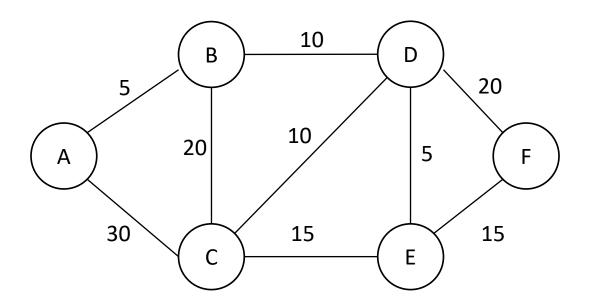
#### Kruskal's Algorithm

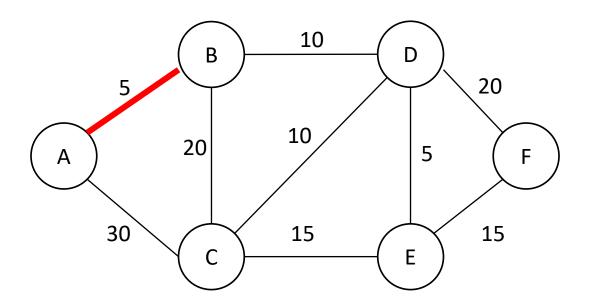
Algorithm that is guaranteed to find a minimum spanning tree in a graph

- 1. Rank your edges from lowest to highest cost
- 2. Have all vertices been connected to the minimum spanning tree?
  - A. If yes, stop. You have found the minimum spanning tree.
  - B. If no, go to step 3.
- 3. Pick one edge with the lowest cost that has not yet been added to the minimum spanning tree
  - A. Does the edge create a cycle?
    - If yes, eliminate the edge from consideration and go to step 3
    - If no, add the edge to the minimum spanning tree and go to step 2

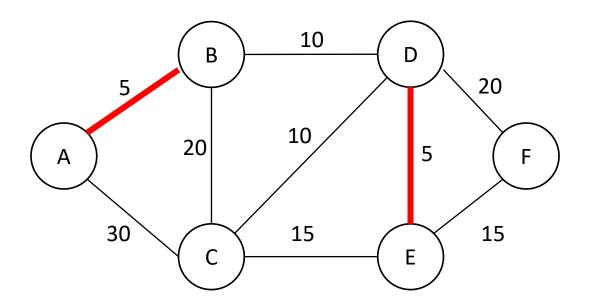
Example taken from Kenji Ikeda http://www-b2.is.tokushima-u.ac.jp/~ikeda/



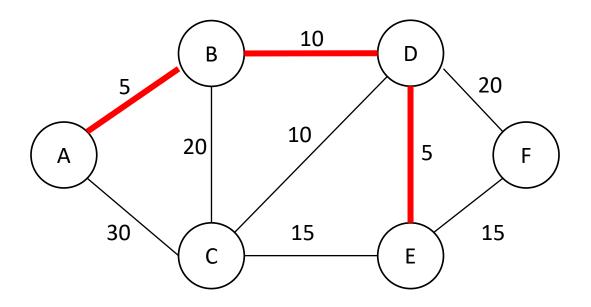
$$A - B = 5$$
  
 $D - E = 5$   
 $B - D = 10$   
 $C - D = 10$   
 $C - E = 15$   
 $E - F = 15$   
 $C - B = 20$   
 $D - F = 20$   
 $A - C = 30$ 



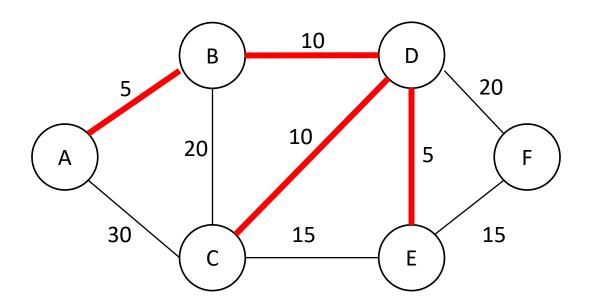
$$A - B = 5$$
 $D - E = 5$ 
 $B - D = 10$ 
 $C - D = 10$ 
 $C - E = 15$ 
 $E - F = 15$ 
 $C - B = 20$ 
 $D - F = 20$ 
 $A - C = 30$ 

