https://tactis-evolve.ddev.site/

**96** Performance

**95** Accessibility

**74** Best Practices

**92** SEO

**96**

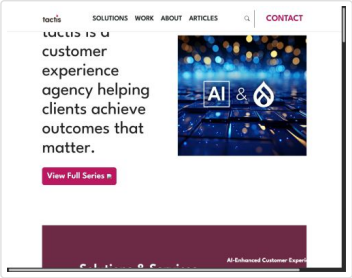## Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The [performance score is calculated](#) directly from these metrics. [See calculator.](#)

▲ 0–49     50–89     90–100

METRICS                                      Expand view

First Contentful Paint
**0.8 s**

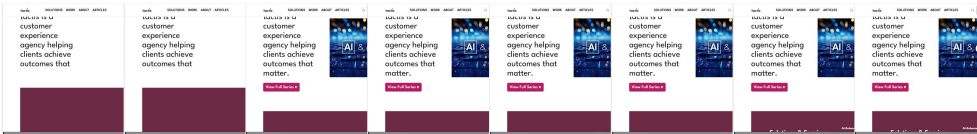Largest Contentful Paint
**0.8 s**

Total Blocking Time
**0 ms**

Cumulative Layout Shift
**0.066**

Speed Index
**1.7 s**

Later this year, insights will replace performance audits. [Learn more and provide feedback here](#).

[Go back to audits]

Show audits relevant to:    All   FCP   LCP   TBT   CLS

INSIGHTS

▲ Render blocking requests   — Est savings of 550 ms                           ⌃

Requests are blocking the page's initial render, which may delay LCP. [Deferring or inlining](#) can move these network requests out of the critical path. [FCP] [LCP]

Consider using [a module](#) to inline critical CSS and JavaScript, and use the defer attribute for non-critical CSS or JavaScript.

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (3)

| URL | Transfer Size | Duration |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ddev.site [1st Party] | 56.0 KiB | 0 ms |

| URL | Transfer Size | Duration |
|---|---|---|
| ...css/style.min.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 36.8 KiB | |
| ...components/menu.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...css/paragraphs.unpublished.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.1 KiB | |
| ...components/links.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/breadcrumb.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/ui-dialog.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/item-list.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/exposed-filters.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/textarea.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/tablesort.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...onecol/onecol.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/system-status-report-general-info.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/progress.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.6 KiB | |
| ...components/node.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/messages.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.6 KiB | |
| ...components/tableselect.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/tabledrag.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/more-link.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/inline-form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...css/webform.form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 1.2 KiB | |
| ...css/webform.element.message.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.5 KiB | |
| ...components/form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.8 KiB | |
| ...components/icons.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/pager.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...css/captcha.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.1 KiB | |
| ...css/addtoany.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| ...components/action-links.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| ...components/details.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| ...components/container-inline.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/field.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...css/webform.element.help.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| ...dist/tippy.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.6 KiB | |
| ...views/views.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...normalize-css/normalize.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 1.8 KiB | |
| ...components/nowrap.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/resize.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/reset-appearance.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/container-inline.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| ...components/js.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| ...components/hidden.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.7 KiB | |
| ...css/webform.element.details.toggle.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.5 KiB | |
| ...components/item-list.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |

| URL | Transfer Size | Duration |
|---|---|---|
| …components/system-status-counter.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| …components/tablesort.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| …components/clearfix.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| …components/position-container.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.1 KiB | |
| …components/system-status-report-counters.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| …components/details.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.2 KiB | |
| …css/webform.element.flexbox.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.9 KiB | |
| …components/progress.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.4 KiB | |
| …components/fieldgroup.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.1 KiB | |
| …components/align.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.3 KiB | |
| …components/ajax-progress.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 0.6 KiB | |
| Google Fonts [Cdn] | **0.7 KiB** | **240 ms** |
| /css2?family=… (fonts.googleapis.com) | 0.7 KiB | 240 ms |
| JSDelivr CDN [Cdn] | **12.5 KiB** | **230 ms** |
| …font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 12.5 KiB | 230 ms |
| cdnfonts.com | **0.7 KiB** | **220 ms** |
| /css/spartan (fonts.cdnfonts.com) | 0.7 KiB | 220 ms |

⚠️ Font display — Est savings of 60 ms ⌃

Consider setting `font-display` to `swap` or `optional` to ensure text is consistently visible. `swap` can be further optimized to mitigate layout shifts with [font metric overrides]. [FCP]

| URL | Est Savings |
|---|---|
| JSDelivr CDN [Cdn] | **60 ms** |
| …fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?8d20048… (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 60 ms |
| Google Fonts [Cdn] | **60 ms** |
| …v18/KFOmCnqEu….woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 30 ms |
| …v18/KFOlCnqEu….woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 30 ms |

⚠️ Network dependency tree ⌃

[Avoid chaining critical requests] by reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. [LCP]

`Preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints can be added by installing and configuring [a module] that provides facilities for user agent resource hints.

