METHODOLOGIES AND APPLICATION



A new differential evolution algorithm for solving multimodal optimization problems with high dimensionality

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Abstract Differential evolution (DE) is an efficient intelligent optimization algorithm which has been widely applied to real-world problems, however poor in solution quality and convergence performance for complex multimodal optimization problems. To tackle this problem, a new improving strategy for DE algorithm is presented, in which crossover operator, mutation operator and a new local variables adjustment strategy are integrated together to make the DE more efficient and effective. An improved dynamic crossover rate is adopted to manage the three operators, so to decrease the computational cost of DE. To investigate the performance of the proposed DE algorithm, some frequently referred mutation operators, i.e., DE/rand/1, DE/Best/1, DE/currentto-best/1, DE/Best/2, DE/rand/2, are employed, respectively, in proposed method for comparing with standard DE algorithm which also uses the same mutation operators as our method. Three state-of-the-art evolutionary algorithms (SaDE, CoDE and CMAES) and seven large-scale optimization algorithms on seven high-dimensional optimization problems of CEC2008 are compared with the proposed algorithm. We employ Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test to further test the difference significance of performance between our algorithm and other compared algorithms. Experimental results

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demonstrate that the proposed algorithm is more effective in solution quality but with less CPU time (e.g., when dimensionality equals 1000, its mean optimal fitness is less than 1e-9 and the CPU time reduces by about 19.3% for function Schwefel 2.26), even with a very small population size, no matter which mutation operator is adopted.

Keywords Differential evolution \cdot Dynamic crossover operator \cdot Local adjustment strategy \cdot High dimensionality \cdot Multimodal optimization problems

1 Introduction

Since the differential evolution (DE) algorithm was proposed by Storn and Price (1995), Storn and Price (1997), Price et al. (2006), Storn and Price (1996), it has become one of hot areas of research quickly. With advantages of less parameter, strong search ability, and simplicity, it has been widely employed to tackle engineering optimization problems (Wang et al. 2010; Pan et al. 2011; Kitayama et al. 2011; Cai et al. 2011; Liu et al. 2014; Xu et al. 2007; Liao 2010; Joshi and Sanderson 1997). Although researches on DE have reached a very high level during the last several years, there still exist some shortcomings in DE, such as weak global search ability for multimodal optimization problems, and expensive running cost for high-dimensional problems.

To enhance the performance of solving complex multimodal problems, the improvements of many DE variants concentrate mainly on the mutation operator, crossover operation, and parameters [such as crossover rate (CR), scale factor (F), and population size (Islam et al. 2012)]. Some of them Cai et al. (2011), Liu et al. (2014), Xu et al. (2007), Liao (2010), Joshi and Sanderson (1997), Islam et al. (2012), Qin et al. (2009), Wang et al. (2011), Wang et al. (2012),



Kovačević et al. (2014), Zhou et al. (2013), Ghosh et al. (2011) have successfully improved the performance for solving low-dimensional optimization problems. However, for some complex multimodal optimization problems with high dimensionality (>200), the DE and variants are still unsatisfactory. That is because the equilibrium between population diversity (global exploration power) and convergence of algorithm (local exploitation power) is extremely difficult owing to some internal intrinsic difficulties on complex multimodal optimization problems. It must be assured that the population diversity on each decision variable can be maintained before the region in which the global optimal solution is contained is found. If the population on one decision variable loses the diversity prematurely, the DE algorithm will disable to find the global optimal solution on this decision variable. In this study, a novel crossover operator combined with a new local adjustment strategy is presented. It can contribute to maintain a strong global exploration power in the early stage of searching process by using a large crossover probability and a large adjustment-step. Moreover, it can intensify the local exploitation power in the later period of evolution using a small crossover rate and fine-tuning strat-

In this paper, the improved strategy includes three respects as follows,

- (1) The mutation operator and the crossover operator are integrated together to decrease the computational cost for solving a high-dimensional problem.
- (2) A local adjustment strategy is combined with crossover operator, which is conducive to enhance the population diversity due to a large disturbance step in the early period of evolution process, and intensify the local exploitation power using a small adjustment-step in the later stage of evolution period.
- (3) The crossover rate (CR) decreases dynamically with the increasing of the iteration times. In this way, a large CR in the beginning is beneficial to enhance the learning with other individuals in the early stage, and a small CR can intensify the local exploitation power in the later stage.

The rest of this paper is organized in the following way: Sect. 2 introduces the standard differential evolution algorithm. Section 3 reviews the related works on DE in briefly. The proposed algorithm is presented in Sect. 4 in detail. Experimental results are investigated in Sect. 5. Finally, Sect. 6 summarizes this work.

2 Differential evolution algorithm

In this study, the optimization problems with bound constraint are expressed as:

 $\underset{X}{\text{minimize}} f(X)$

$$X = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_D) \in S = \prod_{j=1}^{D} [x_{L_j}, x_{U_j}]$$

where f(X) is the objective function, D is the dimensionality of problem. x_{L_j} and x_{U_j} are the lower bound and upper bound of variable x_i .

Differential evolution (DE), as a swarm intelligent optimization algorithm, needs a population with *NP* individuals. Each individual in DE represents a point of search space and improves the fitness value by finding the difference between itself and other individuals.

The algorithmic framework of DE is expressed as follows:

- Step 1 Set the parameters: scaling factor (F), crossover rate (CR), number of population (NP) and the terminal condition.
- Step 2 Initialize the individuals $X^1(t_0)$, $X^2(t_0), \dots, X^{NP}(t_0)$ randomly from search space S to form the initial population.

$$X^{i}(t_{0}) = xL + \text{rand}(1, D) \cdot *(x_{U} - x_{L})$$

where rand(1, D) is a vector that includes D uniformly distributed random numbers lying between 0 and 1; ".*" denotes the Hadamard product.

- Step 3 For each individual X^i (i = 1, 2, ..., NP) in the population, do the following operations:
- (3.1) *Mutation operation* Create a donor vector $V^i(t) = \left(v_1^i(t), v_2^i(t), \dots, v_D^i(t)\right)$ corresponding to individual $X^i(t) = \left(x_1^i(t), x_2^i(t), \dots, x_D^i(t)\right)$ by mutation operation. The typical mutation operations are listed in the following:

(1) DE/rand/1:
$$v_j^i(t) = x_j^{r_1}(t) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_2}(t) - x_j^{r_3}(t)\right)$$

(2) DE/best/1:
$$v_j^i(t) = x_j^{\text{best}}(t) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_1}(t) - x_j^{r_2}(t)\right)$$

(3) DE/current-to-best/1:
$$v_j^i(t) = x_j^i(t) + F \times$$

$$\left(x_j^{\text{best}}(t) - x_j^i(t)\right) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_1}(t) - x_j^{r_2}(t)\right)$$

(4) DE/best/2:
$$v_j^i(t) = x_j^{\text{best}}(t) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_1}(t) - x_j^{r_2}(t)\right)$$

$$+F \times \left(x_j^{r_3}(t) - x_j^{r_4}(t)\right)$$

(5) DE/rand/2:
$$v_j^i(t) = x_j^{r_1}(t) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_2}(t) - x_j^{r_3}(t)\right) + F \times \left(x_j^{r_4}(t) - x_j^{r_5}(t)\right)$$

where \vec{F} is the scale factor; r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4 and r_5 are integers which are chosen from the set $\{1, 2, ..., NP\}$ randomly, and they are mutually exclusive; t is the iteration times; "best" is the index of the optimal individual in population.



(3.2) Crossover operation Create a trial vector $U^i(t) = (u_1^i(t), u_2^i(t), \dots, u_D^i(t))$ through mixing the donor vector $V^i(t)$ and the target vector $X^i(t)$ under crossover operation. The most frequently referred crossover operator is the binomial crossover, as follow

$$u^i_j(t) = \begin{cases} v^i_j(t) \text{, if } \mathrm{rand}(0,1) \leq \mathrm{CR} \mathrm{ \ or \ } j == J \\ x^i_j(t), \mathrm{ \ otherwise} \end{cases}, \ j = 1, 2, \dots, D$$

where J is an integer that is chosen from the range [1, D] randomly; CR is the crossover rate.

(3.3) Selection operation Determine whether the trial vector $U^{i}(t)$ can replace the target vector $X^{i}(t)$. The selection operation is as follow

$$X^{i}(t+1) = \begin{cases} U^{i}(t) &, \text{ If } f\left(U^{i}(t)\right) \leq f\left(X^{i}(t)\right) \\ X^{i}(t) &, \text{ If } f\left(U^{i}(t)\right) > f\left(X^{i}(t)\right) \end{cases}$$

3 Previous work on DE

Performance of DE is limited on convergence property and solution quality. It is claimed that solution quality is sensitive to parameter setting and the characteristics (unimodal, multimodal) of problem (Gamperle et al. 2002). Many variants of DE have been proposed to improve the performance, which are generally classified into four categories (Wang et al. 2012):

- (1) Parameters (i.e., F, CR and NP) are adjusted with dynamic adjustment strategy or self-adaptive strategy (Islam et al. 2012; Qin et al. 2009; Wang et al. 2011; Kovačević et al. 2014; Ghosh et al. 2011; Wang and Dang 2007; Weber et al. 2011; Brest et al. 2006; Zhang and Sanderson 2009). Many attempts have been made to improve global search ability by tuning the parameters with dynamic strategy or adaptive strategy. Liu and Lampinen (2005) introduced a fuzzy adaptive DE algorithm, which adjusts scaling factor F and crossover rate CR by using a fuzzy knowledge-based system. Zhang and Sanderson (2009), respectively, employed normal distribution and Cauchy distribution to generate dynamic F and CR. SaDE is proposed by Qin et al. (2009), in which the trial vector generation strategies and parameters (F, CR) are adjusted adaptively by learning from historical search. Wang et al. (2011) introduced a composite DE (CoDE) by combining several effective trial vector generation strategies.
- (2) New mutation or crossover operators are introduced Fan and Lampinen (2003), Bhowmik et al. (2010), Das et al.

- (2009), Zhang and Sanderson (2009), Das et al. (2005). Fan and Lampinen (2003) presented a trigonometric mutation operator, so to accelerate the convergence speed. Das et al. (2009) proposed a neighborhood-based mutation operator which is combined with global mutation model.
- (3) DE algorithm is hybridized with other methods (Wang et al. 2007, 2001; Jia et al. 2011; Neri et al. 2011; Noman and Iba 2008; Rahnamayan et al. 2008) to enhance the performance of DE for complex problems.
- (4) The multi-population strategies (Tasgetiren and Suganthan 2006; Zaharie and Petcu 2003) and dynamic population size Brest et al. (2008) are proposed to enhance the population diversity and improve global exploration power. DE is combined with cooperative co-evolution as a dimension decomposition mechanism (Zamuda et al. 2008).

4 The proposed algorithm

For a multimodal optimization problem with high dimensionality, the computing cost is very expensive for many intelligent algorithms, which are easily trapped into a local search. The DE and variants also have the shortcomings. To tackle the problems, the most commonly method is to improve the diversity of population, such as setting large size population (NP), multi-population strategy and hybridizing with other complex technique. However, the strategy of large size of NP and multi-population would make the computed amount increase greatly and reduce the convergence speed of algorithm. Hybridizing DE combined with other methods usually makes algorithm very complex.

To tackle these problems, we proposed a new DE algorithm with small population size, in which the mutation operator, the crossover operator and a proposed local adjustment strategy are integrated together for decreasing the computational cost, and the CR is adjusted dynamically with evolution process for balancing the exploration power and the exploitation power.

In Fig. 1, the proposed algorithm is described in detail.

As shown in Fig. 1, there are three primary difference between our algorithm and the standard DE algorithm.

- (1) Each trial vector $U^i(t)$ (i = 1, 2, ..., NP) is assigned to $X^i(t)$ before mutation and crossover operation.
- (2) A new local adjustment strategy is incorporated into the crossover operator to enhance the capability of global search.
- (3) Both the mutation and the crossover are controlled by parameter CR, which will be analyzed in Sect. 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3.



