

---

## Table of Contents

Aero 302 Lab 3 .....	1
Plots .....	2
Derivative Function .....	4

## Aero 302 Lab 3

Section 7 Group 1

```
clear; clc;

% span = 26.453125 in
% +/- 1/16 in
% chord = 4.680 in
% +/- .001 in

span = 0.671909375;      %m
spansigma = 0.0015875;   %m
chord = 0.118872;        %m
chordsigma = 0.0000254;  %m

s = span*chord;

lbf2N = 4.44822;

q20 = 1/2*1.225*20^2;

% import all of the data

fds = fileDatastore('C:\Users\joels\Documents\MATLAB\Lab 3 Data', 'ReadFcn',
    @importdata);

fullFileNames = fds.Files;

numFiles = length(fullFileNames);

% Loop over all files reading them in and plotting them.

for k = 1 : numFiles
    data(k) = load(fullFileNames{k}, "-mat");
end

% Pull alpha info from filenames
for k = 1 : numFiles - 1
    alpha(k) = str2double(fullFileNames{k}(52));
    if fullFileNames{k}(53) ~= 'R'
        alpha(k) = (alpha(k) * 10) + str2double(fullFileNames{k}(53));
    end
    if fullFileNames{k}(51) == 'N'
        alpha(k) = -alpha(k);
    end
end
```

---

```

end

for k = 1 : numFiles
    data(k).F = data(k).F * lbf2N;
end

% Calc lift force, drag force, cl, cd
for k = 1 : numFiles - 1
    L(:,k) = (-data(k).F(:,3));
    Cl(:,k) = L(:,k)/((mean(data(k).P(:,1))-mean(data(k).P(:,2)))*s);

    index = floor((alpha(k)+30)*73.46);
    tare = ((abs(mean(data(67).F(index,1)))/q20)*(mean(data(k).P(:,1))-
mean(data(k).P(:,2)))));
    data(k).F(:,1) = data(k).F(:,1) - tare;

    D(:,k) = data(k).F(:,1);
    Cd(:,k) = D(:,k)/((mean(data(k).P(:,1))-mean(data(k).P(:,2)))*s);
end

[alpha,I] = sort(alpha);
L = L(:,I);
D = D(:,I);
Cl = Cl(:,I);
Cd = Cd(:,I);

