Case Study: HR Analytics at ScaleneWorks Behavioral Modeling to Predict Renege







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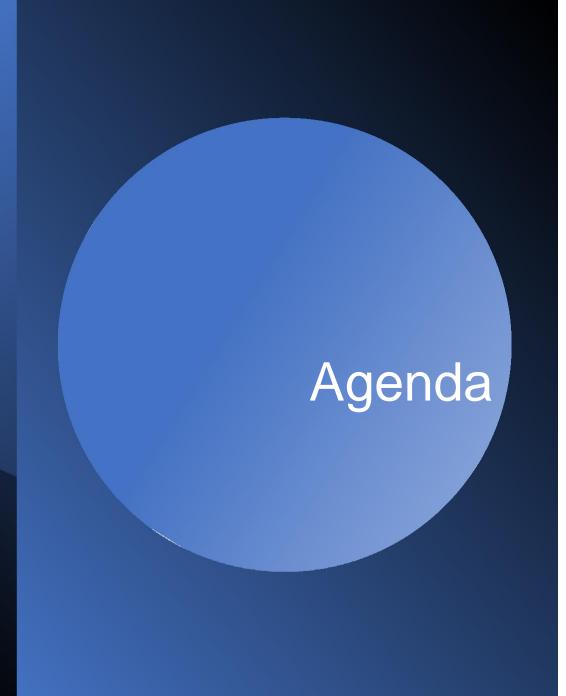
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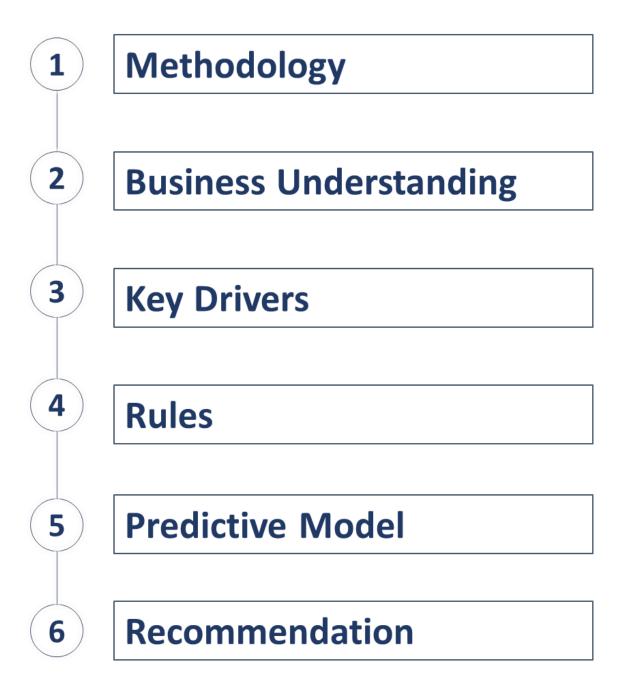


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Methodology

CRISP-DM Model



Tools

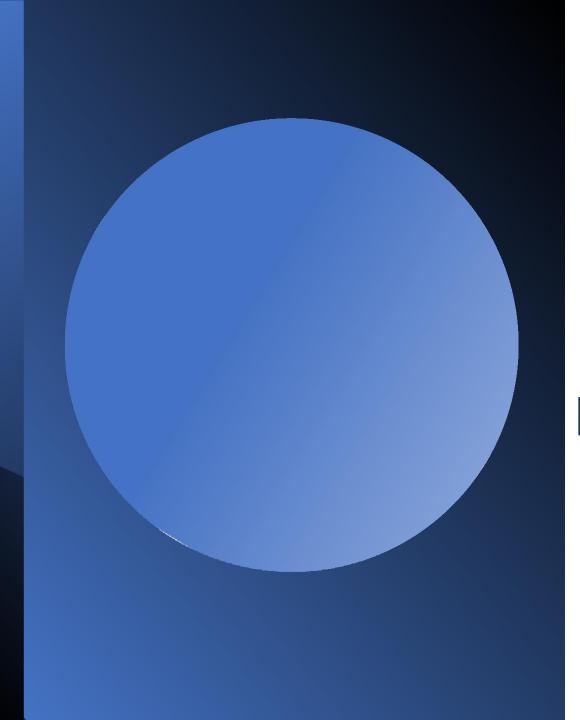












Business Understanding

Company Overview



Company Background

Bangalore based start-up with expertise in technology consulting, talent acquisition and marketing



Mission

Provide you with not just the **best talent** but also the one that's customized and **fit specifically** for your company.



Vision

Sees itself as the **first true end-to-end** talent acquisition solutions organization.



Years of Operations



130M+

Candidates Connected

Clients

Employees

SWOT Analysis

Strengths

- Geographic desirability
- Diverse clients portfolio



- Lack of innovation in the current recruitment process
- Organizational culture

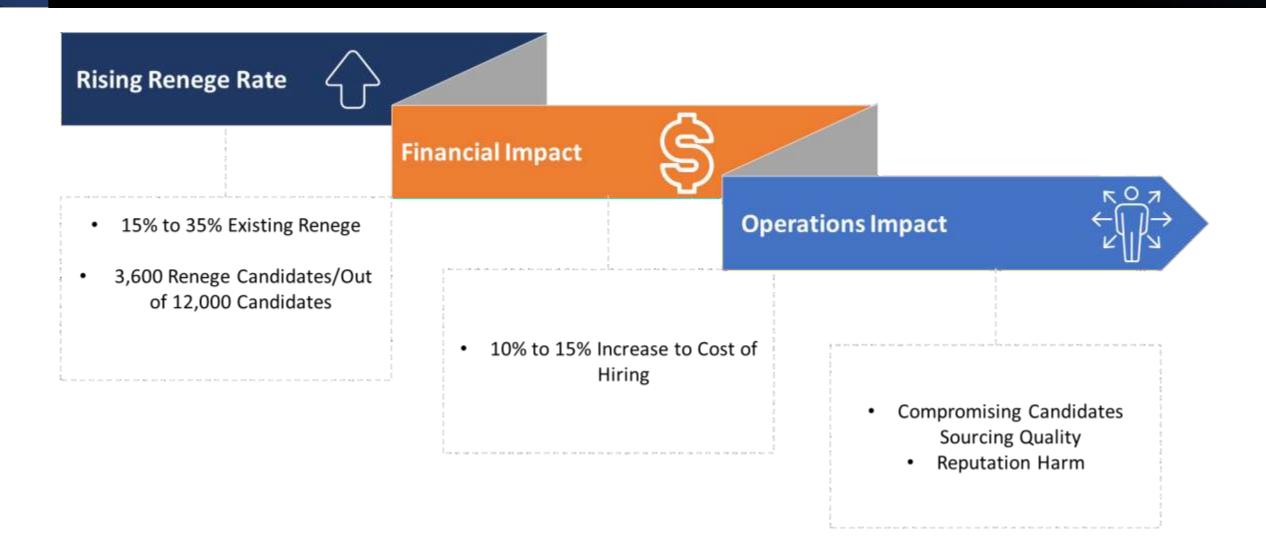


- Exponential growth in youth population
- Increasing number of companies outsourcing recruitment



- Rapid changes in job market behavior
- Rise of competitors

Problem Statement



Business Questions



QUESTION 1

What are the *key drivers*that influence the
candidate joining/notjoining a company?



