

Kubernetes

cloud native application orchestration

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AGENDA

Why: Habits of successful cloud native applications

What: Kubernetes platform - the building blocks

How: Deploying applications on Kubernetes (demo)

WHO AM I

Catalin Jora (Engineer @ Container Solutions)
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WHY: HABITS OF SUCESSFULL CLOUD NATIVE APPLICATIONS

What: Kubernetes platform - the building blocks

How: Deploying applications on Kubernetes (demo)

DESIRED HABITS FOR SOFTWARE IN 2017

Speed

Scale

Costs

SPEED OF RELEASE

Release cycle of software will only accelerate, will (probably) never slow down.

SCALE

Software should be able to grow with user/business demand

COSTS

Reduce infrastructure costs by moving from pay in advance to pay per use

CLOUD NATIVE SYSTEMS

distributed systems environments
capable of scaling to tens of
thousands of self healing multi-tenant
nodes | [cncf](#)

CLOUD NATIVE APPLICATIONS PATTERNS

Packed in containers

Dynamically managed

Micro-service oriented

Why: Habits of successful cloud native applications

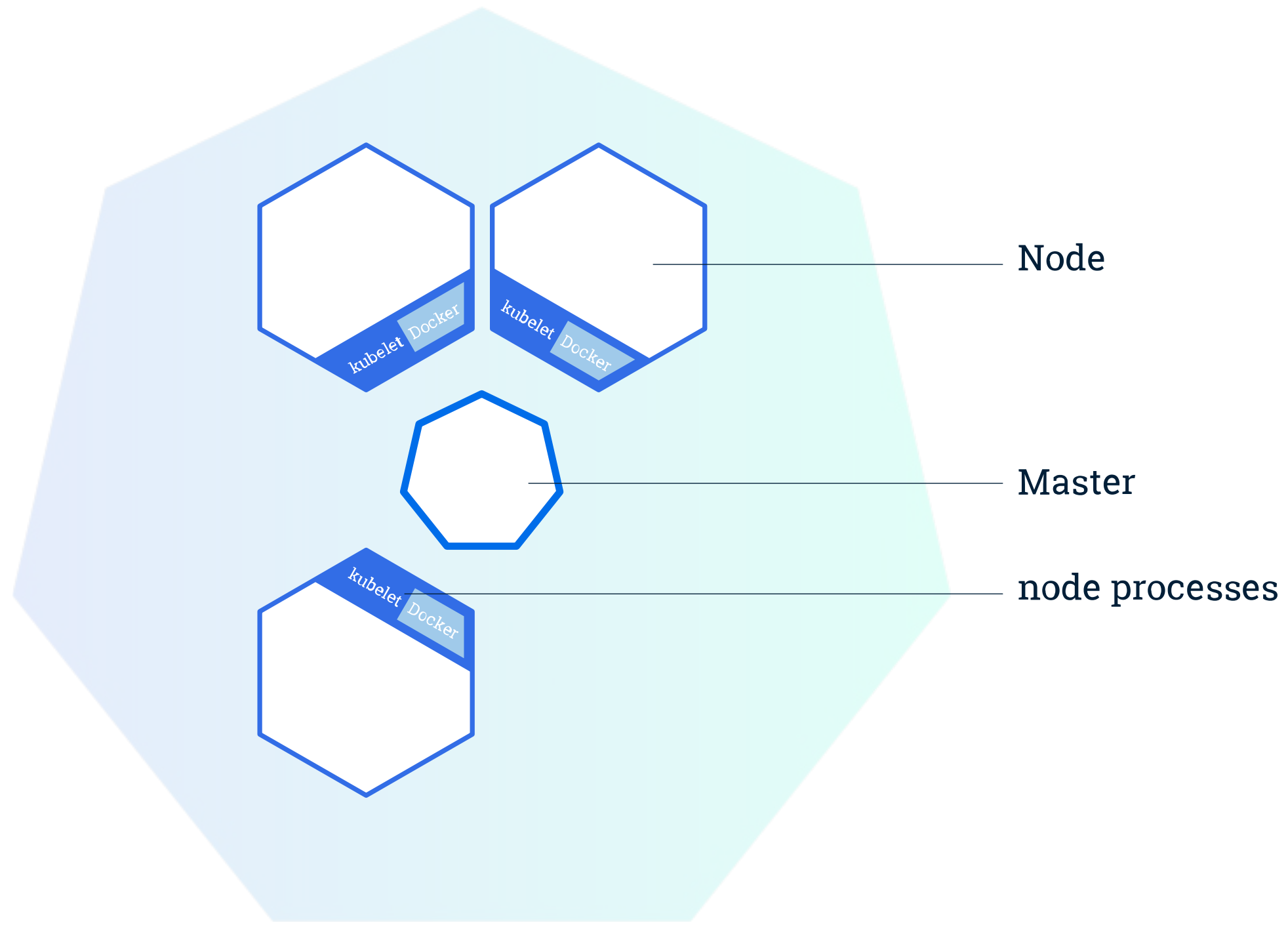
WHAT: KUBERNETES PLATFORM - THE BUILDING BLOCKS

How: Deploying applications on Kubernetes (demo)

WHAT IS KUBERNETES

Kubernetes is a open-source platform that orchestrates the placement (scheduling) and execution of containers across a clusters

