#### GEO 309 – Intro to GIS

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## Topics

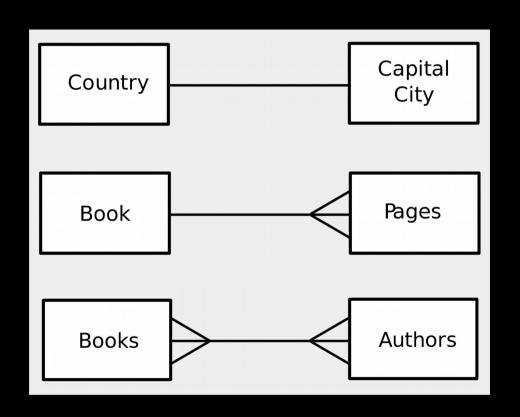
- Discussion Agrawal
- Attribute analysis
  - Schemas
  - SQL
  - Select by attribute
  - Attribute joins
  - Field calculations

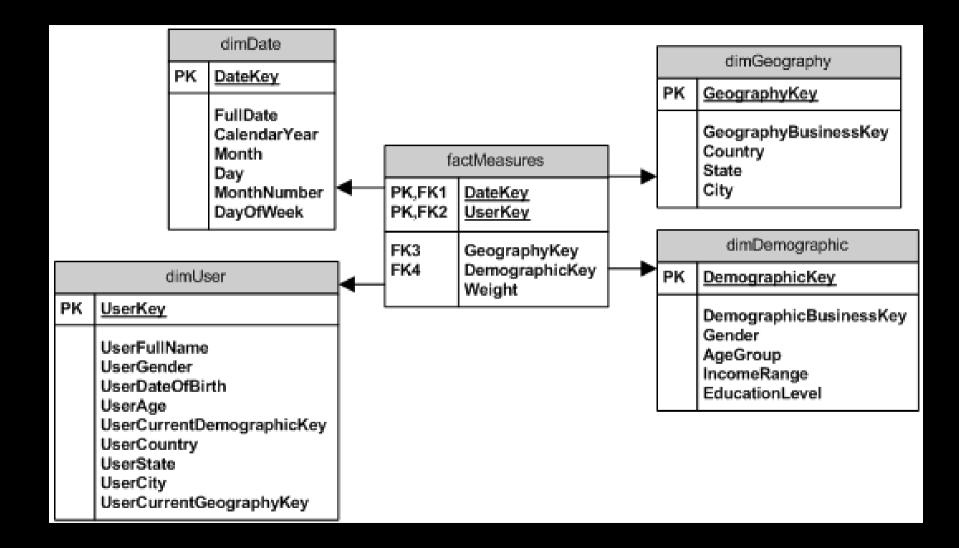
### Discussion - Agrawal

• Agrawal, A. 2002. Indigenous knowledge and the politics of classification. International Social Science Journal 54: 287-97.

- Schema
  - Relationship between tables in a database
    - Database tables
      - Fields (columns)
      - Records (rows)
  - Keys
    - Primary
    - Primary/Foreign
    - Foreign

- Schema
  - Field Names
    - Letters
    - Numbers
    - Underscores
  - Relationships
    - One-to-one
    - One-to-many
    - Many-to-many





- Schema
  - Query
    - Algorithmic expression to select features
  - View
    - The result of a stored query
    - A subset of data

- SQL
  - Structured Query Language
  - Developed in the 1970s
    - For use with RDBMS
  - Several variants
    - PostgreSQL, MySQL, MS SQL, Oracle

