

Given a string,  $s$ , matching the regular expression `[A-Za-z !,?._ '@]+`, split the string into *tokens*. We define a token to be one or more consecutive English alphabetic letters. Then, print the number of tokens, followed by each token on a new line.

**Note:** You may find the [String.split](#) method helpful in completing this challenge.

### Input Format

A single string,  $s$ .

### Constraints

- $1 \leq \text{length of } s \leq 4 \cdot 10^5$
- $s$  is composed of *any* of the following: English alphabetic letters, blank spaces, exclamation points ( `!` ), commas ( `,` ), question marks ( `?` ), periods ( `.` ), underscores ( `_` ), apostrophes ( `'` ), and at symbols ( `@` ).

### Output Format

On the first line, print an integer,  $n$ , denoting the number of tokens in string  $s$  (they *do not* need to be unique). Next, print each of the  $n$  tokens on a new line in the same order as they appear in input string  $s$ .

### Sample Input

```
He is a very very good boy, isn't he?
```

### Sample Output

```
10
He
is
a
very
very
good
boy
isn
t
he
```

### Explanation

We consider a token to be a contiguous segment of alphabetic characters. There are a total of **10** such tokens in string  $s$ , and each token is printed in the same order in which it appears in string  $s$ .