

AngSalitaNgDiyos.com Liturgical Site

Software Quality Assurance Plan

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements in Software Quality Assurance

By: Dimapilis, Joshua C. Elizondo, Kimberly Mae B.

IT - 111

Urquiza, Trixia Marie A.

April 2015

Table of Contents

I. Software Project Management Plan	4
A. Project Structure	4
B. Project Content	4
a. Vision and Scope	4
b. Feasibility and Risk Analysis	7
c. Management Approach	9
d. Technical Approach	12
II. Requirements Document	13
A. Requirements Structure	13
B. Requirements Content	14
a. Logical Database Description (LDD)	14
b. Software Requirements Document (SRD)	16
III. Design Document	17
A. Design Structure	17
B. Design Content	18
a. Physical Database Description (PDD)	18
b. Software Design Document (SDD)	19
IV. Online Help	20
Help Structure	20
Data Areas	20
Lectionary Cycles	20
Optional Scenarios and Frequently Asked Questions	21
• Tester	21
V. Implementation Map	25
VI. Test Plan	26
A. Background & Introduction	26
B. Assumptions	27

C.	Test Items / Programs	28
D.	Features To Be Tested	29
E.	Features Not To Be Tested	30
F.	Approach	31
G.	Pass / Fail Criteria	32
н.	Test Deliverables	34
I.	Testing Tasks / Setup	38
J.	Resources and Environmental needs	39
K.	Responsibilities	42
L.	Staffing and Training	43
M.	Schedule	43
N.	Risks and Contingencies	44
Ο.	Approvals	45
VII. E	Deployment Plan	46
A.	Purpose	46
B.	Deployment Strategy	46
C.	Deployment Schedule and Resources	46
D.	Engagement Strategy	47
E.	Technology, Infrastructure and Support Considerations	47
VIII.	Acceptance Plan	48
IX. I	nstallation & Acceptance	50
Ins	stallation Plan	50
Th	e Acceptance Configuration Plan	50
X. <i>A</i>	Appendices	51
۸	Deference	E 1

I. Software Project Management Plan

This Software Quality Assurance Plan document, was developed specifically for the project *AngSalitaNgDiyos.com Liturgical Site*. During the project's *Planning stage*, the proponents arrived with the following description of the ventures at hand. The purpose of this representation is to *accurately reflect* the project's *scope* and *structure*. The following will assess the planned activities to be fulfilled throughout the cycles of the project.

A. Project Structure

The following sections of the *Project Management Plan* will be discussed in length in the succeeding segments:

- Vision and Scope
- Feasibility and Risk Analysis
- Management Approach
- Technical Approach

In the event of *end user reviews*, these first two chapters will initially be recommended for the reviewer's benefit.

B. Project Content

a. Vision and Scope

The succeeding sections describes the conditions driving the development of the calendar tool. This section introduces the application as intended and describes the scope and limitations of the development effort.

i. Vision

In the advent of the technology age, more and more industries are beginning to grasp the benefits of having an *online presence*. This is why even the *religious* sector of our country aims to enhance their capability of *catering* the needs of their intended spiritual audience, online.

AngSalitaNgDiyos.com, is an online Catholic Liturgical site that accommodates the online audience and their needs, spiritually and information - wise.

In line with this, the proponents of this project have tasked the IT – 111 students to create a calendar structure that can display the *Lectionary Cycles* and *Liturgical Feasts* within a certain year. It is known that every year, the *liturgical* calendar changes in line with certain technicalities defined by Lectionary Cycles (3 cycles for Sunday Lectures, 2 cycles for Weekday Lectures). The proposed calendar structure will identify specifically when these dates will be and arrange them accordingly.

The primary goal of the *Liturgical Site's* calendar structure is to provide an informative, detailed and accurate representation of all the lectionary cycles and religious feasts within a specific year. This will designate the said dates and represent them in an online version of the Calendar.

ii. Scope

The project aims to provide a tool that helps online users to identify the designated dates of *religious lections and feasts* within a specified year.

- Create a database that includes all the religious events (e.g. Solemnities or Feasts, Events, Seasons of Lent, Advent and Easter, etc.) within the year
- Create a tool that utilizes the created database to insert the specified *events* in line with specific requirements that are specified by the Catholic church
- Create a tool that allows the editing and checking of the readings of the said database for the benefit of the client
- Provide a calendar (that uses the database and the tool's synergy) to display links to the necessary pages and/or audio files, representing lections and mass readings for each date
- Encourage the online community to visit the AngSalitaNgDiyos.com site for informative and spiritual purposes

The functions of the system include the following:

- The main target market of this tool will mainly be defined as users. These users
 are those who access the calendar via the site, AngSalitaNgDiyos.com
- The calendar tool will automatically display the dates within the month that it is being accessed
- The calendar will display 6 types of *events*: (1) **Sunday readings**, (2) **Weekday readings**, (3) **Moveable feasts**, (4) **Solemnities**, (5) **Memorials** and (6) **Special Feasts**
- Each type of item has its own definite business requirement

Sunday readings have 3 yearly cycles: Year A, Year B and Year C. Each
cycle has a designated set of Sunday readings which are variably different
from each cycle. Year determinant is the remainder of the sum of all the
digits within the year, divided by 3. The succeeding table illustrates the
determinant.

Remainder	Year
0	Year A
1	Year B
2	Year C

Table 1.1 Determinant of year cycle for Sunday readings

Example -For the Year 2013:

Sum of all digits in the year

= 2+0+1+3=6

Remainder of sum divided by 3

= 6 / 3 = 2 remainder 0

Remainder is 0. Therefore 2013 is considered within the Year A cycle.

For Weekday readings, there are two sets of readings. Year 1 &Year 2.
 The succeeding table describes the determinant.

Year Type	Year
Odd	Year 1
Even	Year 2

Table 1.2 Determinant of year cycle for Weekday readings

Example:

Year 2013 is an odd year. Therefore, it is within the Year 1 cycle.

- In the case of Movable feasts, the dates are set based on other movable feasts / solemnities within the year. (Some examples include Easter Sunday, Palm Sunday and Pentecost Sunday)
- For Solemnities and Memorials, they have their own set of readings, which replace Sunday and/or weekday readings excepts for specific Sundays (i.e. Sundays in Advent, Lent and weekdays of Holy Week / Easter Octave). Solemnities and memorials are big time feasts. (e.g. Presentation of the Lord, and Annunciation of the Lord)
- o For **Special Feasts**, these dates are static and are not day sensitive.

- Event items such as Movable feasts, Solemnities and Memorials will be displayed as text, which will serve as markers for the specific events they represent
- These items that will be displayed in the calendar, will be in the form of items /
 events that will be rendered with links that will redirect to specific pages / audio
 files

The tool is envisioned to possess the following of the application framework:

- Web version
 - Tool for Client (System in yii)
 - Calendar for Display (Calendar visible for priests)

The timeframe for the system development process is ten weeks; for the finished product, the scheduled system evaluation is March 30, 2015.

b. Feasibility and Risk Analysis

i. Feasibility Standards

This section addresses the issues of *application complexity* as well as the anticipated *risks* in *schedule* and *operation* procedures. The following factors have been defined in order to verify the project's feasibility. The table below illustrates these points and the team's proposition for the development and quality assurance stages of the project.