QUESTION 2

What **rules** can be used to predict the renege (candidates accepting the job offer and not joining)?



QUESTION 3

Devising a *predictive*algorithm to calculate
the probability of
acceptance of an offer
and joining
the company after offer
acceptance stage

Current Process and Associated Variables

Screening:

- Notice Period
- Gender
- Candidate Source
- REX (in Years)
- Age



Fitment & Offer:

- Offered Band
- % Hike Offered
- Joining Bonus



Sourcing:

- Candidate Ref ID
- LOB
- Location



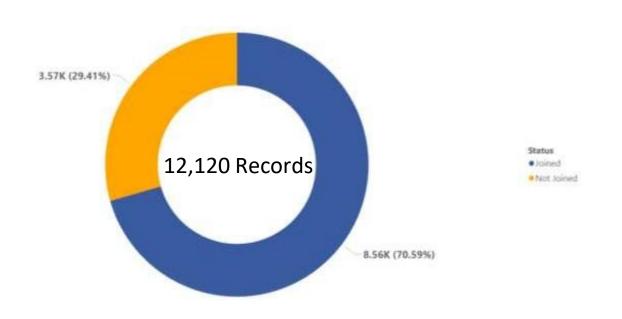


Selection:

- DOJ Extended
- % Hike Expected
- Relocation Status



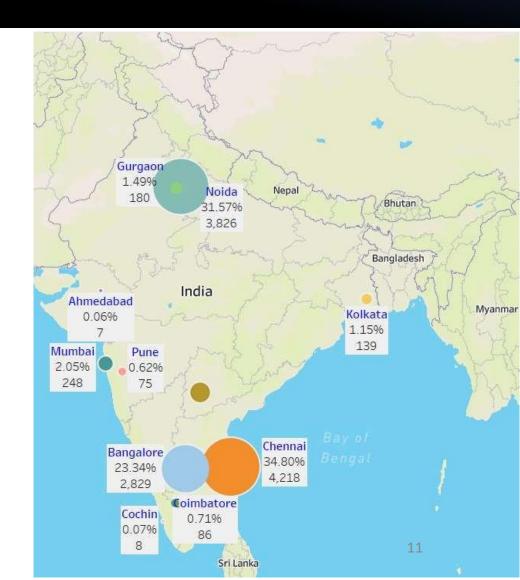
Data Summary



• Columns:

• Categorical: 10 Variables

• Continuous: 6 Variables



Data Preparation

Data Sanity Check

- Data Type Inconsistencies
 - Candidate Ref
- Data Value Inconsistencies
 - Expected CTC Hike %
 - Duration to Accept Offer
 - % Difference CTC

Handling Missing Values

- Imputing All Missing Values
 - Duration to Accept Offer
 - Expected CTC Hike %
 - Offered CTC Hike %

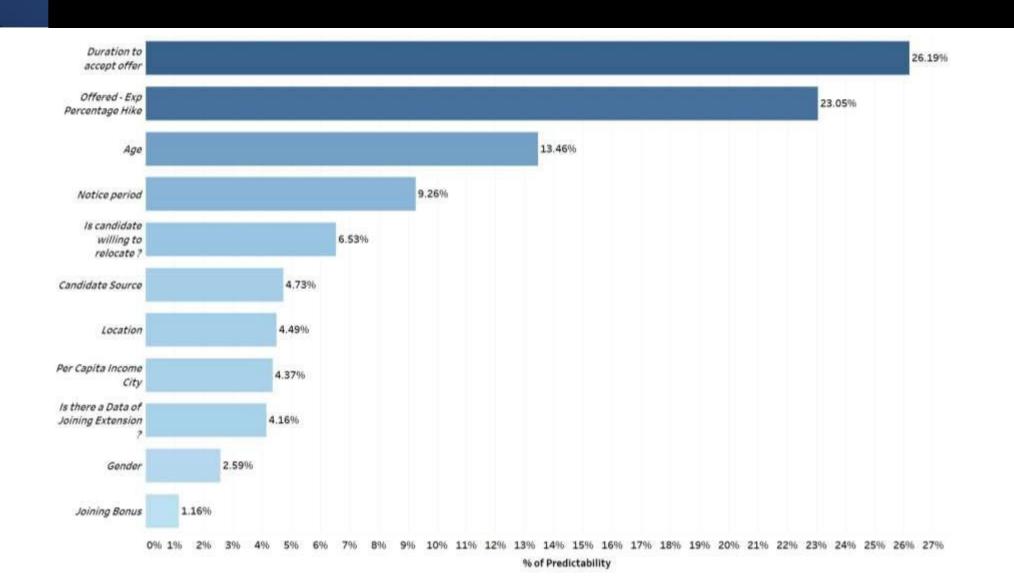
Data Grouping (Binning)

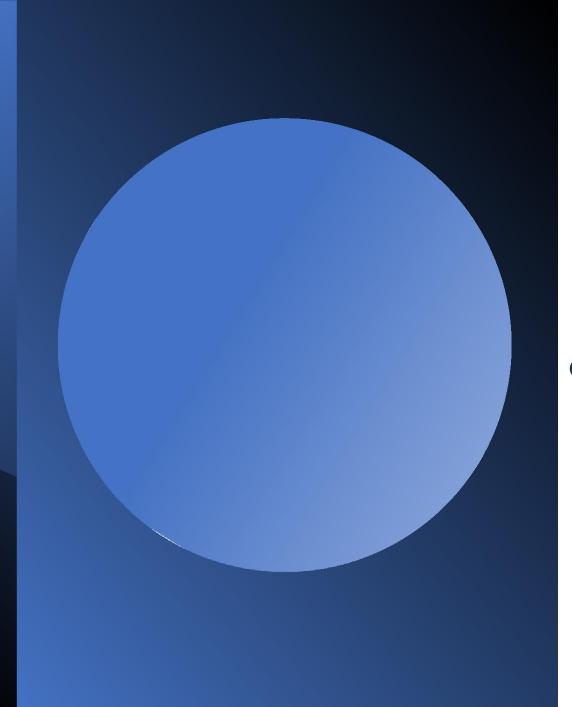
- Creating New Columns for Visualization
 - Age Category
 - Industry Category
 - Exp Category