KUBERNETES ARCHITECTURE



KUBERNETES COMPONENTS

MASTER

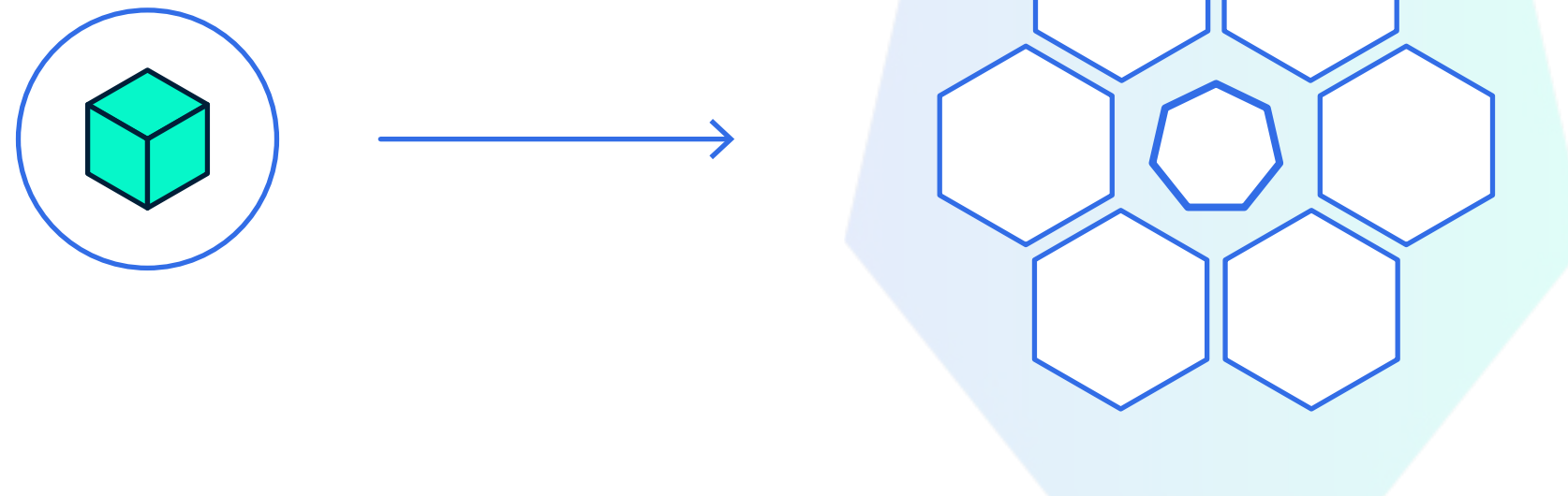
etcd, API server, controller manager, scheduler,
kubelet

NODES

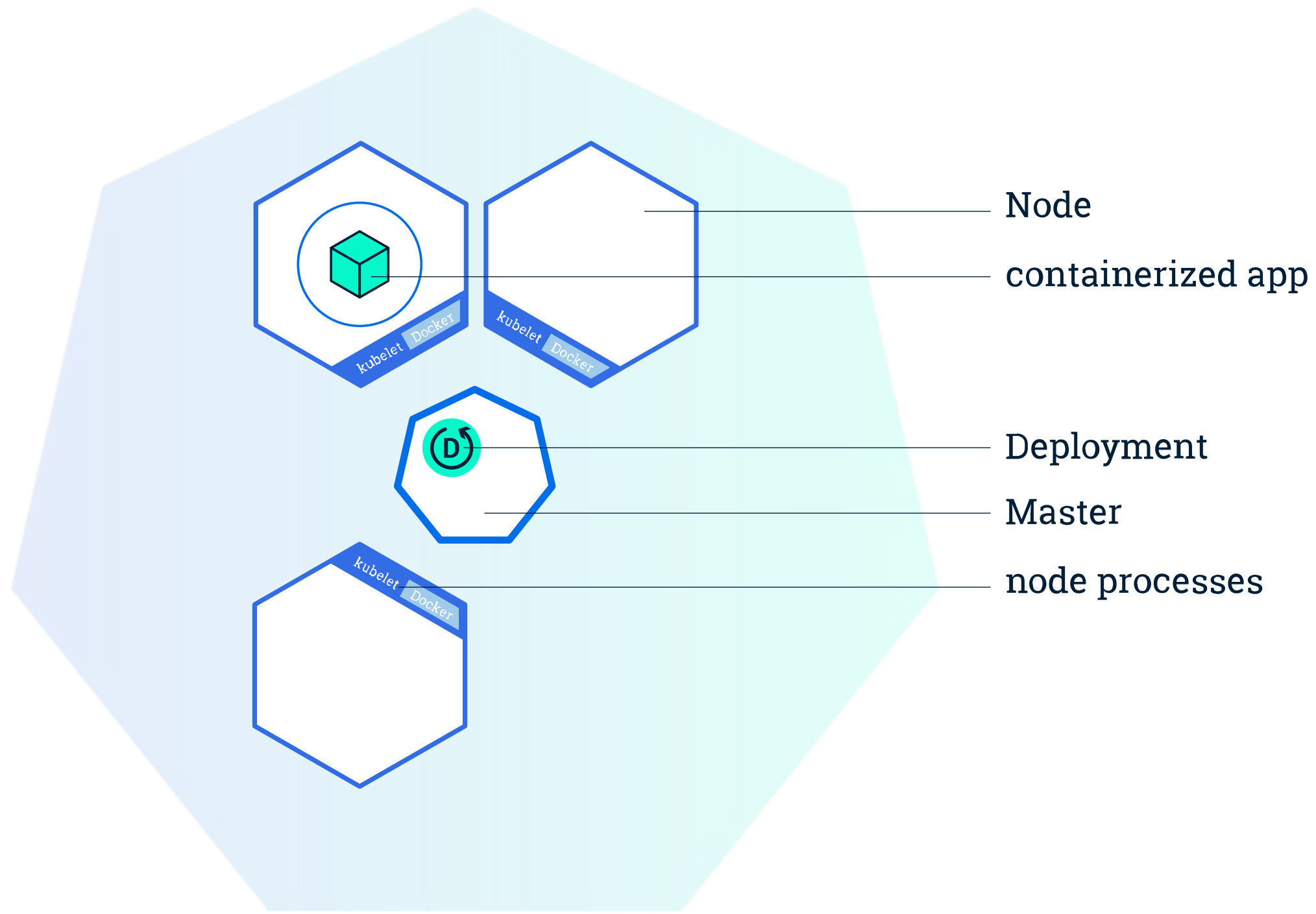
kubelet, docker

KUBERNETES DEPLOYMENT

- responsible for creating and updating the instances of your applications
- provide a self-healing mechanism