Standard	Risks / Issues	Proposition
Application Complexity	 The various requirements included in the calendar warrants well – defined conditions and proper synergy between the database and the tool. The integration of the tool to the site itself should also be considered of vital importance 	 Proper standards in code development must first be defined, upon establishment of these defined standards, following it is key The usage of the tools provided by our <i>adviser</i>, and a proper understanding of the MVC Framework is essential Development procedures must be in line with the professional opinions of our <i>mentors</i> and <i>adviser</i> For System Integration, it must be done in line with the system

Schedule Constraints	The allotted timeframe for the project development and quality assurance phase is a maximum of 10 weeks.	 Development – wise, the tool's functions must be assessed if the 10–week development process can accommodate the necessary changes and coding efforts by the team In the Quality Assurance phase, the tool should be assessed by certain metrics and success factors to be defined in the latter part of this section A schedule for both SOFTDEV and QUALITY has been given, and for the success of the development and testing phases, the team's processes must be in line with this defined schedule
Client, User and Organizational Risks	 The risk of obtaining an error in logic in one year will mean an inheritance of the succeeding years' errors The risk of having to engage in maintenance and support for the application, after development 	 Proper development of the product must be implemented. The client must verify the correctness of the data in the database of the proposed system, before the implementation phase Plans for maintenance and support must be in place, even after implementation. This plan must be proposed to the client, along with the system
Operational Feasibility	 Risk of web - hosting and storing massive amounts of data in the database Risk of user apathy and unresponsiveness from the target market 	 Hosting the site, with large amounts of data may be mitigated by specifying early on with the client, the expected and the actual size of the data to be stored and used for the project Through proper dissemination in local churches, and on the web – users may be properly oriented with the goal of the tool and the site itself

Table 1.3 **Feasibility Standards**

ii. Quality Metrics

The project may be deemed as successful if the following short – term metrics are satisfied:

- Continuity of development phase consistent delivery of individually required features during each iteration / cycles, by meeting the scheduled evaluation of March 31, 2015
- Explicit affirmation from client confirmation of met requirements / expectations by the users
- Convenience, Speed and Reliability if the proposed tool was able to affect the users positively; if the users find the tool informative, and if the users feedback about the tool's response includes it being *rapid*, *reliable* and *accurate*

iii. Success Factors

The tool's implementation can be considered successful if it meets the following criteria:

- Assurance that the system conforms to the mentioned business requirements and client standards; receiving a passing rate in the Quality Assurance Testing Phase
- Successful integration to the implemented site, which must yield improvement in the user experience
- A positive response by the spiritual audience online; either by their valued response or by their patronization of the system / high utilization

c. Management Approach

i. Development

The development process to be used is the *Agile Methodology*. There will be intensive development, and succeeding iterations (0, 1, and 2). Each iteration involves functional integration and detailed change requests, adjustments and tracking – in accordance to client decisions. Bugs and issues may be found during each iteration, when quality assurance testing is done, fixing these bugs will be prioritized after each iteration.

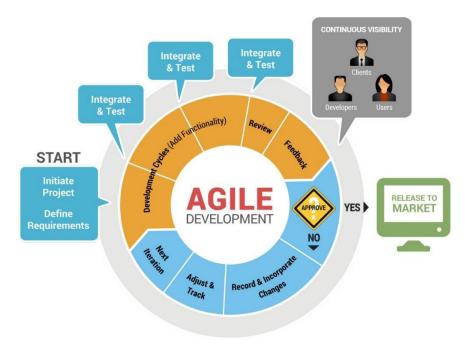


Image 1.1 Agile Methodology, source: Code2u.net

ii. Communication

Meetings will be done at least thrice a week. Updates, for daily scrum and weekly status reports are located in the <u>repository</u>. For each iteration, the team will consider each sets of 3 weeks as a sprint. There will be 3 sprints in this term. The sprints will be aligned with each iteration that has been scheduled by the team's *SOFTDEV* adviser.

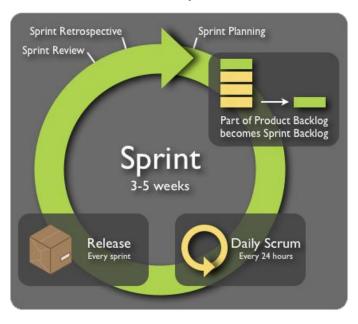


Image 1.2 Sprint, source: Kaeru.se

iii. Quality Assurance

From the above-mentioned methodology, the Quality Assurance Testing Phase will be following the same process of *Developing*, *Base-lining*, and *Testing*.

The processes of which were mentioned above happens each iteration / sprint. The steps inside each phase, involve the following:

- Research and Analysis
- Prototyping and Designing
- Testing and Planning

Various static tests and dynamic tests have been duly scheduled in line with the iterations. Naturally, the static testing schedules have been given priority over the succeeding dynamic tests.

The following image illustrates the proponents' intended QAT Phase of the Project (which involves Testing, Quality Control and Quality Assurance):



Image 1.3 Testing, Quality Control and Quality Assurance, source: <u>SystemsAppsControls.com</u>

iv. Roles and Responsibilities

The following responsibilities have been designated for each team member to ensure the project's success. The table below illustrates the individual roles of each member.

Name	Roles	Responsibilities
Joshua C. Dimapilis	Project Manager / Developer	 Overseeing of the Project Status and Progression Management and leadership of the Project team Planning and Evaluation of Development and Quality Assurance
Kimberly Mae B. Elizondo	Quality Assurance Tester / Developer	 Quality Assurance Consulting Monitoring of schedule, iterations and sprints Business Requirements Analysis
Trixia Marie A. Urquiza	Quality Assurance Tester / Developer	 Database Design and Management Consulting Approval of Change Requests and adjustments Management of documentation and scrum

Table 1.4 Teams' Roles and Responsibilities

d. Technical Approach

i. Technologies for Development

The following tools are to be used for development:

Generic Tools	Specific Tools
Programming Languages	PHP, HTML5, CSS3
Database Server	MySQL
Web Server	Apache Server
Framework, Extensions	Yii 2.0, fullcalendar.io

Coding Tools	Yii PHP Framework, Sublime Text,
	fullcalendar.io
Documentation Tools	Microsoft Office, Microsoft
	PowerPoint, MySQL Workbench
Calendar	<u>Fullcalendar.io</u>
Repository	<u>code.google</u> , Github

Table 1.5 Tools Used for the Project

ii. Use Cases

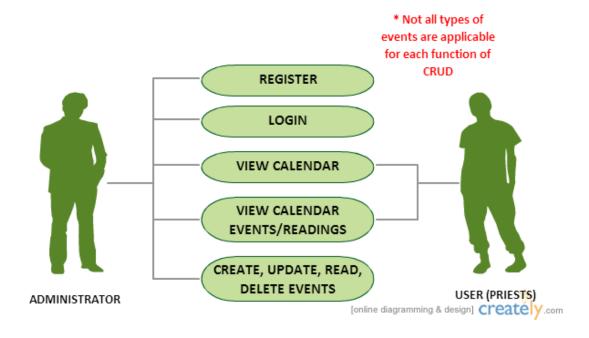


Image 1.4 Use Case Diagram

II. Requirements Document

The Requirements class of deliverables are produced during the Requirements stage and updated if necessary during the Design, Development, and Integration & Test stages. The purpose of the Requirements class is to accurately define the scope, structure, and high-level functionality of the database application under design.

A. Requirements Structure

The Requirements class of deliverables is composed of three related documents:

- The Logical Database Description
- The Requirements Document
- The Requirements Traceability Matrix

B. Requirements Content

a. Logical Database Description (LDD)

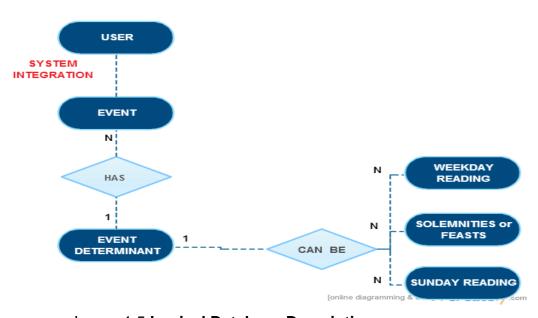


Image 1.5 Logical Database Description

Entity: USER Description:

A **user** is a person who uses the system and access the calendar.

Relationship:

A user with an admin role can create, read, update and delete calendar events.

A user with a member role can view calendar events.

Actor Interaction:

ROLE	ACTOR
Create	-
Read	Admin
Update	-
Delete	-

Entity: EVENT Description:

An **event** is an occurrence that warrants a presence in the calendar. Events are relatively of great importance, and are based on the business requirements provided by the client. The event table has four *lookup* tables: Movable Feasts, Special Feasts, Memorials and Solemnities.

Relationship:

An event can either be classified as a movable feast, special feast, memorial, or solemnity.

Several or zero events can occur in a single day.

Actor Interaction:

ROLE	ACTOR
Create	-
Read	Admin
Update	Admin
Delete	-

Entity: EVENT DETERMINANT

Description:

An **event determinant** determines all the moveable feasts such as Easter Sunday, Pentecost Sunday, Ash Wednesday and etc.

Relationship:

An event determinant can determine many moveable feasts.

Actor Interaction:

ROLE	ACTOR
Create	Admin
Read	Admin
Update	Admin
Delete	Admin

Entity: WEEKDAY READING

Description:

A weekday reading refers to a

reading that is used by lecturers and priests during weekdays.