Creating New Columns for Analysis

- Median Per Capita Income(City)
- Desirability Index (City)
- % Difference in CTC Hike

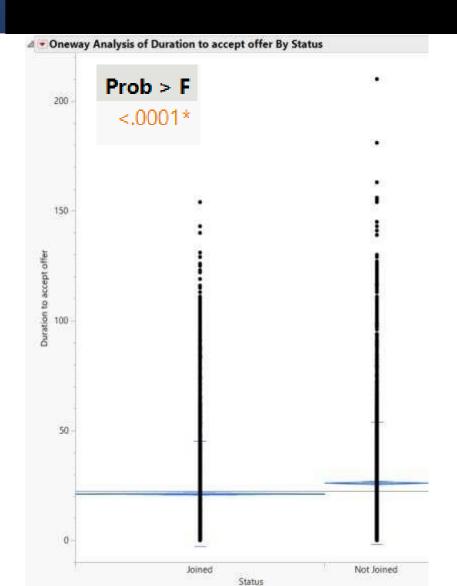
Key Drivers





Exploratory Data Analysis & Renege Detection Rules

Duration to Accept Offer Vs Status



Statistical Test: ANOVA

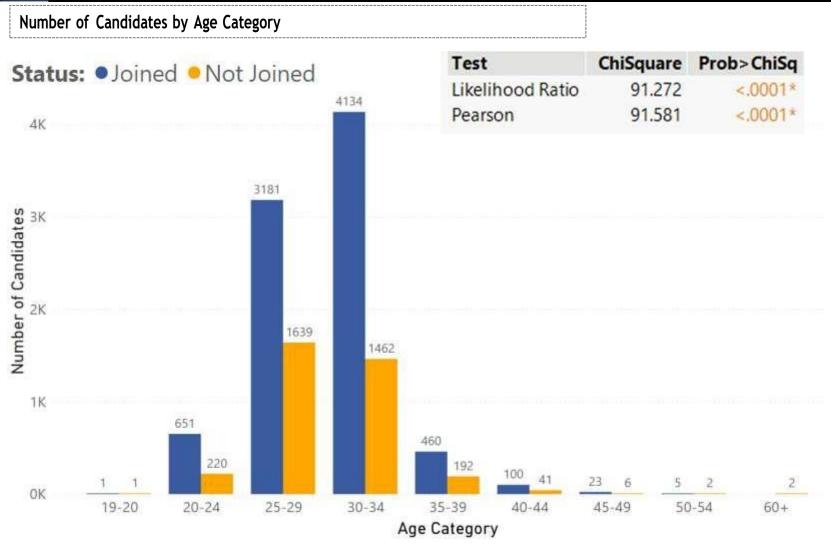
What does it tell us?

The mean value of the variable (Duration to Accept Offer) is significantly different between the two categories (Joined & Not Joined)

Same test conducted on other variables:

- Difference in Hike Percentage
- Percentage Hike Expected
- Percentage Hike Offered
- Experience in Years

Age Category Vs Status



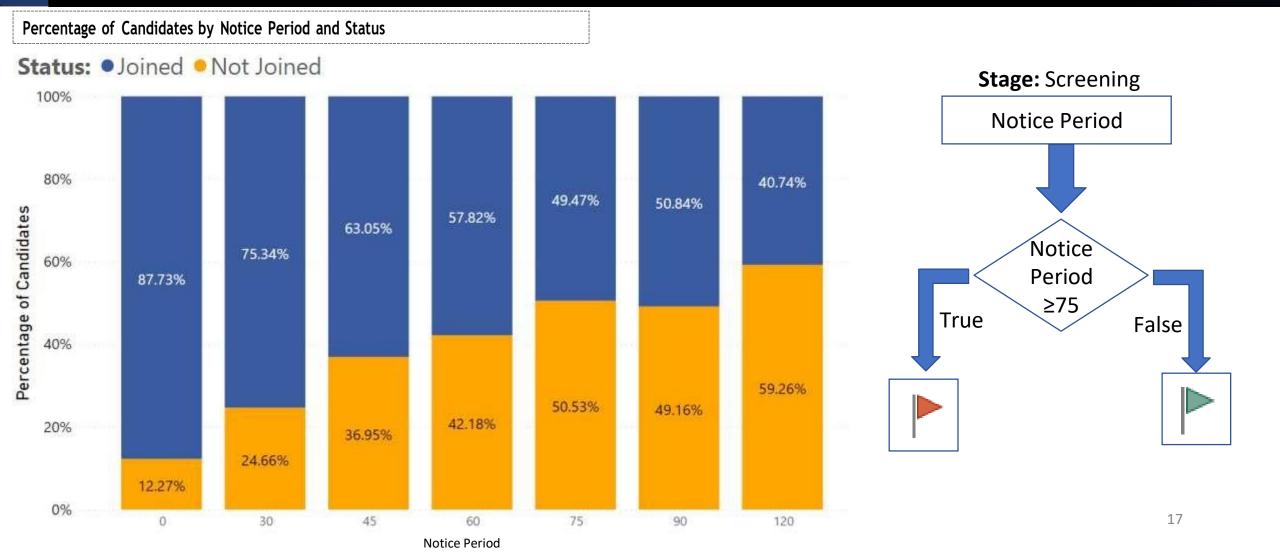
Statistical Test: Chi-Square Test What does it tell us?

 The Association/ Correlation between the two variables is statistically significant.

Same test conducted on other variables:

- Line of Business (LOB)
- Notice Period
- Candidate Source

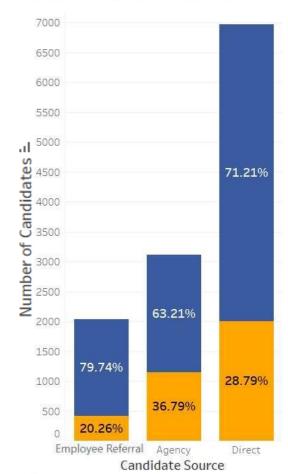
Rule 1: 'Notice Period' is Something to Be Noted



Which Candidate Source is Best?