Algorithm: proposed DE algorithm

Input: Objective function, D, NP, MaxIteration, x_L , x_U , F, CR_{max} , CR_{min} , AS_{max} , AS_{min} , AS_{mid} , LAR_{max} , LAR_{min} . **Output**: global optimal solution and fitness;

Initialization: MaxFEs=MaxIteration × NP; For i=1 to NP $X^{i}(t_{0}) = xL + rand(1, D) * (x_{U} - x_{L});$ $F^{i} = fitness(X^{i}(t_{0}));$ EndFor **Evolutionary process:** For t=1 to MaxIteration Calculate the CR(t), LAR(t) and AS(t) with equation (1),(2) and (3); For each target vector X^{i} ($i = 1, 2, \dots, NP$), do $U^i(t) = X^i(t)$; $J = \lceil rand(0,1) * D \rceil$; for each i in $\{1, 2, \dots, D\}$ do if $rand(0,1) \le CR(t)$ or j == J $v = Call \quad Mutation(x_i^i(t));$ / /(1) *Mutation* $u_i^i(t) = v;$ //(2)Crossover if $rand(0,1) \le LAR(t)$ $u_{i}^{i}(t) = u_{i}^{i}(t) + (0.5 - rand(0,1)) * AS_{i}(t);$ elseif $rand(0,1) \le 0.1 * LAR(t)$ (3)Local Adjustment $u_{i}^{i}(t) = xL_{i} + rand(0,1)*(x_{U_{i}} - x_{L_{i}});$ endif endfor $|\overline{F}^i = fitness(U^i(t));$ $|if \overline{F}^i \leq F^i$ (4) Selection $X^{i}(t+1) = U^{i}(t); \quad F^{i}(t+1) = \overline{F}^{i};$ endif EndFor EndFor

Fig. 1 The flow chart of proposed algorithm

4.1 The dynamic crossover rate

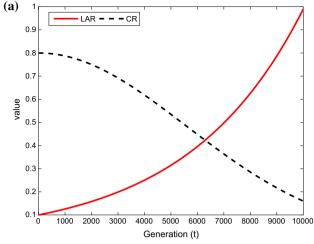
Unlike conventional DE fixed the CR from beginning to end, in the proposed algorithm, CR is dependent on a dynamic function. At the early stage of evolution, the CR obtains a large probability value for mutation, crossover and local adjustment. At the later stage of evolution, the CR gets a small value to tune the decision variables for finding high-precision solution. The expression of CR is given in Eq. (1), and changing curve of CR is shown in Fig. 2a.

$$CR(t) = CR_{max} \times \left(\frac{CR_{min}}{CR_{max}}\right)^{\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^2}$$
 (1)



4.2 The local adjustment strategy

Local adjustment (LA) strategy is proposed for jumping out of local search in the early stage of search and for exploiting high-precision solutions in the later stage of evolution. The LA consists of step disturbance and random perturbation. The step disturbance is used for adjusting trial solution with local adjustment rate (LAR) in the neighborhood of current position. Random perturbation is for exploring new unknown region in the feasible space with probability 0.1^* LAR, which can effectively avoid trapping into local search. The value of LAR increases from LAR_{min} to LAR_{max} with the increasing t (see Eq. 2) and the change curve is shown in Fig. 2b.



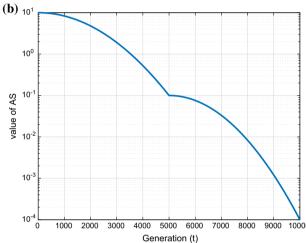


Fig. 2 a The change curves of CR and LAR. b The change curve of local adjustment step (AS)

$$LAR(t) = LAR_{min} \times \left(\frac{LAR_{max}}{LAR_{min}}\right)^{\frac{t}{T}}$$
 (2)

The adjustment step (AS) varies with iteration t dynamically, as shown in Eq. (3). In the beginning phase of evolution, the AS having a large value aims to explore new regions. With the increasing of t, the value of AS gradually decreases from AS_{max} to AS_{mid} . When the region including global optimal solution has been located, the value of AS has also become very small relatively, the DE will begin to concentrate all efforts on exploiting the high-precision solution in the found region.

$$AS(t) = \begin{cases} AS_{\text{max}} \times \left(\frac{AS_{\text{mid}}}{AS_{\text{max}}}\right)^{\left(\frac{t}{T/2}\right)^{2}}, & t \leq \frac{T}{2} \\ AS_{\text{mid}} \times \left(\frac{AS_{\text{min}}}{AS_{\text{mid}}}\right)^{\left(\frac{t-T/2}{T/2}\right)^{2}}, & t > \frac{T}{2} \end{cases}$$
(3)

where $AS_{min} < AS_{mid} < AS_{max}$.

In the Eq. (3), a large value of AS and a small value of LAR can keep strong perturbation capability in search space so as to find new region or jump out of local extreme area. When the globally optimal region has been located, small AS and large LAR are beneficial to find high-precision solution. The change curve of AS is shown in Fig. 2b.

4.3 Integrating the mutation operation and the crossover operation

In the standard DE algorithm, whether the crossover operation is carried out on $x_j^i(t)(i=1,2,\ldots,\mathrm{NP};j=1,2,\ldots,D)$ or not, the mutation operation is always performed on each variable $x_j^i(t)$ of target vector $X^i(t)=\left(x_1^i(t),x_2^i(t),\ldots,x_D^i(t)\right)$ so as to generate the donor vector $V^i(t)=\left(v_1^i(t),v_2^i(t),\ldots,v_D^i(t)\right)$. However, usually, there are only part of values in $\left(v_1^i(t),v_2^i(t),\ldots,v_D^i(t)\right)$ could be adopted in trial vector $U^i(t)=\left(u_1^i(t),u_2^i(t),\ldots,u_D^i(t)\right)$, which is as follow

$$u_j^i(t) = \begin{cases} v_j^i(t), & \text{if rand } < \text{CR or } j == J\\ x_j^i(t), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For a high-dimensional problem, the mutation operation is performed on only a few of variables if the value of CR(t) is very small, which causes much redundant computation. To reduce the redundant calculation, the mutation operation is integrated with the crossover operation in the proposed DE algorithm, in which the mutation operation will be performed on only the variables that have been selected to perform the crossover operation.

5 Numerical experiments

5.1 Experimental environment and parameter setting

Sixteen complex benchmark functions (Hedar 2013; Tang et al. 2007a, b; Herrera et al. 2010) (shown in Table 3) are employed to investigate the performance of the proposed algorithm. The effect of parameters to our method is analyzed in Sect. 5.2. We compare the quality of solutions in Sect. 5.3 and the difference significance between our approach and compared algorithms using the Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test in Sect. 5.4. The experimental analysis and the comparison of population diversity are list in Sects. 5.5 and 5.6, respectively.

All the experiments were performed on Windows XP 32 system with Intel(R) Core(TM) i3-2120 CPU@3.30 GHz and 2 GB RAM, and all the program codes were written in MATLAB R2009a.

In the experiments, five state-of-the-art mutation operators (DE/rand/1, DE/Best/1, DE/current-to-best/1, DE/Best/2, and DE/rand/2) are employed in our algorithm, respectively. We name the five improved mutation operators as



Table 1 The parameter setting for all comparison algorithms

Algorithm	NP	F	CR	Others
DE/rand/1	30	0.6	0.3	
DE/Best/1				
DE/current-to-best/1				
DE/Best/2				
DE/rand/2				
DE/rand/1_2	5	0.6	$CR_{max} = 100/D, CR_{min} = 30/D$	$\begin{aligned} \text{LAR}_{\text{max}} &= 0.99, \text{LAR}_{\text{min}} = 0.1; \text{AS}_{\text{max}} \\ &= (x_{\text{U}} - x_{\text{L}})/10, \text{AS}_{\text{mid}} = (x_{\text{U}} - x_{\text{L}})/(1E+4), \text{AS}_{\text{min}} = (x_{\text{U}} - x_{\text{L}})/(1E+15) \end{aligned}$
DE/Best/1_2 (myDE)				
DE/current-to-best/1_2				
DE/Best/2_2				
DE/rand/2_2				
SaDE	50	$F \sim N(0.5, 0.3)$	$CR \sim N(CR_m, 0.1)$	c = 0.1; p = 0.05
CoDE	30	F = [1.0, 1.0, 0.8]	CR = [0.1, 0.9, 0.2]	
CMAES	50	$\delta = 0.25, \ \mu = \lfloor \frac{1}{2} (4 - 1) \rfloor$	$+ \lfloor 2\log(N) \rfloor \rfloor, \tau_1 = 0.1, \tau_2 = 0.1$	

DE/rand/1_2, DE/Best/1_2 (also called myDE), DE/current-to-best/1_2, DE/Best/2_2 and DE/rand/2_2. In the same way, the five mutation operators are adopted in standard DE algorithm respectively, which are called DE/rand/1, DE/Best/1, DE/current-to-best/1, DE/Best/2 and DE/rand/2, correspondingly.

Parameters setting for the all algorithms are shown in Table 1 (the parameters values of SaDE, CoDE and CMAES are identical to original papers Qin et al. 2009; Wang et al. 2011; Hansen and Ostermeier 2001).

The MATLAB source codes of SaDE, CMAES, CoDE were downloaded from: http://ist.csu.edu.cn/paper%20and%20matlab%20code/Differential%20evolution%20 with%20composite%20trial%20vector%20generation%20 strategies%20and%20control%20parameters/CoDE.RAR) (Wang et al. 2011).

Our algorithm (myDE) also compare with seven state-of-the-art algorithms (Brest et al. 2008; Hsieh et al. 2008; Macnish and Yao 2008; Tseng and Chen 2008; Wang and Li 2008; Zamuda et al. 2008; Zhao et al. 2008) which are used for testing large-scale single objective global optimization with bound constraints in CEC'2008 special session.

5.2 Effect of NP and CR on performance of the proposed algorithm

5.2.1 Effect of NP on the accuracy of solution

To investigate the effect of NP (from 5 to 35) on the performance of proposed algorithm, sixteen complex benchmark functions are employed to verify myDE algorithm. The dimensionality of all functions is set to 1000, maximum function evaluation times (MaxFEs) is set to 5×10^6 . For different

NP, the mean value (Mean) of the best fitness of 10 independent run times are shown in Table 2.

It can be seen clearly from Table 2 that, when NP = 5, the mean optimal solution of the proposed algorithm is superior to or equal to that of others for all functions except for function F_6 and F_{16} . So we recommend the NP is set to 5.

5.2.2 Effect of CR_{max} and CR_{min} on the accuracy of solution of the proposed algorithm

In the proposed algorithm, the parameter CR is changed dynamically with the evolution process, which depends on the CR_{max} and CR_{min} . Appropriate values of CR_{max} and CR_{min} are very important to the proposed algorithm. In this section, we investigate the effect of CR_{max} and CR_{min} on performance of the myDE algorithm.