Relationship:

Each weekday should have one weekday reading.

Actor Interaction:

ROLE	ACTOR
Create	-
Read	Admin
Update	Admin
Delete	-

Entity: SUNDAY READING

Description:

A **Sunday reading** refers to a reading that is only used during Sundays.

Relationship:

Each Sunday should have one Sunday reading.

Actor Interaction:

ROLE	ACTOR
Create	-
Read	Admin
Update	Admin
Delete	-

b. Software Requirements Document (SRD)

The following information provides an overview of the system requirements gathered through a collaboration with the project's client.

System Requirements

The system must:

- 1. Provide a user-friendly interface for easier navigation
- 2. Provide a login page so that **registered users** can access the site
- 3. Contain a calendar filled with generated readings
- 4. Allow *registered users* (*admin or member role*) to view the calendar and calendar events
- 5. Not allow *unregistered users* to view the calendar and calendar events
- 6. Filter the calendar if specific month is chosen by the user (*admin or member roles*)
- 7. Allow some CRUD functions to be performed but not on all types of event

User Requirements

A registered user (**admin or member role**):

- Must have a username and a password to access the website
- Must access the website using the login page provided by the system
- 3. Can view the calendar in a *monthly basis*
- 4. Can navigate through the different months of the calendar
- 5. Can read the contents of the calendar
- 6. Can click website links
- 7. Can click buttons or tabs within the page

c. Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM)

The following Requirements Traceability Matrix is derived from the software requirements document indicated above.

Requirement ID	Requirement Description	Requirement Type	Status	Priority	Software Module	Test Case Number	Tested In	Implemented In	Verification
A. SYSTEM REQUIR	EMENTS								
001	Provides a user-friendly interface for easier navigation	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	System Interface				
002	Provides a login page so that <i>registered users</i> can access the site	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Login				
003	Provides a sign up page to allow unregistered users to register and access the site	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Login				
004	Contains a calendar filled with generated readings	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar				
005	Allows registered users (admin or member roles) to view the calendar and calendar events	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar				
006	Does not allow <i>unregistered users</i> to view the calendar and calendar events	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar				
007	Filters the calendar if specific month is chosen by the user (admin or member roles)	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar				

Image 1.6.1 Requirements Traceability Matrix Part 1

B. USER REQUIREM	1ENTS	•					•	
008	Registered user must have a username and a password to access the website	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Login			
009	Registered user must access the website using the login page	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Login			
010	Registered user can view the calendar in a monthly basis	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
011	Registered user can navigate through the different months of the calendar	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
012	Registered user can choose a specific month to navigate	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
013	Registered user can view Weekday Readings	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
014	Registered user can view Sunday Readings	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
015	Registered user can view Solemnities and Feasts	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
016	Registered user can view Memorials	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
017	Registered user can view Moveable Feasts	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
018	Registered user can click website links	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			
019	Registered user can click buttons or tabs within the page	Highly Needed	In Progress	High	Calendar			

Image 1.6.2 Requirements Traceability Matrix Part 2

III. Design Document

The Design class of deliverables are produced during the Design stage and updated if necessary during the Development and Integration & Test stages. The purpose of the Design class is to accurately define the scope, structure, and high-level functionality of the database application under design.

A. Design Structure

The Design class of deliverables is composed of three related documents:

- The Physical Database Description
- The Software Design Document

The Requirements Traceability Report

B. Design Content

a. Physical Database Description (PDD)

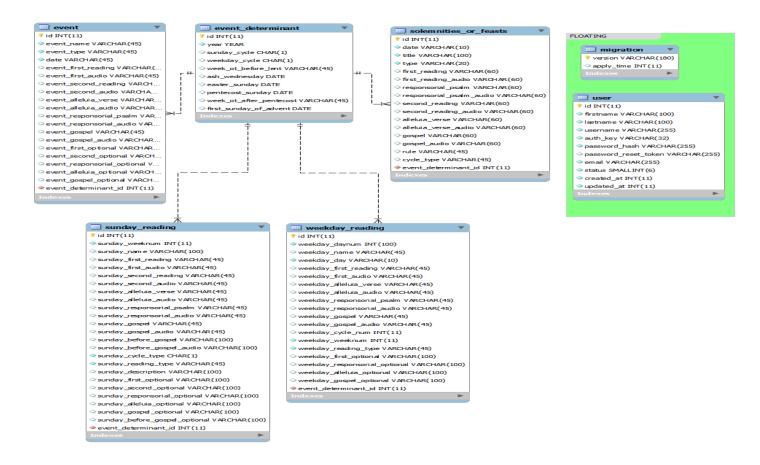


Image 1.7 Entity Relationship Diagram

The physical database description defines the basic structure of the application at a conceptual level. The PDD focuses on providing a detailed description of the database structure to be implemented for the application.

The PDD consists of an introduction, an Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) and a series of table and field descriptions that define the relationships between the entities, field characteristics, and business rules.

The PDD is included by reference in the Design Document.

b. Software Design Document (SDD)

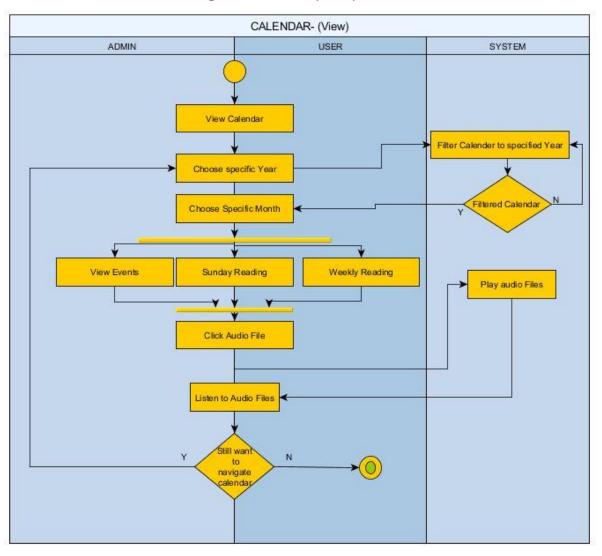


Image 1.8.1 Swim Lane Diagrams

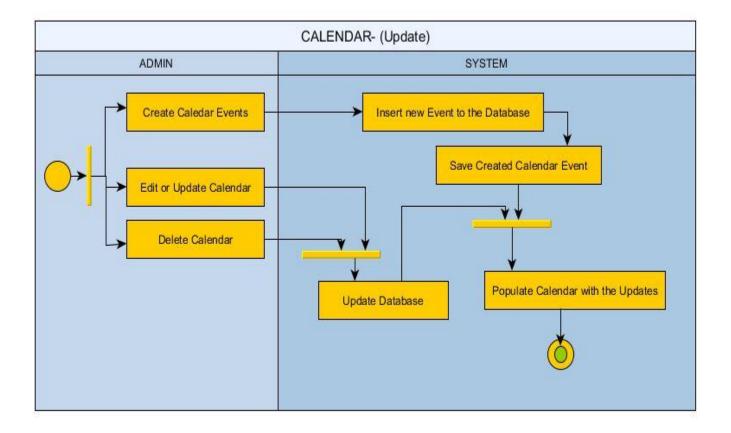


Image 1.8.2 **Swim Lane Diagrams**

IV. Online Help

• Help Structure

The structure of the Online Help section are composed of the following documents:

- Data Areas
- Optional Scenarios
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Data Dictionary

Data Areas

The following areas are to be considered as vital information in deriving business requirements for the application. Therefore, data from the succeeding sections are to be mapped in accordance to the following information:

• Lectionary Cycles

i. Sunday Readings

The Sunday Readings contain the *First Reading*, the *Second Reading*, the *Alleluia Verse*, the *Responsorial Psalm*, and the *Sunday Gospel* designated for that specific Sunday. Sunday Readings in **Ordinary Time** possess these complete details. Other Sundays however, may lack some of the mentioned attributes.

ii. Weekday Readings

For the Weekday Readings, they contain the *First Reading*, the *Alleluia Verse*, the *Responsorial Psalm*, and the *Sunday Gospel* designated for that specific Weekday. Weekday Readings in **Ordinary Time** possess these complete details. The significant difference of the Weekday readings in OT, with the Sunday readings in OT, is that there is no *Second Reading* for the days of the week. Other weekdays, that are not in ordinary time, or that possess a special / different plotting rule, may or may not have complete records of these attributes.

