

Query the two cities in **STATION** with the shortest and longest *CITY* names, as well as their respective lengths (i.e.: number of characters in the name). If there is more than one smallest or largest city, choose the one that comes first when ordered alphabetically.

### Input Format

The **STATION** table is described as follows:

STATION	
Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
CITY	VARCHAR2(21)
STATE	VARCHAR2(2)
LAT_N	NUMBER
LONG_W	NUMBER

where *LAT\_N* is the northern latitude and *LONG\_W* is the western longitude.

### Sample Input

Let's say that *CITY* only has four entries: *DEF*, *ABC*, *PQRS* and *WXY*

### Sample Output

```
ABC 3
PQRS 4
```

### Explanation

When ordered alphabetically, the *CITY* names are listed as *ABC*, *DEF*, *PQRS*, and *WXY*, with the respective lengths **3**, **3**, **4**, and **3**. The longest-named city is obviously *PQRS*, but there are **3** options for shortest-named city; we choose *ABC*, because it comes first alphabetically.

### Note

**You can write two separate queries to get the desired output. It need not be a single query.**