Parameters setting: D=1000; CR_{max} is read from set $A=\{0.24,0.2,0.16,0.12,0.08\}(\{240/D,200/D,160/D,120/D,80/D\})$; CR_{min} is read from set $B=\{0.08,0.06,0.04,0.02\}$ ($\{80/D,60/D,40/D,20/D\}$). Full combinatorial values of the set A and B are used to investigate the effect on the performance of algorithm. The experimental results are shown in Figs. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

It can be seen from Figs. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 that, for most of functions, the smaller the CR_{max} and CR_{min} are, the higher precision the solution is. That is because the smaller the CR is, the higher the probability that new generated trial vector $U^i(t)$ is superior to $X^i(t)$ is, thus the higher the success rate that $X^i(t+1) = U^i(t)$ is. But the CR (CR_{max} and CR_{min}) cannot be set too small value, which will lead to the decrease of convergence speed. A great number of simulation experiments show that setting CR_{max} between SO/D and SO/D is an appropriate choice, and setting SOR_{min} between



Table 2 Comparison of the mean optimal solution with change of NP for Functions $F_1 - F_{16}$ on D = 1000

NP		Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean		Mean
5	F_1	2.59E-13	F_3	-4.33E+02	<i>F</i> ₅	3.64E-12	<i>F</i> ₇	1.01E-09	F 9	-4.50E+02	F_{11}	1.05E+03	F_{13}	-1.80E+02	F_{15}	-7.36E+03
10		3.11E-13		-2.32E+02		9.22E+01		1.01E-09		-4.50E+02		1.23E+03		-1.80E+02		-5.91E+03
15		1.43E-02		-2.18E+02		2.25E+03		3.53E-01		-4.50E+02		1.10E+03		-1.80E+02		-5.22E+03
20		2.02E-12		-2.13E+02		2.65E+03		1.04E-09		-4.50E+02		1.27E+03		-1.80E+02		-5.23E+03
25		2.24E-09		-2.09E+02		2.97E+03		5.38E-05		-4.50E+02		1.16E+03		-1.80E+02		-5.13E+03
30		1.76E-07		-2.05E+02		3.13E+03		2.37E+01		-4.50E+02		1.07E+03		-1.80E+02		-5.09E+03
35		2.20E-02		-2.02E+02		3.22E+03		5.34E+03		-4.50E+02		3.49E+03		-1.80E+02		-4.95E+03
5	F_2	7.77E-16	F_4	6.58E-26	F_6	6.38E+02	F_8	3.03E-25	F_{10}	-4.32E+02	F_{12}	-3.30E+02	F_{14}	-1.40E+02	F_{16}	3.51E+02
10		1.48E-13		1.28E-25		6.54E+02		5.79E-25		-4.16E+02		-3.25E+02		-1.40E+02		8.67E+01
15		1.71E-02		5.82E-04		6.77E+02		2.62E-03		-4.14E+02		9.12E+02		-1.40E+02		1.17E+01
20		7.77E-16		4.43E-21		7.32E+02		6.31E-23		-4.05E+02		1.26E+03		-1.40E+02		3.56E+01
25		7.77E–16		3.40E-13		6.02E+02		4.58E-17		-4.04E+02		1.67E+03		-1.40E+02		1.43E+02
30		2.04E-12		1.10E-09		5.95E+02		4.54E-13		-4.03E+02		1.91E+03		-1.40E+02		5.71E+02
35		4.34E-02		1.43E-03		5.18E+02		6.11E-03		-4.00E+02		2.19E+03		-1.40E+02		5.42E+02

Italics denotes the best results obtained with the corresponding NP

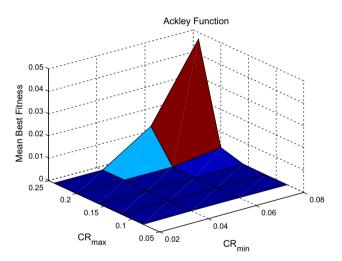
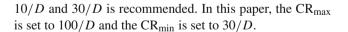


Fig. 3 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Ackley function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)



5.3 Comparisons of solution quality

To investigate the performance of the proposed algorithm, the following two tests are carried out.

(*Test 1*) All algorithms are performed on sixteen complex high-dimensional benchmark functions (shown in Table 3), and the results of proposed algorithm are compared with that of standard DE algorithm which use DE/rand/1, DE/Best/1, DE/current-to-best/1, DE/Best/2, and DE/rand/2 as the mutation operation. In 20 independent runs, the mean fitness value (Mean), standard deviation of fitness (SD) and the mean run

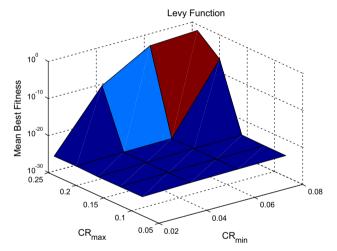


Fig. 4 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Levy function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

time (CPU time) are summarized in Tables 4, 5 and 6. Figures 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 compare the convergence curves of mean optimal fitness values of ten algorithms. The statistical box plots in Figs. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 draw the distributions of optimal solutions of the six functions in 20 independent runs for ten algorithms.

(Test 2) The DE/Best/1_2 (called myDE in this work) is compared with three state-of-the-art evolutionary algorithms (SaDE Qin et al. 2009, CMAES Hansen and Ostermeier 2001, CoDE Wang et al. 2011). In the test, the best fitness value (Best), Mean, the worst fitness value (Worst), SD, and the mean run time of 20 independent runs for each function are shown in Tables 7, 8 and 9. The convergence curves of mean optimal fitness values of four algorithms are shown in



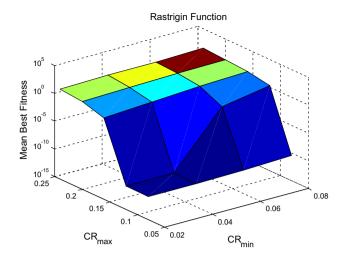


Fig. 5 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Rastrigin function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

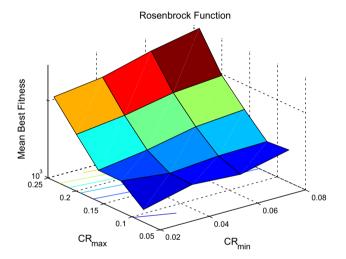


Fig. 6 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Rosenbrock function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

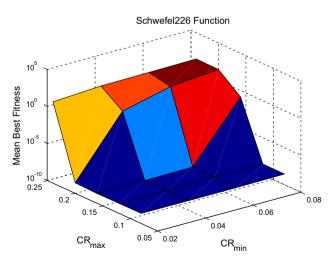


Fig. 7 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Schwefel 2.26 function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

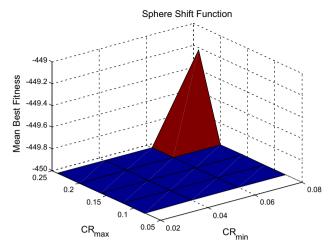


Fig. 8 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Sphere shift function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

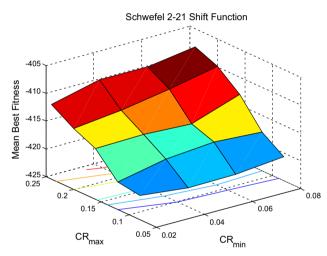


Fig. 9 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Schwefel2.21 shift function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

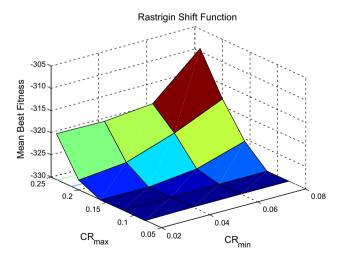


Fig. 10 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Rastrigin shift function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)



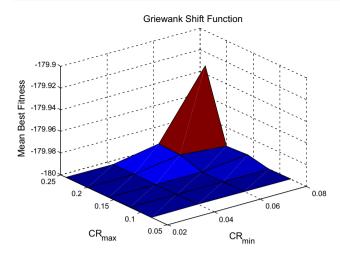


Fig. 11 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Griewank shift function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

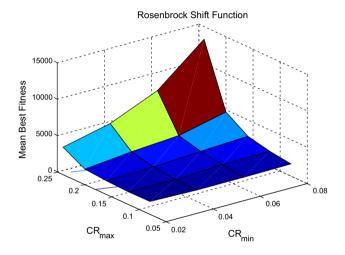


Fig. 12 The surface change chart of optimal solution of Rosenbrock shift function on different CR_{max} and CR_{min} (D=1000)

Fig. 25. And the optimal solution distribution of 20 independent runs of four algorithms is drawn in Fig. 26.

(Test 3) The myDE algorithm is compared with seven state-of-the-art high-dimensional optimization algorithms (jDEdynNP-F Brest et al. 2008, EPUS-PSO Hsieh et al. 2008, UEP Macnish and Yao 2008, MTS Tseng and Chen 2008, LSEDA-gl Wang and Li 2008, DEwSAcc Zamuda et al. 2008, DMS-PSO Zhao et al. 2008) that are proposed to solve large-scale optimization problems. In the test, seven functions (F_9 – F_{15}) in CEC 2008 (which does not contains the bias) are employed to compare with 1000 dimensions. To make a fair comparison, MaxFEs=1000D, 25 independent runs for each problems. The experimental results (see Table 10) of the seven state-of-the-art algorithms are all from the original paper and website: http://www.ntu.edu.sg/home/EPNSugan/(http://www.ntu.edu.sg/home/EPNSugan/index_files/CEC-08/CEC2008_SUMMARY.pdf).

5.4 Statistical pairwise test: the Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test

To further investigate overall performance of the proposed algorithm for solving all test functions, nonparametric Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test is employed to compare the performance with other algorithms. In the Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test, with statistical significance value a=0.05, if p value smaller than or equal to significance level (a) value is produced, null hypothesis for the test is rejected. The statistical results are shown in Table 11. "W+" denotes the sum of ranks of the problems in which the left algorithm outperformed the right; "W=" indicates the sum of ranks of the problems in which the left algorithm had the same performance with the right; "W-" is the sum of ranks of the functions in which the right algorithm outperformed the left (Derrac et al. 2011; Civicioglu 2013).

5.5 Analysis of experimental results

A detailed view of Tables 4, 5 and 6 shows that the improved DE algorithm outperform the standard DE algorithm on most of test functions in terms of all three metrics (Mean, SD, runtime); specially for eleven multimodal functions, the proposed algorithm is superior to standard DE algorithm with same mutation operators, and with the increasing of dimensionality ($200 \rightarrow 1000$), its performance advantage is more apparent and it takes less CPU runtime than standard DE.

It indicates in Figs. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 that the convergence curve of proposed algorithm is active during the evolution process. And we can find easily from Figs. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 that the proposed DE algorithm can obtain higher precision solution than standard DE and the distribution of all the optimal solutions of the independent runs of our method is narrower than the standard DE, which means that our method is more stable than the standard DE.

Table 7, 8 and 9 show that, for most of functions, the advantages of proposed algorithm (myDE) are obvious over other three algorithms in terms of the five performance metrics (Best, Mean, Worst, SD, run time), and for others functions, its optimal solutions are almost equivalent to that of the best results of all algorithms. The CMAES algorithm has slim advantages on quality of solutions for functions F_2 , F_6 , F_8 , F_9 , F_{10} and F_{11} over the proposed algorithm; however, its CPU runtime is much more than that of myDE, and it needs much large storage space $(O(D^2))$.

In Fig. 25, the convergence curve of proposed algorithm falls slower than other algorithms in the early stage, but its curve keeps decreasing during the searching process, which illustrates that the proposed algorithm can avoid prematurely trapping into local search. But other three algorithms are easy to be dropped into local minimum due to the quick convergence in the early stage of search process.