Special Events

i. Moveable Feasts

For Moveable feasts, the event determinant table in the database is responsible in designating all the allotted moveable feasts within the specified year. The dates of moveable feasts present from the years 1969 – 2050 must be encoded in the database. These have been retrieved from the main lectionary resource site provided by the client. Some moveable feasts possess various attributes similar to that of the Sunday / Weekday Readings

ii. Memorials, Solemnities, Feasts

Memorials, Solemnities and Feasts have various readings that are similar to the weekday and Sunday readings. These have been individually specified in the database records.

iii. Special Feasts

These special feasts are events that have exact dates. These have been recorded in the Event table.

Optional Scenarios and Frequently Asked Questions

The following are optional scenarios segregated according to the users involved in the Software Quality Assurance Plan. These scenarios are done in the form of *Frequently Asked Questions* for the benefit of comprehensibility. Responses to the said questions are immediately to be sufficed after the complete processing of the system:

Tester

- i. "How can I verify displayed items from the database?"
 - The lectionary calendar reflects that of the database, there are two ways:
 - a. Secure a copy of the database

- b. Click the view link in the administrator site, and locate, one by one, the readings / items you want to verify
- ii. "How can I verify event details and other pertinent information?"
 - There are various sources available in the internet, however most of the said details used by the developers came from client information.
 - Some information are present in the <u>Catholic Resources</u> site given by the client.
 - It is also important to note, that not every single event in the Catholic Resources site are to be encoded due to
 - a. System Coding limitations
 - b. Subjective event plotting
 - c. Multiple conditions to be considered
 - These will further be expounded on, in the Test Plan
- iii. "How can I test the CRUD?"
 - To be able to test the CRUD, you must have access to the site. This is the disparity to be used during Dynamic Testing. The test will follow this schema:
 - a. Testers are only to test administrator roles, (since user roles are limited to viewing calendar and listening to audio, and may only be achieved upon integration with the main site of our client)
 - The site will presumably only be available for them, which gives them the capability to sign up and make their own accounts
 - c. Upon making their accounts, they will be able to test the CRUD

Data Dictionary

event

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
id	INT(11)	1	1					1		
event_name	VARCHAR(45)		1							
event_type	VARCHAR(45)		1							
date	VARCHAR(45)		1							
event_first_reading	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_first_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_second_reading	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_second_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_alleluia_verse	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_alleluia_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_responsorial_psalm	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_responsorial_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_gospel	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_gospel_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_first_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event_second_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event_responsorial_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event_alleluia_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event_gospel_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event_determinant_id	INT(11)		1							

solemnities_or_feasts

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
id	INT(11)	1	1				-	1		
date	VARCHAR(10)		1							
title	VARCHAR(100)		1							
type	VARCHAR(20)		1							
first_reading	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
first_reading_audio	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
responsorial_psalm	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
responsorial_psalm_audio	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
second_reading	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
second_reading_audio	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
alleluia_verse	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
alleluia_verse_audio	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
gospel	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
gospel_audio	VARCHAR(60)								NULL	
rule	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
cycle_type	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
event_determinant_id	INT(11)		1							

event_determinant

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
id	INT(11)	1	1					1		
year	YEAR		1							
unday_cycle	CHAR(1)								NULL	
weekday_cycle	CHAR(1)								NULL	
week_ot_before_lent	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
ash_wednesday	DATE								NULL	
easter_sunday	DATE								NULL	
pentecost_sunday	DATE								NULL	
week_ot_after_pentecost	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
first_sunday_of_advent	DATE								NULL	

migration

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
version	VARCHAR(180)	1	1							
apply time	INT(11)								NULL	

sunday_reading

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
d	INT(11)	1	1					1		
sunday_weeknum	INT(11)		1							
sunday name	VARCHAR(100)		Ï						NULL	
sunday_first_reading	VARCHAR(45)		i						NULL	
unday_first_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
unday_second_reading	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
unday_second_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
sunday_alleluia_verse	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
sunday_alleluia_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
sunday_responsorial_psalm	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
sunday_responsorial_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
unday_gospel	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
sunday_gospel_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL	
unday_before_gospel	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
unday_before_gospel_audio	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
sunday_cycle_type	CHAR(1)		1							
sunday_reading_type	VARCHAR(45)		1							
unday_description	VARCHAR(100)					ĺ			NULL	
sunday_first_optional	VARCHAR(100)		i						NULL	
unday_second_optional	VARCHAR(100)		Ĭ .	Ì		ì			NULL	
unday_responsorial_optional	VARCHAR(100)		Ĭ						NULL	
unday_alleluia_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
unday_gospel_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
sunday_before_gospel_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL	
event determinant id	INT(11)		1							

user

Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment
id	INT(11)	1	1					1		
firstname	VARCHAR(100)		1							
lastname	VARCHAR(100)		1							
username	VARCHAR(255)		1							
auth_key	VARCHAR(32)		1							
password_hash	VARCHAR(255)		1							
password_reset_token	VARCHAR(255)								NULL	
email	VARCHAR(255)		1							
status	SMALLINT(6)		1						'10'	
created_at	INT(11)		1							
updated_at	INT(11)		1							

weekday_reading

weekday_reading											
Column name	DataType	PK	NN	UQ	BIN	UN	ZF	AI	Default	Comment	
id	INT(11)	1	1					1			
weekday_daynum	INT(100)		1								
weekday_name	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_day	VARCHAR(10)		1								
weekday_first_reading	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_first_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_alleluia_verse	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_alleluia_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_responsorial_psalm	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_responsorial_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_gospel	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_gospel_audio	VARCHAR(45)								NULL		
weekday_cycle_num	INT(11)								NULL		
weekday_weeknum	INT(11)		1								
weekday_reading_type	VARCHAR(45)		1								
weekday_first_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL		
weekday_responsorial_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL		
weekday_alleluia_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL		
weekday_gospel_optional	VARCHAR(100)								NULL		
event_determinant_id	INT(11)		1								

V. Implementation Map

Project Iterations	Description	Start Date	End Date	Phase Duration
PLANNING	This phase is consist of requirements gathering, identifying the scope of the project and establishing initial documents necessary in defining the project.	January 26, 2015	February 15, 2015	21 days
DEVELOPMENT	This includes the whole development of the project such as designing, coding and handling the possible errors of the system.	February 16, 2015	April 5, 2015	49 days
STATIC TESTING Round 1	Initial round of static testing, particular with the Software Quality Assurance Plan	February 12, 2015	February 12, 2015	4 days
ITERATION 1	Initial presentation of the system to the client	March 9, 2015	March 9, 2015	1 day
STATIC TESTING Round 2	Second round of static testing, complete documentation, initial inspection of codes	March 12, 2015	March 16, 2015	4 days
DYNAMIC TESTING	Final code inspection, test case execution, overall system inspection, documentation	March 30, 2015		
ITERATION 2	Second presentation of the system to the client, integrated changes	April 1, 2015	April 1, 2015	1 day
ITERATION 3	Final presentation of the system to the panel, deployment of the system	April 10, 2015	April 10, 2015	1 day
CHANGE MANAGEMENT	Integration of changes	April 11, 2015	April 15, 2015	5 days
CLOSING	System and documentation completed	April 16, 2015	April 17, 2015	2 days

Image 1.9 Implementation Map

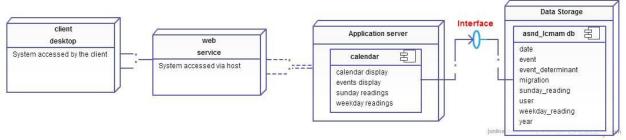


Image 2.0 Implementation Map

For the **Requirements Traceability Matrix** part of this section, please refer to **Software Requirements Document** section of this document.

VI. Test Plan

This Software Test Plan was defined for the purpose of documenting the test procedures, test cases, and test steps required to validate the development effort.

A. Background & Introduction

Projects done using the Agile Method of development, are necessarily given a requirement of passing a certain level of confidence that the system is working at par with the industry's requirements. To be able to satisfy this requirement, testing must be done. Testing chosen specifically for this project involves various stages (i.e. Static, Dynamic Quality Assurance Testing, etc.) It is included in this project's success factors that the project's passing rate should be in line with the standards defined in this test plan.

Scheduled *Static* and *Dynamic Tests* have been given to the proponents of this project. Therefore, during the said intended schedules of testing, the team's prototype for the current iteration will be assessed by an external Quality Assurance Team using generically independent standards to rate the deemed project.