KUBERNETES DEPLOYMENT



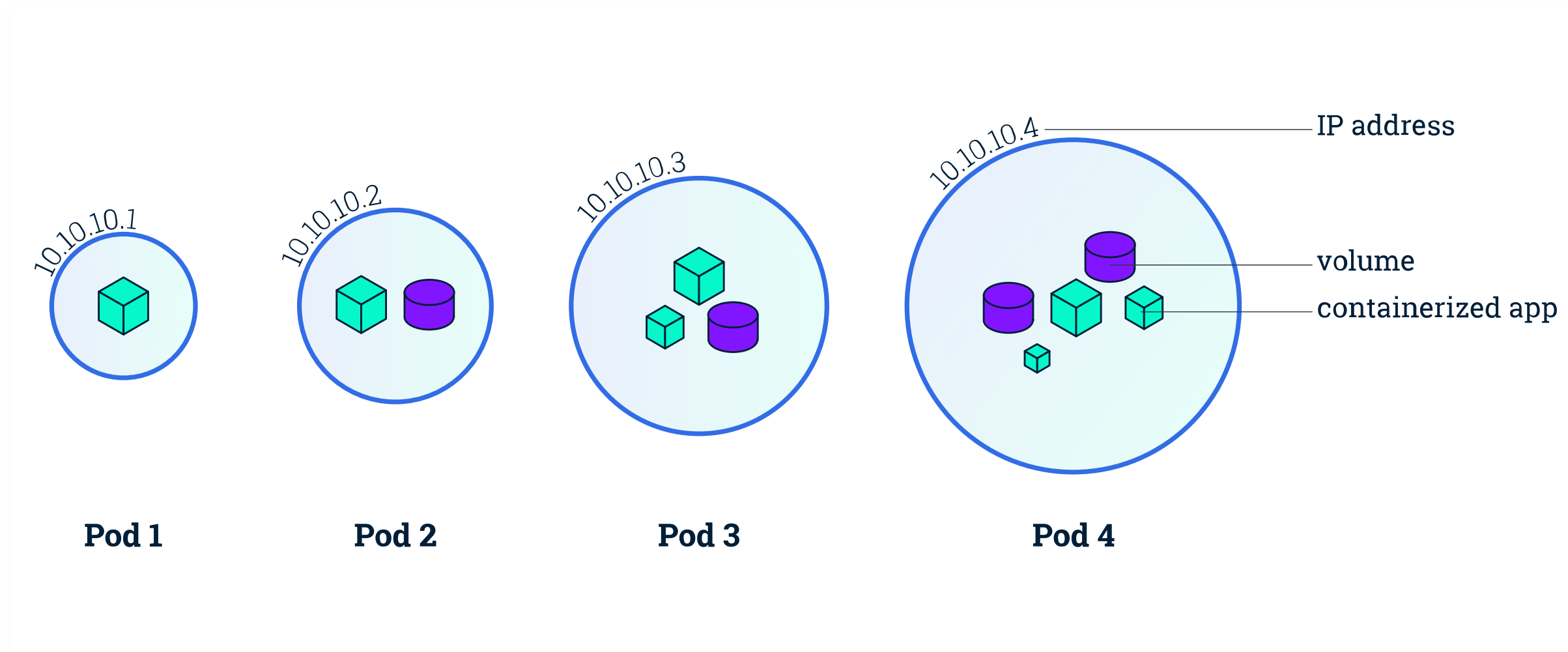
KUBERNETES POD

- a group of one or more containers (e.g. Docker)
- shared storage & unique cluster level IP
- info about container image, ports, resources (CPU, RAM)

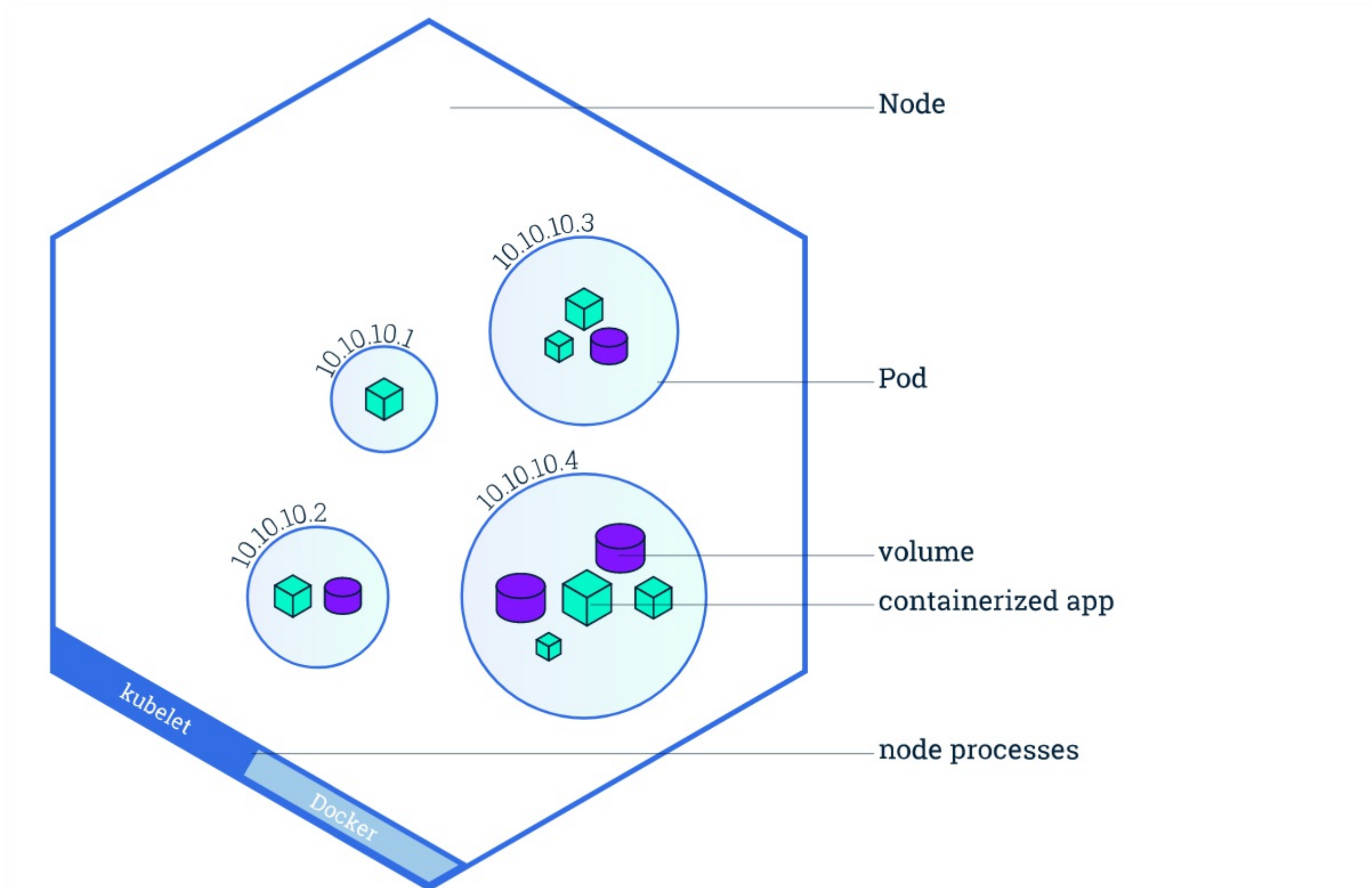
KUBERNETES POD

- are mortal
- are the atomic unit on Kubernetes
- deployments are creating pods with containers inside them

