# Automatic sampling and Analysis of YouTube Data

Basic Text Analysis of User Comments

Julian Kohne Johannes Breuer M. Rohangis Mohseni

2021-02-25

### Required Libraries for This Session

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(tuber)
library(quanteda)
library(wordcloud)
```

We also need two libraries that are only available from *GitHub*. You can install them using the install\_github() function from the devtools package.

```
library(devtools)
install_github("dill/emoGG")
install_github("hadley/emo")
library(emoGG)
library(emo)
```

#### Collect & Parse the Data

*Note*: To save time and your *YouTube* API quota limit you might not want to "code along" in this session

Step 1: Collecting the comments

```
Comments <- get_all_comments(video_id="r8pJt4dK_s4") # takes a while
```

Step 2: Parse/process the comments

For this to work, the script yt\_parse.R as well as the ones containing the helper functions (CamelCase.R, ExtractEmoji.R, and ReplaceEmoji.R) need to be in the working directory (you can find those files in the Scripts folder in the workshop materials).

```
source("yt_parse.R")
FormattedComments <- yt_parse(Comments) # this will take a while</pre>
```

Note: As an alternative to sourcing the yt\_parse.R file you can also "manually" run the code from the slides for the session on *Processing and Cleaning User Comments* on the collected comments.

## Comments Over Time: Data Wrangling

For a first exploratory plot, we want to plot the development of the number of comments per week over time and show until when 50%, 75%, 90%, and 99% of the comments had been posted. This requires some data wrangling.

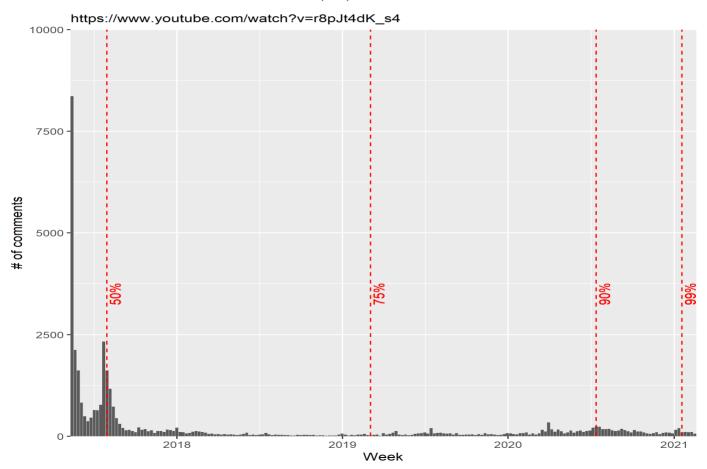
```
FormattedComments <- FormattedComments %>%
  arrange(Published) %>%
  mutate(date = date(Published),
         week = floor date(date,
                           unit = "week",
                           week start = getOption("lubridate.week.sta
         counter = 1)
weekly_comments <- FormattedComments %>%
  count(week) %>%
  mutate(cumulative_count = cumsum(n))
PercTimes <- round(quantile(cumsum(FormattedComments$counter),</pre>
                             probs = c(0.5, 0.75, 0.9, 0.99))
```

#### Comments Over Time: Plot

```
weekly comments %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = week, y = n)) +
  geom bar(stat = "identity") +
  scale_x_date(expand = c(0,0)) +
  scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0,0),
                     limits = c(0,10000) +
  labs(title = "Number of comments over time",
       subtitle = "THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)
       \nhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8pJt4dK_s4",
       x = "Week",
       v = "# of comments") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = FormattedComments$week[PercTimes],linetype
  geom_text(aes(x = FormattedComments$week[PercTimes][1], label = "50")
            colour="red", angle=90, vjust = 1.2) +
  geom_text(aes(x = FormattedComments$week[PercTimes][2], label = "75")
            colour="red", angle=90, vjust = 1.2) +
  geom_text(aes(x = FormattedComments$week[PercTimes][3], label = "90")
            colour="red", angle=90, vjust = 1.2) +
  geom_text(aes(x = FormattedComments$week[PercTimes][4], label = "9999")
            colour="red", angle=90, vjust = 1.2)
```

#### Number of Comments Over Time: Plot

Number of comments over time THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)



### Most Popular Comments

Which comments received the highest number of likes?

```
FormattedComments %>%
  arrange(-LikeCount) %>%
  head(10) %>%
  select(Text, LikeCount, Published)
```

## Most Popular Comments

Which comments received the highest number of likes?

