

Supplementary Document for “VSD-MOEA: A Dominance-Based Multi-Objective Evolutionary Algorithm with Explicit Variable Space Diversity Management”

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I. MULTIMEDIA MATERIAL

This section is devoted to provide a detailed description of the included video. Specifically, to have a better understanding of the behaviour of each algorithm a simulation with the problem WFG5 is build. The WFG5 problem is selected given its properties that makes it perhaps the most difficult one (under standard parameterization) of the WFG Toolkit. The main peculiarity of this problem dwell in its desceptiveness, which involves several local optimal and maningful attraction bassins to mislead the search process of the algorithms. In addition, the Pareto optimal solutions of the distance parameters of the WFG5 have the following values:

$$x_{i=k+1:n} = 2i \times 0.35 \quad (1)$$

Particularly, in this simulation is taken into account the next configuration. Each algorithm was run with two objectives and two decision variables, whose number of position and distance parameters was set to one. The number of generations was set to 1000, and the remaining configuration was the same as is indicated in the main document.

Figures ONE TWO THREE, are taken of the video and belong to the 0%, 50% and 100% of total generations.

II. COMPARISON AGAINST STATE-OF-THE-ART MOEAS IN LONG-TERM

In this section the statistical and test results of the IGD+ are shown [1]. Particularly, the stopping criterion was set to 250,000 generations. Table I shows the attained IGD+ for the benchmark functions with two objectives. Specifically, the minimum, maximum, mean and standard deviation of the IGD+ for each tested method and function is presented. The last row shows the results considering all the functions together. In each function, the data of the method that attained the largest mean is shown in bold face. Additionally, all the methods that are not statistically inferior than such method

are shown in bold face. Thus, the methods shown in bold face in a give problem are referred to as the winning methods. Therefore, the amount of functions where each method attained the best results with two objectives are VSD-MOEA and R2-EMOA with 8 and 13 respectively. Evenmore, the mean IGD+ of all the function attained by the VSD-MOEA is quite superior than the remaining algorithms (including the R2-EMOA). In fact, the total mean of R2-EMOA (0.060), NSGA-II (0.051) and MOEA/D (0.062) are similar. In contrast VSD-MOEA achieved a better value (0.021). Futhermore, in the cases where VSD-MOEA loses, the difference with respect to the best methods is not large. In fact, the IGD+ attained by VSD-MOEA and by the best method was never larger than 0.05. However, all the other methods presented a deterioration larger than 0.05 in several cases. The counting of functions with deterioration larger than 0.05 is 7, 5 and 8 for MOEA/D, NSGA-II and R2-EMOA respectively. Therefore, if VSD-MOEA loses in some cases, its deterioration is always small resulting in a robust behavior.

In order to have a better understading, several pair-wise statistical tests were done among each tested method in each function. As it is explained in the main document, the table III shows statistical test for the two-objective cases. The calculated data confirms that although VSD-MOEA loses in some cases, the overall numbers of wins and losses favor VSD-MOEA.

Tables II and IV shows the same information for the problems conformed of three objectives. In this case, the superiority of VSD-MOEA is even clearer. Takng into account the mean of all functions, VSD-MOEA attained much larger mean of the IGD+ in comparison to the other methods. Particularly, VSD-MOEA attained the value 0.059, whereas the second ranked algorithm (R2-EMOA) attained a value 0.093. The difference between IGD+ attained by VSD-MOEA was never larger than 0.05. However, all the other methods presented a deterioration larger than 0.05 in at least one problem. Particularly, it happened in 5, 8 and 7 problems for MOEA/D, NSGA-II and R2-EMOA respectively. Evemore, VSD-MOEA is notably superior than the other methods in terms of both: total deterioration and statistical-tests (wins). VSD-MOEA won in 49 pair-wise comparisons, whereas the second best ranked algorithm (R2-EMOA) won in 35 pair-wise comparisons.

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TABLE I
SUMMARY OF THE IGD+ RESULTS ATTAINED FOR PROBLEMS WITH TWO OBJECTIVES