Maximum critical path latency: **288 ms**

*Initial Navigation*

https://tactis-evolve.ddev.site **- 38 ms,** 11.48 KiB

  …css/style.min.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 70 ms,** 36.81 KiB

    …font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) **- 100 ms,** 12.45 KiB

      …fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?8d20048… (cdn.jsdelivr.net) **- 288 ms,** 110.58 KiB

  /css2?family=… (fonts.googleapis.com) **- 113 ms,** 0.68 KiB

    …v15/kJEqBuEW6….woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) **- 210 ms,** 23.35 KiB

  /css/spartan (fonts.cdnfonts.com) **- 94 ms,** 0.66 KiB

…dist/tippy.umd.js?v=6.3.7 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 235 ms,** 17.97 KiB

…umd/popper.js?v=2.11.6 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 235 ms,** 16.28 KiB

…js/webform.element.details.save.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 233 ms,** 1.26 KiB

…js/webform.element.details.toggle.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 233 ms,** 1.33 KiB

…js/bootstrap.bundle.js?v=5.3.3 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 43.53 KiB

…js/tactis-evolve.min.js?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 0.91 KiB

…js/popper.min.js?v=5.3.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 7.25 KiB

…misc/jquery.form.js?v=4.3.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 13.01 KiB

…misc/ajax.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 16.77 KiB

…js/recaptcha_v3.js?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 197 ms,** 0.86 KiB

…misc/message.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 196 ms,** 2.43 KiB

…misc/progress.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 196 ms,** 1.72 KiB

…loadjs/loadjs.min.js?v=4.3.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 196 ms,** 0.98 KiB

…jquery/jquery.min.js?v=3.7.1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 29.72 KiB

…misc/announce.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 1.73 KiB

…tabbable/index.umd.min.js?v=6.2.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 2.45 KiB

…misc/drupal.init.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 0.56 KiB

…misc/debounce.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 0.71 KiB

…js/addtoany.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 0.31 KiB

…misc/drupal.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 6.13 KiB

…misc/drupalSet….js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 0.51 KiB

…once/once.min.js?v=1.0.1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 190 ms,** 0.78 KiB

…components/menu.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 62 ms,** 0.35 KiB

…components/ui-dialog.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 62 ms,** 0.22 KiB

…components/links.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 62 ms,** 0.26 KiB

…css/paragraphs.unpublished.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 61 ms,** 0.13 KiB

…components/item-list.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 61 ms,** 0.30 KiB

…components/breadcrumb.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 61 ms,** 0.31 KiB

…components/textarea.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 61 ms,** 0.20 KiB

…components/tablesort.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 61 ms,** 0.17 KiB

…components/exposed-filters.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 60 ms,** 0.35 KiB

…components/progress.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 60 ms,** 0.61 KiB

…onecol/onecol.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 59 ms,** 0.16 KiB

…components/node.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 59 ms,** 0.18 KiB

…components/messages.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 59 ms,** 0.61 KiB

…components/tableselect.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 59 ms,** 0.25 KiB

…components/tabledrag.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 58 ms,** 0.21 KiB

…components/more-link.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 58 ms,** 0.20 KiB

…components/system-status-report-general-info.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 58 ms,** 0.24 KiB

…components/inline-form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 56 ms,** 0.34 KiB

…components/form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 56 ms,** 0.81 KiB

…components/pager.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 56 ms,** 0.21 KiB

…css/webform.form.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 55 ms,** 1.24 KiB

…css/webform.element.message.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 55 ms,** 0.48 KiB

…components/icons.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 55 ms,** 0.32 KiB

…components/field.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.26 KiB

…components/details.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.35 KiB

…components/container-inline.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.23 KiB

…components/action-links.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.43 KiB

…css/captcha.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.09 KiB

…css/addtoany.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.41 KiB

…css/webform.element.help.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 54 ms,** 0.43 KiB

…dist/tippy.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 53 ms,** 0.59 KiB

…views/views.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 51 ms,** 0.26 KiB

…normalize-css/normalize.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 50 ms,** 1.75 KiB

…components/resize.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 47 ms,** 0.22 KiB

…components/reset-appearance.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 47 ms,** 0.23 KiB

…components/nowrap.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 47 ms,** 0.15 KiB

…css/webform.element.details.toggle.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 46 ms,** 0.46 KiB

…components/js.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 46 ms,** 0.28 KiB

…components/item-list.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 46 ms,** 0.21 KiB

…components/hidden.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 46 ms,** 0.69 KiB

…components/container-inline.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 45 ms,** 0.21 KiB

…components/tablesort.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 45 ms,** 0.26 KiB

…components/system-status-counter.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 45 ms,** 0.36 KiB

…components/position-container.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 45 ms,** 0.13 KiB

…components/clearfix.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 44 ms,** 0.27 KiB

…components/system-status-report-counters.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 44 ms,** 0.35 KiB

…components/details.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 38 ms,** 0.17 KiB

…components/fieldgroup.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 34 ms,** 0.14 KiB

…components/progress.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 34 ms,** 0.40 KiB

…css/webform.element.flexbox.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 34 ms,** 0.86 KiB

…components/align.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 34 ms,** 0.26 KiB

…components/ajax-progress.module.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 34 ms,** 0.62 KiB

…js/webform.form.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…js/webform.states.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…misc/states.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…js/webform.behaviors.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…misc/form.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…js/webform.element.message.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

…js/webform.element.help.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) **- 27 ms,** 0.00 KiB

---

**Preconnected origins**

preconnect hints help the browser establish a connection earlier in the page load, saving time when the first request for that origin is made. The following are the origins that the page preconnected to.

no origins were preconnected

---

**Preconnect candidates**

Add preconnect hints to your most important origins, but try to use no more than 4.

