Kernel Course: Lecture 17

Communicating with Hardware (part 2)

Sam Protsenko

April 15, 2019

GlobalLogic

Agenda

- 1. Kernel Driver: Proper Way
- 2. User space
- 3. Assignments
- 4. Appendixes

Kernel Driver: Proper Way

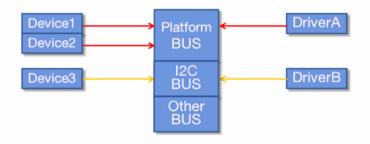
API Overview

Device/driver matching

- In real drivers we rarely use just module_init()
- Driver must be platform-independend
- Device-specific data is obtained from Device Tree
- Driver binding is the process of associating a device with a device driver that can control it
- Bus drivers (*driver core*) handle this, as bus driver knows about all devices and drivers on this bus

Device/driver matching (cont'd)

- When driver or device is registered, driver core will check their compatible strings
- If those strings match, driver core will invoke probe() function
- · Platform devices should be registered very early during system boot
- · Drivers usually register later during booting, or by module loading



API: miscdevice

- miscdevice = Miscellaneous Character Device
- Easier to implement than regular char dev
- Major number is the same for all misc devices (see /proc/devices)

```
#include </
```

API: New GPIO Kernel API

- Similar set of functions as in "Legacy GPIO API"
- · GPIO number is usually obtained from device tree
- Operates on struct gpio_desc (instead of GPIO number)

For details see **Documentation/driver-api/gpio/consumer.rst**.

API: Device Tree

```
#include <linux/of.h>
/*
 * - can be obtained from struct device (.of node field), in probe function
 * - contains matched device properties (can be read using functions below)
 */
struct device node;
 * - to store "compatible" strings table
 * - provide it to struct device (.of match table field)
struct of device id;
/* Device Tree access functions */
int of property read u32(const struct device node *np, const char *propname,
                         u32 *out_value);
bool of property read bool(const struct device node *np. const char *propname);
```

For details see **Documentation/devicetree/usage-model.txt**.

API: Managed Device Resources

- devres is linked list of memory areas associated with a struct device
- Each devres entry is associated with a release function
- All devres entries are released on driver detach
- On release, the associated release function is invoked and then the devres entry is freed

For details see Documentation/driver-model/devres.txt.

Two Flavours of Power Management

Runtime power management (Runtime PM)

Turn off (stop clock or remove power) hardware components that aren't going to be used in the near future, transparently from the user space's viewpoint.

System sleep

Knowing in advance that the whole system is not going to be used in the near future, turn off everything (possibly by force) except for the RAM chips.

- · We are only going to use System sleep PM API
- For details see "System Sleep vs Runtime Power Management" slides (by Rafael J. Wysocki)

API: Power Management

```
#include <linux/pm.h>
/* Populate it and set to struct driver (.pm field) */
struct dev pm ops {
        int (*suspend)(struct device *dev);
        int (*resume)(struct device *dev):
        int (*freeze)(struct device *dev);
        int (*thaw)(struct device *dev);
        int (*poweroff)(struct device *dev);
        int (*restore)(struct device *dev);
};
SIMPLE DEV PM OPS(name, suspend fn, resume fn): /* returns struct dev pm ops */
int device init wakeup(struct device *dev, bool enable);
bool device may wakeup(struct device *dev);
int enable irq wake(unsigned int irq);
int disable irq wake(unsigned int irq);
```

Attempt #3

Platform driver + char dev + new GPIO API + device tree

PRODUCTION READY!

Third Attempt: Device Tree

Listing 1: am335x-boneblack.dts

```
&am33xx pinmux {
           hw3 pins: hw3 pins {
                    pinctrl-single,pins = <
                            AM33XX IOPAD(0x82c, PIN INPUT | MUX MODE7)
                                                                                      /* apmc ad11.apio0 27 */
                            AM33XX IOPAD(0x83c, PIN OUTPUT | MUX MODE7)
                                                                                      /* apmc ad15.apio1 15 */
                    >;
           };
8
   };
9
   / {
11
           hw3 {
12
                   compatible = "globallogic.hw3";
13
                    button-gpios = <&gpio0 27 GPIO ACTIVE LOW>;
14
                    led-gpios = <&gpio1 15 GPIO ACTIVE HIGH>;
15
                    debounce-delay-ms = <5>;
16
                   wakeup-source:
17
                    pinctrl-names = "default":
18
                    pinctrl-0 = <&hw3 pins>:
19
           };
20
   };
```