Table 3 Sixteen complex benchmark functions($F_1 - F_{16}$)

Table 3 State of the Complex Concludes a factor of the conclusion				
Function name	Benchmark functions expression	Search range	Optimum value	Type multimodal (M) unimodal (U)
F_1 Ackley function	$F_1(X) = \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{D}{b}\sum_{i=1}^{D}x_i^2}} - \frac{1}{e}\sum_{i=1}^{D}\cos(2\pi x_i) + 20 + e$	$[-15, 30]^D$	$X^* = (0, 0, \dots, 0), F_1(X^*) = 0$	M
F_2 Griewank function	$F_2(X) = \frac{1}{4000} \sum_{i=1}^{D} x_i^2 - \prod_{i=1}^{D} (\cos(\frac{x_i}{\sqrt{i}})) + 1$	$[-600, 600]^D$	$X^* = (0, 0, \dots, 0), F_2(X^*) = 0$	$oxdam{ imes}$
F_3 Michalewics function	$F_3(X) = -\sum_{i=1}^{D} \sin(x_i) \left(\sin(ix_i^2/\pi) \right)^{2m}; m = 10$	$[-10,\pi]^D$	unknown	M
F_4 Levy function	$F_4(X) = \sin^2(\pi y_1) + \sum_{i=1}^{D-1} \left[(y_i - 1)^2 \left(1 + 10 \sin^2(\pi y_i + 1) \right) \right] + (y_D - 1)^2 \left(1 + 10 \sin^2(2\pi y_D) \right) y_i = 1 + \frac{x_i - 1}{4}, i = 1, 2, \dots, D$	$[-10, 10]^D$	$X^* =$ (1, 1,, 1), $F_4(X^*) = 0$	M
F_5 Rastrigin function	$F_5(X) = 10D + \sum_{i=1}^{D} (x_i^2 - 10\cos(2\pi x_i))$	$[-5.12, 5.12]^D$	$X^* = (0, 0, \dots, 0), F_5(X^*) = 0$	M
F_6 Rosenbrock function	$F_6(X) = \sum_{i=2}^{D} \left[(x_i^2 - x_{i-1})^2 + (x_i - 1)^2 \right]$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = (1, 1, \dots, 1), F_6(X^*) = 0$	Ω
F ₇ Schwefel 2.26 function	$F_7(X) =$ 418.982887272434D - $\sum_{i=1}^{D} x_i^2 \sin(\sqrt{ x_i })$	$[-512, 512]^D$	$X^* = (420.9687, 420.9687, \dots, 420.9687),$ $F_7(X^*) = 0$	M
F_8 Sphere function	$F_8(X) = \sum_{i=1}^D x_i^2$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = (0, 0, \dots, 0), F_8(X^*) = 0$	Ω
F_9 Sphere shift function	$F_9(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{D} z_i^2 + \text{bias}, z = X - o; o = [o_1, o_2, \dots, o_D]; \text{bias} = -450$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = o, F_9(x^*) = -450$	Ω
F_{10} Schwefel_Shift function	$F_{10}(X) = \max(z) + \text{bias}, z = X - o; o = [o_1, o_2, \dots, o_D]; \text{ bias } = -450$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{10}(X^*) = -450$	U



lable 3 continued				
function name	Benchmark functions expression	Search range	Optimum value	Type multimodal (M) unimodal (U)
r ₁ 1 Rosenbrock shift function	$F_{11}(X) = \sum_{\substack{D \\ i=2}} [100(z_i^2 - z_{i-1})^2 + (z_i - 1)^2] + \text{bias, } z = X - o; o = [o_1, o_2, \dots, o_D]; \text{bias} = 390$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{11}(X^*) = 390$	Ω
r ₁₂ Rastrigin shift function	$F_{12}(X) = \frac{1}{4000} \sum_{i=1}^{D} z_i^2 - \prod_{i=1}^{D} (\cos(\frac{z_i}{\sqrt{i}})) + 1 + $ $\text{bias}_z = (X - o) \times M, o = $ $[o_1, o_2, \dots, o_D]; \text{bias} = -330$	$[-600,600]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{12}(X^*) = -330$	M
r ₁₃ Griewank shift function	$F_{13}(X) = 10D + \sum_{i=1}^{D} (z_i^2 - 10\cos(2\pi z_i)) + \text{bias}$ $z = X - o; o = [o_1, o_2, \dots, o_D]; \text{ bias} =$ -180	$[-5.12, 5.12]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{13}(X^*) = -180$	M
r _{l4} Ackley shift function	$F_{14}(X) = -20e^{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{D}{D}\sum_{i=1}^{2}r_{i}^{2}}} - e^{\frac{1}{D}\sum_{i=1}^{D}\cos(2\pi z_{i})} + 20 + e + \text{bias}z = X - o; o = [o_{1}, o_{2}, \dots, o_{D}]; \text{bias} = -140$	$[-32, 32]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{14}(X^*) = -140$	M
'l ₅ FastFractal 'DoubleDip' function	$F_{15}(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{D} fractal1D(x_i + twist(x_{(i \text{ mod } D)+1}))$ $twist(y) = 4(y^4 - 2y^3 + y_j^2)$ $fractal1D(x) \approx \sum_{k=1}^{3} \sum_{1}^{2^{k-1}} r^{mn2}(o)$ $\sum_{k=1}^{3} \sum_{1}^{2^{k-1}} \frac{1}{r^{mn2}(o)}$ $doubledip(x, c, s) = \begin{cases} (-6144(x - c)^6 + 3088(x - c)^4 \\ -392(x - c)^2 + 1)s \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} 0, \text{ oth } erwise \\ \text{vith seed } o, \text{ with equal probability from the interval}[0, 1] \end{cases}$	$[-1,1]^D$	Unknown	Σ



Table 3 continued				
Function name	Benchmark functions expression	Search range	Optimum value	Type multimodal (M) unimodal (U)
	$ran2(o)$: integer, pseudo randomly chosen, with seed o, with equal probability from the set $\{0, 1, 2\}$			
	fractal $D(x)$ is an approximation to a recursive algorithm, it does not take account of wrapping at the boundaries, or local re-seeding of the random generators.			
F_{16} : Schaffer Shift function	$F_{16}(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{D-1} (z_i^2 + z_{i+1}^2)^{0.25} (\sin^2(50))$ $\times (z_i^2 + z_{i+1}^2)^{0.1} + 1), z = X - o$	$[-100, 100]^D$	$X^* = o, F_{16}(X^*) = 0$	M



Table 4 Experimental results (Mean, SD and mean CPU runtime) (D=200)

1												
Algorithm	F_1			F_2			F_3			F_4		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	3.38E-14	1.58E-15	1.72E+01	I.IIE-I6	0.00E+00	3.61E+01	-6.68E+01	1.15E+00	6.25E + 0I	4.54E-02	2.03E-01	6.58E+01
$DE/rand/1_2$	6.34E-14	8.02E-15	3.10E+01	4.93E-04	2.20E-03	4.53E+01	-1.62E+02	1.41E+01	8.87E + 01	5.98E-10	1.76E-09	6.90E + 01
DE/best/1	1.11E+01	9.78E-01	2.07E+01	1.40E+00	2.37E+00	2.78E+01	-7.44E+01	4.37E+00	7.10E+01	9.00E + 01	1.66E + 01	5.66E + 0I
$DE/best/1_2$	1.65E-13	6.93E-15	2.79E+01	6.16E-04	2.75E-03	3.61E+01	-1.98E+02	6.97E-01	6.25E+01	2.44E-26	1.19E-27	8.94E + 01
DE/rand/2	1.20E-01	3.69E-01	2.94E+01	4.66E-03	1.25E-02	2.91E+01	-6.29E+01	1.80E + 00	7.72E+01	1.32E+01	5.32E+00	6.24E + 0I
$DE/rand/2_2$	5.54E-14	4.35E-15	4.20E+01	4.93E-04	2.20E-03	4.65E+01	-1.26E+02	8.17E+00	7.49E+01	3.58E-31	6.87E-31	6.67E + 01
DE/current-to-best/1	1.16E + 01	6.45E-01	3.28E + 01	1.80E + 02	3.92E + 01	2.74E+01	-1.54E+02	4.22E+00	5.34E+01	5.44E+01	9.84E + 00	6.29E + 0I
DE/current-to-best/1_2	9.22E-14	6.22E-15	3.98E + 01	5.32E-15	1.37E-15	3.23E+01	-9.92E+01	I.88E+00	8.19E + 01	6.36E-31	6.39E-31	6.85E + 0I
DE/best/2	3.11E-14	3.16E-15	I.86E+0I	1.36E-03	3.34E-03	2.55E+01	-6.28E+01	I.18E+00	5.59E+01	1.41E+01	4.41E+00	9.59E + 01
$DE/best/2_2(myDE)$	5.58E-14	5.70E-15	3.46E + 01	5.38E-16	2.53E-16	3.26E+01	-1.27E+02	6.13E+00	6.27E + 01	3.83E-31	5.67E-31	7.19E+01
Algorithm	F ₅			F_6			F_7			F_8		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	1.53E+03	3.32E+01	2.51E+01	1.92E+02	I.09E+0I	I.56E+0I	5.13E + 04	1.01E+03	3.67E+01	2.27E-37	1.77E-37	I.23E+0I
$DE/rand/1_2$	3.13E-02	4.91E-02	4.32E+01	2.48E + 02	5.53E + 01	2.62E + 01	3.73E-10	1.79E-11	5.46E + 01	2.68E-35	1.53E-36	2.18E + 01
DE/best/1	5.54E+02	9.55E + 01	3.09E+01	8.71E+03	2.03E + 04	I.7IE+0I	2.68E + 04	1.66E+03	4.23E+01	3.23E-51	I.31E-50	I.67E+0I
$DE/best/1_2$	3.07E-13	1.69E–13	4.07E+01	2.57E+02	5.02E+01	3.19E + 01	3.51E-10	6.51E-12	5.26E + 01	1.11E-25	8.69E-27	3.09E + 01
DE/rand/2	1.49E + 03	5.11E+01	2.19E+01	2.67E + 02	4.98E+01	2.55E+01	2.04E + 04	1.89E + 03	3.75E+01	1.95E-54	3.02E-54	I.98E+0I
DE/rand/2_2	3.55E-01	7.47E-01	2.66E+01	2.66E + 02	5.86E + 01	3.49E + 01	I.55E+0I	3.34E+01	4.59E+01	1.06E-35	8.01E-37	2.79E+01
DE/current-to-best/1	3.89E + 02	4.76E+01	I.98E+0I	2.37E+05	6.49E + 04	2.56E+01	3.42E + 04	I.45E+03	4.10E+01	5.24E+02	8.28E + 01	2.35E+0I
DE/current-to-best/1_2	4.41E+02	8.61E + 01	2.70E+01	2.26E+02	4.06E+01	3.29E + 01	3.8IE + 04	4.54E+03	4.91E+01	1.08E-35	5.08E-37	3.18E + 01
DE/best/2	I.51E+03	5.79E+01	3.28E+01	3.05E + 02	5.52E + 01	2.61E + 01	2.15E + 04	1.99E+03	4.26E+0I	3.15E-54	2.53E-54	2.37E+01
DE/best/2_2(myDE)	3.40E-01	7.59E-01	2.90E+01	2.23E+02	3.05E + 0I	3.36E+01	I.39E+0I	I.67E+0I	4.98E+01	1.08E-35	6.27E-37	3.36E+01



Table 4 continued												
Algorithm	F_9			F_{10}			$\overline{F_{11}}$			$\overline{F_{12}}$		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Ru