No additional origins are good candidates for preconnecting

Use efficient cache lifetimes   — Est savings of 4 KiB                           ⌃

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]
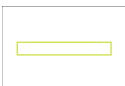
Set the "Browser and proxy cache maximum age" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page. Read about Drupal cache and optimizing for performance.

| Request | Cache TTL | Transfer Size |
|---|---|---|
| zi-scripts.com | | **3 KiB** |
| /zi-tag.js (js.zi-scripts.com) | None | 3 KiB |
| AddToAny [Social] | | **2 KiB** |

| Request | Cache TTL | Transfer Size |
|---|---|---|
| /menu/page.js  (static.addtoany.com) | 1d | 2 KiB |
| Google CDN  [Cdn] | | **2 KiB** |
| ...api2/logo_48.png  (www.gstatic.com) | 7d | 2 KiB |

---

○   Layout shift culprits                                                          ⌃

Layout shifts occur when elements move absent any user interaction. Investigate the causes of layout shifts, such as elements being added, removed, or their fonts changing as the page loads. [CLS]

| Element | Layout shift score |
|---|---|
| Total | 0.066 |
| main | 0.057 |
| img | Unsized image element |
| p | 0.007 |
| img | Unsized image element |
| ...v15/kJEqBuEW6....woff2  (fonts.gstatic.com) | Web font |
| div.row.animate-scroll.animate.activate.delay | 0.000 |
| img | Unsized image element |
| div.row.animate-scroll.animate.activate.delay | 0.000 |
| img | Unsized image element |
| div.row.animate-scroll.animate.activate.delay | 0.000 |
| img | Unsized image element |

## ○ LCP breakdown                                                                                    ∧

Each subpart has specific improvement strategies. Ideally, most of the LCP time should be spent on loading the resources, not within delays. [LCP]

| Subpart | Duration |
|---|---|
| Time to first byte | 20 ms |
| Element render delay | 200 ms |

p

## ○ 3rd parties                                                                                       ∧

3rd party code can significantly impact load performance. Reduce and defer loading of 3rd party code to prioritize your page's content.

| 3rd party | Transfer size | Main thread time |
|---|---|---|
| Google Tag Manager [Tag-Manager] | **549 KiB** | **141 ms** |
| /gtag/js?id=G-7N6GTN7BS3&cx=c&_slc=1 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 149 KiB | 42 ms |
| /gtag/js?id=G-DZZ4FESLGS&cx=c&gtm=4e59n2 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 0 KiB | 34 ms |
| /gtag/js?id=G-H0P8W7TVGG&cx=c&_slc=1 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 148 KiB | 28 ms |
| /gtm.js?id=GTM-5BRD7DD (www.googletagmanager.com) | 135 KiB | 19 ms |
| /gtag/destination?id=AW-109... &cx=c&gtm=4e59n2 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 117 KiB | 18 ms |
| Google CDN [Cdn] | **798 KiB** | **87 ms** |
| ...XrIDux0s7.../recaptcha__en.js (www.gstatic.com) | 798 KiB | 87 ms |
| Hotjar [Analytics] | **56 KiB** | **44 ms** |
| /modules.7948490....js (script.hotjar.com) | 56 KiB | 43 ms |
| /c/hotjar-2233670.js?sv=7 (static.hotjar.com) | 0 KiB | 1 ms |
| /?site_id=2233670&gzip=1 (content.hotjar.io) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| tactis.com | **1 KiB** | **19 ms** |
| /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) | 0 KiB | 19 ms |
| /mtc/event (mautic.tactis.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| /mtracking.gif?page_title=... (mautic.tactis.com) | 1 KiB | 0 ms |
| Google Analytics [Analytics] | **0 KiB** | **10 ms** |
| /analytics.js (www.google-analytics.com) | 0 KiB | 10 ms |
| /j/collect?v=... (www.google-analytics.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| /j/collect?v=... (www.google-analytics.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| AddToAny [Social] | **28 KiB** | **2 ms** |
| /menu/page.js (static.addtoany.com) | 2 KiB | 2 ms |
| ...modules/core.pt5ow5lr.js (static.addtoany.com) | 26 KiB | 0 ms |
| zi-scripts.com | **4 KiB** | **1 ms** |
| /zi-tag.js (js.zi-scripts.com) | 3 KiB | 1 ms |
| ...master/getSubscriptions (js.zi-scripts.com) | 1 KiB | 0 ms |

| 3rd party | Transfer size | Main thread time |
|---|---|---|
| …master/logError (js.zi-scripts.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| Other Google APIs/SDKs [Utility] | **1 KiB** | **1 ms** |
| /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) | 1 KiB | 1 ms |
| /ccm/collect?en=... (www.google.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| …api2/clr?k=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| Google/Doubleclick Ads [Ad] | **0 KiB** | **0 ms** |
| …viewthrou…/109…?random=... (googleads.g.doubleclick.net) | 0 KiB | 0 ms |
| cdnfonts.com | **1 KiB** | **0 ms** |
| /css/spartan (fonts.cdnfonts.com) | 1 KiB | 0 ms |
| JSDelivr CDN [Cdn] | **123 KiB** | **0 ms** |
| …fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?8d20048... (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 111 KiB | 0 ms |
| …font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 12 KiB | 0 ms |
| Google Fonts [Cdn] | **24 KiB** | **0 ms** |
| …v15/kJEqBuEW6….woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 23 KiB | 0 ms |
| /css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com) | 1 KiB | 0 ms |

These insights are also available in the Chrome DevTools Performance Panel - [record a trace](#) to view more detailed information.