Third Attempt: Code (1/14)

Listing 2: hw3.c

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0
2 /*
    * Driver for handling externally connected button and LED.
    */
  #include <linux/module.h>
  #include <linux/platform device.h>
8 #include <linux/gpio/consumer.h>
  #include <linux/interrupt.h>
10 #include ux/of.h>
11 #include ux/miscdevice.h>
12 #include ux/fs.h>
13 #include ux/spinlock.h>
14 #include ux/poll.h>
  #include <linux/sched/signal.h>
  #include <linux/wait.h>
  #include <linux/pm.h>
18
  #include "hw3.h"
20
```

Third Attempt: Code (2/14)

```
21 #define DRIVER NAME
                           "hw3"
22 #define WRITE BUF LEN
                           10
23 #define READ BUF LEN
                                   /* 1 character and \0 */
24
  struct hw3 {
26
           struct miscdevice mdev:
27
           struct gpio desc *btn gpio;
28
           struct gpio desc *led gpio;
29
           int btn irq;
30
           int led on;
31
           int btn on;
32
           int control:
                                           /* kernel controls LED switching? */
33
           spinlock t lock;
34
           wait queue head t wait:
35
           bool data ready:
                                           /* new data ready to read */
36
   };
37
  static inline struct hw3 *to hw3 struct(struct file *file)
39 {
40
           struct miscdevice *miscdev = file->private data;
41
42
           return container of(miscdev, struct hw3, mdev);
43 }
```

Third Attempt: Code (3/14)

```
44
  static ssize t hw3 read(struct file *file, char user *buf, size t count,
46
                           loff t *ppos)
47
48
           struct hw3 *hw3 = to hw3 struct(file);
49
           unsigned long flags;
50
           ssize t ret;
51
           const char *val;
52
53
           spin lock irqsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
54
           while (!hw3->data ready) {
55
                   spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
                   if (file->f flags & O NONBLOCK)
56
57
                           return - EAGAIN:
58
                   if (wait event interruptible(hw3->wait. hw3->data readv))
59
                           return - ERESTARTSYS:
60
                   spin lock irgsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
61
62
           val = hw3->btn on ? "1" : "0";
63
           hw3->data readv = false:
64
           spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
65
66
```

Third Attempt: Code (4/14)

```
67
           /* Do not advance ppos, do not use simple read from buffer() */
           if (copy to user(buf, val, READ BUF LEN))
68
69
                   ret = -EFAULT:
70
           else
71
                   ret = READ BUF LEN;
72
73
           return ret;
74 }
75
76 static ssize t hw3 write(struct file *file, const char user *buf,
77
                             size t count, loff t *ppos)
78
79
           struct hw3 *hw3 = to hw3 struct(file);
80
           unsigned long flags:
81
           char kbuf[WRITE_BUF_LEN];
82
           long val:
83
           int res:
84
           /* Do not advance ppos, do not use simple write to buffer() */
85
86
           if (copy from user(kbuf, buf, WRITE BUF LEN))
87
                   return - EFAULT:
88
89
           kbuf[1] = '\0': /* aet rid of possible \n from "echo" command */
```

Third Attempt: Code (5/14)

```
90
            res = kstrtol(kbuf, 0, &val);
91
            if (res)
92
                    return -EINVAL:
93
            val = !!val:
94
95
            spin lock irqsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
96
            if (hw3->led on != val) {
                    hw3->led on = val;
97
98
                    gpiod set value(hw3->led gpio, hw3->led on);
99
100
            spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
101
102
            return count:
103 }
104
105 static poll t hw3 poll(struct file *file, poll table *wait)
106 {
107
            struct hw3 *hw3 = to hw3 struct(file);
108
            unsigned long flags;
109
            poll t mask = 0;
110
111
            poll wait(file, &hw3->wait, wait);
112
```

Third Attempt: Code (6/14)

