

Problem 1

Problem a
Newton's Method: 0.7148059123627707
Secant Method: 0.7148059123554098
Bisection Method: 0.7148056030273438

Problem b
Newton's Method: 0.2
Secant Method: 0.19999999999114973
Bisection Method: 0.19999961853027343

Problem c
Newton's Method: 2.0945514815423265
Secant Method: 2.094551481569724
Bisection Method: 2.0945506572723387

Problem d
Newton's Method: 0.6931471805600257
Secant Method: 0.6931471805757405
Bisection Method: 0.6931467056274416

Problem e
Newton's Method: 0.567143290409784
Secant Method: 0.5671432904420043
Bisection Method: 0.5671438217163085

Problem f
Newton's Method: 1.134724138401536
Secant Method: 1.134724138401522
Bisection Method: 1.134725570678711

Problem g
Newton's Method: 0.8767262153950625
Secant Method: 0.8767262153942947
Bisection Method: 0.8767266273498535

Problem h
Newton's Method: 1.2599210498948732
Secant Method: 1.2599210498948596
Bisection Method: 1.2599201202392578

Problem i
Newton's Method: 2.028757838110434
Secant Method: -2.0287578380661646
Bisection Method: 1.5707950592041016

Problem j
Bisection Method: 2.999998728434245

Problem 2

2. Base Case ($n=0$)

$$|g(d) - g(x_n)| = |d - x_{n+1}|$$

$$|g(d) - g(x_0)| = |d - x_1| \leq L |d - x_0|$$

Induction Step

$$\text{IH } |d - x_n| \leq L^n |d - x_0|$$

$n \rightarrow n+1$

$$|d - x_{n+1}| \leq L^{n+1} |d - x_0| = L L^n |d - x_0|$$

$n \rightarrow \infty$

$$L^n |d - x_0| \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Geometric sum} = \frac{1}{1-L}$$

$$\text{sum of errors} = \frac{L^n}{1-L} |x_1 - x_0| \geq |d - x_n|$$

Problem 3

$$3. \quad x_{n+1} = (1 + e^{-x_n}) = g(x)$$

$$g(x) = 1 + e^{-x}$$

$$g'(x) = -e^{-x}$$

$$|g'(1)| = |-e^{-1}| = .3678794412 < 1$$

$$|g'(2)| = |-e^{-2}| = .1353352832 < 1$$

• Since $|g'(x)| < 1$, $x \in (1, 2]$ function $g(x)$ is a contraction in the interval $(0, 1)$ and converges

$$g'(1) = .3678794412$$

$$g'(2) = .1353352832$$

$$L = .3678794412$$

$$\frac{L^n}{1-L} |x_1 - x_0| \leq 10^{-5}$$

$$\frac{(.36788)^n}{(1 - .36788)} |1 - 0| \leq 10^{-5}$$

$$.36788^n \leq .6321 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$n \ln .36788 \leq \ln .6321 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$n = \frac{\ln .6321 \times 10^{-5}}{\ln .36788}$$

$$n = 11.97$$

$$= 12 \text{, iterate}$$

$$L = .1353352832$$

$$\frac{(.13534)^n}{(1 - .13534)} |1 - 0| \leq 10^{-5}$$

$$.13534^n \leq .865 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$n \ln .13534 \leq \ln .865 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$n = \frac{\ln .865 \times 10^{-5}}{\ln .13534}$$

$$n = 5.87$$