## DIAGNOSTICS

⚠ Reduce unused CSS — Est savings of 42 KiB ⌃

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. [Learn how to reduce unused CSS](#). [FCP] [LCP]

Consider removing unused CSS rules and only attach the needed `Drupal` libraries to the relevant page or component in a page. See the [Drupal documentation](#) for details. To identify attached libraries that are adding extraneous CSS, try running [code coverage](#) in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/module responsible from the URL of the stylesheet when CSS aggregation is disabled in your `Drupal` site. Look out for themes/modules that have many stylesheets in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A theme/module should only attach a stylesheet library if it is actually used on the page.

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

| URL | Transfer Size | Est Savings |
|---|---|---|
| ddev.site [1st Party] | **36.7 KiB** | **30.6 KiB** |
| …css/style.min.css?t3btu1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 36.7 KiB | 30.6 KiB |
| JSDelivr CDN [Cdn] | **11.7 KiB** | **11.7 KiB** |
| …font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 11.7 KiB | 11.7 KiB |

⚠ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason ⌃

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. [Learn more about the bfcache](#)

| Failure reason | Failure type |
|---|---|
| Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache. | Pending browser support |
| https://tactis-evolve.ddev.site | |

## Minify JavaScript  —  Est savings of 58 KiB  ⌃

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. [Learn how to minify JavaScript](). [FCP] [LCP]

Ensure you have enabled "Aggregate JavaScript files" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page.

| URL | Transfer Size | Est Savings |
|---|---|---|
| ddev.site [1st Party] | **128.3 KiB** | **58.4 KiB** |
| ...js/bootstrap.bundle.js?v=5.3.3 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 43.5 KiB | 15.1 KiB |
| ...misc/ajax.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 16.7 KiB | 11.7 KiB |
| ...dist/tippy.umd.js?v=6.3.7 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 17.9 KiB | 6.3 KiB |
| ...misc/jquery.form.js?v=4.3.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 13.0 KiB | 6.0 KiB |
| ...umd/popper.js?v=2.11.6 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 16.2 KiB | 5.4 KiB |
| ...misc/drupal.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 6.1 KiB | 4.8 KiB |
| ...misc/states.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 6.3 KiB | 4.3 KiB |
| ...js/webform.states.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 5.1 KiB | 2.4 KiB |
| ...misc/form.js?v=10.4.5 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 3.6 KiB | 2.4 KiB |

## Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers  —  Est savings of 1 KiB  ⌃

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. Consider modifying your JavaScript build process to not transpile [Baseline]() features, unless you know you must support legacy browsers. [Learn why most sites can deploy ES6+ code without transpiling]() [FCP] [LCP]

| URL | Est Savings |
|---|---|
| Hotjar [Analytics] | **1.3 KiB** |
| /c/hotjar-2233670.js?sv=7 (static.hotjar.com) | 0.8 KiB |
|   `hotjar-2233670.js?sv=7:3`    @babel/plugin-transform-classes | |
|   `hotjar-2233670.js?sv=7:3`    @babel/plugin-transform-spread | |
| /modules.7948490....js (script.hotjar.com) | 0.5 KiB |
|   `modules.7948490....js:4`    @babel/plugin-transform-classes | |
|   `modules.7948490....js:4`    @babel/plugin-transform-spread | |
| Google CDN [Cdn] | **0.0 KiB** |
| ...XrIDux0s7.../recaptcha__en.js (www.gstatic.com) | 0.0 KiB |
|   `recaptcha__en.js:394`    @babel/plugin-transform-regenerator | |

**Reduce unused JavaScript**  — Est savings of 542 KiB                    ⌃

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. `FCP` `LCP`

Consider removing unused JavaScript assets and only attach the needed `Drupal` libraries to the relevant page or component in a page. See the Drupal documentation for details. To identify attached libraries that are adding extraneous JavaScript, try running code coverage in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/module responsible from the URL of the script when JavaScript aggregation is disabled in your `Drupal` site. Look out for themes/modules that have many scripts in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A theme/module should only attach a script library if it is actually used on the page.

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (9)