```
113
            spin lock irgsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
114
            if (hw3->data readv)
115
                    mask = EPOLLIN | EPOLLRDNORM:
116
            spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
117
118
            return mask:
119 }
120
   static long hw3 ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
121
122 {
123
            struct hw3 *hw3 = to hw3 struct(file);
124
            unsigned long flags;
125
            int val:
126
127
            switch (cmd) {
128
            case HW3IOC SETLED:
129
                    if (get user(val, (int user *)arg))
130
                             return -EFAULT:
131
132
                     spin lock irgsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
133
                    hw3 \rightarrow led on = !!val:
                     gpiod set value(hw3->led gpio, hw3->led on);
134
135
                     spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
```

Third Attempt: Code (7/14)

```
136
137
                    /* Fall through */
138
            case HW3IOC GETLED:
139
                     spin lock irqsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
                    val = hw3->led on;
140
141
                     spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
142
143
                    return put user(val, (int user *)arg);
144
            case HW3IOC KERN CONTROL:
145
                    if (get user(val, (int user *)arg))
146
                             return -EFAULT;
147
                     spin lock irqsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
148
                    hw3->control = !!val;
149
150
                     spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags);
151
152
                    break:
153
            default:
154
                    return - ENOTTY:
155
156
157
            return 0:
158 }
```

Third Attempt: Code (8/14)

```
159
160 static const struct file operations hw3 fops = {
161
            .owner
                             = THIS MODULE.
162
            .read
                             = hw3 read,
163
            .write
                            = hw3 write,
164
           .poll
                           = hw3 poll.
            .unlocked ioctl = hw3 ioctl,
165
166
            .llseek
                             = no llseek,
167 };
168
169
   static irgreturn t hw3 btn isr(int irg, void *data)
170 {
            struct hw3 *hw3 = data:
171
172
            unsigned long flags:
173
174
            pr err("### isr\n"):
175
176
            spin lock irgsave(&hw3->lock, flags);
177
            hw3->data ready = true;
178
            hw3->btn on = gpiod get value(hw3->btn gpio);
179
            if (hw3->btn on && hw3->control) {
                    hw3->led on ^= 0x1;
180
181
                    gpiod set value(hw3->led gpio, hw3->led on);
```

Third Attempt: Code (9/14)

```
182
183
            spin unlock irgrestore(&hw3->lock, flags):
184
185
            wake up interruptible(&hw3->wait);
186
187
            return IRO HANDLED:
188 }
189
190 static int hw3 probe(struct platform device *pdev)
191 {
192
            struct device *dev = &pdev->dev;
193
            struct device node *node = pdev->dev.of node;
            struct hw3 *hw3:
194
195
            u32 debounce;
196
            bool wakeup_source;
197
            int ret:
198
199
            pr err("### probe\n");
200
201
            hw3 = devm kzalloc(&pdev->dev, sizeof(*hw3), GFP KERNEL);
202
            if (!hw3)
203
                     return - ENOMEM:
204
```

Third Attempt: Code (10/14)

```
205
            hw3 \rightarrow control = 1:
206
207
            /* "button-apios" in dts */
208
            hw3->btn gpio = devm gpiod get(dev, "button", GPIOD IN);
209
            if (IS ERR(hw3->btn gpio))
210
                    return PTR ERR(hw3->btn gpio);
211
212
            /* "led-gpios" in dts */
213
            hw3->led gpio = devm gpiod get(dev, "led", GPIOD OUT LOW);
214
            if (IS ERR(hw3->led gpio))
215
                    return PTR ERR(hw3->led gpio);
216
217
            hw3->btn irq = gpiod to irq(hw3->btn gpio);
218
            if (hw3->btn ira < 0)
219
                    return hw3->btn ira:
220
221
            ret = of property read u32(node, "debounce-delay-ms", &debounce);
222
            if (ret == 0) {
223
                    ret = gpiod set debounce(hw3->btn gpio, debounce * 1000);
224
                    if (ret < 0)
225
                             dev warn(dev, "No HW support for debouncing\n");
226
227
```

Third Attempt: Code (11/14)