Algorithm	F_9			F_{10}			F_{11}			$\overline{F_{12}}$		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	-4.50E+02	5.83E-14	I.88E+0I	-4.15E+02	8.22E+00	2.38E+0I	1.27E+06	5.69E+06	2.21E+01	9.73E+02	2.84E+01	2.42E+01
$DE/rand/1_2$	-4.50E+02	1.49E-13	3.10E + 01	-4.45E+02	5.24E-01	4.22E+01	2.71E+03	3.64E+03	3.29E + 01	-3.30E+02	7.04E-01	3.32E+01
DE/best/1	-2.31E+02	4.27E+02	2.19E+01	-3.45E+02	4.25E+00	3.00E+01	1.28E + 08	3.32E+08	2.43E+01	3.93E + 02	9.97E + 01	2.39E+01
$DE/best/1_2$	-4.50E+02	1.46E-13	3.01E + 01	-4.44E+02	5.52E-01	3.06E + 01	6.85E + 02	9.10E + 01	3.10E + 01	-3.30E+02	5.05E-14	3.15E + 01
DE/rand/2	-4.50E+02	7.02E-14	2.28E+01	-3.94E+02	5.44E+00	2.22E+0I	6.99E + 02	6.87E + 01	2.35E+01	8.39E + 02	6.40E + 01	2.61E + 01
$DE/rand/2_2$	-4.50E+02	1.33E-13	2.94E + 01	-4.46E+02	3.59E-01	2.76E+01	6.31E + 02	5.78E+01	3.10E + 01	-3.29E+02	1.42E+00	3.14E + 01
DE/current-to-best/1	1.40E + 05	2.36E + 04	2.28E+01	-3.57E+02	3.89E + 00	2.25E+0I	3.04E+10	7.19E+09	2.36E+01	5.96E + 02	6.42E + 01	2.44E+01
$DE/current-to-best/1_2$	-4.50E+02	1.19E-13	2.95E + 01	-4.47E+02	6.12E-01	2.86E + 01	6.30E + 02	7.59E+01	3.05E+01	2.01E+02	6.79E+01	3.24E + 01
DE/best/2	-4.50E+02	5.98E-14	2.24E+01	-3.88E+02	1.18E + 01	2.27E+01	7.35E+02	1.35E+02	2.40E+01	8.59E + 02	7.66E + 01	2.60E+01
$DE/best/2_2(myDE)$	-4.50E+02	1.20E-13	2.88E + 01	-4.46E+02	4.03E-01	2.85E+01	6.14E + 02	5.40E + 01	3.18E + 01	-3.30E+02	8.76E–01	3.25E+01
Algorithm	F_{13}			F_{14}		I	F ₁₅			F_{16}		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD F	Runtime	Mean	SD R	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	-1.80E+02	5.83E-14	2.61E+01	-1.40E+02	4.75E–14 1	1.96E+01 -	-1.77E+03	1.47E+01 9	95.68667169	9.778E-01	2.441E-02	9.928E+01
DE/rand/1_2	-1.80E+02	4.34E-03	3.78E+01	-1.40E+02	5.09E-14 3	3.17E+01 -	-2.43E+03	3.85E+02 1	112.574106	5.541E+01	1.108E+01	1.052E + 02
DE/best/1	-1.74E+02	9.52E + 00	2.77E+01	-1.25E+02	1.38E+00 2	2.31E+01 -	-2.74E+03	3.55E+01 9	92.34984997	8.085E + 02	6.808E+01	1.013E + 02
DE/best/1_2	-1.80E+02	4.28E-03	3.61E+01	-1.40E+02	3.77E-02 3	3.01E+01 -	-3.02E+03	5.73E+00 1	101.7870566	9.700E+01	8.039E+00	1.050E + 02
DE/rand/2	-1.80E+02	3.09E-01	2.81E+01	-1.40E+02	3.85E-01 2	2.19E+01 -	-1.82E+03	2.34E+01 9	97.68260068	1.431E+03	2.867E+01	1.026E + 02
DE/rand/2_2	-1.80E+02	2.75E-03	3.57E+01	-1.40E+02	4.07E-14 2	2.99E+01 -	-2.70E+03	7.94E+01	105.221965	8.330E+01	6.753E+00	1.084E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1	9.46E + 02	1.21E+02	2.97E+01	-1.23E+02	4.57E-01 2	2.36E+01 -	-1.83E+03	5.70E+01 9	96.60881951	7.476E+02	4.991E+01	1.018E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1_2	-1.80E+02	3.14E-03	3.56E+01	-1.40E+02	3.80E-14 2	2.99E+01 -	-2.05E+03	2.78E+01 1	108.064947	1.096E + 02	8.962E+00	1.048E + 02
DE/best/2	-1.80E+02	2.39E-02	2.81E+01	-1.40E+02	4.90E-01 2	2.17E+01 -	-1.80E+03	3.02E+01 9	97.78035343	9.104E+00	1.030E+01	9.892E+01
DE/best/2_2(myDE)	-1.80E+02	3.70E-03	3.68E+01	-1.40E+02	4.02E–14 3	3.04E+01 -	-2.70E+03 8	8.14E+01 1	106.4930098	8.625E+01	1.201E+01	1.068E + 02
Teal of the consequence of Last	and a define the extension of the contract and a contract of	of the drive	and the second	of one or of the other								

Italics represents the best results obtained with the corresponding mutation operator



Table 5 Experimental results (Mean, SD and mean CPU runtime) (D = 500)

Algorithm	$\overline{F_1}$			F_2			F ₃			F_4		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	1.19E-07	2.16E-08	7.72E+01	1.78E-12	7.29E-13	1.16E+02	-1.20E+02	1.43E+00	2.99E+02	1.25E+00	1.39E+00	2.84E+02
$DE/rand/1_2$	1.64E-13	1.25E-14	9.14E + 01	1.47E-13	5.83E-13	1.29E + 02	-2.11E+02	8.48E+00	3.17E + 02	2.09E-11	3.91E-11	3.43E + 02
DE/best/1	1.52E+01	4.96E-01	8.82E + 01	1.09E+01	2.77E+01	1.17E+02	-1.27E+02	3.86E + 00	3.42E + 02	3.53E+02	2.97E+01	3.54E+02
$DE/best/1_2$	2.55E-13	7.77E-15	9.11E+01	6.16E-04	2.75E-03	1.29E + 02	-4.08E+02	2.22E+01	3.94E+02	6.52E-26	2.84E-27	3.69E + 02
DE/rand/2	2.37E+00	3.91E-01	8.72E+01	5.15E-02	1.90E-01	1.20E + 02	-1.13E+02	2.86E+00	3.32E+02	1.27E+02	2.00E+01	2.56E+02
$DE/rand/2_2$	1.45E-13	6.36E-15	8.74E+01	1.25E-15	2.07E-16	1.29E+02	-2.50E+02	5.73E+00	3.34E+02	4.03E-31	6.28E-31	2.58E+02
DE/current-to-best/1	1.53E+01	3.22E-01	9.13E+01	1.57E+03	1.71E+02	1.40E + 02	-3.11E+02	6.88E+00	3.45E + 02	3.70E+02	5.66E + 01	2.50E+02
DE/current-to-best/1_2	2.25E-13	1.05E-14	8.60E + 01	4.93E-04	2.20E-03	1.29E+02	-2.45E+02	3.06E+00	3.35E+02	1.22E-30	1.64E-30	2.57E+02
DE/best/2	2.42E+00	3.89E-01	8.66E + 01	2.87E-02	6.85E-02	1.16E + 02	-1.14E+02	I.93E+00	3.94E + 02	1.28E+02	2.22E+01	3.60E + 02
$DE/best/2_2(myDE)$	1.45E–13	6.26E–15	8.65E + 01	1.20E-15	2.34E-16	1.27E+02	-2.50E+02	4.89E+00	4.01E+02	2.93E–31	7.07E-31	3.21E + 02
Algorithm	F ₅			F_6			F ₇			F_8		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	5.00E+03	7.38E+01	9.42E+01	5.03E+02	2.43E+0I	7.75E+01	1.57E+05	1.12E+03	1.30E+02	2.97E-13	1.22E-13	7.39E+01
$DE/rand/1_2$	3.28E+00	2.15E+00	1.00E + 02	5.84E + 02	7.90E+01	9.29E + 01	1.13E-09	5.71E-11	1.54E + 02	8.33E-35	5.09E-36	9.05E + 01
DE/best/1	2.14E + 03	2.25E + 02	9.19E + 01	4.62E + 04	4.97E+04	8.40E + 01	7.43E+04	3.82E + 03	1.31E+02	5.40E + 01	9.42E + 01	7.96E+01
$DE/best/1_2$	3.77E-12	6.78E–13	9.52E + 01	6.34E+02	7.55E+01	9.36E + 01	1.02E-09	I.61E-II	1.52E+02	2.92E-25	1.36E-26	8.82E + 01
DE/rand/2	3.09E + 03	1.01E + 03	1.01E + 02	8.71E + 02	1.21E + 02	1.05E + 02	5.25E+04	2.96E + 03	1.22E+02	1.59E-39	1.71E-39	8.24E + 01
$DE/rand/2_2$	5.61E+00	6.58E+00	9.58E + 01	5.36E+02	5.01E+01	1.05E + 02	7.62E+01	9.11E+01	1.20E+02	2.78E-35	1.10E-36	8.48E + 01
DE/current-to-best/1	1.86E + 03	1.38E + 02	9.32E + 01	2.60E+06	2.25E + 05	8.82E + 01	1.12E + 05	4.01E+03	1.35E+02	3.99E+03	3.28E + 02	8.22E + 01
DE/current-to-best/1_2	I.02E+03	7.40E + 0I	9.99E + 01	5.45E+02	7.17E+01	1.05E + 02	I.07E+05	6.56E + 03	1.45E+02	2.78E-35	8.99E-37	8.35E + 01
DE/best/2	3.31E + 03	8.22E + 02	1.01E + 02	8.37E + 02	1.45E + 02	8.60E + 01	5.15E+04	3.10E + 03	1.35E+02	2.48E-39	6.07E-39	8.19E + 01
DE/best/2_2(myDE)	5.69E+00	5.67E+00	9.51E+01	5.49E+02	4.77E+0I	8.69E + 01	6.14E + 01	8.17E+01	1.47E+02	2.70E-35	9.84E-37	8.37E+01



Table 5 continued

Algorithm	F_9			F_{10}			F_{11}			F_{12}		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime]	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	-4.50E+02	3.00E-13	8.99E + 01	-3.70E+02	1.50E+01	1.14E + 02	9.23E + 02	4.84E+01	9.16E+01	3.97E+03	7.15E+01	1.20E + 02
$DE/rand/1_2$	-4.50E+02	9.22E-14	1.08E + 02	-4.34E+02	8.90E-01	1.31E+02	1.76E+03	1.88E + 03	1.13E+02	-3.29E+02	7.04E-01	1.32E + 02
DE/best/1	4.06E + 03	7.91E+03	9.88E + 01	-3.18E+02	3.39E + 00	1.21E+02	2.67E+09	4.54E+09	9.82E+01	2.93E+03	2.62E + 02	1.29E + 02
$DE/best/1_2$	-4.50E+02	5.53E-14	1.08E + 02	-4.32E+02	7.87E-01	1.32E+02	I.07E+03	1.50E+02	1.09E+02	-3.30E+02	3.91E-14	1.62E + 02
DE/rand/2	-4.50E+02	2.63E-13	1.24E + 02	-3.46E+02	4.51E+00	1.14E + 02	1.25E+03	1.31E + 02	1.06E+02	8.14E + 02	3.57E+02	1.52E+02
$DE/rand/2_2$	-4.50E+02	6.52E-14	1.21E + 02	-4.35E+02	7.74E-01	1.02E+02	9.52E + 02	5.70E + 01	1.06E+02	-3.29E+02	I.7IE+00	1.61E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1	8.64E + 05	6.39E + 04	1.08E + 02	-3.38E+02	4.03E+00	1.23E+02	3.05E+11	2.94E+10	1.03E+02	3.71E+03	1.50E+02	1.48E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1_2	-4.50E+02	6.52E-14	1.20E + 02	-4.34E+02	7.12E-01	1.24E+02	9.10E + 02	4.31E+01	1.05E+02	9.60E + 02	6.92E + 01	1.64E + 02
DE/best/2	-4.50E+02	9.67E-13	1.03E + 02	-3.48E+02	4.20E+00	1.23E+02	1.28E + 03	1.36E + 02	1.03E+02	8.34E + 02	4.08E + 02	1.54E+02
$DE/best/2_2(myDE)$	-4.50E+02	6.78E-14	1.02E + 02	-4.35E+02	8.07E-01	1.25E+02	9.64E + 02	5.63E+01	1.05E+02	-3.29E+02	I.58E+00	1.62E+02
Algorithm	F_{13}			F_{14}			F ₁₅			F_{16}		
	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1	-1.80E+02	1.18E-13	1.75E+02	-1.40E+02	2.18E-08	1.33E+02	-3.961E+03	2.200E+01	7.891E+02	2.74E+02	3.57E+01	5.55E+02
$DE/rand/1_2$	-1.80E+02	2.28E-03	1.85E+02	-1.40E+02	5.98E-14	1.56E+02	-7.149E+03	1.121E+02	7.860E+02	I.86E+02	8.40E + 00	5.71E+02
DE/best/1	-1.32E+02	7.89E+01	1.64E + 02	-1.21E+02	3.50E-01	1.44E+02	-6.353E+03	5.469E + 01	8.099E + 02	3.03E + 03	1.51E+02	5.61E+02
$DE/best/1_2$	-1.80E+02	2.76E-03	1.73E + 02	-1.40E+02	4.37E-14	1.50E+02	-7.398E+03	I.586E+0I	7.790E+02	2.15E+02	2.14E+01	5.48E + 02
DE/rand/2	-1.80E+02	5.00E-01	1.67E + 02	-1.37E+02	7.94E-01	1.45E + 02	-3.952E+03	1.558E + 01	8.251E+02	5.65E + 02	7.46E+01	5.17E+02
$DE/rand/2_2$	-1.80E+02	5.34E-14	1.71E+02	-1.40E+02	5.90E-14	1.45E+02	-5.416E+03	4.804E+01	7.997E+02	2.00E+02	I.89E+0I	5.20E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1	6.72E + 03	3.39E + 02	1.80E + 02	-1.21E+02	1.84E-01	1.45E+02	-5.054E+03	6.384E + 02	8.116E + 02	2.98E + 03	4.45E+01	5.12E+02
DE/current-to-best/1_2	-1.80E+02	3.14E-03	1.71E+02	-1.40E+02	7.74E-14	1.44E+02	-5.133E+03	3.559E+01	7.894E + 02	5.43E+02	3.70E + 01	5.15E+02
DE/best/2	-1.79E+02	4.17E+00	1.66E + 02	-1.36E+02	2.34E+00	1.46E + 02	-4.058E+03	5.433E+01	8.112E + 02	5.57E+02	3.82E + 01	5.21E+02
$DE/best/2_2(myDE)$	-1.80E+02	3.80E-14	1.70E+02	-1.40E+02	7.02E-14	1.46E+02	-6.342E+03	1.836E+02	7.836E+02	2.07E+02	I.62E+0I	5.29E+02

