

11.10
Division method $h(x) = xc \bmod m$
 1) Let $m = 11$

$$h(1892) = 1892 \cdot 11 = 0$$

$$h(1921) = 1921 \cdot 11 = 7$$

$$h(2007) = 2007 \cdot 11 = 5$$

$$h(3456) = 3456 \cdot 11 = 2$$

Multiplication method

$$m = 11, A = 0.618 \quad h(x) = \lfloor m \lfloor Ax \bmod 1 \rfloor \rfloor$$

$$h(1892) = \lfloor 11 (1892 \times 0.618 \bmod 1) \rfloor$$

$$= 11 (0.2560)$$

$$= 2.816 = 2$$

$$h(1921) = \lfloor 11 (1921 \times 0.618 \bmod 1) \rfloor = 11 (0.6520)$$

$$= 7.172 = 7$$

$$h(2007) = \lfloor 11 (2007 \times 0.618 \bmod 1) \rfloor = 11 (0.6500)$$

$$h(3456) = \lfloor 11 (3456 \times 0.618 \bmod 1) \rfloor = 11 (0.8029)$$

mod. Square method

$$12 = 1892, \quad 12^2 = 3,579,664, \quad h(1892) = 96$$

$$14 = 2007, \quad 14^2 = 4,028,041, \quad h(2007) = 80$$

$$18 = 3456, \quad 18^2 = 11,943,936, \quad h(3456) = 43$$

Deleting method

key	18 92	101	24 82	34 56
points	18 mod 11	101 mod 11	24 mod 11	34 mod 11
sum	110	110	22	90
Hash value	10	10	22	90

2) Linear probing

$$h(u, j) = [h'(u) + j] \bmod m$$

$$27, 72, 63, 42, 36, 18, 24, 101 : m = 11$$

step 1

$$h(27, 0) = (27 \bmod 11 + 0) \bmod 11$$

$$= 5 \bmod 11 = 5$$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					27					

step 2

$$h(72, 0) = (72 \bmod 11 + 0) \bmod 11 = 6 \bmod 11$$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
						72				

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
101	24	36		27	72	18	63	42		

Double Hashing

$$h[h_1, i] = [h_1(h_2) + i h_2(h_2)] \bmod m; \quad h_1 = b \bmod 11, \quad h_2 = 7 \bmod 11$$

$$h(72, 0) = (72 \bmod 11 + 0 \times 72 \bmod 7) \bmod 11 = 6 \bmod 11 = 5$$

$$h(63, 10) = (63 \bmod 11 + 0 \times 63 \bmod 7) \bmod 11 = 8 \bmod 11 = 8$$

$$h(42, 0) = (42 \bmod 11 + 0 \times 42 \bmod 7) \bmod 11 = 9 \bmod 11 = 9$$

$$h(29, 3) = (29 \bmod 11 + 3 \times 29 \bmod 7) \bmod 11 = (9 + 3) \bmod 11 = 10$$

$$h(101, 0) = (101 \bmod 11 + 0 \times 101 \bmod 7) \bmod 11 = 2 \bmod 11 = 2$$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		101	36	27	72	18	63	42	29	

Hashing

$$h(k) = k \bmod m, \quad m = 11$$

$$h(27) = 27 \bmod 11 = 5$$

$$h(72) = 72 \bmod 11 = 6$$

$$h(63) = 63 \bmod 11 = 8$$

$$h(42) = 42 \bmod 11 = 9$$

$$h(36) = 36 \bmod 11 = 3$$

$$h(18) = 18 \bmod 11 = 7$$

$$h(29) = 29 \bmod 11 = 2$$

$$h(101) = 101 \bmod 11 = 2$$

0	Null
1	Null
2	→ [101 x]
3	→ [36 x]
4	Null
5	→ [27 x]
6	→ [72 x]
7	→ [18 x] → [29 y]
8	→ [63 x]
9	→ [42 x]
10	Null