```

## Plots

```

y = L./D;

figure(1)
hold on; grid on;
errorbar(alpha(1:3:60),mean(Cl(:,1:3:60)),std(Cl(:,1:3:60)),'r')
errorbar(alpha(2:3:60),mean(Cl(:,2:3:60)),std(Cl(:,2:3:60)),'g')
errorbar(alpha(3:3:60),mean(Cl(:,3:3:60)),std(Cl(:,3:3:60)),'b')
title("Coeffecient of Lift v AoA")
legend("Re1", "Re2", "Re3")
xlabel("Angle of Attack (Degrees)")
ylabel("Cl")

figure(2)
hold on; grid on;
errorbar(alpha(1:3:60),mean(Cd(:,1:3:60)),std(Cd(:,1:3:60)),'r')
errorbar(alpha(2:3:60),mean(Cd(:,2:3:60)),std(Cd(:,2:3:60)),'g')
errorbar(alpha(3:3:60),mean(Cd(:,3:3:60)),std(Cd(:,3:3:60)),'b')
title("Coeffecient of Drag v AoA")
legend("Re1", "Re2", "Re3")
xlabel("Angle of Attack (Degrees)")
ylabel("Cd")

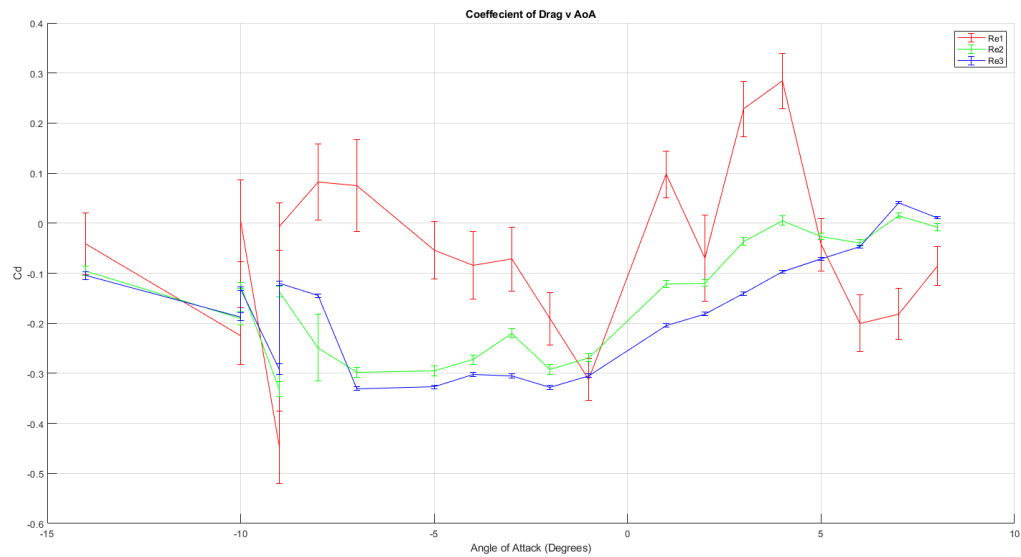
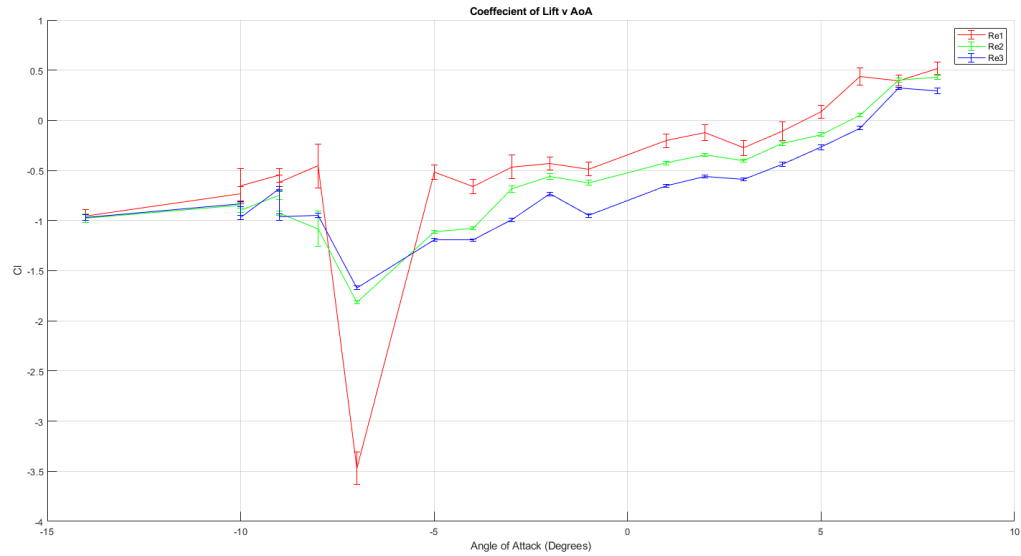
figure(3)
hold on; grid on;
errorbar(alpha(1:3:60),mean(y(:,1:3:60)),std(y(:,1:3:60)),'r')

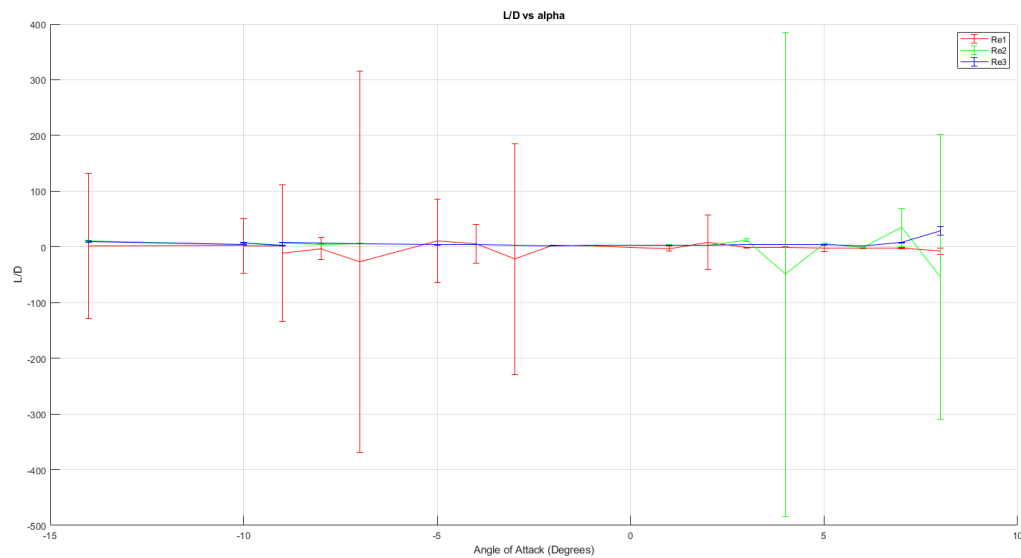
```

```

errorbar(alpha(2:3:60),mean(y(:,2:3:60)),std(y(:,2:3:60)),'g')
errorbar(alpha(3:3:60),mean(y(:,3:3:60)),std(y(:,3:3:60)),'b')
title("L/D vs alpha")
legend("Re1","Re2","Re3")
xlabel("Angle of Attack (Degrees)")
ylabel("L/D")