```
##
                                                                                                              Text
## 1
                                                                      Will they show Snapchat nudes in the movie?
## 2
                                                  Lmao the egg plant emoji never gets used? Do your research lmao
## 3
                                                                                      The Meme Movie: Coming 2020
## 4
                                                                        The eggplant emoji never used? Suuuuuree.
      So, this thing is still a thing? Ugh, I can't really still believe that you cancelled that Popeye movie...
## 5
                                                         I didn't even watched the movie but i want my money back
## 6
## 7
                                                                                       This is the best part 2:38
## 8
                             I love how they switched it to New Comments and not Top Comments. Very Classy Sony.
                                                                               Why are all the comments so recent
## 9
## 10
                              This movie is the best! I would LOVE TO SEE a sequel! \n\n\n\n*said no one ever*
      LikeCount
                          Published
## 1
           4477 2017-05-16 15:38:40
## 2
           3011 2017-05-16 23:55:38
## 3
           2594 2017-10-16 04:08:12
           1431 2017-05-17 03:10:34
## 4
           1318 2017-05-16 15:32:41
           685 2020-07-06 05:25:33
## 6
## 7
           667 2020-06-08 18:29:03
## 8
           631 2020-04-04 03:31:10
           577 2020-08-20 11:25:50
## 9
           482 2020-01-17 02:53:33
## 10
```

## Text Mining

In this session, we will discuss some basic exploratory analyses of *YouTube* user comments. We will explore the use of words as well as the use of emojis.

An introduction to text mining is beyond the scope of this workshop, but there are many great introductions available (for free) online. For example:

- Text Mining with R A Tidy Approach by Julia Silge & David Robinson: A tidy(verse) approach
- Tutorials for the package quanteda
- Text mining for humanists and social scientists in R by Andreas Niekler & Gregor Wiedemann
- Text Mining in R by Jan Kirenz

In the following, we will very briefly introduce some key terms and steps in text mining, and then go through some examples of exploring *YouTube* comments (text + emojis).

## Popular Text Mining Packages

- tm: the first comprehensive text mining package for R
- tidytext: tidyverse tools & tidy data principles
- **quanteda**: very powerful text mining package with extensive documentation

## Text as Data (in a 🔾)

**Document** = collection of strings (+ metadata about the documents)

**Corpus** = collection of documents

**Token** = part of a text that is a meaningful unit of analysis (often individual words)

**Vocabulary** = list of all distinct words form a corpus

**Document-term matrix (DTM)** or **Document-feature matrix (DFM)** = matrix with n = # of documents rows and m = size of vocabulary columns where each cell contains the count of a particular word for a particular document

## Preprocessing (in a )

For our examples in this session, we will go through the following preprocessing steps:

#### 1. Basic string operations:

- Transforming to lower case
- Detecting and removing certain patterns in strings (e.g., punctuation, numbers or URLs)
- 2. **Tokenization**: Splitting up strings into words (could also be combinations of multiple words: n-grams)
- 3. **Stopword removal**: Stopwords are very frequent words that appear in almost all texts (e.g., "a","but","it", "the") but have low informational value for most analyses (at least in the social sciences)

**NB**: There are many other preprocessing options that we will not use for our examples, such as stemming, lemmatization or natural language processing pipelines (e.g., to detect and select specific word types, such as nouns and adjectives). Keep in mind that the choice and order of these preprocessing steps is important and should be informed by your research question.

#### **Tokenization**

Before we tokenize the comments, we want to remove newline commands from the strings.

#### **Tokenization**

Now we can tokenize the comments and remove punctuation, symbols, numbers, and URLs.

#### Document-Feature Matrix

With the tokens we can create a document-feature matrix (DFM) and remove stopwords.

## Most Frequent Words