Number of Candidates Vs Candidate Source





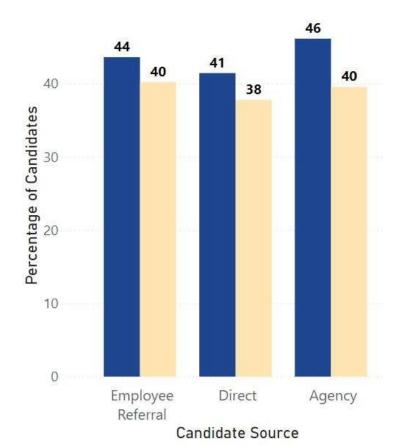
- Direct sourcing account for almost 57.5% of total candidates
- Employee referrals have least renege at 20%
- Candidates coming through agencies have highest renege at almost 37%

Employee Referral has best conversion rate (candidates who join after accepting the offer)

Candidates Coming Through Agencies

Average Expected and Offered Hike % Vs Candidate Sources

- Average of Percent hike expected in CTC
- Average of Percent hike offered in CTC



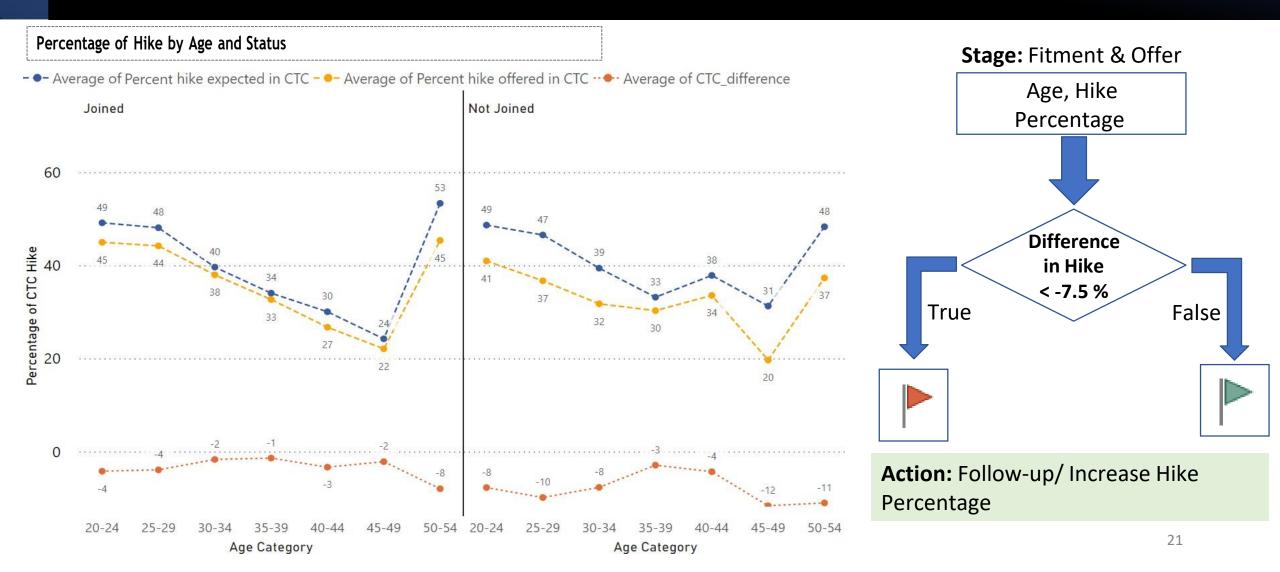
- Candidates selected through agencies have low conversion rate across different Line of Businesses and locations.
- Concern with the quality of candidates delivered by agencies

Candidates coming through Agencies are expecting higher hike percentage.