```
228
            wakeup source = of property read bool(node, "wakeup-source");
229
230
            ret = devm request ira(dev. hw3->btn ira, hw3 btn isr,
231
                                    IRQF TRIGGER FALLING | IRQF TRIGGER RISING,
232
                                    dev name(dev), hw3);
233
            if (ret < 0)
234
                    return ret;
235
236
            device init wakeup(dev, wakeup source);
237
            platform set drydata(pdev. hw3):
238
            spin lock init(&hw3->lock);
239
            init waitqueue head(&hw3->wait);
240
            hw3->mdev.minor
241
                                     = MISC DYNAMIC MINOR:
242
            hw3->mdev.name
                                     = DRIVER NAME:
243
            hw3->mdev.fops
                                     = &hw3 fops:
           hw3->mdev.parent
244
                                     = dev:
245
            ret = misc register(&hw3->mdev):
246
            if (ret)
247
                    return ret:
248
249
            gpiod set value(hw3->led gpio, 0);
250
```

Third Attempt: Code (12/14)

```
251
            pr err("### probe finished OK\n");
252
            return 0:
253 }
254
255 static int hw3 remove(struct platform device *pdev)
256 {
257
            struct hw3 *hw3 = platform get drvdata(pdev);
258
259
            misc deregister(&hw3->mdev);
260
            return 0:
261 }
262
263 #ifdef CONFIG PM SLEEP
264 static int hw3 suspend(struct device *dev)
265 {
266
            struct hw3 *hw3 = dev get drvdata(dev);
267
268
            if (device may wakeup(dev))
269
                     enable irq wake(hw3->btn irq);
270
271
            return 0:
272 }
273
```

Third Attempt: Code (13/14)

```
274 static int hw3 resume(struct device *dev)
275 {
276
            struct hw3 *hw3 = dev_get_drvdata(dev);
277
278
            if (device may wakeup(dev))
279
                    disable irq wake(hw3->btn irq);
280
281
            return 0;
282 }
283 #endif /* CONFIG PM SLEEP */
284
   static SIMPLE DEV PM OPS(hw3 pm, hw3 suspend, hw3 resume);
286
287
   static const struct of device id hw3 of match[] = {
288
            { .compatible = "globallogic.hw3" }.
            { .compatible = "globallogic.hw4" }.
289
            { .compatible = "globallogic,hw5" },
290
291
            {}, /* sentinel */
292 };
293 MODULE DEVICE TABLE(of, hw3 of match);
294
295 static struct platform driver hw3 driver = {
296
            .probe = hw3 probe.
```

Third Attempt: Code (14/14)

```
297
            .remove = hw3 remove,
298
            .driver = {
299
                     .name = DRIVER NAME.
300
                     .pm = \&hw3 pm,
301
                     .of match table = hw3 of match,
302
            },
303 };
304
    module platform driver(hw3 driver);
306
307
    MODULE ALIAS("platform:hw3");
308 MODULE_AUTHOR("Sam Protsenko <semen.protsenko@globallogic.com>");
309
    MODULE DESCRIPTION("Test module 3");
310 MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
```

Third Attempt: Header

Listing 3: hw3.h

```
1 /* SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 */
2 #ifndef UAPI LINUX HW3 H
3 #define UAPI LINUX HW3 H
5 #include <linux/ioctl.h>
6 #include ux/types.h>
8 /* Chosen to be unique w.r.t. Documentation/ioctl/ioctl-number */
9 #define HW3 IOCTL MAGIC
                                  0x91
10
11 #define HW3IOC SETLED
                                  IOWR(HW3 IOCTL MAGIC, 0, int)
12 #define HW3IOC GETLED
                                  IOR(HW3 IOCTL MAGIC, 1, int)
  #define HW3IOC KERN CONTROL
                                  IOW(HW3 IOCTL MAGIC, 2, int)
14
  #endif /* UAPI LINUX HW3 H */
```

Take five

User space

User Space Application (1/4)

Listing 4: hw3-app.c

```
#include <sys/types.h>
2 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
3 #include <fcntl.h>
  #include <unistd.h>
5 #include <poll.h>
6 #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.b>
8 #include <string.h>
9
   #include "hw3.h"
11
   #define DEV FILE
                            "/dev/hw3"
13 #define TIMEOUT
                            10000
                                            /* msec */
14 #define BUF SIZE
                            4096
  #define COUNT
                            20
16
   int main(int argc, char *argv[])
18
19
           int fd:
20
           int ret = EXIT FAILURE:
```

User Space Application (2/4)