KUBERNETES POD



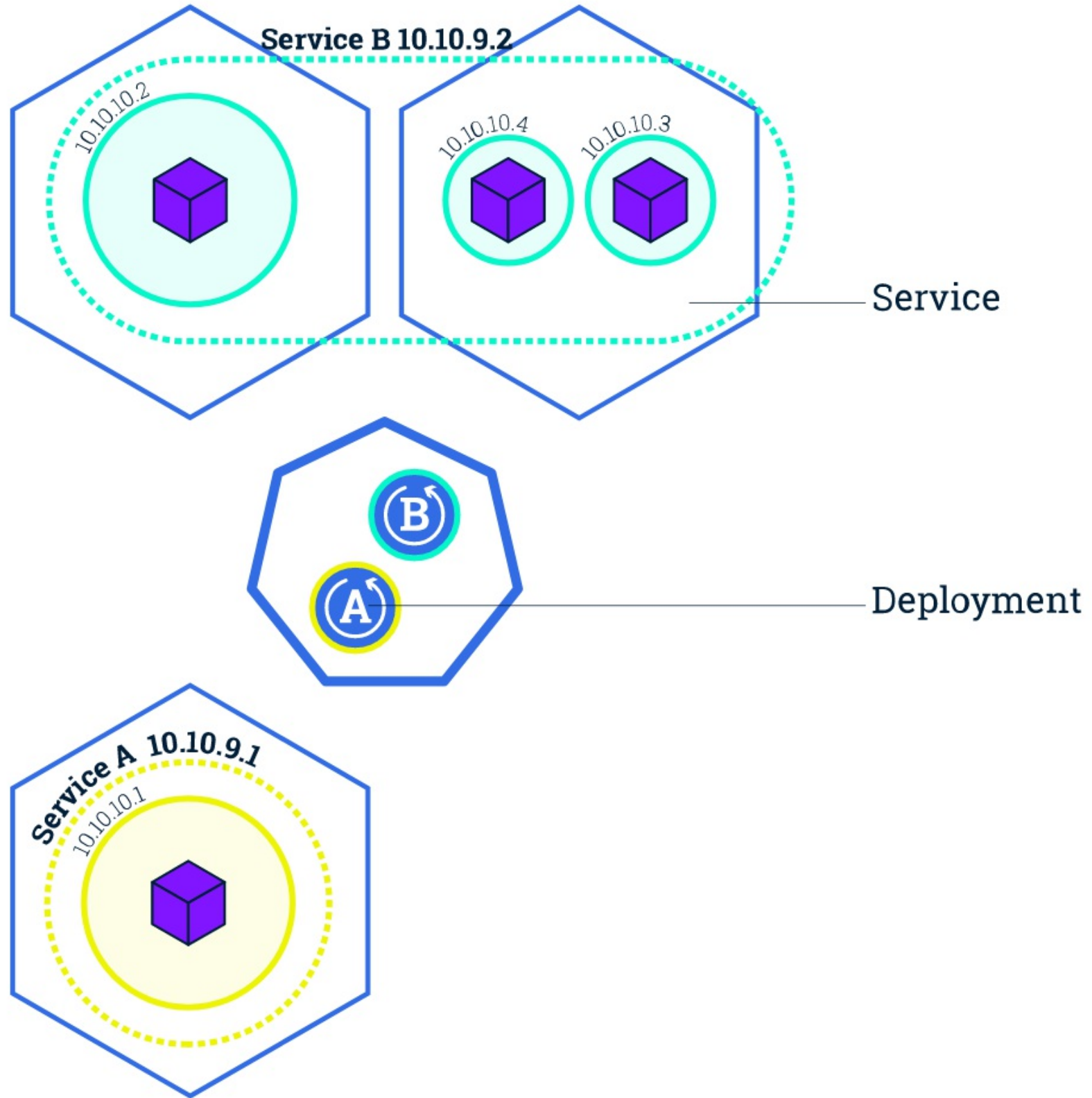
KUBERNETES NODE



KUBERNETES SERVICE

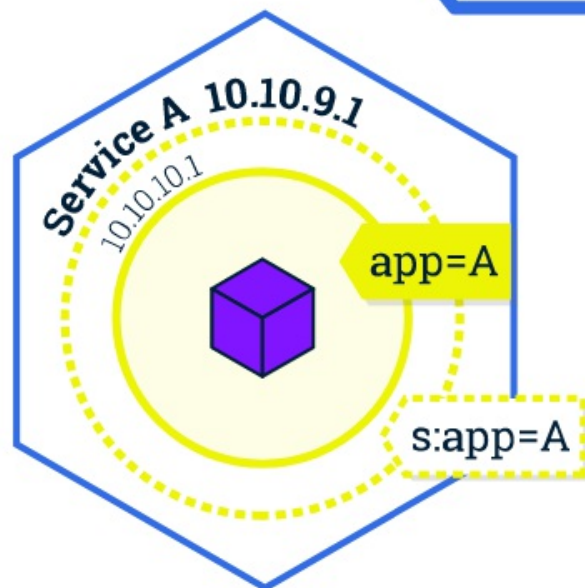
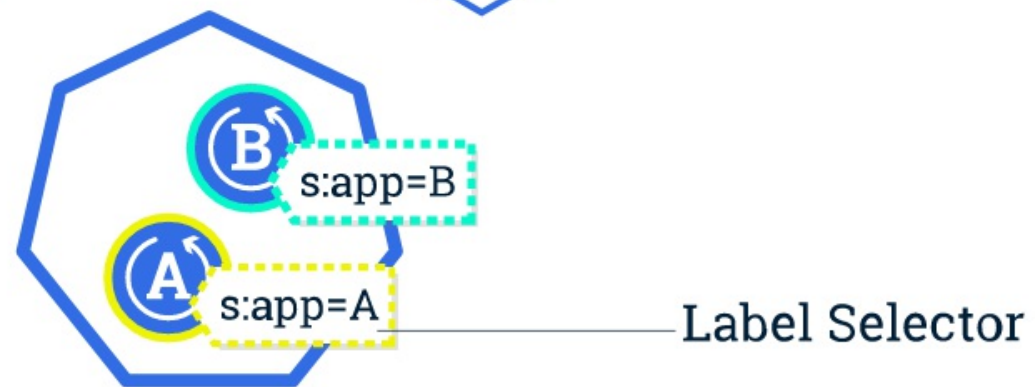
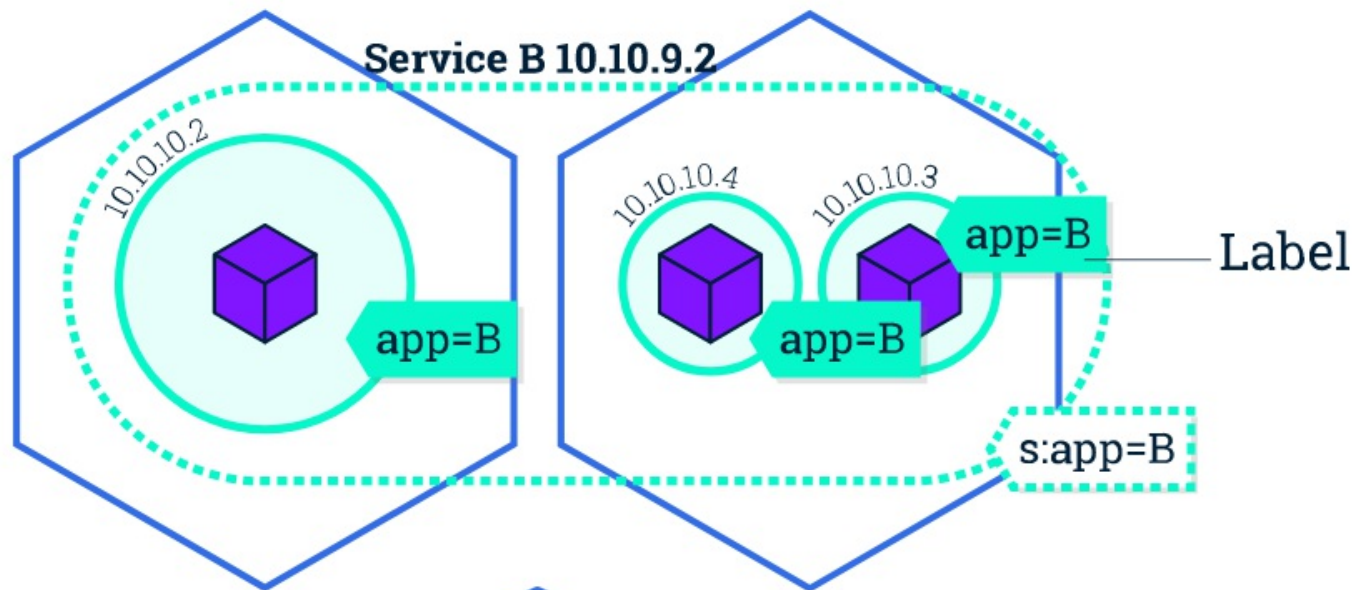
abstraction layer which defines a logical set of Pods