In conclusion of the each test phase, evaluation by the external Quality Assurance Team will be duly noted and assessed. For static test results, correction to the specified documentation and files will be implemented as soon as the reception of errors / comments. For dynamic test results, a record of issues and a log of bugs must be specified to identify the specified change requests and fixes to be implemented by the team for the project. Succeeding Quality Assurance tests will be subject to the results of

the previous static / dynamic test, in line with previous updates and corrections done by the team.

In any application, inherent latency issues, speed and reliability concerns will always be present. It is important to note, that most of these issues are to be addressed by developers as well, this application is not **error – free**, specifically due to the following:

- **System coding limitations** (Some factors that inhibit the developers from including multiple years in the calendar include the system slowing down and failing, upon requiring multiple events for all years, system is limited to only retrieving json data for it to display events, etc.)
- **Subjective event plotting** (Some events are specifically mandated by the Vatican or by the Pope, some are also left subjectively for the local priest / bishops to choose, therefore, this kind of subjectivity cannot be written in plain code (e.g. conflicts in solemnities and other same-leveled priority of events))
- Multiple conditions to be considered (There are some events that are
 dependent on other events for a certain year, that have not been identified,
 scheduled identification is only to be assessed during the year itself (e.g. new
 dates for Special Solemnities, etc.))
- There will always be **some variable and inconsistent date changes** in every liturgical cycle, meaning not every date in the calendar might be populated for every year, and with due diligence of the developers, while in cooperation with the client, must be explained to the users of the system

B. Assumptions

Before the basis of any assumption, the following dependencies are core concepts that may serve as the scaffolding of the project's test phase:

- The system must have sufficed the following basic deliverables, some of which, have been declared in the project scope:
 - Basic document deliverables (i.e. SQAP, Test Cases, etc.) to be evaluated (Static testing)
 - A database that includes all the *religious events* (e.g. lections, feasts and celebrations) within the year (Static testing)
 - Create a tool for value-inclusion in the database (Dynamic testing)
 - Provide a calendar that represents lections and mass readings for each date (Dynamic testing)
- Developer and designer involvement in the project have been clarified
 - The roles and responsibilities of each member of the team have been defined and clarified

 The Gathering Requirements phase has been accomplished successfully, and the current phase includes designing and development

In testing the system, the following assumptions are considered and are expected:

- System requirements have been set, and conditions dependent on the system have been provided by the proponents
 - The testing plan, test cases and other necessary requirements for testing to proceed have been provided by the proponents
- An external Quality Assurance Team has been selected to review the selected deliverables
- A certain standard has been set to properly evaluate the said deliverables; preferably these standards are set in a scale that can be quantified through values, and duly evaluated through description
- The testing role to be undertaken during dynamic testing is the administrator role

Assuming that all the dependencies and assumptions are satisfied, specified and scheduled testing phases may proceed. It is important to note that these testing phases are specifically contingent to the schedules set for the project's evaluation.

C. Test Items / Programs

The proponents have prepared the following to properly establish the items that must be tested during the phases of Quality Assurance Testing:

a. Documentation for Static Testing

- i. Project Requirements Definition
- ii. Project Logical Design
- iii. Project Physical Design
- iv. Database Design
- v. User Interface
- vi. Software Program Logic / Code
- vii. Software Error Handling
- viii. Test Plan, Test Cases
- ix. Overall Quality of Documentation
- x. Documentation Completeness

b. Calendar display

i. Calendar Interface

ii. Features

c. CRUD for data storage

- i. Create capability
- ii. Read capability
- iii. Update capability
- iv. Delete capability

D. Features To Be Tested

The following items are the test records described in the test cases, these are the features to be tested during the scheduled Dynamic Testing. The section of *Features Not to Be Tested* discusses variable data to be tested.

a. Security of User Registration and Login (Registration and Login)

- i. User Site Access
- ii. User Site Registration
- iii. User Site Login

b. Correctness and legitimacy of event display (Calendar view)

- i. Calendar Display
- ii. Calendar Display Inspection
- iii. Calendar Display Refresh
- iv. Calendar Display Verification

c. Completeness of events being displayed (Reading view)

- i. Events Display
- ii. Calendar and Events Display Inspection
- iii. Events Display Refresh
- iv. Events Display Verification

d. Readability of calendar events (Event view)

- i. Calendar Display
- ii. Event Display
- iii. Event Readability

e. Event Rendering in the calendar(Event Plotting)

- i. Moveable Feasts
 - 1. Ash Wednesday
 - 2. Easter Sunday
 - 3. Pentecost Sunday
 - 4. First Sunday of Advent
- ii. Completeness of month
 - 1. January December

f. Dynamism of Administrator and User Privileges (CRUD)*

- i. Available Administrator Features
- ii. Available User Features

*It is important to note, that not all items have CRUD functionalities, this will be explained in detailed in the Features not to be tested

- iii. Create Items
- iv. Read Items
- v. Update Items
- vi. Delete Items

E. Features Not To Be Tested

The features not to be tested are to be duly evaluated in the following table. These are not to be tested because it is not present in the prototype during dynamic testing. Therefore, the implementation of the following features of the system are still underway.

Possible Issues to be Encountered	Reason for Exclusion
Creating, and Deleting of Items not provided in the test cases and the links	 Creating, and deleting if done in the proposed system, may affect how the system performs. In line with the client's original request, no adding / deleting must happen, however it is still done, to fulfill requirements Unplanned, and unnecessary creation / deletion of various items in the database will conflict with the originally set details / data
Updating of Items not provided in the test cases and the links	 Unplanned, and unnecessary updating of various items in the database will conflict with the originally set details / data
Color Schemes	Color schemes are still subject to the client's choice, and are still to be decided as to whether or not, schemes will still even be applied
Audio Files	Audio files are to be implemented during Iteration 3, and are still due only for the client's benefit. The usage of audio files are to be confirmed with

	the client, once Iteration 2 has been performed
Optional Readings in the pop – up for Events Rendered	The initial content of the popup, is the name of the reading it specifies, however, description of its content is still to be verified with the client during Iteration 2
No Biblical References	Even items with no biblical references are encoded in the database, as per initial instructions of "including readings", after all, these may be edited using the update function specified only for certain records

Table 1.6 Features Not to be Tested and Executed

The mentioned features in the previous sections, are given explanations and certain margins of validity and fault in the Pass/Fail Criteria.

F. Approach

The agile approach for development warrants a brief definition of the Quality Assurance Testing Phases of this project. For the currently defined phases, the following table illustrates the necessary information for the approach in each QAT phase:

Name	Approach	Methodologies Involved
Static Testing	 Documentation – oriented Specification and Requirements Scrutiny 	 Identification of requirements, targets and methods Analysis of completeness of information necessary to proceed to development phase Evaluation of documentation and conformity to standards in the industry
Dynamic Testing	 Project and prototype – oriented Testing for Cases / Scenarios 	 Identification of features involved in project Verification of the project's achievement of the required functionality through evaluation

	via the selected standards and
	quality assurance metrics

Table 1.7 Approaches for the Project's Quality Assurance Testing Phases

G. Pass / Fail Criteria

The succeeding table summarizes the specific criteria that may serve as the establishment of the necessary standards to properly evaluate and analyze the application's verification of the required functionalities:

Feature	Margin of Validity Margin of Fault
Security of User Registration and Login	 User is registered with a viable username and password of his/her choice User cannot be registered with a viable username and password Username and password does not work effectively
Correctness and legitimacy of event display	 The events being displayed are in line with the client's requirements The events being displayed are requirements, and are variably different to the data presently stored in the database The events being displayed are requirements, and are variably different displayed are not identical to the data presently stored in the database
Completeness of events being displayed Readability of calendar events	 The data present in the calendar are complete and conforms to the populated data The events displayed in the calendar are readable and are recognizable The data present in the calendar are incomplete and does not conform to the populated data The events displayed in the calendar are not readable and are unrecognizable The data present in the calendar are incomplete and does not conform to the populated data The events displayed in the calendar are not readable and are unrecognizable The data causes the prospect users to be misled

Event Rendering in the Calendar	The rendering of events in the calendar are in accordance to what is in the database	The rendering of events in the calendar are not in accordance to what is in the database
Dynamism of Administrator and User Privileges	 Administrator privileges are well-defined CRUD performs required functionality 	 Administrator privileges and user privileges are not defined CRUD does not perform required functionality