| URL | Transfer Size | Est Savings |
|---|---|---|
| **Google Tag Manager** `Tag-Manager` | **702.4 KiB** | **291.5 KiB** |
| /gtag/js?id=G-H0P8W7TVGG&cx=c&_slc=1 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 148.0 KiB | 61.5 KiB |
| /gtag/js?id=G-7N6GTN7BS3&cx=c&_slc=1 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 149.0 KiB | 60.1 KiB |
| /gtag/js?id=G-DZZ4FESLGS&cx=c&gtm=4e59n2 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 153.7 KiB | 59.5 KiB |
| /gtag/destination?id=AW-109...&cx=c&gtm=4e59n2 (www.googletagmanager.com) | 116.5 KiB | 55.5 KiB |
| /gtm.js?id=GTM-5BRD7DD (www.googletagmanager.com) | 135.2 KiB | 54.9 KiB |
| **Google CDN** `Cdn` | **340.6 KiB** | **146.4 KiB** |
| ...XrIDux0s7.../recaptcha__en.js (www.gstatic.com) | 340.6 KiB | 146.4 KiB |
| **ddev.site** `1st Party` | **43.5 KiB** | **32.8 KiB** |
| ...js/bootstrap.bundle.js?v=5.3.3 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 43.5 KiB | 32.8 KiB |
|   ...js/src/tooltip.js | 3.1 KiB | 2.6 KiB |
|   ...js/src/dropdown.js | 2.6 KiB | 1.9 KiB |
|   ...js/src/carousel.js | 2.3 KiB | 1.8 KiB |
|   ...js/src/modal.js | 1.9 KiB | 1.5 KiB |
|   ...js/src/tab.js | 1.8 KiB | 1.3 KiB |
| **Hotjar** `Analytics` | **55.8 KiB** | **26.5 KiB** |
| /modules.7948490....js (script.hotjar.com) | 55.8 KiB | 26.5 KiB |
| **tactis.com** | **27.5 KiB** | **23.6 KiB** |
| /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) | 27.5 KiB | 23.6 KiB |
| **AddToAny** `Social` | **25.4 KiB** | **20.7 KiB** |
| ...modules/core.pt5ow5lr.js (static.addtoany.com) | 25.4 KiB | 20.7 KiB |

**Avoid enormous network payloads**  — Total size was 17,485 KiB                    ⌃

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn how to reduce payload sizes.

Consider using Responsive Image Styles to reduce the size of images loaded on your page. If you are using `Views` to show multiple content items on a page, consider implementing pagination to limit the number of content items shown on a given page.

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (9)

| URL | Transfer Size |
|---|---|
| ddev.site  1st Party | **15,167.7 KiB** |
| …2025-09/drupal-ai-hero%202.svg  (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | 15,167.7 KiB |
| Google Tag Manager  Tag-Manager | **702.6 KiB** |
| /gtag/js?id=G-DZZ4FESLGS&cx=c&gtm=4e59n2  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 153.8 KiB |
| /gtag/js?id=G-7N6GTN7BS3&cx=c&_slc=1  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 149.0 KiB |
| /gtag/js?id=G-H0P8W7TVGG&cx=c&_slc=1  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 148.1 KiB |
| /gtm.js?id=GTM-5BRD7DD  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 135.3 KiB |
| /gtag/destination?id=AW-109…&cx=c&gtm=4e59n2  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 116.5 KiB |
| Google CDN  Cdn | **681.4 KiB** |
| …XrIDux0s7…/recaptcha__en.js  (www.gstatic.com) | 340.7 KiB |
| …XrIDux0s7…/recaptcha__en.js  (www.gstatic.com) | 340.7 KiB |
| JSDelivr CDN  Cdn | **110.6 KiB** |
| …fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?8d20048…  (cdn.jsdelivr.net) | 110.6 KiB |
| Hotjar  Analytics | **56.3 KiB** |
| /modules.7948490….js  (script.hotjar.com) | 56.3 KiB |

Minimize main-thread work  — 4.3 s  ⌃

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work  TBT

| Category | Time Spent |
|---|---|
| Other | 3,388 ms |
| Script Evaluation | 731 ms |
| Script Parsing & Compilation | 79 ms |
| Style & Layout | 75 ms |
| Rendering | 53 ms |
| Garbage Collection | 13 ms |
| Parse HTML & CSS | 10 ms |

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (19)                                                      Hide

Document request latency  ⌃

Your first network request is the most important. Reduce its latency by avoiding redirects, ensuring a fast server response, and enabling text compression. FCP LCP

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. If the [Redirect](#) module is installed, review if unnecessary redirects can be removed. [Learn more](#).

Avoids redirects

Server responds quickly (observed 14 ms)

Applies text compression

## Optimize DOM size ⌃

A large DOM can increase the duration of style calculations and layout reflows, impacting page responsiveness. A large DOM will also increase memory usage. [Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size](#).

| Statistic | Element | Value |
|---|---|---|
| Total elements | | 456 |
| Most children | body.hero-split.no-title.path-frontpage.page-node-type-page.d-flex.flex-column.h-100 | 42 |
| DOM depth | time.datetime | 35 |

## ◯ Duplicated JavaScript ⌃

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.

## Forced reflow ⌃

A forced reflow occurs when JavaScript queries geometric properties (such as $offsetWidth$) after styles have been invalidated by a change to the DOM state. This can result in poor performance. Learn more about [forced reflows](#) and possible mitigations.

## ◯ Improve image delivery ⌃

Reducing the download time of images can improve the perceived load time of the page and LCP. [Learn more about optimizing image size](#)

Consider configuring [WebP image formats with a Convert image style](#) on your site.

## ◯ INP breakdown ⌃

Start investigating with the longest subpart. [Delays can be minimized](#). To reduce processing duration, [optimize the main-thread costs](#), often JS.

## ◯ LCP request discovery ⌃

Optimize LCP by making the LCP image [discoverable](#) from the HTML immediately, and [avoiding lazy-loading](#)

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should optimize the image in order to improve LCP. [Learn more](#).

## ◯ Legacy JavaScript ⌃

Polyfills and transforms enable older browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. Consider modifying your JavaScript build process to not transpile [Baseline](#) features, unless you

know you must support older browsers. [Learn why most sites can deploy ES6+ code without transpiling](#)

○ Modern HTTP ⌃

HTTP/2 and HTTP/3 offer many benefits over HTTP/1.1, such as multiplexing. [Learn more about using modern HTTP](#).

