Humans vs Zombies Website Refactor

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Overview

The goal of this project is to refactor the already existing codebase for the HvZ website. The website is currently written primarily in PHP and embedded HTML, the refactor will migrating away from PHP to JavaScript using the React.js framework. The project will also include splitting the frontend and backend code into two different code bases.

Project Requirements

The website should be able to:

- Allow new users to sign up on the website
- Allow admin users to create/manage events and other users
- Allow users to join events and play in events

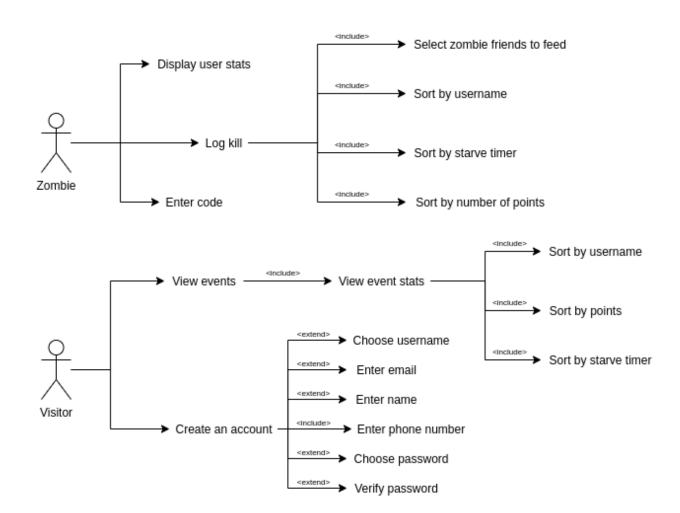
Stretch goals:

- Automatically update the website during events
- Automatically send emails

Users and Tasks: Use Cases (Text or UML Diagrams)

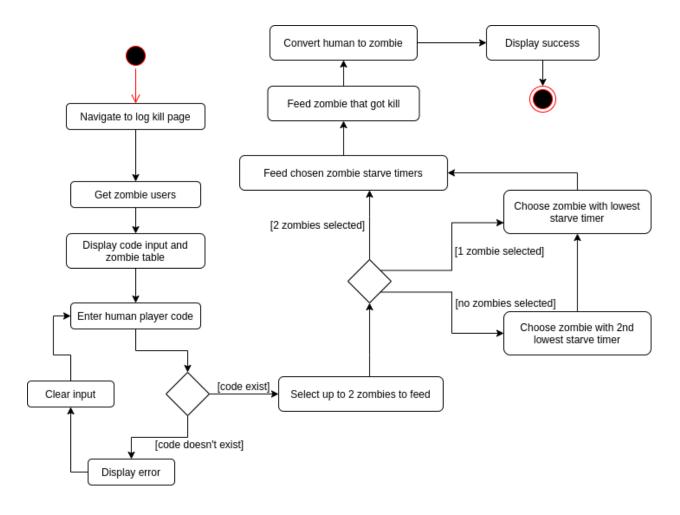
The system will consist of four main types of users:

- 1. Visitor Anyone that visits the website
 - a. User can browse through each of the pages
 - b. User can sign up for the website
- 2. **Member** A user that has signed up for an account
 - a. User can join Weeklong events
 - User can change account settings
- 3. **Player** An account user that is part of a Weeklong event. There are three types of players:
 - a. Human:
 - i. Humans can input codes into the website for points
 - b. Zombie:
 - i. Zombies can input codes into the website for points
 - ii. Zombies can input Human player codes in order to zombify them
 - c. Deceased:
 - i. Deceased players can no longer participate in the event
- 4. **Moderator/Admin** A moderator has special permissions to change some data in the database and manage events. Admins have a few higher-level permissions.
 - a. Moderators can create codes for weeklong events
 - b. Moderators can edit event details
 - c. Moderators can upload documents
 - d. Admins can edit users and change user clearance level (can make an account user into a moderator or admin)