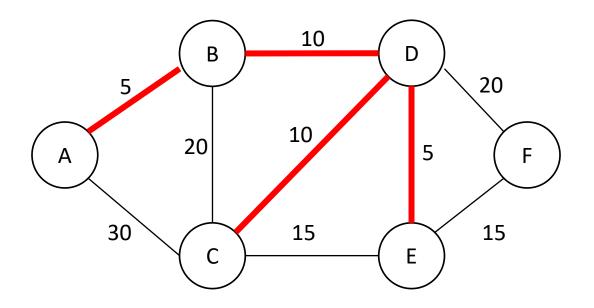


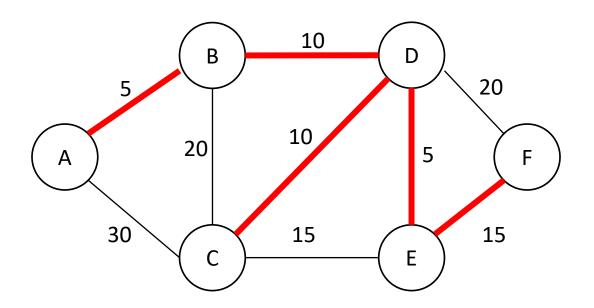
$$A - B = 5$$
 $D - E = 5$ 
 $B - D = 10$ 
 $C - D = 10$ 
 $C - E = 15$ 
 $E - F = 15$ 
 $C - B = 20$ 
 $D - F = 20$ 
 $A - C = 30$ 



$$A - B = 5$$
  
 $D - E = 5$   
 $B - D = 10$   
 $C - D = 10$   
 $C - E = 15$   
 $E - F = 15$   
 $C - B = 20$   
 $D - F = 20$   
 $A - C = 30$ 

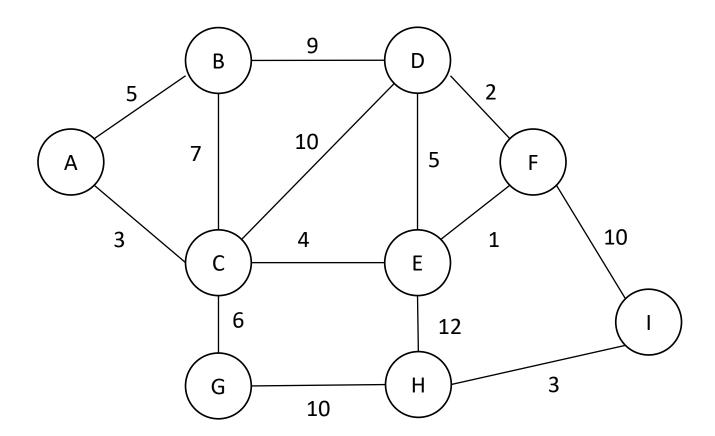




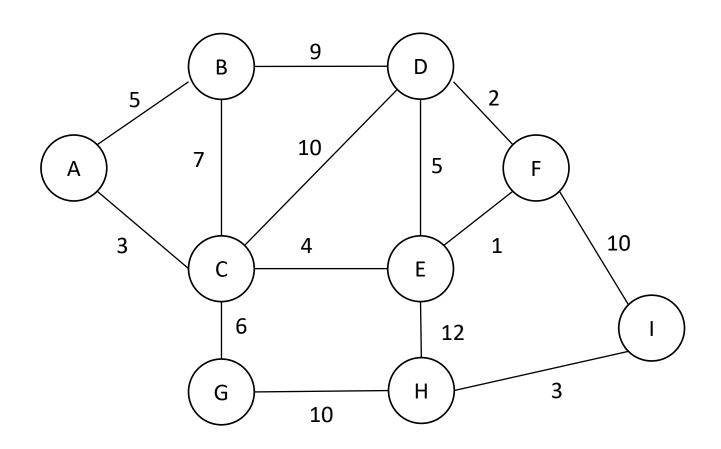


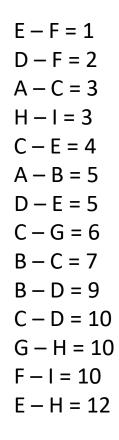
$$A - B = 5$$
 $D - E = 5$ 
 $B - D = 10$ 
 $C - D = 10$ 
 $C - E = 15$ 
 $E - F = 15$ 
 $C - B = 20$ 
 $D - F = 20$ 
 $A - C = 30$ 

# You Try It



#### You Try It





### You Try It