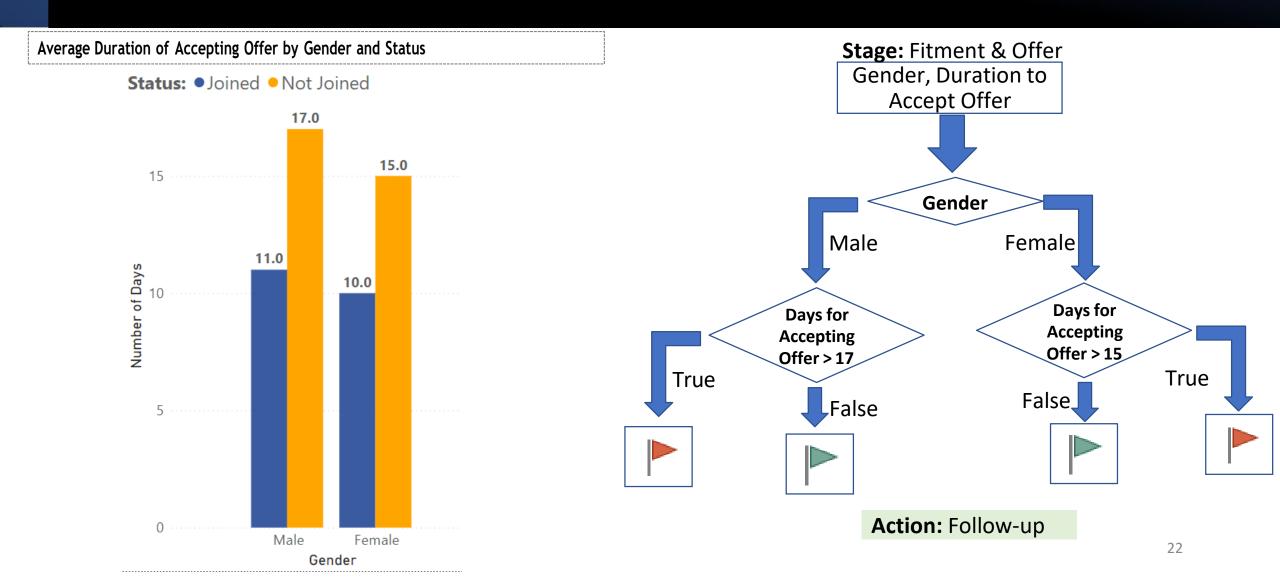
Rule 2: Hike and Candidate Source



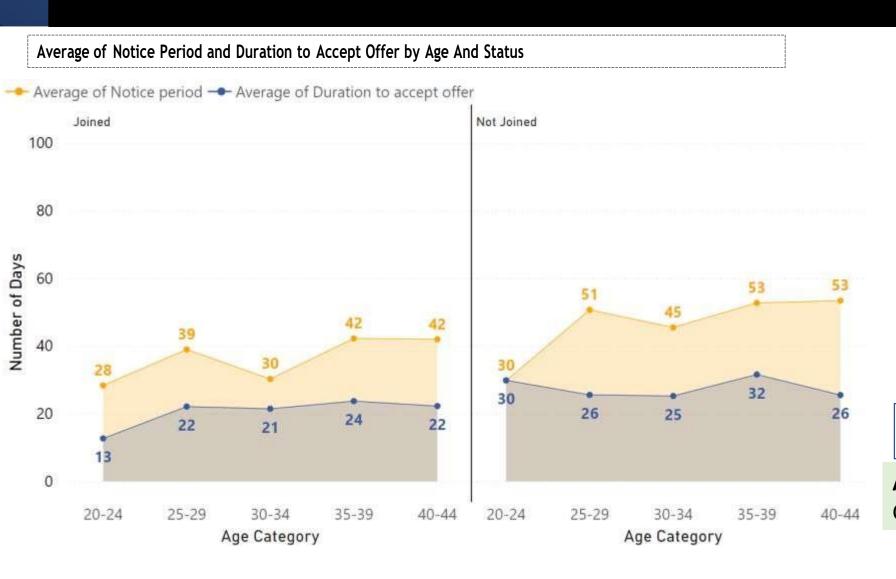
Rule 3: It All Comes Down to Money

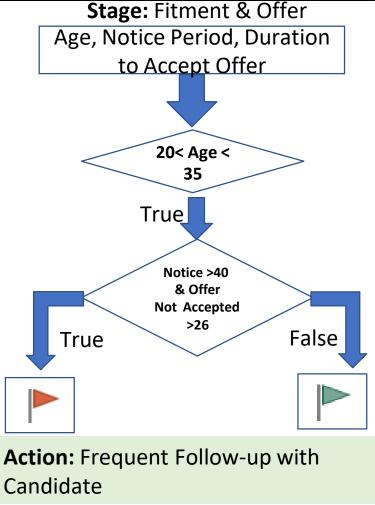


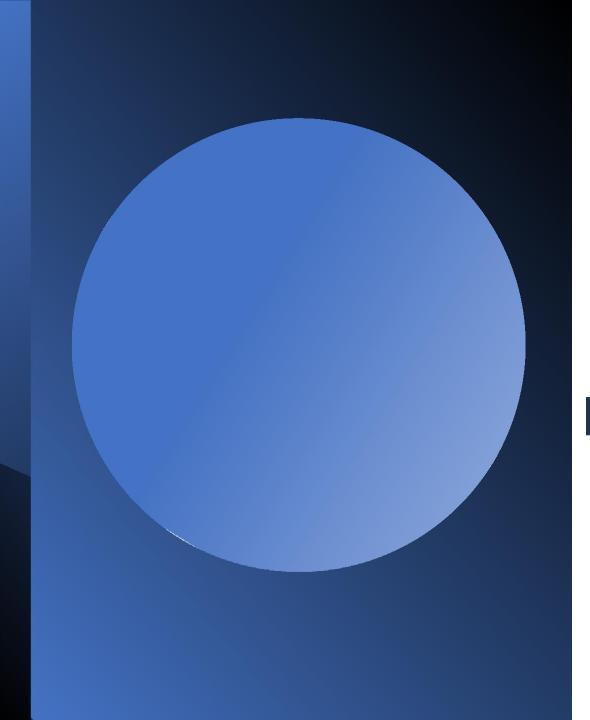
Rule 4: Influence of gender in Accepting Offer



Rule 5: Age, Notice Period and the Duration to Accept Offer







Predictive Models

Predictive Modelling - Objectives

Sourcing

Stage-1

Screening

Stage-2

Selection

Stage-3

Fitment & offer

Stage-4

Post-offer Folllow-up

Stage-5



Requirement: Build a model to predict probability of renege at PoFu Stage



Proposed solution: Build an Early Warning System to predict probability of renege right at selection stage



Alternate solution: Build a non-probability model with much higher predictive power right at selection stage

Assumptions

Modifying relevant variables

Selecting optimal variables

Model Building and Comparison

Assumptions Modifying relevant variables

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Model Building and Comparison

Assumptions

Modifying relevant variables

Selecting optimal variables

Model Building and Comparison

Assumptions Modifying Selecting Model Puilding and Selecting Optimal Puilding and Comparison Comparison

Assumptions testing



Linearity of Data

"Data is found to be nonlinear"

 Non-linear models might predict better e.g : Random Forest



Association between variables predicting Renege i.e Multicollinearity

"Certain variables exhibit strong association"

 Removed all strongly associated variables

Modifying relevant variables

Selecting optimal variables



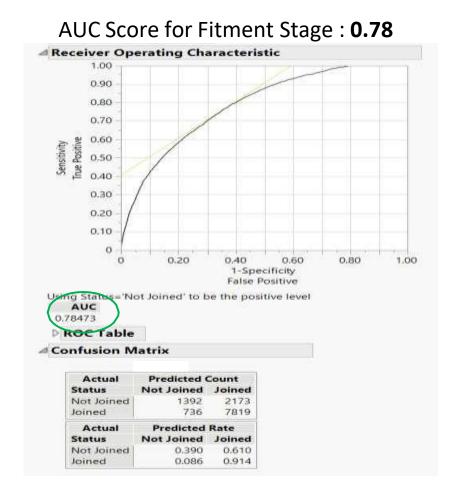
Primary steps followed

- Stochastic Regression Imputation
- Robust Scaler for standardization
- Removing and replacing invalid columns
- Minority Class Oversampling through SMOTE

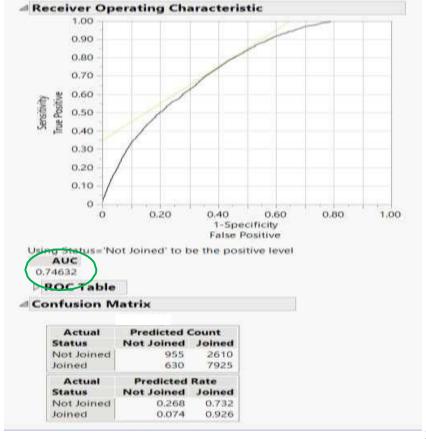
Selected variables

- *Duration to Accept Offer
- •*Offered-Expected Pct Hike
- *Notice Period
- *Candidate Relocate Actual
- •*Rex in Yrs
- •*LOB
- *DOJ Extended
- *Candidate Source
- *Per Capita Income City
- *Location

Probability model -> Logistic Regression (Linear)