```
TermFreq <- textstat_frequency(commentsDfm)
head(TermFreq, n = 20)</pre>
```

```
##
      feature frequency rank docfreq group
## 1
                   11393
                                   8655
                                          all
        movie
                             1
## 2
        emoji
                    3161
                                          all
                                   2770
## 3
         like
                    2683
                                   2355
                                          all
## 4
         iust
                    2436
                                          all
                                   2154
                             4
## 5
                    2239
                                          all
          nom
                             5
                                      1
## 6
                    1515
                                          all
         sony
                             6
                                   1404
## 7
                    1415
                                          all
       people
                             7
                                   1223
## 8
                    1316
                                          all
          bad
                             8
                                   1210
## 9
                    1271
                                   1164
                                          all
         good
                             9
## 10
                    1192
                            10
                                   1081
                                          all
           one
                    1119
                                    997
                                          all
## 11
       emojis
                            11
                    1075
                                          all
## 12
         hate
                            12
                                    993
                    1066
                                          all
## 13
                            13
                                    939
           see
                    1027
                                          all
## 14
        watch
                                    951
                            14
## 15
         make
                    1002
                            15
                                    904
                                          all
## 16
                     965
                                          all
                                    888
       popeye
                            16
## 17
        think
                                    866
                                          all
                     941
                            17
## 18
                     917
                                    838
                                          all
         know
                            18
## 19
                     901
                            19
                                    767
                                          all
           can
## 20 trailer
                     883
                                    827
                                          all
                            20
```

## Removing Tokens

We may want to remove additional words (that are not included in the stopwords list) if we consider them irrelevant for our analyses.

For more options for selecting or removing tokens, see the quanteda documentation.

#### **Wordclouds**

*Note*: You can adjust what is plotted by, e.g., changing the minimum frequency (min.freq) or the maximum # of words (max.words). Check?wordcloud for more customization options.

### Wordclouds



#### Don't Let Your Words Cloud Your Plots!

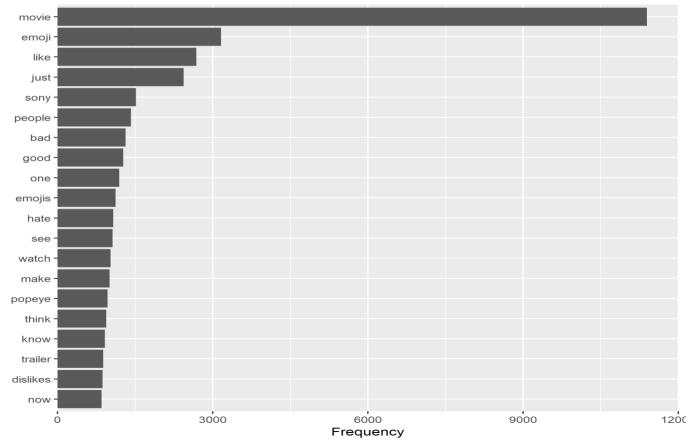


### Plot Most Frequent Words

### Plot Most Frequent Words

Most frequent words in comments THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8pJt4dK\_s4



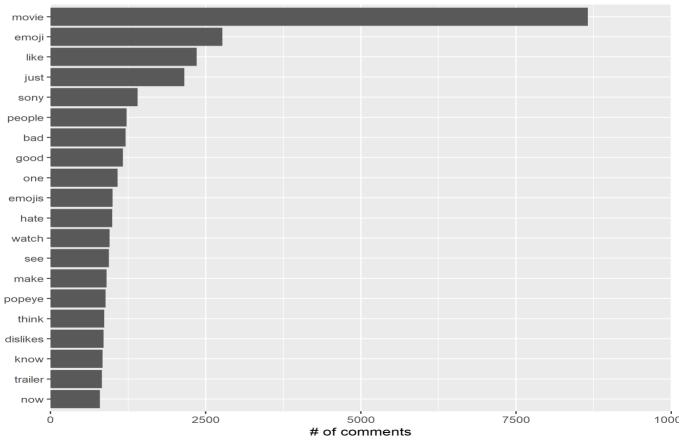
## Plot Docfreq

Instead of the raw frequency of words we can also look at the number of comments that a particular word appears in. This metric takes into account that words might be used multiple times in the same comment.

## Plot Docfreq

Words that appear in the highest number of comments THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8pJt4dK\_s4



## **Emojis**

In most of the research studying user-generated text from social media, emojis have, so far, been largely ignored. However, emojis convey emotions and meaning, and can, thus, provide additional information or context when working with textual data.

In the following, we will do some exploratory analysis of emoji frequencies in *YouTube* comments. Before we can start, we first need to do some data cleaning again, then tokenize the emojis as some comments include more than one emoji, and create an emoji DFM.

```
emoji_toks <- FormattedComments %>%
  mutate(Emoji = na_if(Emoji, "NA")) %>% # define missings
  mutate (Emoji = str_trim(Emoji)) %>% # remove spaces
  filter(!is.na(Emoji)) %>% # only keep comments with emojis
  pull(Emoji) %>% # pull out column cotaining emoji labels
  tokens(what = "fastestword") # tokenize emoji labels

EmojiDfm <- dfm(emoji_toks) # create DFM for emojis</pre>
```

### Most Frequent Emojis