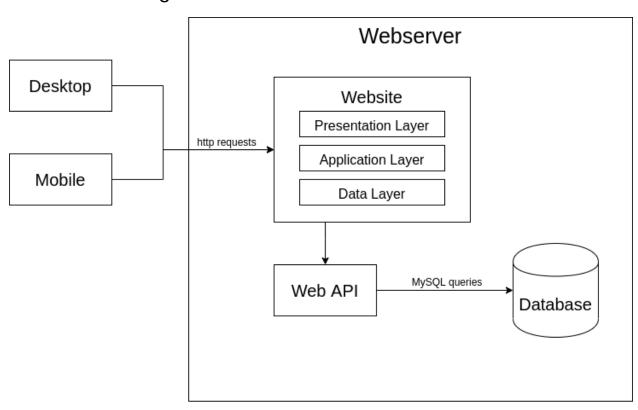


UML Activity Diagram

Use case: Zombies can input Human player codes in order to zombify them



Architecture Diagram



Data Storage

The database will be a MySQL database hosted by Namecheap. The Database class in the backend portion of the code will be the class that actually interacts with the database. The frontend code will have an API class that makes REST calls to the backend in order to retrieve the data.

The Database class is the only class on the backend as the backend runs differently than the frontend. The backend has a single "routes" object that you use to map the url endpoints to functions. The different types of endpoints are sorted into files and then included into the main backend file.

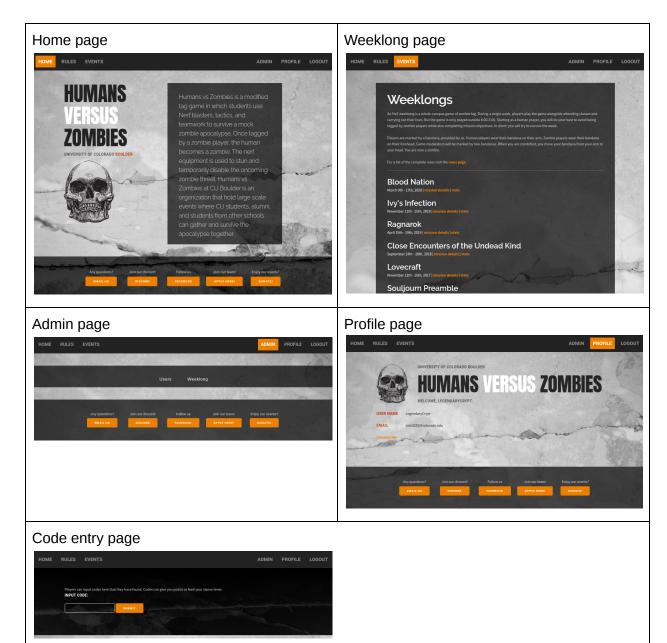
Database tables:

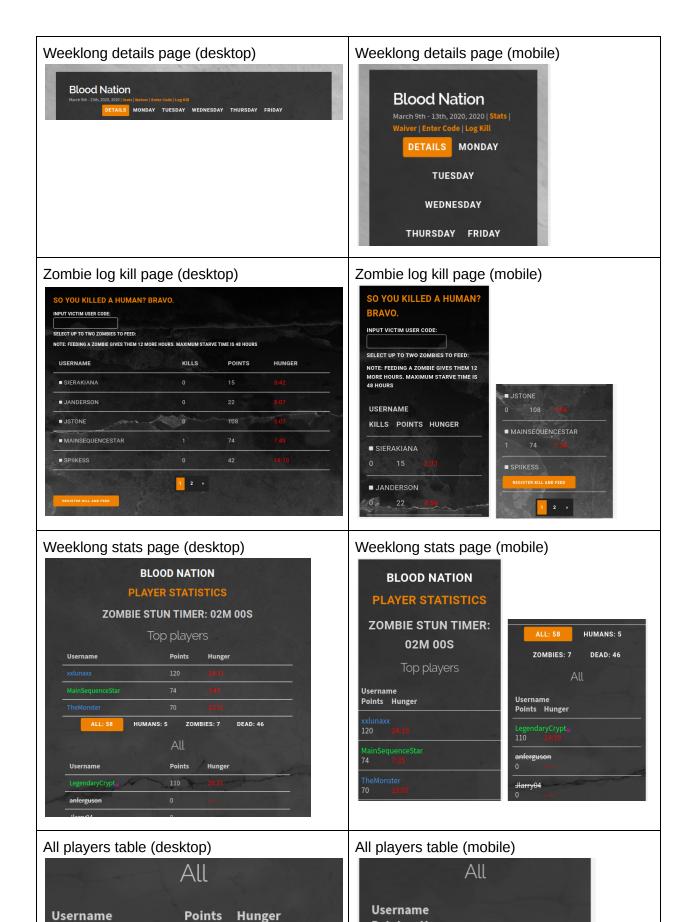
Users id username email firstName lastName password clearance	UserDetails user_id joinDate activated	Tokens id userID token type expiration	Lockin id title eventDate waiver eventbrite blasterEventbrite state
LockinDetails lockinID details	Weeklongs id title startDate endDate state stunTimer waiver	WeeklongDetails weeklongID details monday tuesday wednesday thursday friday	WeeklongMissions weeklongID day campus mission time location locationLink
WeeklongPlayers id userID weeklongID playerCode type status poisoned points kills starveDate	Codes id weeklongID code pointValue feedTime type numUses initNumUses activates expiration	UsedCodes id userID codeID timeUsed	SuppyDrops codeID location poisoned
Activity id			

id
weeklongID
user1
user2
action

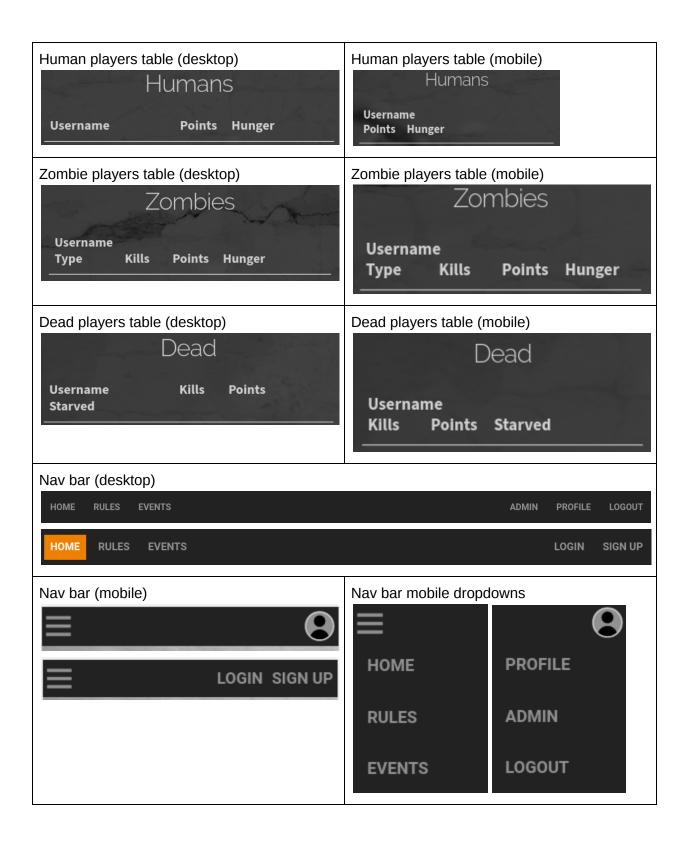
UI Mockups/Sketches

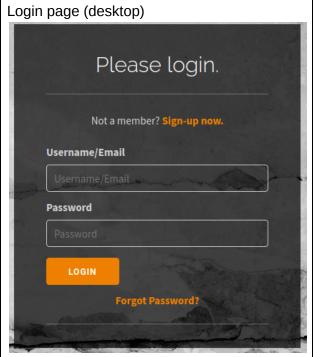
As the website already exists the user interface will stay the same for the most part. The only pages that need to be redesigned are the moderator/admin pages and the profile page for members. The moderator/admin pages just need to be cleaned up with css. The profile page needs to have a side navigation bar or some sort of dropdown to access the settings page to change user information.