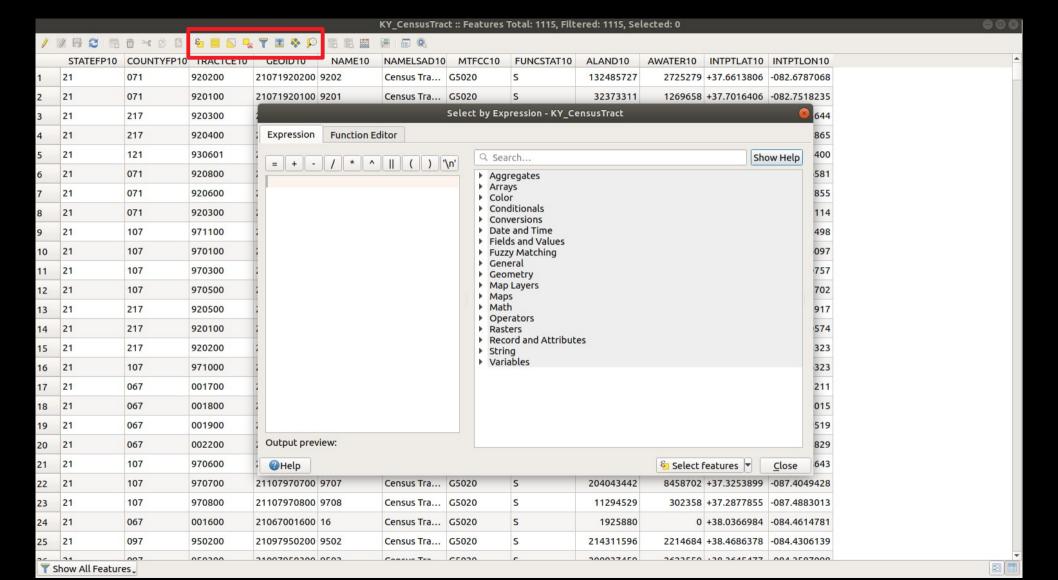
- SQL Syntax
  - Query a statement sent to the database
    - Statement how you want the subset of data
      - Clauses the sections of your statement
        - Predicates specifies the limits of a query
          - Expressions specific item or modification of an item

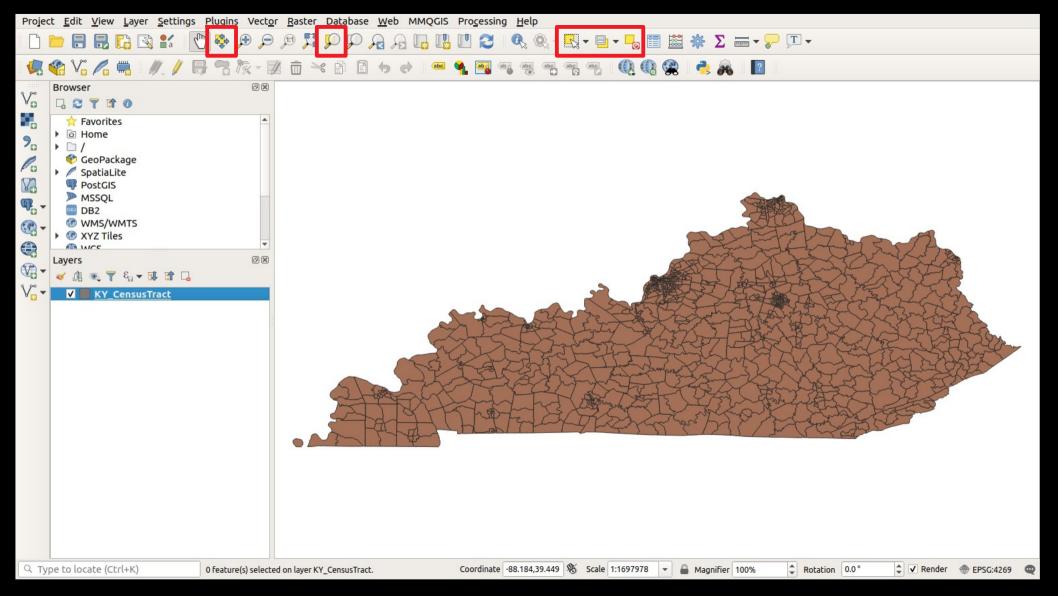
```
UPDATE clause {UPDATE country

SET clause {SET population = population + 1 expression

WHERE clause {WHERE name = 'USA'; predicate} } statement
```