Italics represents the best results obtained with the corresponding mutation operator



Table 6 Experimental results (Mean, SD and mean CPU runtime) (D=1000)

Mean 2.47E-04 2.64E-13 1.68E+01 1.23E-08 7.47E+00 2.89E-13 1.69E+01		Runtime 3.78E+02 3.51E+02 4.46E+02	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
2.47E-04 2.64E-13 1.68E+01 1.23E-08 7.47E+00 2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01		3.78E+02 3.51E+02 4.46E+02	1								
2.64E-13 1.68E+01 1.23E-08 7.47E+00 2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01		3.51E+02 4.46E+02	8.73E-06	4.42E-06	5.54E+02	-1.99E+02	2.29E+00	1.16E+03	1.84E+01	2.81E+00	8.39E+02
1.68E+01 1.23E-08 7.47E+00 2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01		4.46E+02	4.31E-15	4.47E-16	5.21E+02	-3.88E+02	5.37E+00	I.16E+03	I.IIE-09	2.47E-09	8.22E + 02
1.23E-08 7.47E+00 2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01			1.96E + 02	7.72E+01	5.65E+02	-2.07E+02	2.14E+00	1.21E+03	8.05E + 02	8.21E+01	8.46E + 02
7.47E+00 2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01		3.4/E+U2	7.73E–15	3.56E-16	5.20E+02	-6.34E+02	1.66E+01	I.I7E+03	1.33E-25	2.76E-27	8.13E + 02
2.89E-13 -best/1 1.69E+01		4.51E+02	1.34E-01	2.33E-01	6.58E+02	-1.96E+02	4.13E+00	1.24E+03	4.21E + 02	1.07E+01	8.68E + 02
1.69E+01		3.40E+02	3.31E-15	1.65E-16	5.67E+02	-4.77E+02	8.07E+00	I.I7E+03	3.44E-31	2.83E-31	8.10E + 02
		4.71E+02	4.52E+03	1.89E + 02	6.93E + 02	-5.13E+02	9.65E+00	1.23E+03	1.38E+03	8.88E + 01	8.57E+02
DE/current-to-best/1_2 $4.29E-13$ $8.18E$		3.40E+02	7.22E-15	1.15E-15	5.73E+02	-5.85E+02	3.96E+00	I.I7E+03	2.72E-30	1.97E-30	8.06E + 02
DE/best/2 8.88E+00 6.11E-01		4.54E+02	2.66E-01	4.34E-01	5.71E+02	-1.99E+02	3.36E+00	1.24E+03	4.51E+02	5.13E+01	8.69E + 02
DE/best/2_2(myDE) $2.79E-13$ $6.36E$	6.36E-15	3.42E+02	3.46E–15	3.08E-16	4.96E+02	-4.75E+02	3.98E+00	1.17E+03	1.77E–31	1.50E-31	8.08E + 02
Algorithm F ₅			F_6			F_7			F_8		
Mean SD		Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime	Mean	SD	Runtime
DE/rand/1 1.10E+04 1.11E	1.11E+02	3.71E+02	1.23E+03	8.70E+01	2.92E+02	3.44E+05	1.34E+03	3.45E+02	2.09E-06	1.21E-06	2.47E+02
DE/rand/1_2 8.86E+00 3.95E	3.95E+00	3.22E+02	I.24E+03	6.29E+01	2.67E+02	2.32E-09	7.59E-11	3.08E+02	1.70E-34	5.49E-36	2.31E+02
DE/best/1 5.14E+03 2.14E	2.14E + 02	3.58E+02	3.48E+05	2.12E+05	3.03E+02	1.62E + 05	1.40E+03	3.45E+02	6.23E + 02	2.83E + 02	2.66E + 02
DE/best/1_2 1.96E-11 8.13E	8.13E-13	3.25E+02	1.16E+03	4.30E+01	2.60E+02	2.40E-09	6.38E-11	3.04E+02	6.06E-25	1.82E-26	2.26E+02
DE/rand/2 2.63E+03 1.30E	1.30E+02	4.15E+02	1.80E+03	2.41E+02	3.24E+02	1.08E + 05	4.28E+03	3.61E+02	8.62E-22	1.82E-21	2.85E + 02
DE/rand/2_2 1.05E+01 6.03E	6.03E+00	3.40E + 02	I.25E+03	1.64E+02	2.54E+02	1.22E+02	5.82E + 01	2.90E+02	5.71E-35	1.61E-36	2.21E+02
DE/current-to-best/1 5.64E+03 2.40E	2.40E+02	4.26E+02	9.91E+06	6.75E+05	3.24E+02	2.64E + 05	4.26E+03	3.57E+02	1.28E + 04	1.01E+03	2.83E + 02
DE/current-to-best/1_2 2.05E+03 1.04E	1.04E+02	3.66E + 02	I.30E+03	4.63E+01	2.54E+02	2.21E+05	2.98E+03	2.91E+02	5.68E-35	4.02E-37	2.19E + 02
DE/best/2 2.64E+03 3.31E	3.31E+02	4.27E+02	1.96E + 03	2.37E+02	3.27E+02	1.03E + 05	4.20E+03	3.70E+02	1.67E-22	2.14E-22	2.85E + 02
DE/best/2_2(myDE) $8.83E+00$ $4.52E$	4.52E+00	3.37E+02	I.15E+03	8.79E + 01	2.54E+02	7.09E+01	4.34E+01	2.95E+02	5.67E-35	1.63E-36	2.20E+02



2.41E+03 2.22E+03 2.11E+03 2.72E+03 2.52E+03

1.42E + 01

8.32E+01 7.23E+03

1.79E+03 1.85E+03 1.72E+03 1.67E+03

2.74E+02 7.20E+02

-1.14E+04 -9.27E+03 -9.93E+03

3.48E+02 4.56E+02

5.68E-14

-1.40E+02

4.85E+02 6.13E+02 4.88E+02 5.51E+02

3.48E-14

-1.80E+02

.05E-01

-1.20E+02-1.40E+02

4.80E + 02

2.18E + 04

6.19E-14 3.46E+01

-1.80E+02-1.54E+02

DE/current-to-best/1_2

DE/current-to-best/1

DE/rand/2_2

1.61E+02

8.05E+00 2.33E+02

2.60E + 02

5.10E+01 4.81E+01

3.59E+02 4.54E+02 3.57E+02

1.52E-13

3.14E+03

8.05E+00

4.51E+02

1.23E+02

-7.33E+03 -1.16E+04

3.24E+00

-1.27E+02

8.76E-14

-1.40E+02

4.85E + 02

6.19E-14

-1.80E+02

DE/best/2_2(myDE)

3.98E + 023.55E+02 3.74E+024.53E+02 3.94E+022.91E+03 2.43E+03 2.53E+03 3.69E + 024.43E+02 4.49E+02 2.61E+033.76E + 02Runtime Runtime 1.48E+005.32E+02 2.76E+02 4.70E+00 3.88E+02 8.78E+001.66E + 021.50E+02 1.67E+02 5.04E+02 3.73E+004.92E-14 3.65E+01 5.34E + 01.36E+01SD 1.37E+03 4.33E+03 1.61E+04 -3.28E + 02-3.30E+02 -3.24E+02-3.21E+023.43E + 027.66E+01 2.79E+03 8.48E + 03.10E + 042.24E+032.78E+03 9.33E + 03Mean Mean F_{16} F_{12} 1.86E + 031.85E+03 .59E+03 .69E+03 .89E+03 4.34E+02 3.60E + 024.13E + 023.79E + 023.43E + 024.35E+02 Runtime 3.65E + 024.23E + 023.42E + 024.43E + 02Runtime .96E+02 1.11E+02 4.17E+01 8.50E+01 2.31E+012.56E+10 I.15E+021.25E+02 2.67E+06 8.32E+01 8.36E+10 5.87E+01 6.53E + 035.99E+07 4.39E+01 SD -1.21E+04-7.40E+03 -7.20E+03-9.35E+03-1.42E+043.66E+10 1.57E+03 1.19E+12 74E+031.41E+03 1.70E+03 2.61E+06 1.59E+031.78E+04 2.68E + 07Mean Mean F_{15} F_{11} 3.07E+02 3.12E + 022.41E+02 2.43E+023.86E+02 4.20E+02 2.82E+02 2.55E+02 2.49E+02 3.50E+02 3.09E+023.15E+02 3.66E+02 3.60E+02 4.52E+02 Runtime Runtime 3.44E+00 4.12E+00 3.05E+00 I.02E+009.35E+00 3.86E + 00.81E+00 6.74E-01 4.98E-01 4.08E-02 1.02E-13 8.93E-01 7.67E-01 7.53E-05 1.21E-13 -3.02E+02-3.23E+02-1.20E+02-4.23E+02-4.20E+02 -3.12E+02-4.26E+02-4.26E+02-4.26E+02-1.40E+02-1.27E+02-3.34E+02-3.14E+02-1.40E+02-1.40E+02Mean Mean F_{10} F_{14} 2.54E+022.99E + 022.44E+022.43E+025.49E+02 2.78E+02 2.48E + 023.09E + 022.42E + 024.94E+02 3.11E + 023.13E + 026.07E + 025.88E + 025.52E+02 Runtime Runtime 5.23E+00 2.62E+04 8.99E-14 5.59E+04 1.02E-13 5.62E + 022.42E+02 8.04E-14 5.68E-14 1.64E+01 4.92E-14 3.31E-03 4.41E-03 4.84E-01 1.89E-05 -4.50E+02-4.50E+02-4.50E+02-1.78E+02-1.80E+02-4.50E+02-4.50E+02-4.50E+02-4.43E+02-1.80E+02-1.80E+022.53E+06 4.37E+04 3.22E+012.32E + 02Mean Mean F_{13} F_9 DE/current-to-best/1_2 DE/best/2_2(myDE) DE/current-to-best/1 DE/rand/2_2 DE/rand/1_2 DE/rand/1_2 DE/best/1_2 DE/best/1_2 DE/rand/2 DE/rand/2 Algorithm Algorithm DE/rand/1 DE/rand/1 DE/best/1 DE/best/2 DE/best/1

Italics represents the best results obtained with the corresponding mutation operator



 Pable 6
 continued

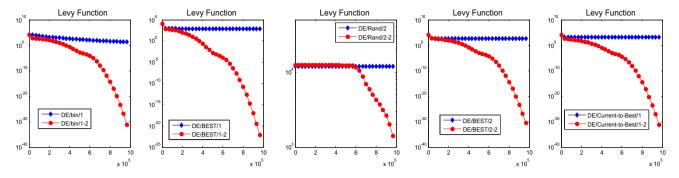


Fig. 13 Convergence curves of Levy function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000

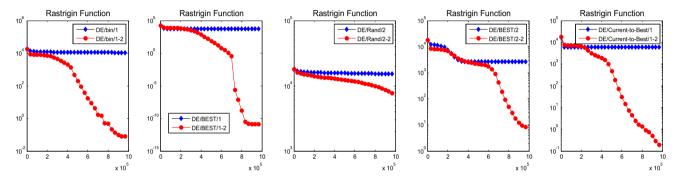


Fig. 14 Convergence curves of Rastrigin function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000