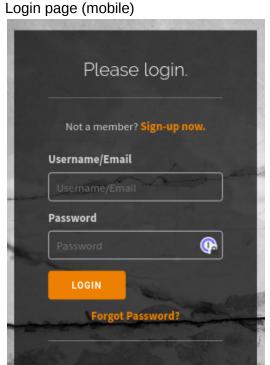




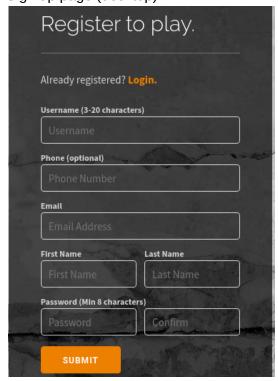
Points Hunger



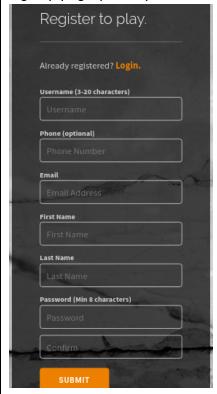




Sign up page (desktop)

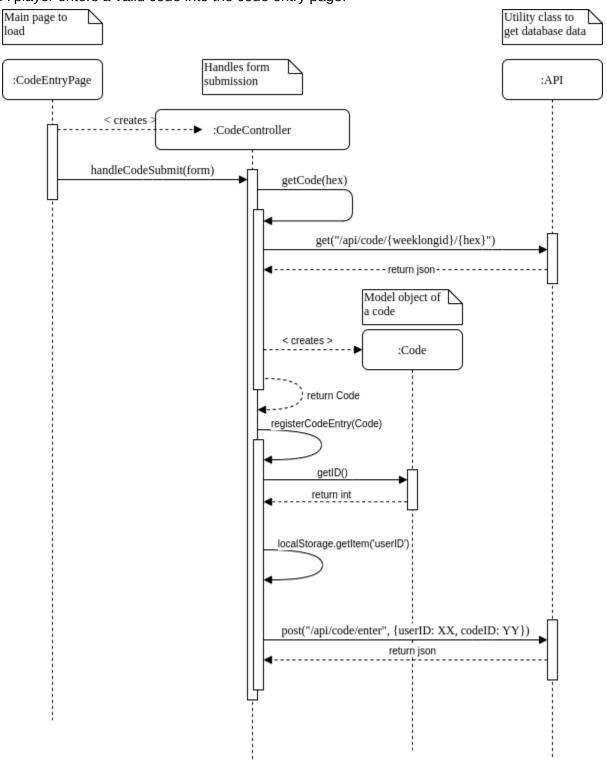


Sign up page (mobile)