Table 1.8 Pass / Fail Criteria

The following table summarizes the Itemized list of expected and excusable outputs and the reason for providing space for leniency:

Feature	Expected Outputs	Excusable Outputs	Reason for Tolerances and Leniency
Registration	User must be properly registered	 User may have difficulty and may yield faults typing certain fields 	User error is not engaged by the system, mitigation factors maybe included
Login	User must be able to login as user / as an admin according to their respective roles	User may have difficulty and may yield faults typing certain fields	User error is not engaged by the system, mitigation factors maybe included
Calendar	Calendar will display output but with inherent latency	A lag in the rendering of events in the calendar	Somehow, client side queries will take its toll in the event renderer, which means that inherent latency is an application limitation
Events	 Events will be rendered in accordance to the displayed month 	Some events will load slower than others	Multiple select statements will be assessed by the system, therefore some events will yield various differentiated effects

Event Plotting	Events will render various retrieved dates from the database	Some events will be displayed in accordance to what is in the database	Events plotted are directly taken from the database, thus whatever is displayed, is whatever is retrieved
CRUD	CRUD must be able to perform the mentioned functions synchronized with the database	CRUD is not available for all items, some items only allow Read and Update	If Create and Delete is to be allowed in all features, the calendar's coding sequence would be disrupted

Table 1.9 Itemized Features and Excusable Outputs

H. Test Deliverables

a. Deliverables Matrix

The table below shows the list of deliverables that should be produced during the testing phase of the project. Specific deliverables are preferred to be delivered as a part of test validation. These deliverables should opt to support the project's overall objectives and maintain the quality.

	DELIVERABLES		
Documents	Test Approach Document		
	Test Schedule		
Test Specifications			
	Requirements Traceability Matrix		
Test Case / Bug Write - Ups Test Cases / Results			
Reports	Test Status Reports		
	Test Final Report – Sign Off		

Table 2.0 **Deliverables Matrix**

b. Documents

The section of the test plan describes some of the documents needed in performing the testing phase of the project.

i. Test Approach Document

This document describes the overall test approach to be taken in the testing phase of the project. When this document is completed, the Test Lead will distribute it to the development lead, user representative, project manager and others as required for review and sign-off.

Since the project uses the agile approach for development, the following table shows the necessary information needed in proceeding to the testing phase.

Name	Approach	Methodologies Involved
Static Testing	 Documentation – oriented Specification and Requirements Scrutiny 	 Identification of requirements, targets and methods Analysis of completeness of information necessary to proceed to development phase Evaluation of documentation and conformity to standards in the industry
Dynamic Testing	 Project and prototype – oriented Testing for Cases / Scenarios 	 Identification of features involved in project Verification of the project's achievement of the required functionality through evaluation via the selected standards and quality assurance metrics

Table 2.1 **Approach Matrix**

ii. Test Schedule

The test schedule document of this project is thoroughly described and illustrated in another section of this document. Please refer to the **Schedule section** of this test plan document.

iii. Test Specifications

The test specification document describes the system requirements, functional and design specifications primarily derived in collaboration with the client. This document provides details with regard to the construction of test cases and the basis of test scenarios indicated in the test cases.

Basically, the software requirements document of this project indicated in the Software Quality Assurance Plan became one of the main reference of the test items listed in the test cases aside from the information gathered by personally collaborating with the project

adviser and the client. For further details, please refer to the Software Quality Assurance Plan particularly the Software Requirements document, the test case document and the test cases provided by the developer team.

iv. Requirements Traceability Matrix

Requirement ID	Requirement Description	Requirement Type	Status	Priority	Software Module	Test Case Number	Tested In	Implemented In	Verification
A. SYSTEM REQUIR	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS								
001	Provides a user-friendly interface for easier navigation	Highly Needed	Completed	High	System Interface				
002	Provides a login page so that <i>registered users</i> can access the site	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Login	3.1.1			
003	Provides a sign up page to allow unregistered users to register and access the site	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Login	3.1.2			
004	Contains a calendar filled with generated readings	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.2.1			
005	Allows registered users (admin or member roles) to view the calendar and calendar events	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.2.1.1			
006	Does not allow <i>unregistered users</i> to view the calendar and calendar events	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar				
007	Filters the calendar if specific month is chosen by the user (admin or member roles)	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.3.4			

Image 2.1.1 Requirements Traceability Matrix Part 1

B. USER REQUIREN	IENTS							
008	Registered user must have a username and a password to access the website	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Login	3.1.1		
009	Registered user must access the website using the login page	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Login	3.1.1		
010	Registered user can view the calendar in a monthly basis	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.3.4		
011	Registered user can navigate through the different months of the calendar	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.3.4		
012	Registered user can choose a specific month to navigate	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.3.4		
013	Registered user can view Weekday Readings	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.4.2		
014	Registered user can view Sunday Readings	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.4.2		
015	Registered user can view Solemnities and Feasts	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.4.2		
016	Registered user can view Memorials	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.4.2		
017	Registered user can view Moveable Feasts	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar	3.4.2		
018	Registered user can click website links	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar			
019	Registered user can click buttons or tabs within the page	Highly Needed	Completed	High	Calendar			

Image 2.1.2 Requirements Traceability Matrix Part 2

c. Defect Tracking and Debugging

i. Testing Workflow

The following diagram illustrates the testing process for developers and adopters for static and dynamic testing.

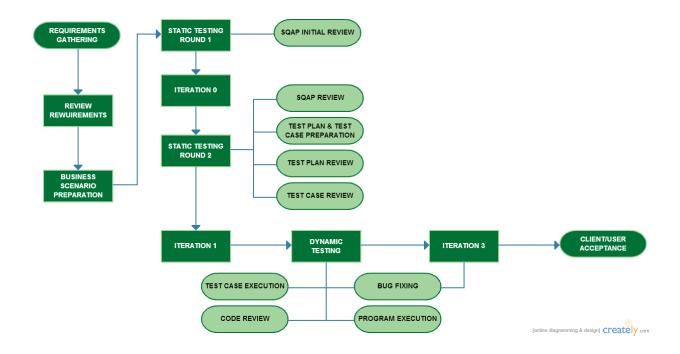


Image 2.2 Testing Workflow

ii. Defect Reporting

All bugs or defects should be logged using the Bug Report file created by the developer team. Adopters are also recommended to send bug reports upon the usage of the system. The developers will update the bug report file and notify the adopters after the defect has been reported. The Bug Report file is available in the later part of the Test Plan. Please refer to *Bug Reports* section under *Resource and Environmental Needs* of the Test Plan to see the actual Bug Report file.

d. Reports

i. Testing Status Reports

The testing status report is created by the developer team to monitor testing activities, its status and the comments in each testing activity. It is provided to the testing team to track progress in the testing phase. The following images shows the sample table included in the testing status report. Please refer to the link provided below for the actual copy of the file.

			TESTING STATUS REPOR	RT			STAT	US LEGEND
Project Name:	AngSalitaNgDiyos.com	AngSalitaNgDiyos.com Liturgical Site						ed
Project Type:	Website						Pending	
D	12-Jan-15						Yet to	
Project Start Date:	12-Jan-15						Start	
Project End Date:	12-Apr-15							
Project Adviser/s:	Mr. Joe Gene Quesada	(Software Development)						
	Mr. Allan B. Cotecson (Quality Assurance)						
	Mr. Ernesto Boydon (So	ftware Engineering)						
	Ms. Ma. Theresa Monte	mayor (Database Desigr	n and Management)					
Project Manager:	Joshua C. Dimapilis						Т	ESTING
Project Members:	Kimberly Mae B. Elizon	do						
	Trixia Marie A. Urquiza	1					1. Enter	Tasks Planne
Tester/s Name:							and iden	tify if task is
							executed	in Task
							Execute	column
Tasks Planned	Task Executed (Yes/No)	Task Execution Status	Execution Effort (Hrs)	Complete (%)	Remaining (%)	Comments	2. Identif	y Task
		Blocked			100		Execution	n Status
		Blocked			100		3. Input	execution
		Blocked			100		effort b	number of
		Blocked			100		hours	
		Blocked			100		4. Enter	percentage of
		Blocked			100		task con	pleteness
		Blocked			100		5. Leave	comments
		Blocked			100			

Image 2.3 Testing Status Report (File link)

ii. Phase Completion Reports

After completing the testing phase, the lead tester must submit the documents provided by the developer team to the testing team. The documents must be accomplished already for review and sign-off. The list of expected documents are as follow:

- 1. Test Cases
- 2. Testing Status Report
- 3. Bug Report

A discussion between the developers and the testing team regarding the content of these documents must also be conducted for further issues and queries.

iii. Test Final Report - Sign Off

The final test report document will be provided by the test lead to the developer team. This document is necessary to verify which testing actually happened, the coverage of the testing phase, the results and the assessment of the system's readiness for deployment.