- enables external traffic exposure
- load balancing
- service discovery for pods



KUBERNETES LABEL

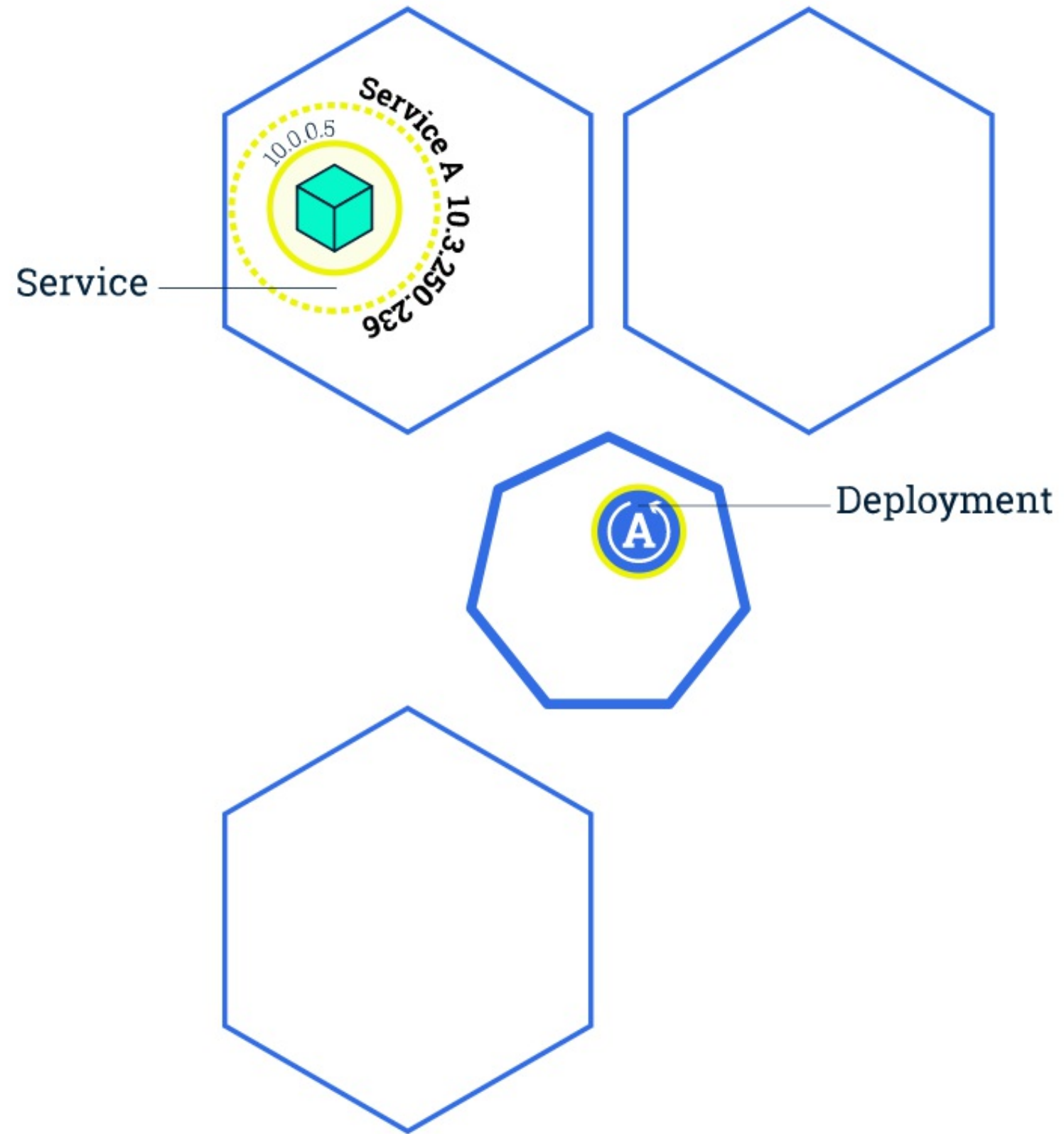
- key/value pairs attached to objects (E.g Pods)
- help organizing objects
- can be changed anytime