	MOEA/D				NSGA-II				R2-EMOA				VSD-MOEA			
	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std
WFG1	0.006	0.015	0.008	0.002	0.006	0.014	0.008	0.002	0.006	0.061	0.013	0.014	0.006	0.019	0.008	0.003
WFG2	0.006	0.055	0.052	0.011	0.003	0.053	0.040	0.022	0.053	0.055	0.054	0.000	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000
WFG3	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.000	0.011	0.013	0.012	0.000	0.008	0.009	0.008	0.000	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.000
WFG4	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.000	0.007	0.010	0.008	0.001	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.000	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.000
WFG5	0.060	0.069	0.065	0.002	0.060	0.068	0.066	0.002	0.064	0.066	0.065	0.000	0.038	0.057	0.047	0.006
WFG6	0.034	0.073	0.050	0.010	0.034	0.064	0.051	0.007	0.034	0.076	0.053	0.010	0.068	0.088	0.081	0.004
WFG7	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.000	0.008	0.010	0.009	0.000	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.000	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.000
WFG8	0.103	0.120	0.112	0.005	0.116	0.139	0.125	0.005	0.103	0.120	0.110	0.004	0.026	0.099	0.043	0.025
WFG9	0.011	0.125	0.067	0.053	0.014	0.127	0.101	0.046	0.009	0.125	0.067	0.053	0.009	0.014	0.011	0.001
DTLZ1	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000
DTLZ2	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ3	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ4	0.002	0.363	0.105	0.163	0.002	0.363	0.064	0.136	0.002	0.363	0.167	0.180	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ5	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ6	0.022	0.149	0.076	0.027	0.126	0.315	0.205	0.036	0.019	0.128	0.078	0.027	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ7	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000
UF1	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.000	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.000	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000
UF2	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.000	0.008	0.010	0.010	0.000	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.001	0.004	0.007	0.005	0.001
UF3	0.141	0.237	0.180	0.022	0.052	0.127	0.084	0.020	0.119	0.210	0.183	0.021	0.038	0.095	0.057	0.013
UF4	0.024	0.031	0.026	0.001	0.027	0.039	0.033	0.003	0.019	0.023	0.021	0.001	0.020	0.024	0.022	0.001
UF5	0.079	0.593	0.265	0.120	0.091	0.254	0.142	0.033	0.079	0.521	0.215	0.131	0.088	0.154	0.132	0.014
UF6	0.066	0.529	0.380	0.108	0.037	0.542	0.193	0.114	0.064	0.432	0.266	0.103	0.021	0.065	0.038	0.011
UF7	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.000	0.007	0.008	0.007	0.000	0.003	0.242	0.046	0.082	0.003	0.009	0.004	0.001
Mean	0.026	0.105	0.062	0.023	0.027	0.095	0.051	0.019	0.026	0.107	0.060	0.027	0.016	0.029	0.021	0.003

TABLE II
SUMMARY OF THE IGD+ RESULTS ATTAINED FOR PROBLEMS WITH THREE OBJECTIVES

	MOEA/D				NSGA-II				R2-EMOA				VSD-MOEA			
	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std	Min	Max	Mean	Std
WFG1	0.080	0.100	0.090	0.005	0.142	0.179	0.160	0.010	0.058	0.098	0.079	0.010	0.049	0.070	0.058	0.006
WFG2	0.057	0.068	0.063	0.002	0.073	0.133	0.097	0.014	0.102	0.104	0.103	0.000	0.031	0.048	0.037	0.004
WFG3	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.000	0.031	0.061	0.039	0.005	0.022	0.023	0.022	0.000	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.000
WFG4	0.127	0.127	0.127	0.000	0.121	0.144	0.132	0.005	0.095	0.098	0.097	0.001	0.090	0.094	0.093	0.001
WFG5	0.177	0.184	0.181	0.002	0.160	0.186	0.170	0.005	0.147	0.158	0.153	0.003	0.140	0.150	0.146	0.003
WFG6	0.155	0.205	0.175	0.012	0.159	0.196	0.177	0.009	0.122	0.151	0.140	0.007	0.156	0.173	0.166	0.005
WFG7	0.127	0.127	0.127	0.000	0.113	0.138	0.123	0.007	0.094	0.102	0.097	0.001	0.092	0.094	0.094	0.001
WFG8	0.189	0.194	0.192	0.001	0.244	0.274	0.256	0.008	0.161	0.166	0.163	0.001	0.099	0.154	0.109	0.015
WFG9	0.130	0.240	0.154	0.036	0.138	0.246	0.224	0.025	0.099	0.211	0.119	0.037	0.099	0.210	0.118	0.036
DTLZ1	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.000	0.017	0.020	0.018	0.001	0.013	0.014	0.014	0.000	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.000
DTLZ2	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.000	0.030	0.036	0.032	0.001	0.023	0.024	0.023	0.000	0.024	0.025	0.024	0.000
DTLZ3	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.000	0.027	0.032	0.030	0.001	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.000	0.024	0.025	0.024	0.000
DTLZ4	0.027	0.595	0.092	0.181	0.028	0.036	0.032	0.001	0.023	0.595	0.190	0.225	0.024	0.025	0.024	0.000
DTLZ5	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ6	0.022	0.163	0.087	0.032	0.126	0.224	0.187	0.027	0.003	0.136	0.069	0.033	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000
DTLZ7	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.000	0.038	0.052	0.044	0.003	0.060	0.087	0.079	0.008	0.027	0.029	0.028	0.000
UF8	0.048	0.365	0.069	0.051	0.093	0.220	0.178	0.031	0.027	0.159	0.033	0.022	0.025	0.034	0.029	0.002
UF9	0.041	0.151	0.086	0.049	0.106	0.314	0.139	0.049	0.025	0.137	0.094	0.053	0.022	0.028	0.024	0.001
UF10	0.163	0.565	0.294	0.125	0.198	0.658	0.261	0.080	0.159	0.553	0.257	0.131	0.070	0.187	0.103	0.026
Mean	0.078	0.170	0.099	0.026	0.097	0.166	0.121	0.015	0.066	0.150	0.093	0.028	0.054	0.074	0.059	0.005