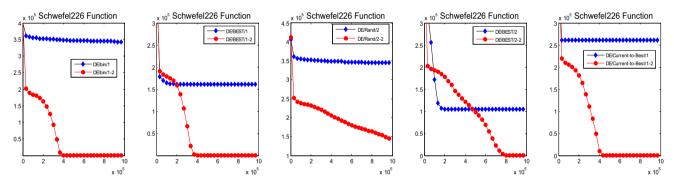


Fig. 15 Convergence curves of Schwefel 2.26 function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000

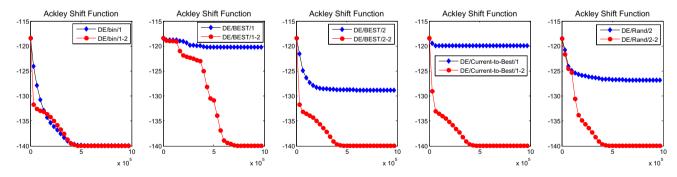


Fig. 16 Convergence curves of Ackley Shift function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000



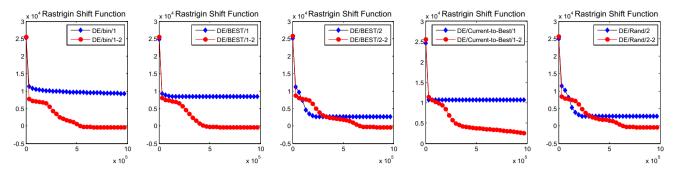


Fig. 17 Convergence curves of Rastrigin Shift function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000

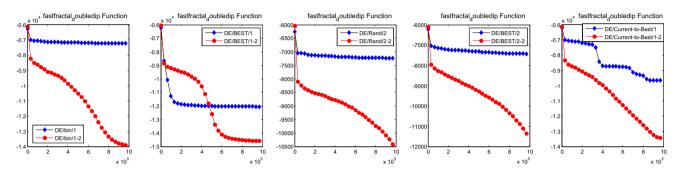


Fig. 18 Convergence curves of Fastfractal doubledip function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000

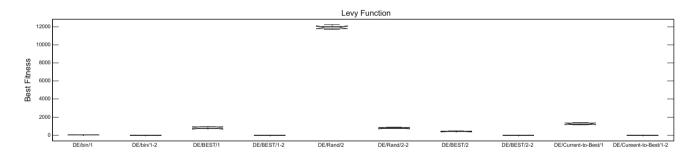


Fig. 19 Distribution boxplot of Levy function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000

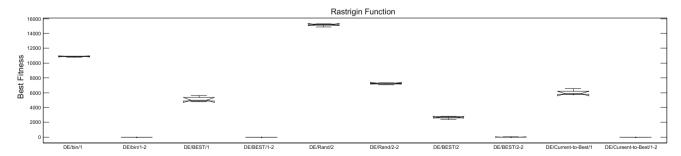


Fig. 20 Distribution boxplot of Rastrigin function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D=1000



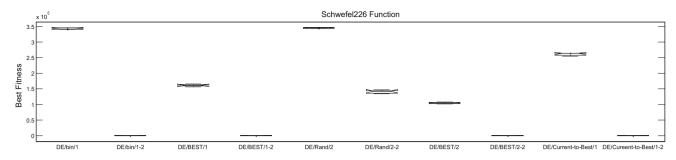


Fig. 21 Distribution boxplot of Schwefel 2.26 function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000

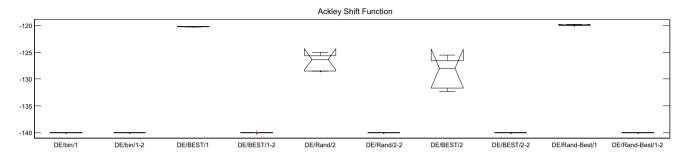


Fig. 22 Distribution boxplot of Ackley shift function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000

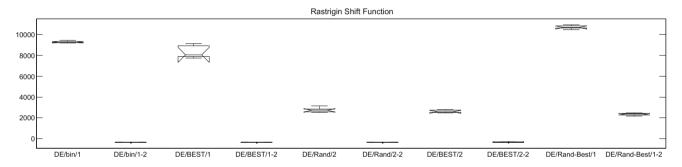


Fig. 23 Distribution boxplot of Rastrigin function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000

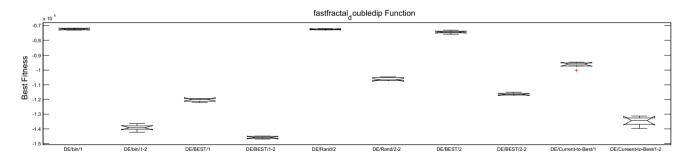


Fig. 24 Distribution boxplot of Fastfractal doubledip function for comparison between five standard DE and five improved DE on D = 1000

It indicates from the distribution box plots in Fig. 26 that the distribution of optimal solutions of the myDE algorithm is narrowest among all algorithms, which demonstrates that myDE is more stable than other algorithms.

As shown in Table 10, myDE algorithm has nearly the same advantages as MTS algorithm. MTS which uses

complex multiple agents to search the solution space concurrently; each agent does an iterated local search using one of three candidate local search methods. Compared with two DE variants (jDEdynNP-F, DEwSAcc) and other four algorithms, myDE algorithm has very obvious advantages on most of functions.



Table 7 Experimental results (Best, Mean, Worst, SD and mean CPU run time) of four algorithm (myDE, CMAES, SaDE, and CoDE) (D = 200)

Two count		n toom) cameou n	ream, moret, or a	the state of the s	cuinc) or roan a	26	1, (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	is, such, und co				
Algorithm	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time
myDE	F_1	1.50E-13	1.66E-13	1.86E-13	7.77E–15	2.01E+01	F_5	0.00E+00	2.61E-13	4.55E-13	1.53E-13	2.59E+01
CMAES		1.87E + 01	1.90E + 01	1.91E + 01	1.38E-01	4.17E+01		1.12E + 03	1.34E + 03	1.61E + 03	1.09E + 02	3.65E + 01
CoDE		1.07E-13	2.60E-13	7.93E-13	1.68E-13	2.55E+01		3.34E + 02	4.24E + 02	5.21E+02	4.61E + 01	3.34E + 01
SaDE		4.01E+00	5.79E+00	6.93E + 00	8.51E-01	1.32E + 02		3.98E + 01	5.75E+01	6.77E + 01	7.00E+00	1.26E + 02
myDE	F_2	1.11E-16	7.40E-04	7.40E-03	2.28E-03	3.16E + 01	F_6	1.87E + 02	2.57E+02	3.91E + 02	5.66E + 01	2.22E+01
CMAES		1.11E-16	1.36E-03	1.23E-02	3.44E-03	4.24E+01		9.51E+01	9.88E + 01	1.14E + 02	3.90E+00	3.82E + 01
CoDE		0.00E+00	8.61E-04	1.72E-02	3.85E-03	3.80E + 01		1.64E + 02	2.04E+02	2.81E + 02	3.61E + 01	2.87E + 01
SaDE		0.00E + 00	1.04E-01	4.58E-01	1.23E-01	1.78E + 02		1.75E+02	3.21E+02	4.58E + 02	7.54E+01	1.31E + 02
myDE	F_3	-1.99E+02	-1.98E+02	-1.95E+02	I.06E+00	5.70E+01	F_7	3.35E-10	3.47E-10	3.64E-10	7.12E-12	3.47E+01
CMAES		-1.45E+02	-1.40E+02	-1.34E+02	3.03E + 00	1.11E+02		3.24E+04	3.48E + 04	3.91E + 04	1.71E+03	3.85E + 01
CoDE		-1.24E+02	-1.14E+02	-1.05E+02	4.63E + 00	8.23E + 01		9.58E + 03	1.25E + 04	1.51E + 04	1.44E + 03	3.85E + 01
SaDE		-1.25E+02	-1.22E+02	-1.18E+02	1.97E + 00	1.69E + 02		1.07E+03	2.00E + 03	3.51E + 03	6.05E + 02	1.47E + 02
myDE	F_4	2.17E-26	2.42E-26	2.73E-26	1.44E-27	8.12E+01	F_8	9.85E-26	1.15E-25	1.28E-25	8.48E-27	2.07E+01
CMAES		3.45E+02	3.84E + 02	4.47E + 02	2.90E + 01	9.21E + 01		5.35E-28	6.59E-28	8.41E-28	8.06E-29	3.04E + 01
CoDE		3.58E-01	1.73E+00	3.62E + 00	8.78E-01	6.70E + 01		1.40E-26	7.47E-26	2.79E-25	6.61E-26	1.98E + 01
SaDE		5.29E+00	9.41E + 00	1.46E + 01	2.53E + 00	1.74E + 02		6.16E-35	I.09E-28	1.88E-27	4.19E-28	1.12E + 02
myDE	F_9	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	1.50E-13	2.72E+01	F_{13}	-1.80E+02	-I.80E+02	-1.80E+02	3.87E-03	3.90E + 01
CMAES		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	2.06E-13	3.81E + 01		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	6.96E-14	9.88E + 01
CoDE		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	4.33E-14	2.55E+01		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	I.13E-14	7.27E+01
SaDE		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	6.65E-14	1.18E + 02		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-1.78E+02	4.04E-01	1.76E + 02
myDE	F_{10}	-4.45E+02	-4.44E+02	-4.43E+02	4.81E-01	3.24E + 01	F_{14}	-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	4.24E-03	4.35E+0I
CMAES		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	6.20E-12	3.98E + 01		-1.20E+02	-1.20E+02	-1.20E+02	3.33E-02	5.98E + 01
CoDE		-4.42E+02	-4.24E+02	-4.09E+02	9.59E+00	4.47E+01		-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	9.05E-13	3.35E + 01
SaDE		-4.42E+02	-4.36E+02	-4.25E+02	5.16E + 00	1.77E+02		-1.37E+02	-1.36E+02	-1.34E+02	8.27E-01	1.53E + 02
myDE	F_{11}	5.80E + 02	6.64E + 02	8.11E + 02	7.68E + 01	3.33E + 01	F_{15}	-3.03E+03	-3.02E+03	-3.01E+03	4.86E+00	I.50E+02
CMAES		4.87E+02	5.01E + 02	5.34E + 02	I.59E+0I	4.55E+01		-2.77E+03	-2.67E+03	-2.58E+03	4.46E + 01	1.58E + 02
CoDE		5.81E + 02	7.06E + 02	9.32E + 02	8.81E + 01	3.09E + 01		-2.23E+03	-2.02E+03	-1.92E+03	7.52E+01	1.63E + 02
SaDE		7.85E+02	9.80E + 02	2.04E + 03	2.74E + 02	1.25E + 02		-2.20E+03	-2.16E+03	-2.13E+03	1.87E + 01	2.59E + 02
myDE	F_{12}	-3.30E+02	-3.30E+02	-3.30E+02	I.06E-I3	3.00E + 0I	F_{16}	5.84E+01	9.56E + 01	I.IIE+02	9.15E + 00	1.07E + 02
CMAES		1.85E+03	2.25E + 03	3.04E + 03	2.61E + 02	4.57E+01		1.72E+03	1.82E + 03	1.88E + 03	3.59E + 01	1.61E + 02
CoDE		6.17E + 01	9.89E + 01	1.46E + 02	2.10E + 01	4.12E + 01		6.51E+01	9.58E+01	1.51E + 02	2.52E + 01	1.00E + 02
SaDE		-2.04E+02	-1.44E+02	-9.42E+01	2.25E+01	1.75E+02		2.30E + 02	3.01E+02	3.60E + 02	3.65E + 01	1.63E + 02
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Italics represents the best results obtained by the corresponding algorithm for each function



Table 8 Experimental results (Best, Mean, Worst, SD and mean CPU run time) of four algorithm (myDE, CMAES, SaDE, and CoDE) (D = 500)