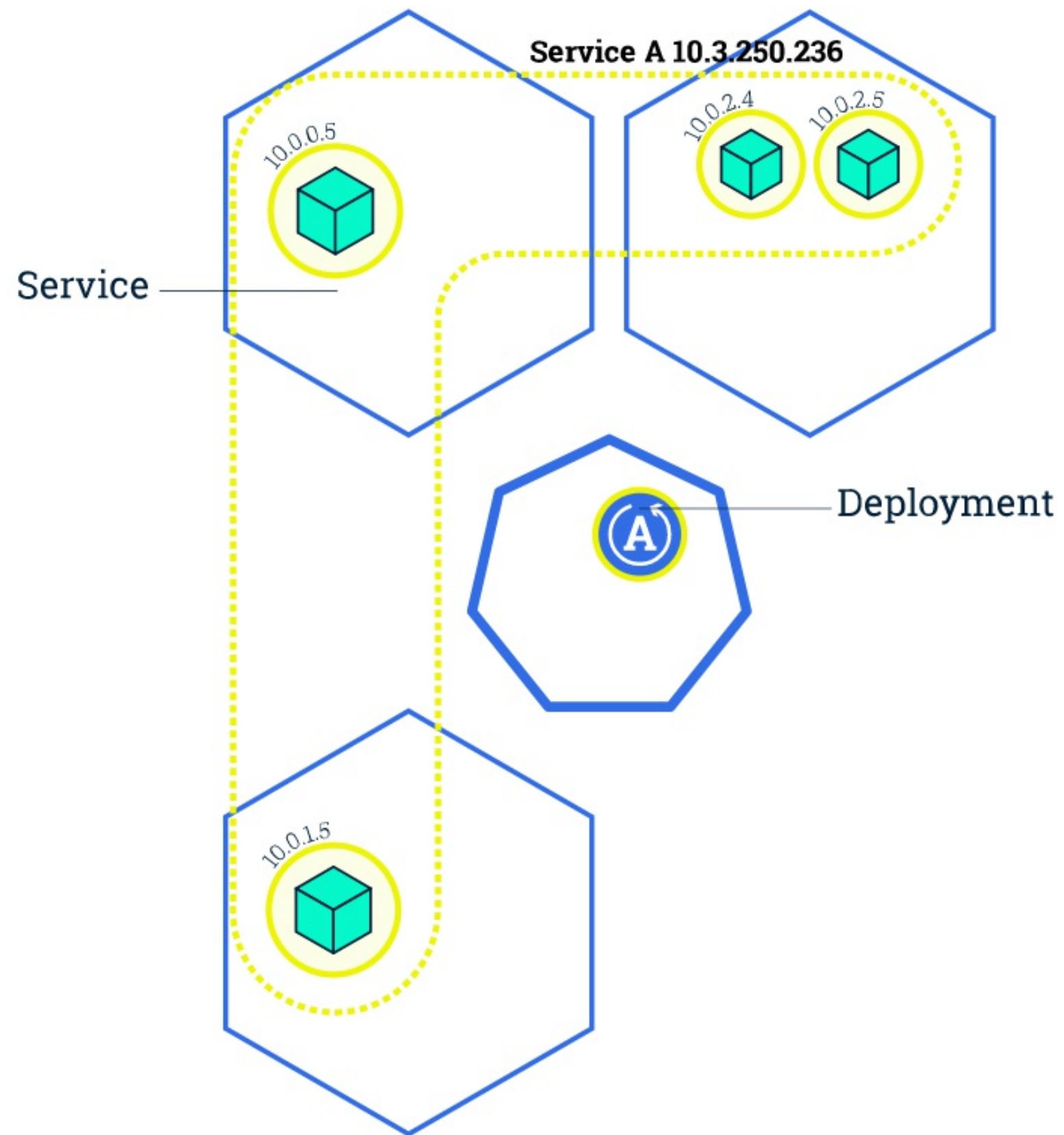


SCALLING APPLICATIONS

Changing the number of replicas in a deployment

- traffic is sent only to up & running pods
- new pods are created on nodes with available resources
- running multiple pod replicas allow zero-downtime updates