```
EmojiFreq <- textstat_frequency(EmojiDfm)
head(EmojiFreq, n = 10)</pre>
```

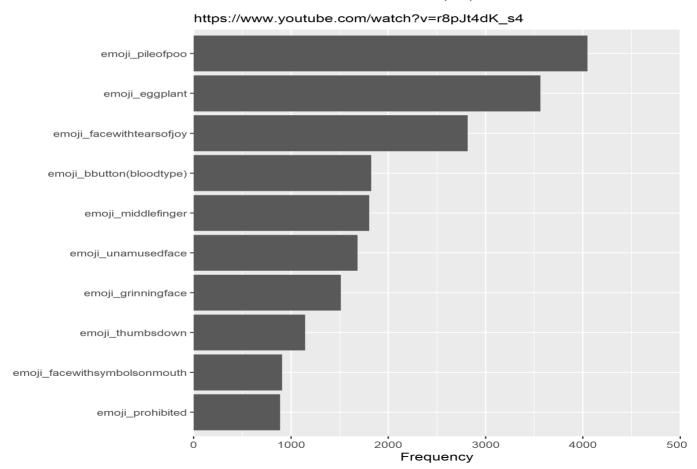
```
##
                             feature frequency rank docfreq group
                                                                all
## 1
                    emoji_pileofpoo
                                           4047
                                                   1
                                                          519
                                                                all
## 2
                     emoji_eggplant
                                           3563
                                                          272
## 3
          emoji_facewithtearsofjoy
                                                                all
                                           2814
                                                          801
                                                                all
## 4
          emoji_bbutton(bloodtype)
                                           1825
                                                          126
                 emoji_middlefinger
                                                   5
                                                                all
## 5
                                           1804
                                                          295
                 emoji_unamusedface
                                                   6
                                                                all
## 6
                                           1685
                                                          637
                 emoji_grinningface
                                                                all
## 7
                                           1511
                                                          340
                   emoji_thumbsdown
                                                                all
## 8
                                           1145
                                                   8
                                                          252
## 9
      emoji_facewithsymbolsonmouth
                                            909
                                                   9
                                                           62
                                                                all
                   emoji_prohibited
                                                                all
## 10
                                            887
                                                  10
                                                           93
```

## Plot Most Frequent Emojis

*Note*: Similar to what we did for the comment text before we could replace frequency with docfreq in the above code to create a plot with the emojis that appear in the highest number of comments.

## Plot Most Frequent Emojis

Most frequent emojis in comments THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)



## Emoji Frequency Plot: Preparation (1)

The previous emoji frequency plot was a bit ②. To make things prettier, we can use the actual emojis instead of the text labels in our plot. Doing this takes a bit of preparation...<sup>1</sup>

As a first step, we need an emoji lookup table in which the values in the name column have the same format as the labels in the feature column of our EmojiFreq object.

[1] For an alternative approach to using emojis in ggplot2 see this blog post by Emil Hvitfeldt.

## Emoji Frequency Plot: Preparation (2)

The second step of preparation for the nicer emoji frequency plot is creating mappings of emojis to data points so that we can use emojis instead of points in a scatter plot.<sup>1</sup>

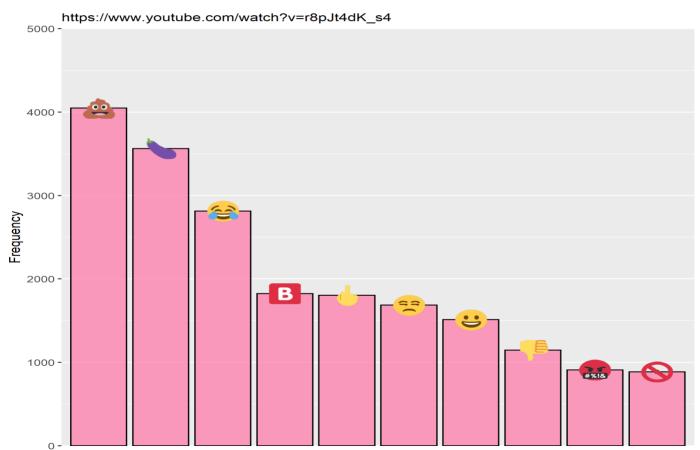
[1] Please note that this code has not been tested systematically. We only used it with a few videos. Depending on which emojis are the most frequent for the video you look at, this might not work because (a) one of the emojis is not included in the emoji lookup table (which uses the jis data frame from the emo package) or (b) the content in the runes column does not match the format/code that the emoji argument in the geom\_emoji function from the emoGG package expects.

## Emoji Frequency Plot

```
EmojiFreq %>%
head(n = 10) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = reorder(feature, -frequency), y = frequency)) +
  geom bar(stat="identity",
           color = "black",
           fill = "#FF74A6",
           alpha = 0.7) +
  geom point() +
  labs(title = "Most frequent emojis in comments",
       subtitle = "THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)
       \nhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8pJt4dK_s4",
       x = ""
       v = "Frequency") +
  scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0,0),
                     limits = c(0,5000)) +
  theme(panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element blank()) +
  mapping1 +
 mapping2 +
 mapping3 +
 mapping4 +
 mapping5 +
 mapping6 +
 mapping7 +
 mapping8 +
 mapping9 +
 mapping10
```

## Emoji Frequency Plot

Most frequent emojis in comments THE EMOJI MOVIE - Official Trailer (HD)



## Exercise time 😭 🕒 🎘









**Solutions**