I. Testing Tasks / Setup

TASKS	DESCRIPTION
Create a Test plan	Detailed documentation of the test
	plan

Create Test Cases	Detailed documentation of the test cases to be used
Create a Development Database	A development environment type of
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	database to be configured and used
	during the testing
Execute testing	Execute test scripts and other
	necessary tasks included in the test
	case
Detect and evaluate bugs and errors	During the testing there are bugs and
	errors that the testers will encounter
Report defects encountered during test	A detailed report on the defects
execution	encountered during test execution
Summary Report of Test	A Summary of the entire test including
	defects detected and the result of the
	test.

Table 2.2 Tasks Setup

J. Resources and Environmental needs

a. Testing Tools

i. Tracking Tools

In accomplishing the testing phase of this project, the testing team will perform a manual testing strategy to identify system bugs and defects. They will track system performance by executing system processes one by one. If there's any recommendation, the testing team can use any tracking tool compatible in checking the quality of the system.

b. Test Environment

The testing phase of the project will require specific hardware and software requirements that must be compatible in the system testing procedures. The required specifications are as follows:

i. Hardware

The minimum hardware requirements that will be used to test the application are:

- A completely working desktop/laptop
- Stable Internet connection

ii. Software

In addition to the hardware specifications, the following list of software should be considered / must be present in the workstation that will be used for testing:

The hosted system

c. Bug Severity and Priority Definition

Identifying bug severity and priority level are both very important in categorizing bugs and prioritizing whether the bug must be fixed immediately or not. The testing phase will definitely need the definition of each bug severity and priority level. The tester will be the one responsible in assigning the severity and priority level in each of the test scenario he/she tested. The lead tester must see to it that a correct severity level is assigned to each system bug.

i. Severity List

Severity Level	Severity Description
Level 1 (Critical)	 Impaired functionality Critically impacting client's processes The module/product crashes or the bug causes non-recoverable conditions System crashes or very unstable Database/file corruption Potential data loss Program hangs requiring reboot Security violation
Level 2 (High)	 Major system feature is missing but not critical Major system component unusable due to failure or incorrect functionality Bugs cause problems such as lack of functionality, or insufficient or unclear error messages that can have a major impact to the user Prevents other areas of the system from being tested Bugs can have a work around but the work around is inconvenient or difficult
Level 3 (Medium)	 Incorrect functionality of component or process There is a simple work around the bug Some system feature or functionality is missing or not working
Level 4 (Low)	 A cosmetic error, spelling mistake, typographical errors. Documentations errors Signed-off severity 3 bugs
	Table 2.3 Severity List

ii. Priority List

Priority	Priority Level	Priority Description
5	Very High	This bug must be fixed immediately. The system cannot proceed with further processes with this bug.
4	High	Important bugs that should be fixed as soon as possible. (Loss of function)
3	Moderate	Bugs that should be fixed within the time available. (Gradual performance)
2	Low	Bugs that are not important (at this time). These bugs can be fixed after all other high priority bugs are fixed.
1	Very Low	Enhancements/Good to have features incorporated – just are out of the current scope. (Minor nuisance)

Table 2.4 Priority List

d. Bug Reporting

In recording reports on existing bugs, the testers can use the table in an excel file created by the project team. The table is consist of three columns wherein they will log all the tests performed, describe the procedures of the test and record its results. The link to the actual bug report excel file is shown below.

			BUG REPORT	T				STATUS L	EGEND
Project Name:	AngSalitaNgDiyos.con	n Liturgical Site						Active	
Project Type:	Website							Resolved	
Project Start Date:	12-Jan-15							Fixed	
Project End Date:	12-Apr-15							Blocked	
Project Adviser/s:		(Software Development))						
	Mr. Allan B. Cotecson								
	Mr. Ernesto Boydon (So		n and Management)					+ +	
Project Manager:	Joshua C. Dimapilis	Ms. Ma. Theresa Montemayor (Database Design and Management) Joshua C. Dimapilis						TESTI INSTRUC	
Project Members:	Kimberly Mae B. Elizondo					1. Enter Test Description			
	Trixia Marie A. Urquiz	а						explain result	ts in
Test No.	Test Description	Expected Behavior	Actual Behavior	Test Case	Tester and Proof of Test	Developer's Resolution	Status	Expected an	nd Actual
1	<u>'</u>						Blocked	Behavior	
2							Blocked	2. Identify wl	hich Test
3							Blocked	Case bug / is	ssue was
4							Blocked	found	
5							Blocked	3. Input nam	
6							Blocked	and format	of proof o
7							Blocked	test (script, p	
							Blocked	4. Leave Dev	
8									
8 9							Blocked	Resolution B	
							Blocked Blocked	Resolution Bi 5. Change St Active	

Image 2.4 Bug Report

File <u>link</u>

K. Responsibilities

a. Developer

The developer team of this project, mainly consists of **Joshua C. Dimapilis, Kimberly Mae B. Elizondo** and **Trixia Marie A. Urquiza** from **Asia Pacific College**, take this project to perform software development activities that will suffice the client's current needs. The responsibilities of the developer team are as follows:

- 1. Develop the system application, in line with the client's requirements
- 2. Develop use cases and finalize requirements in collaboration with the clients/adopters
- 3. Develop Software Quality Assurance Plan of the system
- 4. Development and coding processes involved in building up the system
- 5. Conduct different kind of tests for different group (static and dynamic testing)
- 6. Support user acceptance testing
- 7. Develop test plan and test cases primarily for testing procedures
- 8. Maintenance and support on possible system bugs upon initial deployment of the system

b. Adopter

The adopter or mainly the *client* of this project is the *Archdiocesan Liturgical Commission* located in Manila. They will undertake formal adoption, testing, validation and application of the system developed upon accomplishing all the requirements needed in the system. The adopter's main responsibilities in this project are as follows:

- 1. Contribute to the development of use cases and requirements through intense review
- 2. Involvement in the iterations conducted upon developing the project
- 3. Contribute to the development and execution of the development test scripts through intense review
- Conduct full User Acceptance, regression, and end-to-end testing; the said tests will include identifying testing scenarios, creating of test scripts, executing scripts and reporting of results
- Feedbacks and recommendations upon initial testing of the system for further enhancements

c. Testing Process Management Team

The testing process management team is responsible in managing the entire testing process, workflow and quality management which is led by the testing team, the people who will test the system and record the test results. The developers and the adopter are also included in the testing process management team but with minimal involvement. This team's responsibilities are as follows:

- 1. Monitor and manage honesty and integrity in the testing process
- 2. Conduct different kind of tests (static and dynamic testing)
- 3. Support testing activities
- 4. Provide an accurate testing result for further enhancements in the system
- 5. Develop bug and test reports
- 6. Feedbacks and recommendations after conducting the testing procedures

L. Staffing and Training

The team decided to use the simple method for staffing people for the project's testing phase. The testing team is consists of the people who will test the system components and functionalities and is mainly composed of 3 testers. They are assumed to be knowledgeable of the system they are going to test. Test cases will serve as testing tools in evaluating if the components of the system pass the set of criteria. These test cases are created by project team and will be handed over to the testing team before proceeding to the testing phase. The lead tester may designate the test cases to the other testers for organization and specific evaluation. Testers will test each system component and will take note of the result using a test result table or document. Once the system is completely developed, all members of the project team will test the system thoroughly.