Optimize viewport for mobile ⌃

Tap interactions may be [delayed by up to 300 ms](#) if the viewport is not optimized for mobile.

meta

Defer offscreen images ⌃

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. [Learn how to defer offscreen images](#). FCP LCP

Consider configuring lazy load images in `Drupal`. The field formatters for images support `lazy` or `eager`.

Minify CSS ⌃

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. [Learn how to minify CSS](#). FCP LCP

Ensure you have enabled "Aggregate CSS files" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page.

Use HTTP/2 ⌃

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. [Learn more about HTTP/2](#). LCP FCP

○ User Timing marks and measures ⌃

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. [Learn more about User Timing marks](#).

JavaScript execution time — 0.6 s ⌃

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time](#). TBT

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

| URL | Total CPU Time | Script Evaluation | Script Parse |
|---|---|---|---|
| Google Tag Manager  Tag-Manager | 3,784 ms | 447 ms | 8 ms |
| /gtm.js?id=GTM-5BRD7DD  (www.googletagmanager.com) | 3,784 ms | 447 ms | 8 ms |
| ddev.site  1st Party | 146 ms | 5 ms | 0 ms |
| https://tactis-evolve.ddev.site | 146 ms | 5 ms | 0 ms |
| Google CDN  Cdn | 95 ms | 76 ms | 16 ms |
| …XrIDux0s7…/recaptcha__en.js  (www.gstatic.com) | 95 ms | 76 ms | 16 ms |
| Unattributable | 56 ms | 1 ms | 0 ms |

| URL | Total CPU Time | Script Evaluation | Script Parse |
|---|---|---|---|
| Unattributable | 56 ms | 1 ms | 0 ms |

○ Lazy load third-party resources with facades                                    ⌃

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. [Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade](). `TBT`

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance                          ⌃

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. [Learn more about adopting passive event listeners]().

Avoids `document.write()`                                                         ⌃

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. [Learn how to avoid document.write()]().

○ Avoid long main-thread tasks                                                    ⌃

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. [Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks]() `TBT`

**95**

# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to [improve the accessibility of your web app](). Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so [manual testing]() is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS

⚠ Links do not have a discernible name                                            ⌃

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. [Learn how to make links accessible]().

Failing Elements

a

These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.
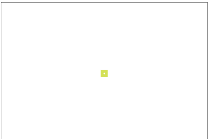
NAVIGATION

⚠ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order                     ⌃

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. [Learn more about heading order]().

Failing Elements



h5.card-title



h5#block-tactis-evolve-footersocial-menu.visually-hidden

These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)                                    Hide

○   Interactive controls are keyboard focusable                                    ⌃

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable.

○   Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state                          ⌃

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.

○   The page has a logical tab order                                               ⌃

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering.

○   Visual order on the page follows DOM order                                     ⌃

DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.

○   User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region                            ⌃

A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus traps.

○   The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page                 ⌃

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.

○   HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation                        ⌃

Landmark elements (`<main>`, `<nav>`, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.

○   Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology                         ⌃

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.

○   Custom controls have associated labels                                        ⌃

Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels.

○ Custom controls have ARIA roles ∧

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

## PASSED AUDITS (27)    Hide

`[aria-*]` attributes match their roles ∧

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.

`[aria-hidden="true"]` is not present on the document `<body>` ∧

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document <body>. Learn how `aria-hidden` affects the document body.

`[role]`s have all required `[aria-*]` attributes ∧

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes.

`[aria-*]` attributes have valid values ∧

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.

`[aria-*]` attributes are valid and not misspelled ∧

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes.

Image elements have `[alt]` attributes ∧

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the `alt` attribute.

Input buttons have discernible text. ∧

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.

`[user-scalable="no"]` is not used in the `<meta name="viewport">` element and the `[maximum-scale]` attribute is not less than 5. ∧

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.

ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role ∧

Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes.

`[aria-hidden="true"]` elements do not contain focusable descendents ∧

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how `aria-hidden` affects focusable elements.

Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes                                                    ⌃

Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. [Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles](#).

`[role]` values are valid                                                                        ⌃

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. [Learn more about valid ARIA roles](#).

ARIA `tooltip` elements have accessible names                                                    ⌃

When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. [Learn how to name `tooltip` elements](#).

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio                                 ⌃

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. [Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast](#).

Document has a `<title>` element                                                                 ⌃

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. [Learn more about document titles](#).

`<frame>` or `<iframe>` elements have a title                                                    ⌃

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. [Learn more about frame titles](#).

`<html>` element has a `[lang]` attribute                                                        ⌃

If a page doesn't specify a `lang` attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. [Learn more about the `lang` attribute](#).

`<html>` element has a valid value for its `[lang]` attribute                                     ⌃

Specifying a valid [BCP 47 language](#) helps screen readers announce text properly. [Learn how to use the `lang` attribute](#).

Form elements have associated labels                                                             ⌃

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. [Learn more about form element labels](#).

Links are distinguishable without relying on color.                                              ⌃

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. [Learn how to make links distinguishable](#).

Lists contain only `<li>` elements and script supporting elements (`<script>` and `<template>`).  ⌃

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. [Learn more about proper list structure](#).

