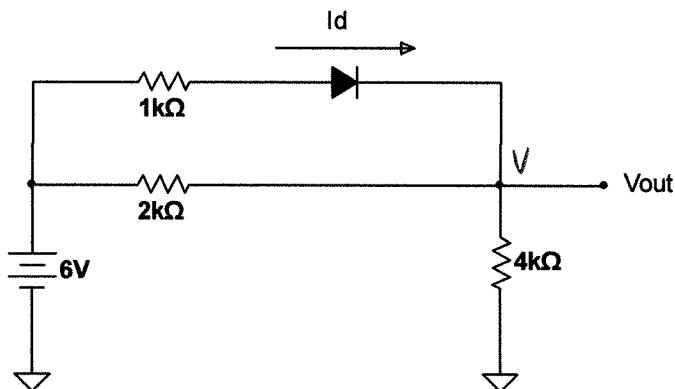


I-1 (10 pts) 2 points each part.

True (T) or False (F). Circle your selected response.

Respond to the statements as written. Do not edit them before responding.

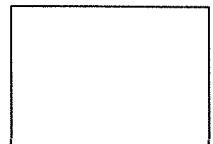
- 1) When operating in forward bias, an ideal diode has a voltage drop of 25 [mV]. 1) T or F
- 2) A BJT operating in saturation has large values of both I_C and V_{CE} . 2) T or F
- 3) To a very good approximation, if a MOSFET in deep triode has its V_{DS} doubled, its I_D will also double. 3) T or F
- 4) Zener diodes are designed to operate in breakdown. 4) T or F
- 5) To increase the AC gain magnitude of a BJT common emitter amplifier, a designer can either increase the emitter resistor R_E or decrease the collector resistor R_C . 5) T or F

I-2 (10 pts)Find I_D in the circuit below, using $I_S = 10^{-15}$ [A], $V_D = 0.65$ [V], $V_T = 25$ mV, and $n = 1$ in the diode equation. (See equation sheet, third line from the bottom.) Use this I_D value to find a value for V_{out} .

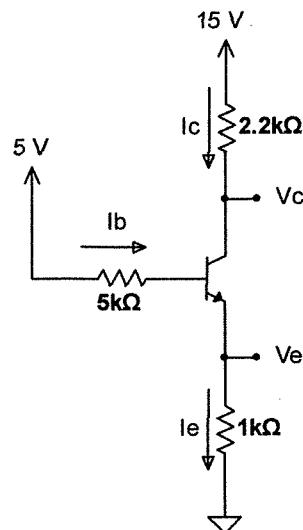
$$I_D = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$V_{out} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Please do not mark in this box ======>>



I-3 (10 pts) Find values for all indicated quantities. Use $V_{be} = 0.7 \text{ [V]}$ and $\beta = 50$.



$$I_b = 76.8 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_e = 3.92 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_c = 3.84 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_C = 6.55 \text{ V}$$

$$V_E = 3.92 \text{ V}$$

I-4 (10 pts)

A PMOS transistor has : $V_{ov} = 0.3 \text{ [V]}$, $\mu_p C_{ox} = 100 \text{ [\mu A/V}^2]$, $L = 0.18 \text{ [\mu m]}$, $W = 7.0 \text{ [\mu m]}$, and $\lambda = 0$.

It is operating in saturation. The source is connected to a 2 [V] DC supply. The gate and drain are connected directly to each other. There is a resistor R_D connected from the drain terminal to ground.

- a) Draw the schematic for this circuit. b) Calculate the value of the drain current I_D .

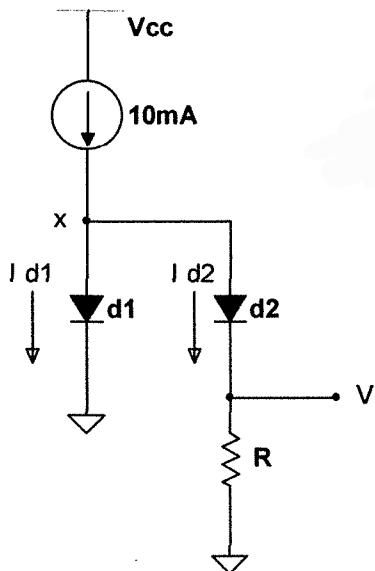
a) schematic

b) $I_D = 175 \text{ mA}$

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II-1 (30 pts)

In the circuit below, the diodes are identical and are governed by the exponential diode model with thermal voltage $V_T = 25 \text{ [mV]}$ and $I_s = 10^{-15} \text{ [A]}$. Find the values of the diode currents. Find the value of R for which $V = 80 \text{ [mV]}$. Calculate the node voltage at x .



$$\therefore I_{d1} = 9.61 \text{ mA}$$

$$\therefore I_{d2} = 392 \mu\text{A}$$

$$\therefore R = 204 \Omega$$

$$\therefore V_x = 747 \text{ mV}$$

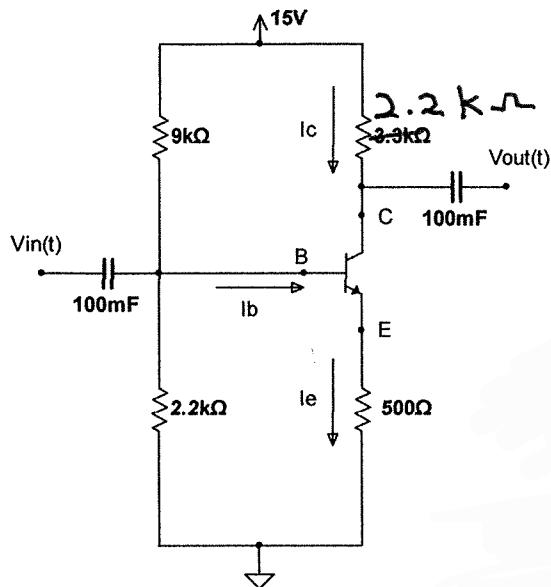
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II-2 (30 pts)

Find values for all indicated quantities.

The transistor has $\beta = 125$, $V_{be} = 0.65$ [V] and $V_t = 24$ [mV]. AC input $V_{in}(t) = 3 \sin(1000\pi t)$ [mV]. $\rightarrow |V_{in}| = 3$ mV
 Hint: Replace the DC bias network with a Thevenin equivalent, V_{BB} and R_B .



$$I_b = 35.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_c = 4.43 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_e = 4.47 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{CE} = 3.02 \text{ V}$$

$$r_e = 5.37 \Omega$$

$$A_v = -4.35$$

$$|V_{out}(t)| = 13.1 \text{ mV}$$

Please do not mark in this box ======>