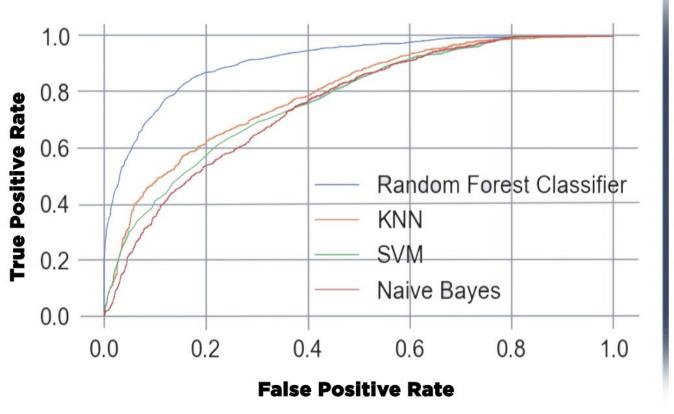


AUC Score for Selection Stage: 0.74

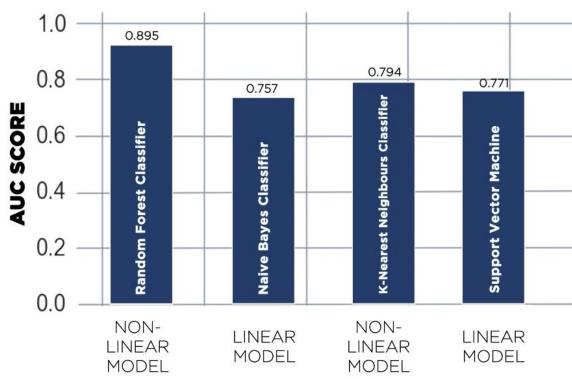


Non-Probability models --> Linear and Non-Linear

ROC CURVE - False Positive vs True Positive

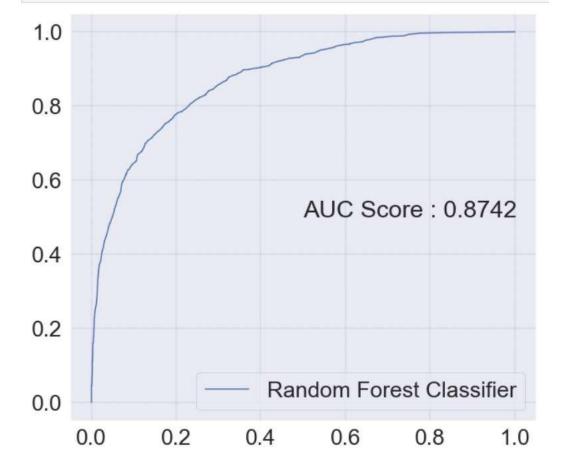


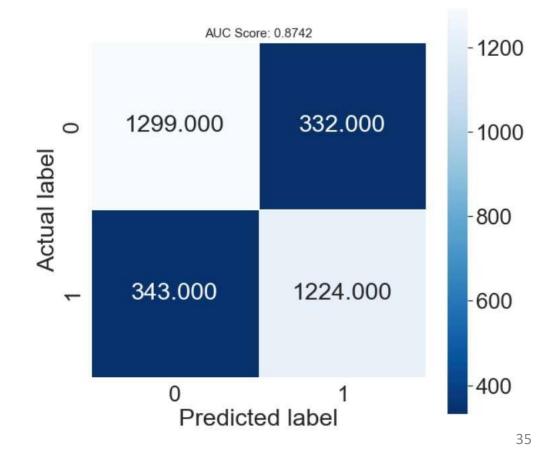
COMPARISION ON AUC SCORE



Random Forest – Prediction at Selection Stage

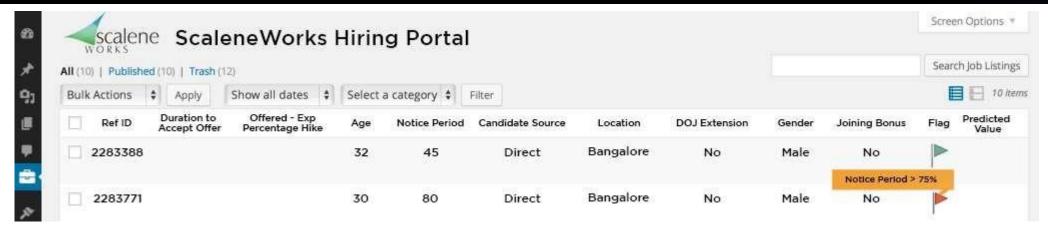






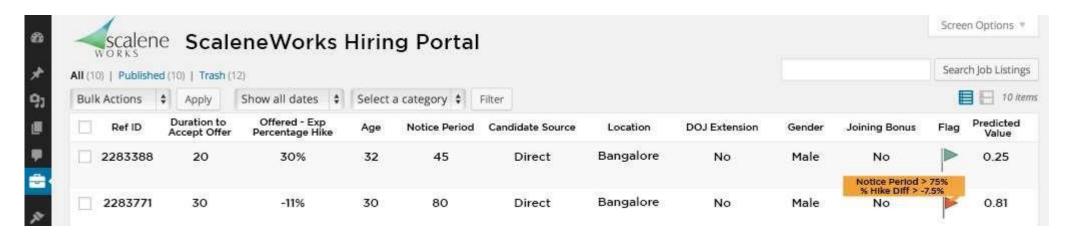
Implementation

At Screening Stage:





At Post Offer follow-up Stage:



Recommendations



Rule Engine – Simple Rules based suggestion platform: Throws a pop-up flag in the system when a
potential reneging candidate is identified.



Predictive model → Proposed Solution: Deploy a Probability model to predict probability of renegeing right at the selection stage. Pred _ tability: 74 %

 (a.k.a Early Warning System)



Predictive model

Alternate Solution: Deploy a Non-Probability Model to predict if a candidate would renege/not renege, also at the selection stage. Predictability: 87 %



 Enhanced Data Capture: We need to capture more data points before probability model implementation - Mandate required fields, collect more variables if possible to increase predictability.

Recommendations (Cont.)



Work on improving the vision/work culture and increase social media footprint.

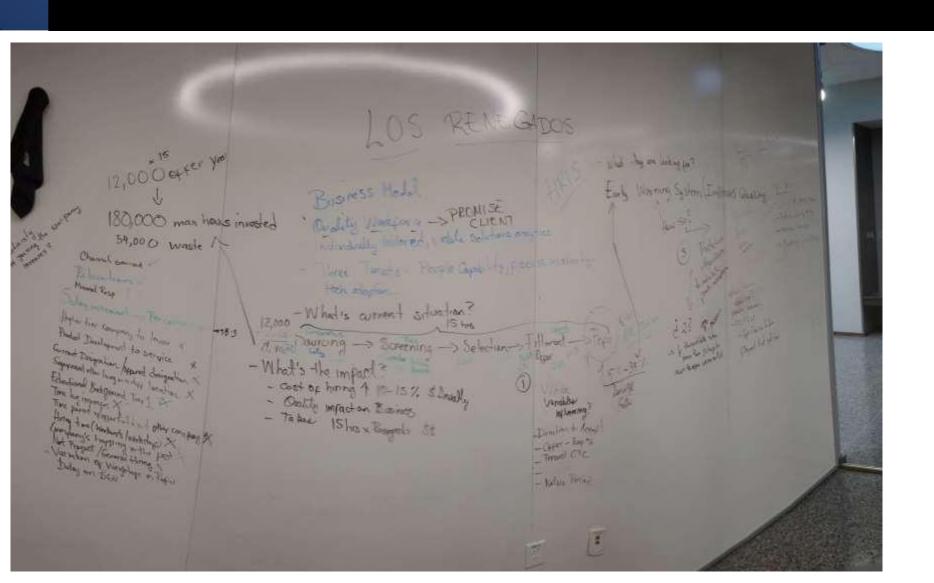


 Automate resume screening- if not done already. This will save on key man hours and acquisition costs.