List items (`<li>`) are contained within `<ul>`, `<ol>` or `<menu>` parent elements               ⌃

Screen readers require list items (`<li>`) to be contained within a parent `<ul>`, `<ol>` or `<menu>` to be announced properly. [Learn more about proper list structure](#).

No element has a `[tabindex]` value greater than 0                                                ⌃

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the `tabindex` attribute.

| Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. | ^ |
|---|---|

Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets.

| Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements | ^ |
|---|---|

Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles.

| Deprecated ARIA roles were not used | ^ |
|---|---|

Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.

| Image elements do not have `[alt]` attributes that are redundant text. | ^ |
|---|---|

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the `alt` attribute.

## NOT APPLICABLE (28)                                                          Hide

| ○  `[accesskey]` values are unique | ^ |
|---|---|

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.

| ○  `button`, `link`, and `menuitem` elements have accessible names | ^ |
|---|---|

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.

| ○  Elements with `role="dialog"` or `role="alertdialog"` have accessible names. | ^ |
|---|---|

ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.

| ○  ARIA input fields have accessible names | ^ |
|---|---|

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.

| ○  ARIA `meter` elements have accessible names | ^ |
|---|---|

When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name `meter` elements.

| ○  ARIA `progressbar` elements have accessible names | ^ |
|---|---|

When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label `progressbar` elements.

| ○  Elements with an ARIA `[role]` that require children to contain a specific `[role]` have all required children. | ^ |
|---|---|

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about roles and required children elements.

○ `[role]`s are contained by their required parent element ⌄

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.

○ Elements with the `role=text` attribute do not have focusable descendents. ⌄

Adding `role=text` around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the `role=text` attribute.

○ ARIA toggle fields have accessible names ⌄

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.

○ ARIA `treeitem` elements have accessible names ⌄

When a `treeitem` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling `treeitem` elements.

○ Buttons have an accessible name ⌄

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.

○ The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region ⌄

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about bypass blocks.

○ `<dl>`'s contain only properly-ordered `<dt>` and `<dd>` groups, `<script>`, `<template>` or `<div>` elements. ⌄

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

○ Definition list items are wrapped in `<dl>` elements ⌄

Definition list items (`<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

○ ARIA IDs are unique ⌄

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.

○ No form fields have multiple labels ⌄

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.

○ `<html>` element has an `[xml:lang]` attribute with the same base language as the `[lang]` attribute. ⌄

If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the `lang` attribute.

○ `<input type="image">` elements have `[alt]` text ⌄

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.

○ The document does not use `<meta http-equiv="refresh">`                                       ︿

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. [Learn more about the refresh meta tag](#).

○ `<object>` elements have alternate text                                       ︿

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. [Learn more about alt text for `object` elements](#).

○ Select elements have associated label elements.                                       ︿

Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. [Learn more about the `select` element](#).

○ Skip links are focusable.                                       ︿

Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. [Learn more about skip links](#).

○ Tables have different content in the summary attribute and `<caption>`.                                       ︿

The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while `<caption>` should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. [Learn more about summary and caption](#).

○ Cells in a `<table>` element that use the `[headers]` attribute refer to table cells within the same table.                                       ︿

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `<td>` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about the headers attribute](#).

○ `<th>` elements and elements with `[role="columnheader"/"rowheader"]` have data cells they describe.                                       ︿

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about table headers](#).

○ `[lang]` attributes have a valid value                                       ︿

Specifying a valid [BCP 47 language](#) on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. [Learn how to use the `lang` attribute](#).

○ `<video>` elements contain a `<track>` element with `[kind="captions"]`                                       ︿

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. [Learn more about video captions](#).

74

## Best Practices

GENERAL

⚠ Uses third-party cookies  — 16 cookies found                                       ︿

Third-party cookies may be blocked in some contexts. [Learn more about preparing for third-party cookie restrictions](#).

| Name | URL |
|---|---|

**Other Google APIs/SDKs** [Utility]

| | |
|---|---|
| __Host-3PLSID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-OSID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-OSID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-3PAPISID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-3PSID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| NID | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-3PSIDTS | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |
| __Secure-3PSIDCC | /recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA... (www.google.com) |

**Google/Doubleclick Ads** [Ad]

| | |
|---|---|
| ar_debug | ...viewthrou.../109...?random=... (googleads.g.doubleclick.net) |
| id | ...viewthrou.../109...?random=... (googleads.g.doubleclick.net) |
| DSID | ...viewthrou.../109...?random=... (googleads.g.doubleclick.net) |

**tactis.com**

| | |
|---|---|
| _hjSessionUser_2233670 | /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) |
| mautic_device_id | /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) |
| mtc_id | /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) |
| mtc_sid | /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) |
| mautic_referer_id | /mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com) |

🔺 Browser errors were logged to the console ⌃

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

☑ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

| Source | Description |
|---|---|

**ddev.site** [1st Party]

| | |
|---|---|
| (index):1 | Access to XMLHttpRequest at 'https://mautic.tactis.com/mtc/event' from origin 'https://tactis-evolve.ddev.site' has been blocked by CORS policy: Response to preflight request doesn't pass access control check: No 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin' header is present on the requested resource. |
| tactis-button-arrow.svg:1 | Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 () |

