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## EXPERIMENT NO: 06

### ERROR DETECTION & AT DATA LINK LAYER (HAMMING CODE) CORRECTION

Aim:

Write a program to implement error detection and correction using HAMMING code concept. Make a test run to input data stream and verify error correction.

Code:

```
def string-to-binary(input_string):  
    return ''.join(format(ord(c), '08b') for c in input_string)  
  
def binary-to-string(binary_data):  
    char = []  
    for i in range(0, len(binary_data), 8):  
        byte = binary_data[i:i+8]  
        char.append(char(int(byte, 2)))  
    return ''.join(char)  
  
def calculate-parity-bits(data):  
    n = len(data)  
    i = 0  
    while (2**i) < (n+1):  
        i += 1  
    return i  
  
def insert-parity-bits(data, n):  
    n = len(data)  
    p = 0  
    k = 0  
    m = n + n  
    hamming_code = []  
    for i in range(1, m+1):  
        if i == 2**p:  
            hamming_code.append(0)  
            p += 1  
        else:  
            hamming_code.append(int(data[k]))  
            k += 1  
    return hamming_code
```



```

def detect_and_correct_error(hamming_code, r):
    n = len(hamming_code)
    error_position = 0
    for i in range(r):
        parity_pos = 2**i
        parity_val = 0
        for j in range(1, n+1):
            if j and parity_pos:
                parity_val ^= hamming_code[j-1]
        if parity_val != 0:
            error_position += parity_pos
    if error_position:
        print(f"error at: {error_position}")
        hamming_code[error_position - 1] ^= 1
        print(f"corrected hamming code: {hamming_code}")
    else:
        print("No error detected")
    return hamming_code

```

```

def extract_data_from_hamming_code(hamming_code, r):
    j = 0
    data = []
    for i in range(1, len(hamming_code)+1):
        if i != 2**j:
            data.append(hamming_code[i-1])
        else:
            j += 1
    return ' '.join(map(str, data))

```

```

def main():
    input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
    binary_data = string_to_binary(input_string)
    print(f"Binary is '{input_string}': {binary_data}")
    r = calculate_parity_bits(binary_data)
    hamming_code = insert_parity_bits(binary_data, r)
    hamming_code = calculate_parity_values(hamming_code, r)

```



```

print(f"hamming code: {hamming_code}")
print("\n Introduce error")
error_bit = int(input(f"Enter the bit position
(1-{len(hamming_code)}): "))
hamming_code[error_bit - 1] = 1
print(f"hamming code with error: {hamming_code}")
hamming_code = detect_and_error(hamming_code, r)
corrected_binary_data = extract_data_from_hamming(
    hamming_code, r)
corrected_string = binary_to_string(corrected_binary_data)
print(f"final output after correcting: {corrected_string}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Output:

Enter a string: hi

Binary representation of 'hi' is 0110100001101001

Hamming code with parity: [0,0,0,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,0]

Introducing a single bit error

Enter the bit position, to introduce an error: 2

Hamming code with error: [0,1,0,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,1]

Correcting hamming code: [0,0,0,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,1]

Final output after correcting 'hi'

Result:

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20/8/24

Thus the program of error correction at datalink layer by hamming code is successfully executed and output is verified