- Focus on scaling channels with better joining rates: Referral and Direct.
- Re-evaluate the poor sourcing channel: Agencies

Thank You



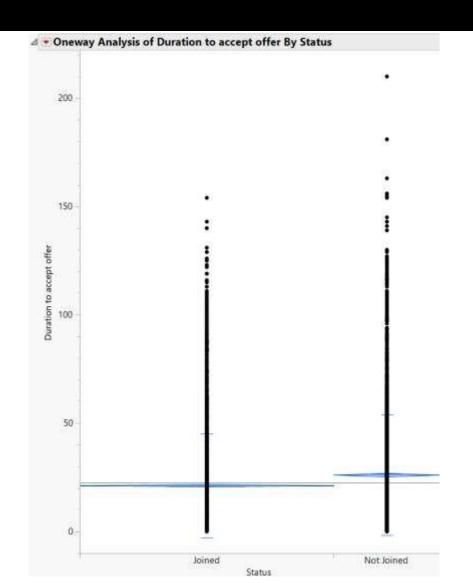
Questions?

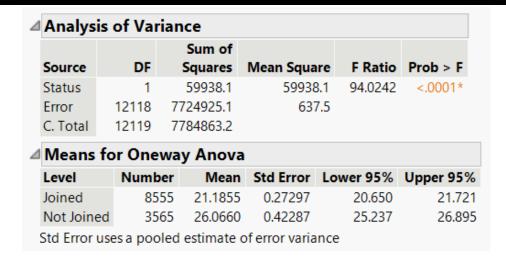
Appendix

Key Takeaways

- Employee referrals are best option for smaller cities
- Agencies are less efficient
- Based on the performance at each LOB and location, business needs to
- The difference between expected and offered hike percentage can play a crucial role in candidate's status
- Notice period and candidate source can act as early indicators to detect renege
- Implementation of the "Renege Detection Criteria" can help with keeping track on candidates.

Duration to Accept Offer Vs Status

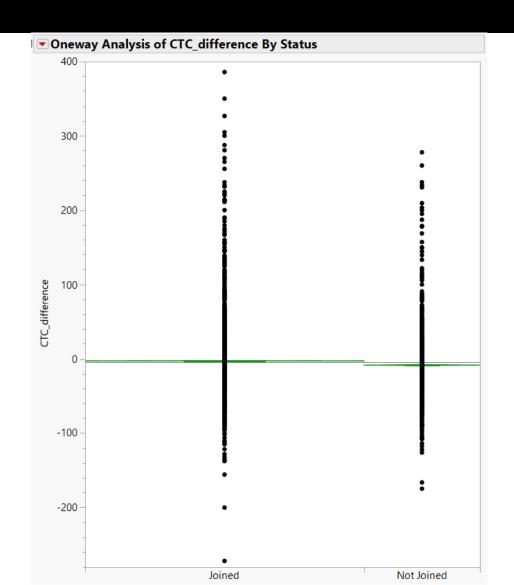




Statistical Test: ANOVA

 The mean value of 'Duration to Accept Offer' is significantly different between the candidates who 'Joined' and 'Not Joined'

Difference in Hike Percentage Vs Status

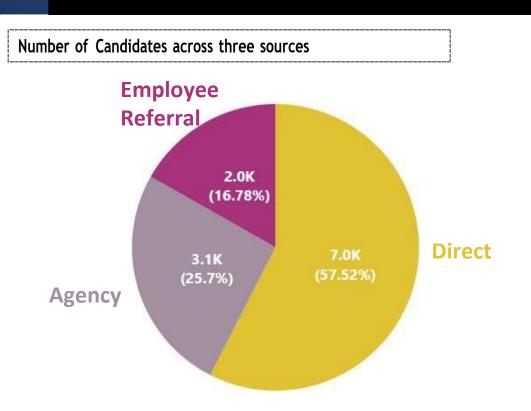


△ Analysis of Variance							
Source	DF		ım of uares	Mean Squa	re	F Ratio	Prob > F
Status	1	80	784.6	80784.6		101.0627	<.0001*
Error	12118	9686	541.2	799.4			
C. Total	12119	9767325.9					
△ Means for Oneway Anova							
Level	Numl	ber	Mean	Std Error	Lo	wer 95%	Upper 95%
Joined	85	555 -	2.6954	0.30567		-3.295	-2.09
Not Joine	ed 35	65 -	8.3614	0.47352		-9.290	-7.43

Statistical Test: ANOVA

 The mean value of 'CTC Difference' (Offered Hike % - Expected Hike %) is significantly different between the candidates who 'Joined' and 'Not Joined'

Bet on Employee Referrals

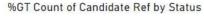


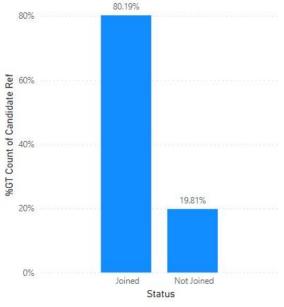


Employee Referral has best conversion rate (candidates who join after accepting the offer)



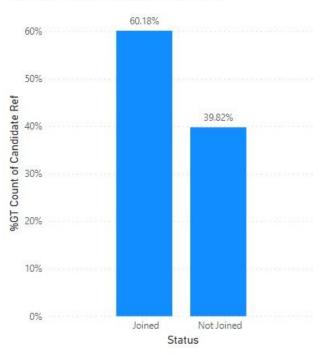


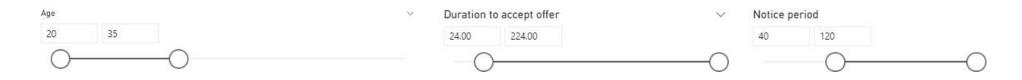






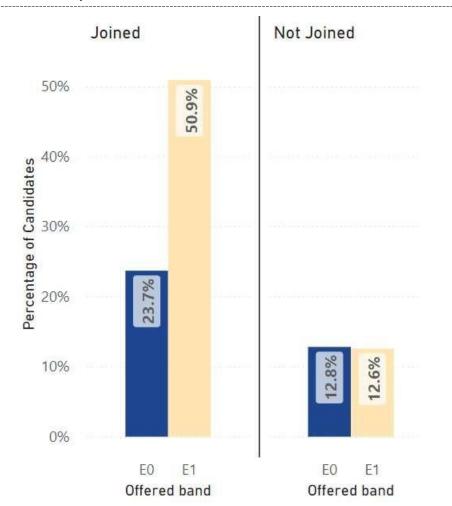






Rule 5: If the Candidate is Really Good, Offer E1 Band.