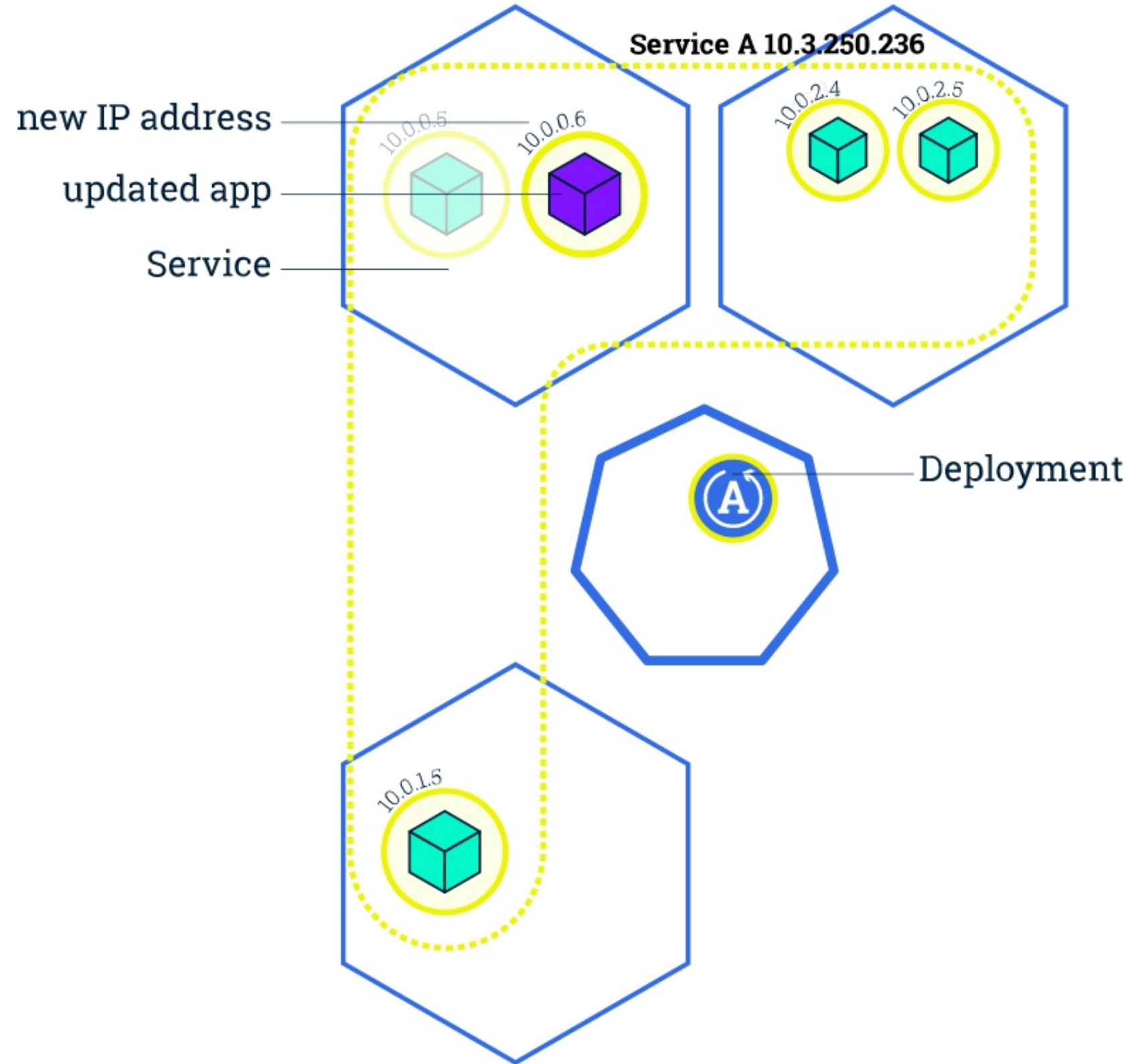


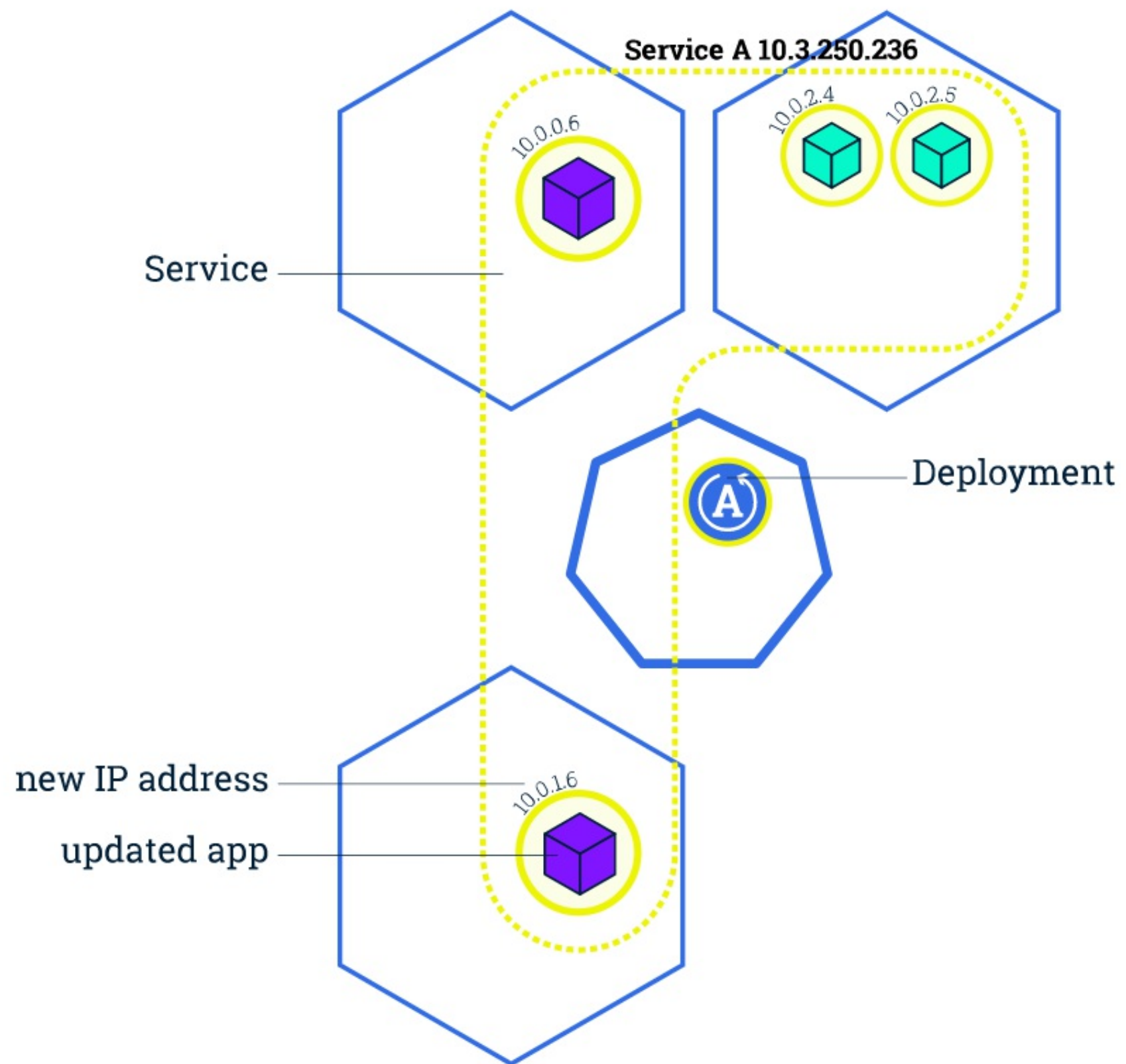


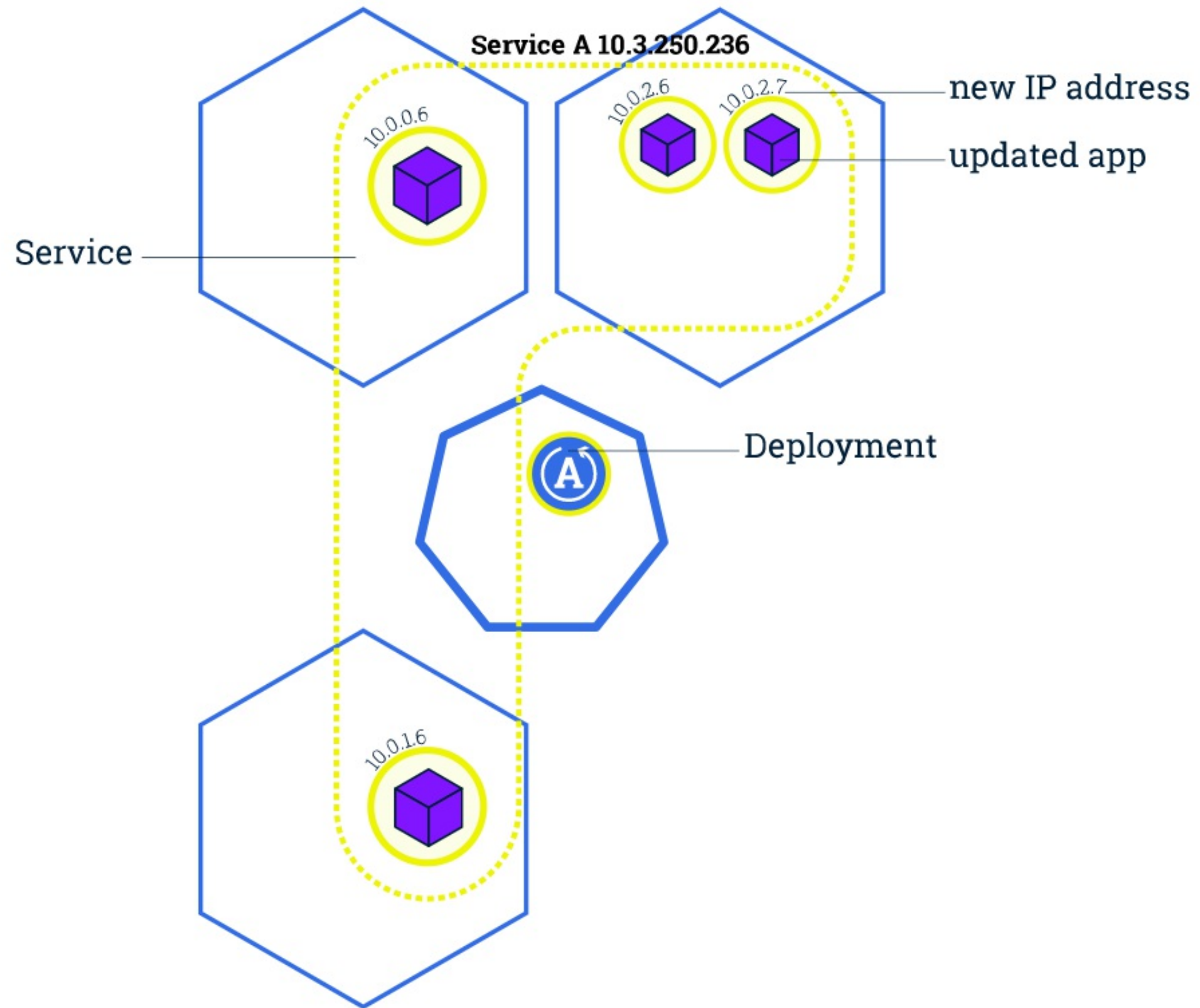
ROLLING UPDATES

Incremental pods update for deployments

- CI/CD with zero downtime







WHERE CAN YOU RUN KUBERNETES

laptop (minikube)

public cloud (Google cloud , Azure, AWS, etc)

on-premises

HOW TO RUN KUBERNETES

vanilla (you will do the maintenance)

managed (as a service: ACS - Azure, GKE - Google cloud, Tectonic - CoreOS)

Why: Habits of successful cloud native applications

What: Kubernetes platform - the building blocks

**HOW: DEPLOYING APPLICATIONS ON
KUBERNETES (DEMO)**

DEMO

docker image for this presentation: [jocatalin/itcamp:2017](#)

LEARN KUBERNETES

- Beginner: <https://katacoda.com/courses/kubernetes>
<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tutorials/kubernetes-basics/>
- Advanced:
<https://github.com/kelseyhightower/kubernetes-the-hard-way>
- <https://container-solutions.com/blog>
- <https://cncf.io>

KUBERNETES TAKE AWAYS

- Works only with containers
- Scale with demand
- Make intelligent use of available resources
- Deploy apps fast with zero-downtime
- Programmable infrastructure

MULTUMESC!

Questions?