**tactis.com**

| | |
|---|---|
| mautic.tactis.com/mtc/event:1 | Failed to load resource: net::ERR_FAILED |

| Source | Description |
|--------|-------------|

zi-scripts.com

| js.zi-scripts.com/un…/get Subscriptions:1 | Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 403 () |

⚠ Issues were logged in the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools                                      ⌃

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

| Issue type |
|------------|

Cookie

/recaptcha/api.js?render=6LfZ3HwoA… (www.google.com)

/ccm/collect?en=… (www.google.com)

…api2/anchor?ar=… (www.google.com)

…viewthrou…/109…?random=… (googleads.g.doubleclick.net)

/mtc.js (mautic.tactis.com)

/ccm/collect?en=… (www.google.com)

/mtracking.gif?page_title=… (mautic.tactis.com)

…api2/reload?k=6LfZ3HwoA… (www.google.com)

○ Detected JavaScript libraries                                                                     ⌃

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. [Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit](#).

| Name | Version |
|------|---------|
| jQuery | 3.7.1 |
| Drupal | |

TRUST AND SAFETY

○ Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks                                                       ⌃

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. [Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS](#)

| Description | Directive | Severity |
|-------------|-----------|----------|
| No CSP found in enforcement mode | | High |

○ Use a strong HSTS policy                                                                          ⌃

Deployment of the HSTS header significantly reduces the risk of downgrading HTTP connections and eavesdropping attacks. A rollout in stages, starting with a low max-age is recommended. [Learn more about using a strong HSTS policy.](#)

| Description | Directive | Severity |
|---|---|---|
| No HSTS header found | | High |

### Ensure proper origin isolation with COOP

The Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy (COOP) can be used to isolate the top-level window from other documents such as pop-ups. Learn more about deploying the COOP header.

| Description | Directive | Severity |
|---|---|---|
| No COOP header found | | High |

### Mitigate DOM-based XSS with Trusted Types

The `require-trusted-types-for` directive in the `Content-Security-Policy` (CSP) header instructs user agents to control the data passed to DOM XSS sink functions. Learn more about mitigating DOM-based XSS with Trusted Types.

| Description | Severity |
|---|---|
| No `Content-Security-Policy` header with Trusted Types directive found | High |

## PASSED AUDITS (11)                                                    Hide

### Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more about HTTPS.

### Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

### Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers.Learn more about user-friendly input fields.

### Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

### Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.

### Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

### Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. [Learn how to provide responsive images](#).

Has a `<meta name="viewport">` tag with `width` or `initial-scale` ⌃

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents [a 300 millisecond delay to user input](#). [Learn more about using the viewport meta tag](#).

Page has the HTML doctype ⌃

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. [Learn more about the doctype declaration](#).

Properly defines charset ⌃

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. [Learn more about declaring the character encoding](#).

Page has valid source maps ⌃

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. [Learn more about source maps](#).

| URL | Map URL |
|---|---|
| ddev.site [1st Party] | |
| …js/popper.min.js?v=5.3.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …js/popper.min.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |
| Error: Failed fetching source map (404) | |
| …once/once.min.js?v=1.0.1 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …once/once.min.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |
| Warning: missing 1 item in `.sourcesContent` | |
| …js/bootstrap.bundle.js?v=5.3.3 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …js/bootstrap.bundle.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |
| …dist/tippy.umd.js?v=6.3.7 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …dist/tippy.umd.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |
| …umd/popper.js?v=2.11.6 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …umd/popper.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |
| …tabbable/index.umd.min.js?v=6.2.0 (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) | …tabbable/index.umd.min.js.map (tactis-evolve.ddev.site) |

NOT APPLICABLE (3)                                                    Hide

○ Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS ⌃

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. [Learn more](#).

○ Mitigate clickjacking with XFO or CSP ⌃

The `X-Frame-Options` (XFO) header or the `frame-ancestors` directive in the `Content-Security-Policy` (CSP) header control where a page can be embedded. These can mitigate clickjacking attacks by blocking some or all sites from embedding the page. [Learn more about mitigating clickjacking](#).

○ Document uses legible font sizes ⌃

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. [Learn more about legible font sizes](#).

## 92

## SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on [Core Web Vitals](#). [Learn more about Google Search Essentials](#).

### CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

⚠ Document does not have a meta description ▲

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. [Learn more about the meta description](#).

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

### ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)    Hide

○ Structured data is valid ▲

Run the [Structured Data Testing Tool](#) and the [Structured Data Linter](#) to validate structured data. [Learn more about Structured Data](#).

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

### PASSED AUDITS (9)    Hide

Page isn't blocked from indexing ▲

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. [Learn more about crawler directives](#).

Document has a `<title>` element ▲

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. [Learn more about document titles](#).

Page has successful HTTP status code ▲

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. [Learn more about HTTP status codes](#).

Links have descriptive text ▲

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. [Learn how to make links more accessible](#).

Links are crawlable ▲

Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. [Learn how to make links crawlable](#).

### robots.txt is valid ︿

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. [Learn more about robots.txt](#).

### Image elements have `[alt]` attributes ︿

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. [Learn more about the `alt` attribute](#).

### Document has a valid `hreflang` ︿

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. [Learn more about `hreflang`](#).

### Document has a valid `rel=canonical` ︿

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. [Learn more about canonical links](#).

Captured at Sep 29, 2025, 6:19 AM PDT

Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 12.8.1

Custom throttling

Single page session

Using Chromium 140.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 12.8.1 | [File an issue](#)