```
21
           int i;
22
            struct pollfd pfd:
23
           int readv:
24
           int led on;
25
           char buf[BUF SIZE];
26
27
           fd = open(DEV FILE, O RDWR | O NONBLOCK);
28
           if (fd == -1) {
29
                    perror("Failed to open dev file");
30
                    return EXIT FAILURE;
31
32
33
           i = 0:
34
           if (ioctl(fd, HW3IOC KERN CONTROL, &i) == -1) {
35
                    perror("Error occurred on ioctl");
36
                    goto end:
37
38
39
            ioctl(fd, HW3IOC GETLED, &led on);
40
41
           pfd.fd = fd:
           pfd.events = POLLIN:
42
43
           for (i = 0: i < COUNT: ++i) {</pre>
```

User Space Application (3/4)

```
44
                    printf("Waiting for button interrupt [%d/%d]...\n", i+1, COUNT);
                    ready = poll(&pfd, 1, TIMEOUT):
45
46
                    if (readv < 0) {</pre>
47
                            perror("poll() error");
48
                            goto end;
49
                    } else if (ready == 0) {
50
                            fprintf(stderr, "poll() timeout\n");
51
                            goto end;
52
53
                    if (!(pfd.revents & POLLIN)) {
54
                            fprintf(stderr, "poll() returned with no POLLIN\n");
55
                            goto end:
56
                    }
57
58
                    ret = read(fd, buf, BUF SIZE);
59
                    if (ret == -1)
60
                            perror("read() error");
61
                    else
                            printf("read: %s\n", buf);
62
63
64
                    /* Handle "release button" event */
65
                    if (buf[0] == '0') {
66
                            led on ^= 0x1:
```

User Space Application (4/4)

```
67
                            //ioctl(fd, HW3IOC_SETLED, &led_on);
                            sprintf(buf, "%d", led_on);
69
                            write(fd, buf, 2);
70
71
72
73
           i = 1;
74
           ioctl(fd, HW3IOC_KERN_CONTROL, &i);
75
           ret = EXIT SUCCESS;
76
77 end:
78
           close(fd);
79
           return ret;
80 }
```

Makefile

Listing 5: Makefile

```
1 ifneg ($(KERNELRELEASE),) # kbuild part of makefile
2 CFLAGS hw3.o := -DDEBUG
3 obi-m := hw3.o
4 else # normal makefile
5 KDIR ?= /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build
6
  default: module app
8 module:
           $(MAKE) -C $(KDIR) M=$(PWD) C=1 modules
  clean:
11
          $(MAKE) -C $(KDIR) M=$(PWD) C=1 clean
12
           rm -f hw3-app
13
14 CC = $(CROSS COMPILE)gcc
15 CFLAGS = -02 - Wall
16
  app:
18
          $(CC) $(CFLAGS) hw3-app.c -o hw3-app
19
  .PHONY: module clean app
21 endif
```

Building Everything (On Host)

Setup environment:

```
$ export PATH=/opt/gcc-linaro-7.3.1-2018.05-x86_64_arm-linux-gnueabihf/bin:$PATH
$ export CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabihf-
$ export ARCH=arm
$ export KDIR=~/repos/linux-stable
```

Build new dtb:

```
$ cd $KDIR
$ make am335x-boneblack.dtb
$ cp arch/arm/boot/dts/am335x-boneblack.dtb $TFTP_DIR
$ cd -
```

Build module and app:

```
$ cd $MODULE_DIR
$ make
$ cp hw3.ko hw3-app $NFS_DIR/root
```

Testing Driver From Bash (On Target)

Notice that when driver is in control, LED will toggle on button press.

Testing Driver Using App (On Target)

```
# insmod hw3.ko
# ./hw3-app

Waiting for button interrupt [1/20]...
read: 1
 Waiting for button interrupt [2/20]...
read: 0
...
# rmmod hw3.ko
```

Notice that when app is in control, LED will toggle on button release.

Testing Power Management (On Target)