TABLE III
STATISTICAL TESTS AND DETERIORATION LEVEL OF THE IGD+ FOR TWO OBJECTIVES

	↑	↓	↔	Deterioration
MOEA/D	23	34	12	0.979
NSGA-II	11	49	9	0.725
R2-EMOA	34	22	13	0.922
VSD-MOEA	51	14	4	0.036

TABLE IV
STATISTICAL TESTS AND DETERIORATION LEVEL OF THE IGD+ FOR THREE OBJECTIVES

	↑	↓	↔	Deterioration
MOEA/D	15	37	5	0.787
NSGA-II	6	46	5	1.214
R2-EMOA	35	16	6	0.669
VSD-MOEA	49	6	2	0.039

REFERENCES

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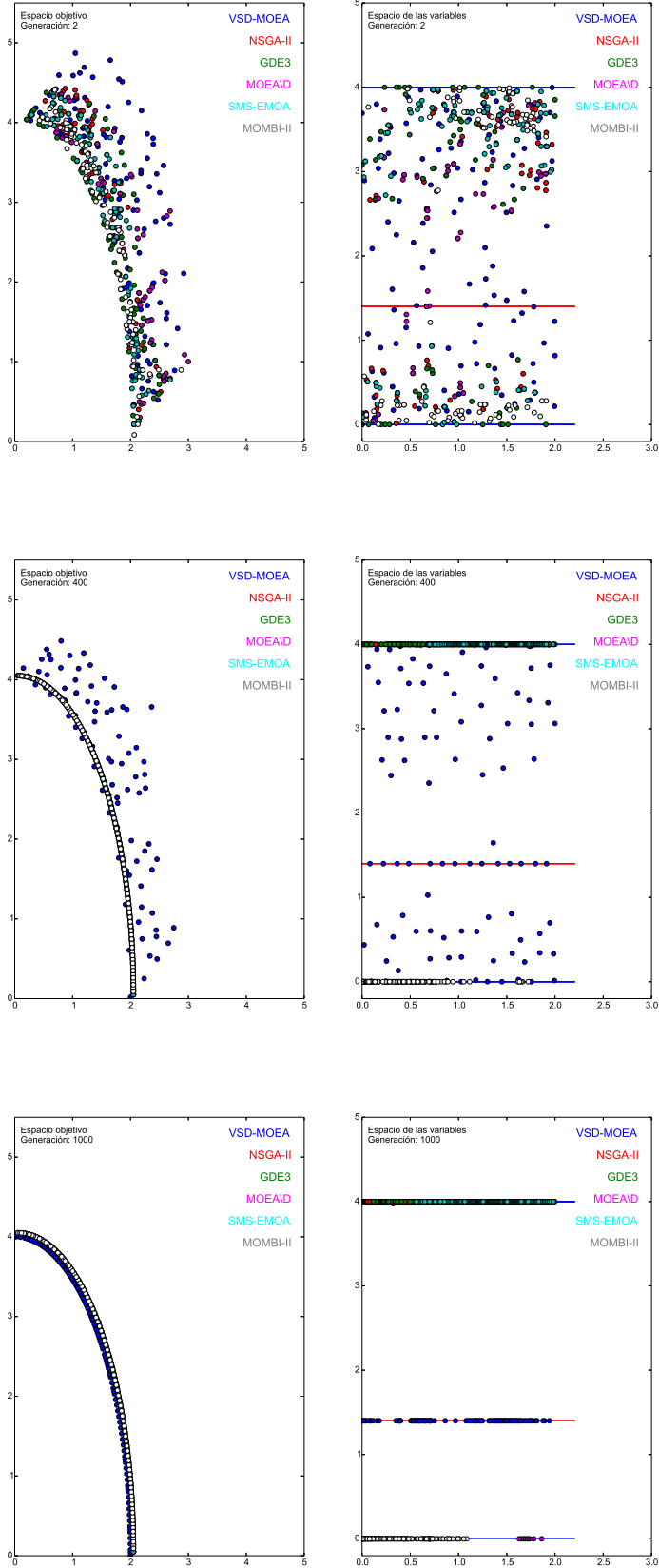


Fig. 1. Performance of MOEAs for the problems with three objectives considering three ranges of stopping criterion: short-term (first row), middle-term (second row) and long-term (third row).