

## Activity 1: "Welcome to Stringville"

### 1. String Manipulation

```
# Starter string
name = "alice smith"
welcome_message = "Welcome to Stringville!"
```

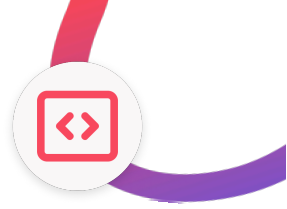
1. Capitalize the user's name and surname on the first letter

Expected output: "Alice Smith"

2. Extract the first and last name separately
3. Count how many letters are in the name (excluding spaces)
4. Count how many letters are in the welcome message.

### 2. String Methods

1. Check if the name contains the letter 's'
2. Replace "Stringville" in the welcome message with another location (e.g., "Python City")



3. Capitalize the welcome message.

Expected output: "WELCOME TO STRINGVILLE"

4. Lowercase the welcome message.

Expected output: "welcome to stringville"

5. Capitalize the first letter of each word in the welcome message

Expected output: "Welcome To Stringville"

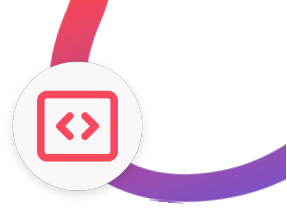
6. Count how many occurrences of "i" happen on the welcome message.

### 3. Joining Strings

1. Create a final welcome message like:

"Hello Alice Smith! Welcome to Python City!"

2. Bonus: Create a multi-line message using `\n`



## Activity 2: Arithmetic Operators – "Café Calculator"

### 1. You're helping a local café build a simple price calculator.

```
# Prices of items
coffee_price = 3.5
sandwich_price = 5.75
cookie_price = 1.25

# Number of items a customer wants
coffees = 2
sandwiches = 1
cookies = 3
```

#### 1. Calculate the total cost of all items purchased

(Use `+` and `*`)

#### 2. Calculate the average price of the items bought

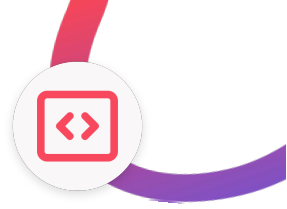
(Use `/` and `()`)

#### 3. Check how many cookies one can buy with \$10

(Use `//`)

#### 4. Find the leftover money if a customer buys as many cookies as possible with \$10

(Use `%`)

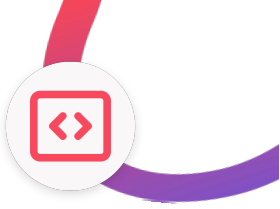


## Activity 3: Assignment Operators – "Wallet Tracker"

### 1. Let's track your wallet and the money in it!

```
# Starting money  
wallet = 20.0
```

1. You drunk a coffee today that costed 3.45€. Subtract coffee cost from wallet using `-=`.
2. Someone gave you a present today. Add a gift card value of \$10 using `+=`
3. You were lucky and found some money in your pockets. Double the value in the wallet using `*=`
4. The book you were waiting for came out. Subtract the cost from your wallet as in step 1.



## Activity 4: Comparison Operators – "Price Check"

### 1. You are working at the cafe today.

```
# Starting money  
wallet = 20.0
```

#### 1. Check if the customer has enough money to buy one cookie

(Use `>=`).

#### 2. Check if two coffees cost more than \$7

(Use `>` and `*`)

#### 3. Check if the cost of one sandwich is equal to two cookies

(Use `==`)

#### 4. Check if sandwich is not equal to coffee

(Use `!=`)