```





## Derivative Function

```
function[sigma_Cl, sigma_Cd, sigma_ClCd] = sigmafunc(p0, ps, fx, fz, Cl, Cd)
```

```
% fx, fz, Cl, Cd must be row vectors of length 66 (1,66)
```

```
qinf = p0 - ps;

qinfp = mean(qinf);

std_qinf = std(qinf);

b = 67.1909375;

c = 11.8872;

S = b*c;

partialL = 1/((qinfp)*(S));

partialq = -fz./((S)*(qinfp)^2);

partialS = -fz./((qinfp)*S^2);

std_fz = std(fz);
```

---

```

std_fx = std(fx);

partialb = c;

partialc = b;

sigmab = 0.15875;

sigmac = 0.00254;

sigma_S = sqrt( (partialb*sigmab)^2 + (partialc*sigmac)^2 );

sigma_C1 = zeros(1,66);

for i = 1:length(C1)

    sigma_C1(1,i) = sqrt( (partialL*std_fz)^2 + (partialq(1,i)*std_qinf)^2
+ (partialS(1,i)*sigma_S)^2 );

end

partialD = 1/((qinf)*(S));

partialqD = -fx./((S)*(qinf)^2);

partialSD = -fx./((qinf)*S^2);

sigma_Cd = zeros(1,66);

for i = 1:length(Cd)

    sigma_Cd(1,i) = sqrt( (partialD*std_fx)^2 +
(partialqD(1,i)*std_qinf)^2 + (partialSD(1,i)*sigma_S)^2 );

end

partialC1 = 1./Cd;

partialCd = -C1./(Cd.^2);

```

---

---

```
sigma_ClCd = zeros(1,66);  
  
for i = 1:length(sigma_ClCd)  
    sigma_ClCd(1,i) = sqrt( (partialCl(1,i)*sigma_Cl(1,i))^2 +  
    (partialCd(1,i)*sigma_Cd(1,i))^2 );  
  
end  
  
end
```

*Published with MATLAB® R2022a*