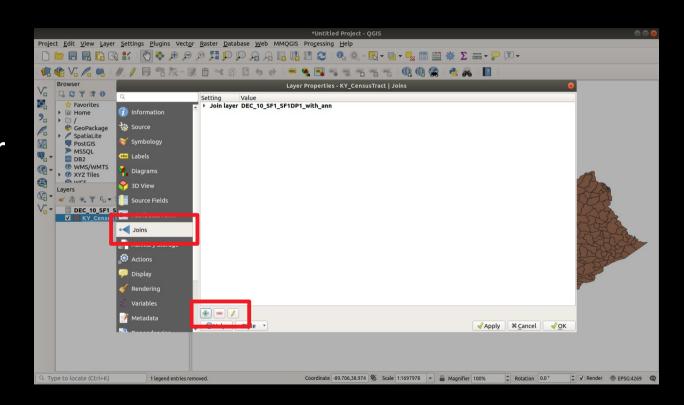
- Select by Attribute
  - Using a query expression
    - Attribute table
    - Data view





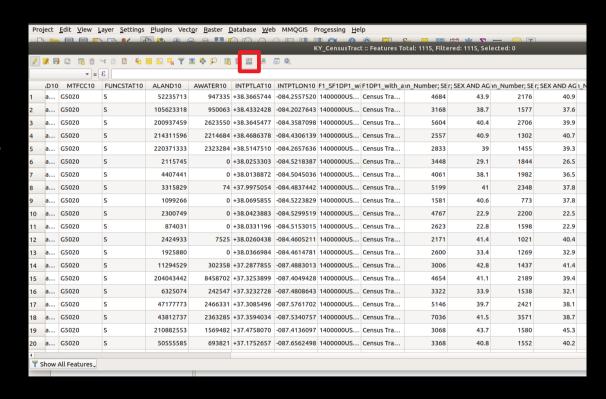
Demo

- Attribute Joins
  - Joining tabular data to a vector layer

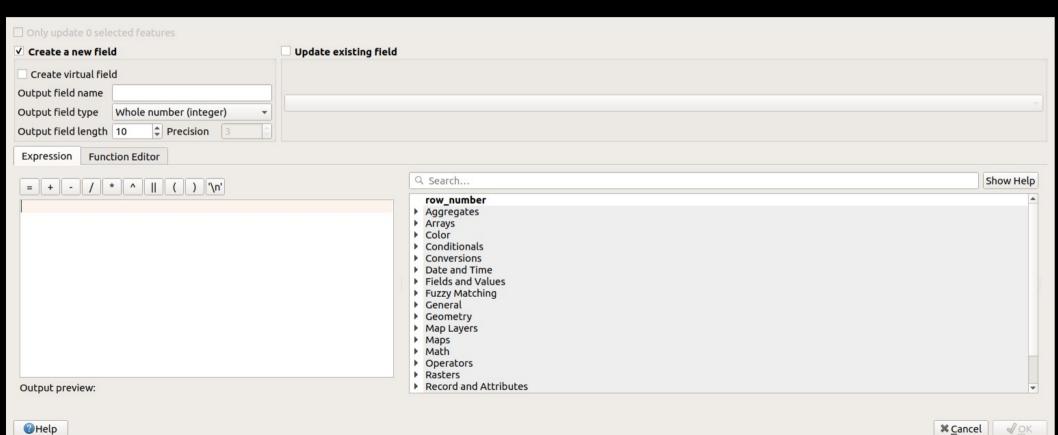


Demo

- Field Calculations
  - Using expressions to create new fields in your data table
  - Follow criteria for normalization and transformation of spatial data



#### Field Calculator



Demo