Percentage of Candidates by band and Status



• Stage: Screening

Action: Offer Higher Band

For a given Candidate:

IF

Age ≤ 25

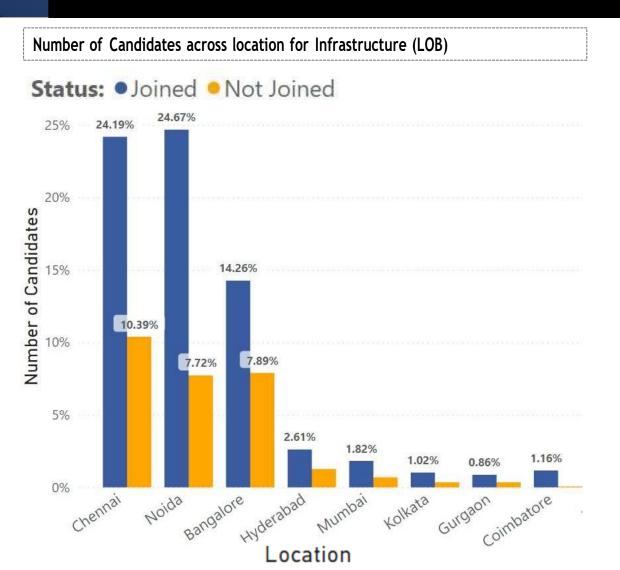
AND

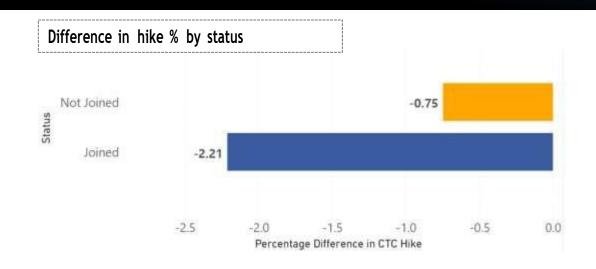
Experience Is BETWEEN 0 & 4 Years

THEN

Offer E1 Band

Analysis of Direct Candidates

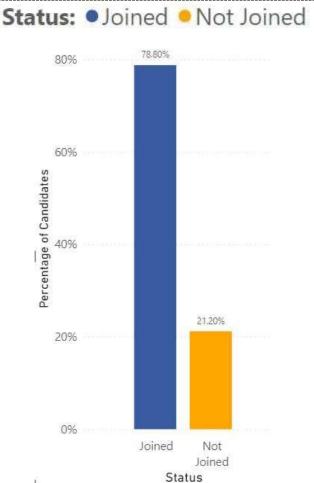




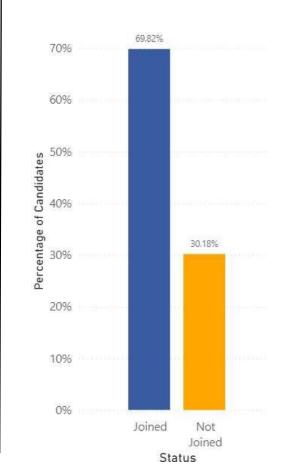
 Candidates are not joining even when offered hike percentage is almost equal to expected hike percentage

Influence of Notice period on Direct Candidates joining Infrastructure

Percentage of Candidates by Status when Notice period <32



Percentage of Candidates by Status when Notice period > 32



Criteria:

For a given candidate:

IF

Candidate Source = "Direct"

AND

Notice Period ≥ 32 Days

THEN

Higher chances of Candidate Reneging

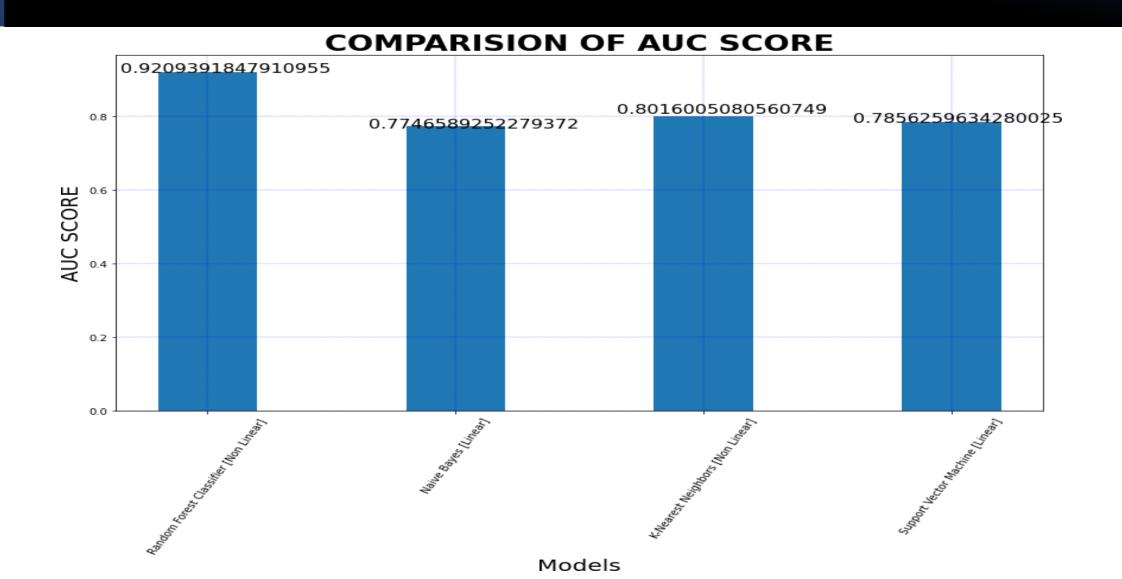
The job market for infrastructure is very competitive at Noida. Employees might be able to grab new jobs within a month

Predictive Modelling - Objectives



- Build a Renege Prediction model.
- Build an Early Warning System.
- Identify and explain data concerns and improvements.

Training AUCs



Feature Selection -> List of Features

At Fitment and Offer Stage

- *Duration to accept offer
- •*Offered-Expected Pct Hike
- *Notice Period
- •*Candidate Relocate Actual
- •*Rex in Yrs
- •*LOB
- *DOJ Extended
- •*Candidate Source
- *Per Capita Income City
- *Location

At Selection Stage

- •*Expected Pct Hike
- *Notice Period
- *Candidate Relocate Actual
- •*Rex in Yrs
- •*LOB
- *DOJ Extended
- •*Candidate Source
- *Per Capita Income City
- •*Location