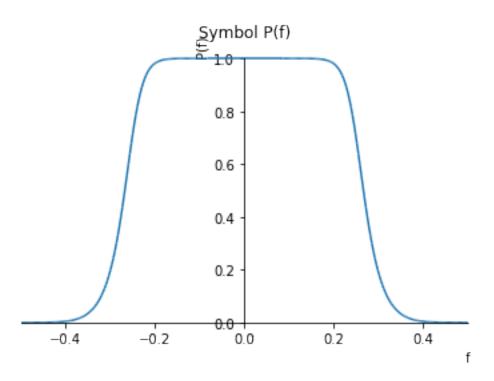
## final question 1&2

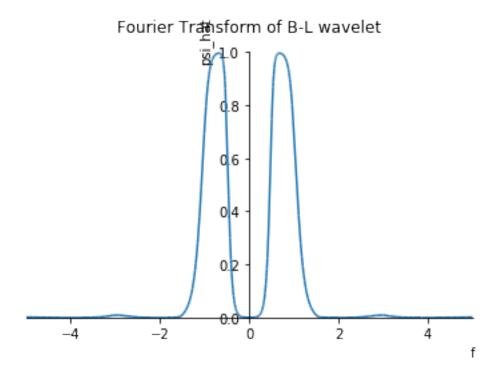
## March 25, 2018

```
In [1]: import sympy as sp
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import sys
        sys.setrecursionlimit(25000)
        import mpmath as mp
        import scipy.fftpack
        from sympy import lambdify
        import mpmath as mpf
In [2]: # analytic expression for the symbol P(f) of B-L wavelet filter
       f=sp.symbols('f')
        J=sp.I
       w = 2*sp.pi*f
       N1 = 5+30*sp.cos(w/2)**2+30*sp.sin(w/2)**2*sp.cos(w/2)**2;
       N2 = 2*sp.sin(w/2)**4*sp.cos(w/2)**2+70*sp.cos(w/2)**4+(2/3)*sp.sin(w/2)**6;
       S = (N1+N2)/(105*sp.sin(w/2)**8);
       phi_hat=16/(w**4*sp.sqrt(S))
       Pf=phi_hat.subs(f,2*f)/phi_hat
In [3]: # plot the |P(f)| of B-L wavelet filter
        sp.plotting.plot(abs(Pf),(f, -0.5, 0.5), xlabel='f', ylabel='P(f)',
                         adaptive=False, num_of_points=200, title = "Symbol P(f)")
```



```
Out[3]: <sympy.plotting.plot.Plot at 0x1116f6c50>
In [4]: def f_coeff(x,F,N):
            # x: symbolic periodic function of "f"
            # F: period
            # N: number of Fourier coeffs (odd integer)
            # h: Fourier coefficients h[-3], h[-2], h[-1], h[0], h[1], h[2], h[3]
            df = F/N
            xs=np.zeros(N,dtype=complex)
            xs[0]=sp.limit(x,f,0)
            for n in range(1,N):
                xs[n] = complex(x.subs(f,n*df))
            h = np.fft.fft(xs)/N
            h = np.fft.fftshift(h)
            return h
In [5]: def f_trans(x,F,M,N):
            # x: symbolic input function of "f"
            # F: frequency window [-F/2,F/2]
            # N: number of sample values
            # M: number of aliases
            # Xs: Fourier transform sample values
            # fs: frequency sample values
            dt = 1/F \# delta t
```

```
df = F/N \# delta f
            T = N/F
            for k in range(1,M+1):
                x = x+x.subs(f,f-k*T)+x.subs(f,f+k*T)
            xs=np.zeros(N,dtype=float)
            fs=np.zeros(N,dtype=float)
            dc=sp.limit(x,f,0)
            xs[0]=dc
            fs[0]=-F/2
            for n in range(1,N):
                xs[n] = float(x.subs(f,n*dt))
                fs[n] = (n-1)*df-F/2
            Xs = np.fft.fft(xs)*dt
            Xs = np.fft.fftshift(Xs)
            return fs, Xs
In [6]: f=sp.symbols('f')
        J=sp.I
        w = 2*sp.pi*f
        N1w = 5+30*((sp.cos(w/2))**2)+30*((sp.sin(w/2))**2)*((sp.cos(w/2))**2)
        N2w = 2*((sp.sin(w/2))**4)*((sp.cos(w/2))**2)+70*((sp.cos(w/2))**4)+(2/3)*((sp.sin(w/2))**4)
        Sw = (N1w+N2w)/(105*((sp.sin(w/2))**8))
        phi_hat=16/((w**4)*sp.sqrt(Sw))
        x = phi_hat
        F = 6
        M=0
        N = 256
        fs, Xs= f_trans(x,F,M,N)
        # plt.figure()
        # plt.title('B-L scaling function')
        # plt.plot(fs,np.real(Xs),'bo')
        # plt.savefig('B-L scaling')
In [7]: # analytic expression for the Fourier Transform of B-L wavelet
        psi_hat = -sp.exp(-J*sp.pi*f)*Pf.subs(f,(f+1)/2)*phi_hat.subs(f,f/2)
In [8]: #plot Fourier Tranform of B-L wavelet
        sp.plotting.plot(abs(psi_hat), (f,-5,5), xlabel='f', ylabel='psi_hat',
                        num_of_points=200, title = "Fourier Transform of B-L wavelet")
```



Out[8]: <sympy.plotting.plot.Plot at 0x111200588>