```
# insmod hw3.ko
# echo mem > /svs/power/state # issue suspend
  PM: suspend entry (deep)
  PM: Syncing filesystems ... done.
  Freezing user space processes ... (elapsed 0.001 seconds) done.
 OOM killer disabled.
  Freezing remaining freezable tasks ... (elapsed 0.001 seconds) done.
  Suspending console(s) (use no console suspend to debug)
  === PRESS OUR BUTTON FOR RESUME ===
  Disabling non-boot CPUs ...
  pm33xx pm33xx: PM: Successfully put all powerdomains to target state
 OOM killer enabled.
  Restarting tasks ... done.
  PM: suspend exit
# rmmod hw3.ko
```

Kernel Introspection (On Target)

```
# cat /proc/interrupts | grep hw3
63: 18 44e07000.gpio 27 Edge hw3
# cat /sys/kernel/debug/gpio
gpiochip0: GPIOs 0-31, parent: platform/44e07000.gpio, gpio-0-31:
gpio-27 ( |button ) in hi IRO
gpiochip1: GPIOs 32-63, parent: platform/4804c000.gpio, gpio-32-63:
gpio-47 ( |led ) out hi
# find /sys/kernel/debug/pinctrl/ -exec grep -Hn hw3 {} \;
. . .
# ls -1 /svs/firmware/devicetree/base/hw3/
button-gpios
compatible
debounce-delay-ms
led-gpios
wakeup-source
# cat /sys/firmware/devicetree/base/hw3/debounce-delay-ms | hexdump
```



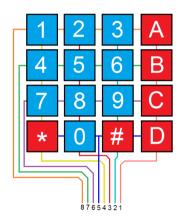
Assignments

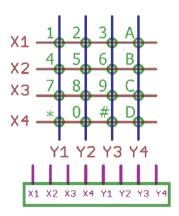
Assignment 1

- Assemble LED + button device on the breadboard
- Build hw3.ko, hw3-app and modified am335x-boneblack.dtb
- Boot kernel with new dtb and load hw3.ko
- Test it with Bash commands
- Test it with hw3-app
- Inspect hw3.ko driver using kernel introspection capabilities
- · Make sure you are using NFS for development
- Make sure you are able to jump between both kernel functions and your driver code functions

Assignment 2

- Connect matrix keypad to BBB (directly or using breadboard)
- Implement driver for detecting pressed buttons
- Report detected buttons to kernel log (dmesg)
- Use work queue for scanning columns
- Obtain scan interval from device tree definition
- Perform reading rows on interrupt
- Configure debouncing for rows lines
- Use platform driver and device tree





GPIO line	Pin name	BBB pin
gpio0_26	gpmc_ad10	P8.14
gpio0_27	gpmc_ad11	P8.17
gpio1_12	gpmc_ad12	P8.12
gpio1_13	gpmc_ad13	P8.11
gpio1_14	gpmc_ad14	P8.16
gpio1_15	gpmc_ad15	P8.15
gpio1_17	gpmc_a1	P9.23
gpio1_29	gpmc_csn0	P8.26

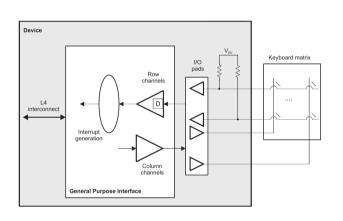


Figure 1: Internal connections

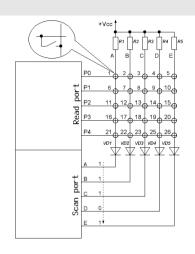


Figure 2: External connections (safe)

Initialization:

- Pull-up all scan and read lines
- Set all scan and read lines into input
- Configure debouncing on read lines

Polling:

- Set all scan lines into input (Hi-Z)
- Set one scan line into "0"
- Repeat for next scan line

Scanning (on interrupt):

- Read the state of all read lines
- Detect which button was pressed

Assignment 3 (advanced)

- · Find existing driver for matrix keypad in kernel
- · Find device tree bindings documentation for it
- · Use this driver instead of your own, make it work
- Read and understand that driver's code (especially input_dev API)

Thank you!

Appendixes

Appendix A: Power Management on BBB

Appendix A: Power Management on BBB

- Cortex-M3 core is used as a power supervisor
- Make sure your kernel has CONFIG_AMX3_PM option
- Obtain firmware for Cortex-M3 and copy it to kernel dir:

```
$ git clone git://git.ti.com/processor-firmware/ti-amx3-cm3-pm-firmware.git
$ cd ti-amx3-cm3-pm-firmware
$ git checkout ti2018.05
$ cp bin/am335x-pm-firmware.elf ~/repos/linux-stable/firmware
```

Appendix A: Power Management on BBB (cont'd)

· Add next options to **bbb.cfg** fragment and build the kernel:

```
# --- PM (see sprac74a.pdf) ---
# Embed firmware in kernel
CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE="am335x-pm-firmware.elf"
CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE_DIR="firmware"
# AMx3 Power Config Options
CONFIG_MAILBOX=y
CONFIG_OMAP2PLUS_MBOX=y
CONFIG_EMCMTEPROC=y
CONFIG_MKUP_M3_RPROC=y
CONFIG_MKUP_M3_IPC=y
CONFIG_MKUP_M3_IPC=y
CONFIG_SOC_TI=y
CONFIG_TI_EMIF_SRAM=y
CONFIG_AMX3_PM=y
# RTC
CONFIG_RTC_DRV_OMAP=y
```

Appendix A: Power Management on BBB (cont'd)

- Kernel will upload the firmware to Cortex-M3
- Now it's possible to issue PM operations (suspend/resume)
- Don't try to load the firmware from user space (using CONFIG_FW_LOADER_USER_HELPER*), mdev doesn't support it
- For details see: http://www.ti.com/lit/an/sprac74a/sprac74a.pdf

Appendix B: Device Tree Overlays

Appendix B: Device Tree Overlays

- Instead of messing with am335x-boneblack.dtb, it would be nice to load
 Device Tree definitions for external devices incrementally
- Device Tree Overlays (.dtbo) to the rescue!
- Bad news: CONFIG_OF_CONFIGFS is still not merged in kernel, so we can't merge overlays in kernel (via ConfigFS)
- · Good news: we still can merge overlays into dtb in U-Boot
- · See fdt apply command in U-Boot shell

Appendix B: Device Tree Overlays (cont'd) (1/2)

Listing 6: hw3.dtso

```
/dts-v1/;
 2 /plugin/;
4 #include <dt-bindings/gpio/gpio.h>
5 #include <dt-bindings/pinctrl/am33xx.h>
6
   / {
8
           compatible = "ti,beaglebone", "ti,beaglebone-black";
9
           part number = "GLOBALLOGIC-HW3";
10
           version = "A1";
11
12
           fragment@0 {
13
                   target = <&am33xx pinmux>:
14
                   overlay {
15
                            hw3_pins: hw3_pins {
                            pinctrl-single.pins = <
16
17
                                   /* apmc ad11.apio0 27 */
18
                                   AM33XX_IOPAD(0x82c, PIN_INPUT | MUX_MODE7)
19
                                    /* apmc ad15.apio1 15 */
20
                                    AM33XX IOPAD(0x83c, PIN OUTPUT | MUX MODE7)
```

Appendix B: Device Tree Overlays (cont'd) (2/2)

```
21
                            >;
22
                            };
23
                    };
24
           };
25
26
            fragment@1 {
27
                    target-path = "/";
28
                    overlay {
29
                            hw3 {
30
                                    compatible = "globallogic,hw3";
31
                                    button-gpios = <&gpio0 27 GPIO_ACTIVE_LOW>;
32
                                    led-gpios = <&gpio1 15 GPIO ACTIVE HIGH>;
33
                                    debounce-delay-ms = <5>;
34
                                    wakeup-source:
35
                                    pinctrl-names = "default";
36
                                    pinctrl-0 = <&hw3 pins>:
37
                            };
38
                    };
39
           };
40 };
```

Appendix B: Device Tree Overlays (cont'd)

Commands to build .dtso → .dtbo

```
input=hw3.dtso
gen=hw3_gen.dtso
output=hw3.dtbo
kernel_dir=~/repos/linux-stable
gcc_flags="-E -P -x assembler-with-cpp -I$kernel_dir/include -o $gen"
dtc_flags="-W no-unit_address_vs_reg -I dts -O dtb -o $output -b 0 -@"
gcc $gcc_flags $input
dtc $dtc_flags $gen
```