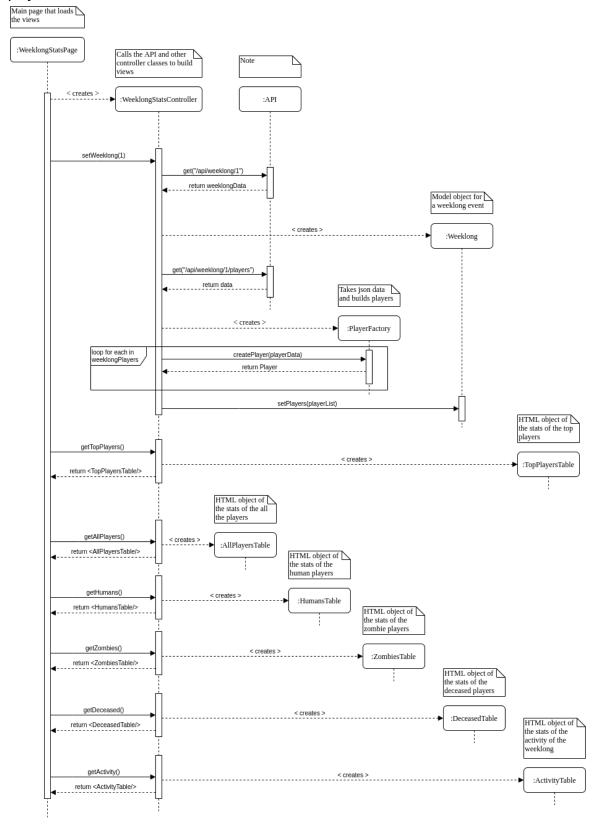


User Interactions/UML Sequence Diagrams

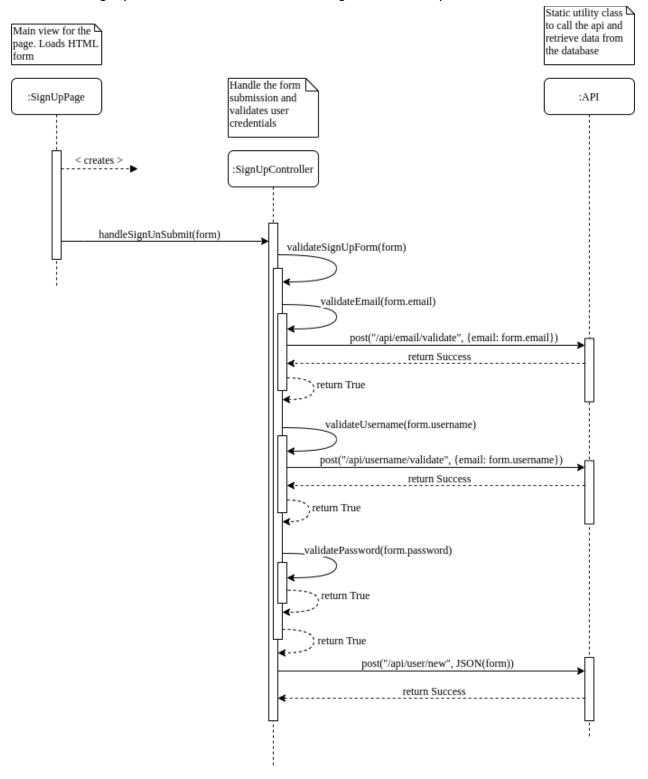
A player enters a valid code into the code entry page.



Visitors can visit the weeklong stats page and see all the different player table types and the player scores.



Visitors can signup for an account. This is assuming the visitor's inputs are all valid.



UML Class Diagram

Color codes for UML diagram:

Green - Controller or Service class

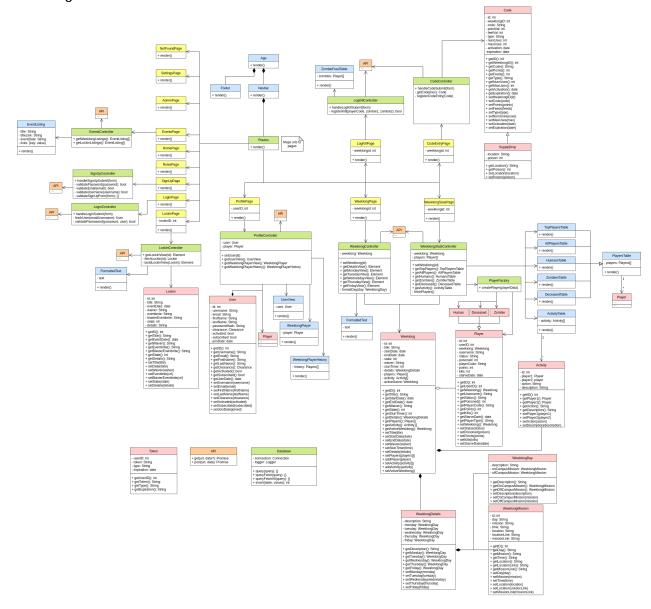
Blue - View class

Yellow - Page view class

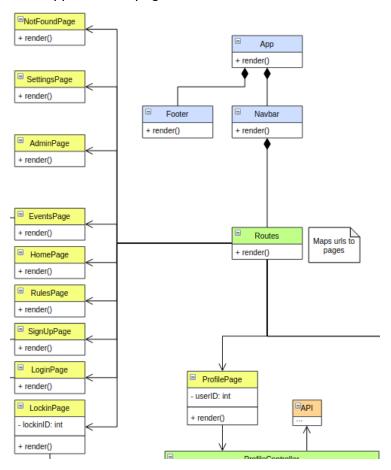
Pink - Model class

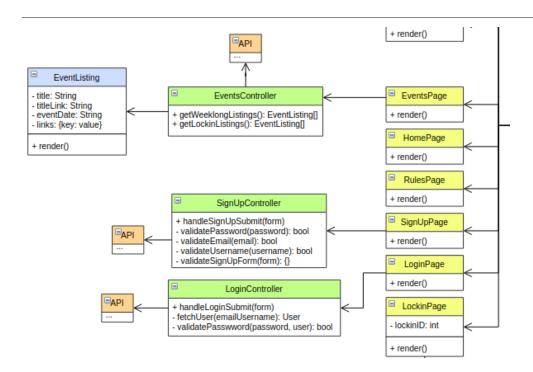
Orange - Static class

Full Diagram

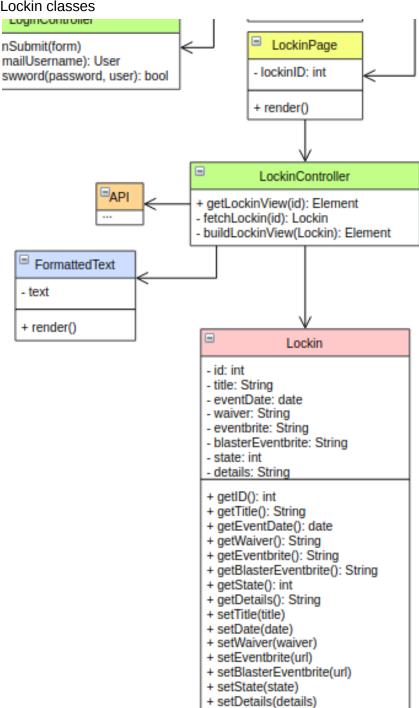


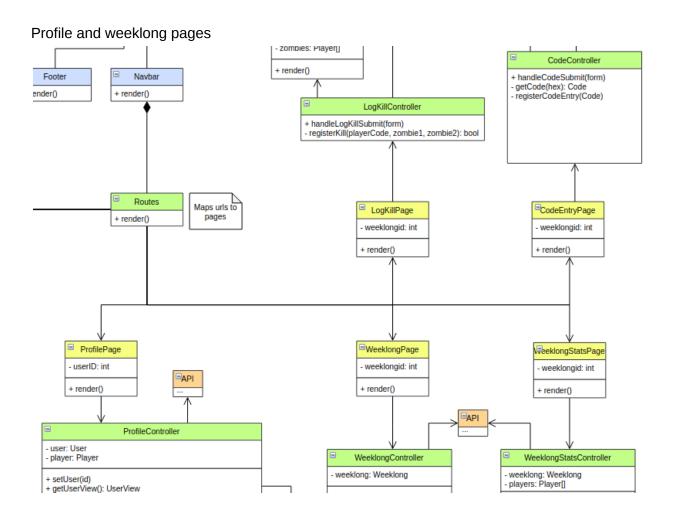
Main App start and pages



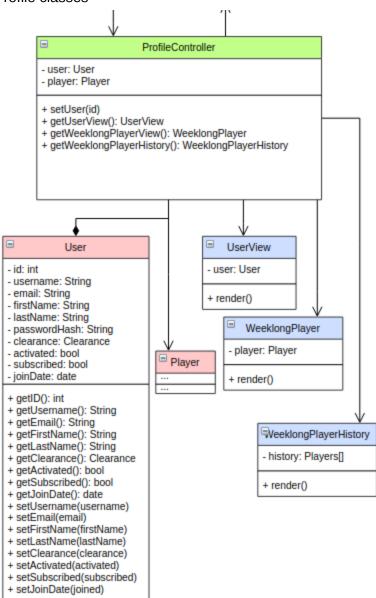


Lockin classes

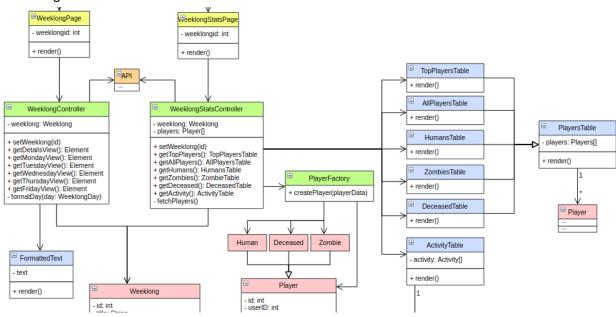




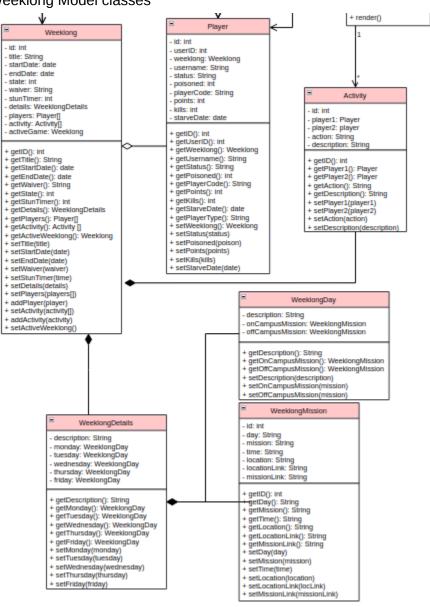
Profile classes

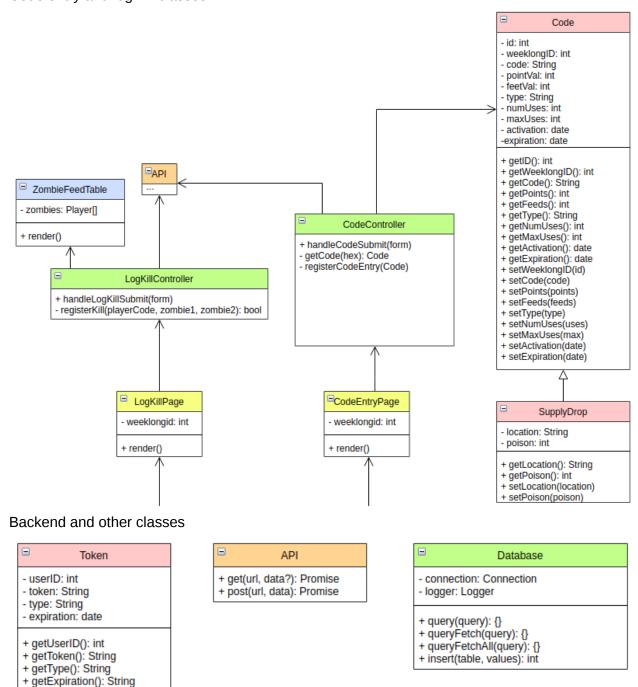


Weeklong View and Controller classes



Weeklong Model classes





Pattern Use

The three patterns used in this project are the Singleton pattern, the MVC pattern, and the Factory pattern.

Singleton Pattern

The Database class on the backend of the application will be used for the singleton pattern because we only ever want to have one connection to the database.

MVC Pattern

In the UML diagram, the colors show the model, view, and controller classes. The green classes are controllers, the blue and yellow classes are views, and the pink classes are the models.