M. Schedule

DELIVERABLES	DATE	STATUS
 1st round of Static Testing First Round of Static Testing Project Requirements Definition Project Logical Design Project Physical Design 	2/12/2015	COMPLETE
 2nd Round of Static Testing Database Design User Interface Software Program Logic / Code 	3/12/2015	COMPLETE

 Software Error Handling Test Plan Test Cases Overall Quality of Documentation Documentation Completeness Dynamic Testing		
 Test Plan Procedure Test Cases Program Flow User Interface Error Handling Over all User Experience 	03/30/2015	COMPLETE

Table 2.5 **Schedule**

N. Risks and Contingencies

The following are the overall risks on the testing process:

Areas	Risks	Propositions
Tester	 Lack of personnel resources when testing is to begin. Lack of Knowledge about the system 	 Beforehand testers will be advised about the testing schedule. Testers will be given resources such as wiki page and test plan to provide background about the system and as well as on how the testing goes.
System	Delayed response	It is indicated in the test plan all the possible exceptions for defects / errors, testers

	 Encountered bugs / errors Delivered wrong output 	 must be aware of the list of allowable defects. For the defects / errors detected that are not part of the exempted error findings. Testers must note the reports about the errors.
Environment	 Lack of internet connection Lack of software and / or hardware Risk of web – hosting and storing massive amounts of data in the database 	 Before testing takes place, all the necessary resources must be checked if properly working. Hosting the site, with large amounts of data may be mitigated by specifying early on with the client, the expected and the actual size of the data to be stored and used for the project
Change Management	Changes to the original scope of the system	If changes on the scope have been made, testers will be advised on the possible effects of the changes and will state to the documentation so that they are aware.

Table 2.6 Risks and Contingencies

O. Approvals

The names listed below are the authorized people who can approve the process as complete and allow the project to proceed to the next level.

NAME	POSITION	DATE	SIGNATURE
Joshua C. Dimapilis	Project Manager/Developer	April 13, 2015	

Kimberly Mae B. Elizondo	Project Designer/Developer	April 13, 2015	
Trixia Marie A. Urquiza	Project Designer/Developer	April 13, 2015	
Mr. Allan B. Cotecson	Quality Assurance Adviser	March 30, 2015	
Mr. Ernesto Boydon	Project Adviser (Software Engineering)	April 17, 2015	
Mr. Joe Gene Quesada	Software Development Adviser	April 10, 2015	

Table 2.7 Approvals

VII. Deployment Plan

A. Purpose

a. Introduction

Project Identification			
Project Name AngSalitaNgDiyos.com Liturgical Site			
Project Deployment Team	Joshua C. Dimapilis		
	Kimberly Mae Elizondo		
	Trixia Marie Urquiza		
Date Created	03/08/2015		

Table 2.8 Project Deployment Identification

B. Deployment Strategy

The deployment of the project involves the integration of the existing system created by the group adviser, and the system being created by the team. Proper allocations to the deployment strategy are to be discussed in line with the client's requirements. Cross-side scripting, server-hosting and testing are all part of the *Deployment Strategy* meeting to be conducted with the group adviser and the client.

C. Deployment Schedule and Resources

- The required schedule and resources are still to be announced. (03/08/2015)
- The tentative integration schedule can be within the range of the following dates: March 23 March 28, 2015 (03/11/2015)

D. Engagement Strategy

a. Description

Deployment strategy involves the following criteria:

- Functionality Functions of developed application must be inherited by the integrated calendar
- Scalability The calendar allows room for growth, and is in line with the existing system's possible opportunities for extension
- Performance The calendar performs in line with what is expected of it based on the discussed quality assurance assessments in this plan

b. Technical Migration / Deployment Methods

For technical migration, the necessary deliverables are:

- Functional application
- Deployment schedule
- Administrator rights to existing team adviser's site
- Wrapper / iFrame instructions
- "Go signal" from the client

The deployment steps include:

- Usage of administrator rights to be able to access page to which it will be deployed
- Creation of site wrappers that may include the functional application
- Deployment approval from the client
- Deployment metrics to ensure alignment with deployment schedule

E. Technology, Infrastructure and Support Considerations a. Testing Methods and Customer Acceptance

Testing methods include the testing specifications described in the Test Plan section of this document. The quality assurance metrics are still to be considered in circumstances of testing.

Testing methods that must be exercised on the client side:

- System Integration Testing (By proponents)
- User Acceptance Testing
- Regression Testing

b. Training Requirements

Requirements for training the idealized users of the application are naturally in place. The steps involved in this training requirements may be assessed using the system's quality metrics discussed in the Software Project Management Plan of this document. Intersecting the metrics to the features to be tested in the Test Plan, we may arrive with the following training manual sections:

- Registration and Login
- Calendar view
- Reading view
- Event view
- Link Redirection
- CRUD

c. Possible Issues and Conflicts

After Static and Dynamic Testing has been accomplished, this area will be populated with possible issues, bugs, defects and other conflicts that may arise during application deployment and usage for the client.

VIII. Acceptance Plan

The following are the deliverables and their corresponding criteria based on the scope of the project and the requirements that the clients specified.

Completion©			Acceptance		
Milestone	Deliverable	Date	Review Method	Reviewers	Criteria
ALS Project Management Plan	Project Scope Specification	Feb 23,201 5	Static Testing	Project TeamQA TeamClient	Clearly define the Scope of the project and the required deliverables of the project
	Logical and Physical System design and Structure	Feb 23,201 5	Static Testing	Project TeamQA TeamClient	Clearly define and illustrate design and Structure of the System

Design	User interface and database design	Feb 23,201 5	Static Testing		ject Team Team ent	An acceptable User interface that lets the user easily navigate the system and database design that corresponds to the structure of the system
Test Plan	Document of the Test plan and procedures to validate test output and guide System Testers.	March 12, 2015	Static Testing	• QA	ject Team Team	Create test procedures and output validation for the System testers that will guide them
Test Cases	Different Modules/ Items to be tested	March 12, 2015	Static TestingDynamic Testing		ect Team Team	Each test Case should identify how the system will respond to user inputs
Calendar Application	Plot all readings for the entire year (2015)	Februa ry - April	 Dynamic Testing User Acceptanc e Regressio n Testing Integration testing 	_		Each day of the month should have a corresponding reading
	Correct Sequence of the Events based on the Biblical Calendar	Februa ry - April		-		Correct List of Readings per Month and per Day of that specific Month

	Audio Verses	Februa ry - April	 Dynamic Testing User Acceptanc e Regressio n Testing Integration testing 	•	Project Team Client Users	Plot correct Audio verses for every type of event of the entire calendar
ASND_LCM AM System – frontend	 CRUD and CRUD restrictions Page navigation Login Page restrictions 	Februa ry - April	 Dynamic Testing User Acceptanc e Regressio n Testing Integration testing 	•	Project Team QA Team Client Users	All the necessary output must comply with the requirements and test plan and test cases

Table 2.9 Acceptance Plan

IX. Installation & Acceptance

Installation Plan

INSTALLATION:

The system must be integrated to the current system of the client which is in JOOMLA.

- All the necessary files of the system must be transferred or copied to the server (CPANEL) of the current system used by the client.
- A database for the "CALENDAR" must be configured in the client's server.
- The current system of the client must be configured to integrate the "CALENDAR" in their Daily reading page.
- Some minor configuration on JOOMLA are needed based on the preference of the client on how the "CALENDAR" would look like in their system.

Table 3.0 Installation Plan

The Acceptance Configuration Plan

The following requirements are agreed upon with the client and are the criteria for the acceptance of the project.

- 1. A database that contains records for all events (Solemnities or Feasts, Events, Seasons of Lent, Advent and Easter, Weekday readings, and Sunday Readings) within a year.
- A Calendar that displays all the records for all event readings within a year and is able to adjust to the seasons of the biblical calendar and the reading cycle (Sunday and Weekday) used for that year
- **3.** The Calendar must display the **correct sequence** of event readings within a year.
- **4.** Every reading corresponds to an audio file where the users could listen to.
- The calendar should also have a **popup function** when clicked a specific reading that displays its description and a button that redirects the user to the audio file of that specific reading.
- 6. The system should also have a **CRUD** function that can be used to easily modify the records in the database.
- **7.** The system created must be integrated to the current system of the client and should function the same.

Table 3.1 Acceptance Configuration Plan

X. Appendices

The following section summarizes the documents referenced in this document.

A. References

Document	Description	Location
Name and		
Version		
Deployment	Deployment and Strategy	University System of Ohio
Strategy and	Plan from Ohio Board of	Download Link from Ohio
Plan	Regents	<u>Regents</u>
CDC UP Test	Centers for Disease	CDC UP Test Case
Case Template	Control and Prevention	<u>Template</u>
	UP Test Case Template	

Table 3.2 List of References