Table 6 Evb	CHITTCHE	table of the formation of the state of the s	m or have the				;		(555 -) (-)			
Algorithm	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time
myDE	F_1	2.53E-13	2.59E-13	2.71E–13	6.71E–15	9.95E+01	F_5	2.73E-12	4.09E-12	4.55E-12	6.43E-13	1.16E+02
CMAES		1.88E + 01	1.90E + 01	1.91E+01	8.89E-02	3.26E + 02		2.40E+03	2.64E+03	3.03E+03	1.87E + 02	3.14E + 02
CoDE		2.05E+00	2.39E+00	3.15E+00	3.42E-01	1.05E + 02		5.37E+02	6.32E + 02	7.98E+02	8.61E + 01	1.49E + 02
SaDE		8.99E+00	9.65E + 00	1.03E + 01	4.19E-01	3.76E + 02		2.32E+02	2.70E+02	2.95E + 02	2.08E+01	3.16E + 02
myDE	F_2	7.77E-16	8.66E-16	9.99E-16	8.76E-17	I.60E+02	F_6	4.89E+02	6.46E + 02	7.96E+02	1.12E + 02	8.69E + 01
CMAES		6.66E-16	7.55E-16	8.88E-16	1.02E-16	4.01E + 02		2.55E+02	3.51E+02	3.76E + 02	3.45E+01	3.88E + 02
CoDE		I.IIE-I6	3.17E-02	1.67E-01	6.14E-02	1.36E + 02		5.70E+02	6.70E + 02	7.67E+02	6.60E + 01	1.05E + 02
SaDE		1.34E-11	1.15E-01	4.02E-01	1.52E-01	3.59E + 02		7.85E+02	9.26E + 02	1.06E + 03	1.08E + 02	3.57E+02
myDE	F_3	-4.43E+02	-4.23E+02	-3.95E+02	I.52E+0I	3.20E+02	F_7	9.90E-10	I.02E-09	1.05E-09	1.65E-11	I.38E+02
CMAES		-3.44E+02	-3.33E+02	-3.06E+02	1.09E+01	5.54E+02		7.94E+04	8.55E + 04	9.02E + 04	2.96E + 03	3.41E + 02
CoDE		-3.11E+02	-2.85E+02	-2.61E+02	1.80E + 01	3.70E + 02		1.23E+04	1.48E + 04	2.40E + 04	3.36E + 03	1.91E + 02
SaDE		-2.41E+02	-2.38E+02	-2.33E+02	2.89E + 00	6.28E + 02		2.05E+04	2.41E+04	2.88E + 04	2.71E+03	3.78E + 02
myDE	F_4	6.35E-26	6.52E-26	6.76E-26	1.39E-27	2.83E + 02	F_8	2.79E-25	3.01E-25	3.22E-25	1.45E-26	8.50E + 0I
CMAES		9.28E + 02	9.76E + 02	1.05E + 03	4.12E+01	5.06E + 02		2.11E-27	2.51E-27	2.77E-27	2.06E-28	3.15E + 02
CoDE		1.24E+01	1.54E + 01	2.03E+01	3.04E+00	2.83E + 02		1.46E-19	6.64E-18	5.29E-17	1.64E-17	8.72E + 01
SaDE		1.87E + 01	3.19E + 01	4.34E+01	7.38E+00	4.94E+02		9.83E-13	1.25E-09	8.63E-09	2.64E-09	3.30E + 02
myDE	F_9	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	6.28E-14	1.25E+02	F_{13}	-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	3.42E-14	1.67E+02
CMAES		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	1.78E-13	3.52E + 02		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-I.80E+02	2.34E-03	4.37E+02
CoDE		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	5.99E-14	1.03E + 02		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-I.80E+02	3.32E-02	1.94E + 02
SaDE		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	1.06E-06	3.55E+02		-1.80E+02	-1.80E+02	-I.80E+02	1.34E-01	4.46E + 02
myDE	F_{10}	-4.36E+02	-4.35E+02	-4.34E+02	8.32E-01	1.03E+02	F_{14}	-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	-1.40E+02	4.92E-14	1.49E+02
CMAES		-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	-4.50E+02	7.61E-07	3.43E + 02		-1.20E+02	-1.20E+02	-1.20E+02	1.27E-02	3.55E + 02
CoDE		-3.96E+02	-3.68E+02	-3.59E+02	1.23E+01	1.41E + 02		-1.38E+02	-1.38E+02	-1.37E+02	2.13E-01	1.38E + 02
SaDE		-4.15E+02	-4.06E+02	-3.93E+02	6.40E + 00	4.11E + 02		-1.31E+02	-1.30E+02	-1.29E+02	4.10E-01	4.16E + 02
myDE	F_{11}	9.26E + 02	1.07E + 03	1.32E + 03	1.14E + 02	I.18E+02	F_{15}	-7.41E+03	-7.38E+03	-7.31E+03	4.04E + 0I	8.78E + 02
CMAES		7.50E+02	7.60E+02	7.87E+02	I.39E+0I	7.22E+02		-6.48E+03	-6.37E+03	-6.30E+03	8.20E + 01	1.86E + 03
CoDE		1.30E + 03	1.48E + 03	1.76E + 03	1.28E + 02	2.01E + 02		-6.91E+03	-6.85E+03	-6.78E+03	5.57E + 01	7.97E+02
SaDE		1.62E + 03	1.93E + 03	2.59E + 03	2.84E + 02	4.36E + 02		-5.03E+03	-4.99E+03	-4.97E+03	2.45E+01	1.08E+03
myDE	F_{12}	-3.30E+02	-3.30E+02	-3.30E+02	6.83E-14	I.88E+02	F_{16}	2.02E+02	2.25E+02	2.49E + 02	2.04E+01	6.07E + 02
CMAES		3.38E + 03	4.11E + 03	4.92E + 03	4.91E + 02	5.94E + 02		4.47E+03	4.56E+03	4.64E + 03	7.80E + 01	8.79E + 02
CoDE		4.18E + 02	5.43E + 02	7.31E+02	8.96E + 01	2.54E+02		4.66E + 02	4.96E + 02	5.26E+02	2.67E + 01	6.26E + 02
SaDE		8.62E + 02	1.12E + 03	1.39E + 03	1.89E + 02	6.43E + 02		6.00E + 02	7.53E+02	8.88E + 02	1.32E + 02	8.82E + 02
-	, ,			7.								

Italics represents the best results obtained by the corresponding algorithm for each function



 Table 9
 Experimental results (Best, Mean, Worst, SD and mean CPU run time) of four algorithm (myDE, CMAES, SaDE, and CoDE) (D = 1000)

Mean Worst SD Run time Fun Best Mean Worst 4.301E-J3 4.414E-J3 9.888E-J5 5.907E+02 5.8 1.234E-J1 1.504E-J1 1.891E-J1 1.889E+O1 1.887E+O1 6.434E-D2 2.679E+D3 4.501E-J3 4.931E+D3 1.889E+O1 1.887E+O1 3.71E-D1 6.571E-D2 2.079E+D3 4.591E+D3 3.175E-J5 3.220E-J5 6.081E-J7 6.731E+O2 6.308E+O2 6.30E-D2 2.079E+D3 2.465E-J5 2.534E-J5 9.289E-J7 3.195E+O3 1.231E+O3 1.231E+O3 1.231E+O3 1.231E+O3 1.231E+O3 1.231E-D3 1.													
Fi 4106E-J3 430IE-J3 440HE-J3 9838E-J5 590TE-02 500E+03 450IE-J1 1839E-J1 1839E-J1 1235E-00 1235E-00 1371E-00 2571E+02 500E+03 8938E-03 2570E-10 439IE-03 1235E-00 1371E-01 1371E-01 6571E+02 678E-04 786E-02 250E-03 933E-02 353E-02	Algorithm	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time	Fun	Best	Mean	Worst	SD	Run time
SS 1880E+01 1.897E+01 1.897E+01 6.44E-02 2.679E+03 4,619E+03 4,761E+03 4,931E+03 4,931E+03 6.538E+02 6.780E+02 6,780E+02 7,780E+03 1,292E+03 1,292E+	myDE	F_1	4.166E–13	4.301E-13	4.414E-13	9.858E-15	5.907E+02	F_5	1.273E-11	1.564E-11	1.819E-11	2.074E-12	6.962E+02
6.739E+00 7.187E+00 7.187E+00 3.171E-01 6.571E+02 6.571E+02 9.270E+02 9.441E+02 9.441E+02 1.228E+01 1.238E+01 1.238E+01 1.238E+01 1.238E+02 2.658E+03 2.668E+03 2.668E	CMAES		1.880E + 01	1.889E + 01	1.897E + 01	6.424E-02	2.679E + 03		4.639E + 03	4.761E+03	4.931E+03	1.079E + 02	5.290E+03
F _j 3.108E+01 1.249E+01 1.348E+01 1.14BE+01 1.10E+03 6.308E+02 6.780E+02 7.333E+02 7.33E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.333E+02 7.33E+02 7.33E+03	CoDE		6.759E + 00	7.187E+00	7.519E+00	3.171E-01	6.571E + 02		8.935E + 02	9.270E + 02	9.641E + 02	2.888E + 01	7.459E+02
F ₂ 3.109E-15 3.125E-15 3.20E-15 3.20E-15 3.20E-15 3.20E-16 6.081E-70 6.731E+03 1.201E+03 1.206E+03 1.205E-16 1.206E+03 1.206E+	SaDE		1.225E+01	1.249E + 01	1.284E+01	2.134E-01	1.161E+03		6.308E + 02	6.780E + 02	7.333E+02	4.064E + 01	1.331E+03
1341E-45	myDE	F_2	3.109E-15	3.175E-15	3.220E-15	6.08IE - 17	6.731E+02	F_6	1.088E + 03	1.231E+03	1.296E + 03	8.992E + 01	5.684E + 02
1804E-05 1.804E-05 1.027E+00 1.70E+00 1.70E+03 1.90E+03 1.90E+04 2.035E+03 1.3426.4 1.20E-01 1.07E+00 1.716E+03 1.887E+03 2.035E+03 2.03E+03 2.03E+03 2.03EE+03 2.03EE+04 2.03EE+03 2.03EE+04 2.03EE+03 2.	CMAES		2.331E-15	2.465E-15	2.554E-15	9.289E-17	3.195E+03		6.347E+02	7.538E+02	8.183E + 02	8.891E + 01	4.765E+03
1.343E-05 2.196E-01 6.676E-01 2.717E-01 1.176E+03 1.887E+03 2.055E+03 2.02E+03 SS -6.703E+02 -6.538E+02 -6.548E+02 2.154E+01 1.717E+03 1.619E+05 1.675E+09 2.377E-09 -6.073E+02 -6.538E+02 -5.863E+02 -2.186E+01 1.871E+03 1.619E+05 1.619E+05 1.717E+05 -6.073E+02 -5.94E+02 -5.40E+02 2.347E+01 1.871E+03 1.619E+04 5.532E+04 5.53E+04 5.93EE+04 -4.138E+02 -4.103E+02 -5.40E+02 2.347E-27 2.40EE+03 8.36EE+04 9.40EE+04 9.	CoDE		1.804E-05	2.260E-01	1.027E+00	4.479E-01	7.201E+02		1.927E + 03	1.996E + 03	2.057E + 03	5.227E+01	7.336E+02
F3 -6.703E+02 -6.338E+02 -6.147E+02 2.154E+01 1.715E+03 F7 2.328E-09 2.367E-09 2.387E-09 18 -6.418E+02 -6.438E+02 -1.86E+01 3.521E+03 1675E+05 1.717E+05 -6.073E+02 -5.914E+02 -5.366E+02 2.186E+01 3.521E+04 5.751E+04 5.938E-04 -4.18E+02 -4.103E+02 -4.009E+02 4.019E+03 2.548E+03 8.816E+04 9.132E+04 9.440E+04 1.775E+03 1.836E+03 1.94E+03 2.548E+03 8.816E+04 9.132E+04 9.440E+04 4.332E+01 5.117E+01 6.236E+01 7.847E+00 2.832E+03 8.816E+04 9.135E+02 1.717E+02 8.04E+01 8.98E+01 1.94E+02 1.084E+02 1.084E+03 2.407E+02 2.407E+02 3.695E-04 1.246E+03 8.04E+01 8.98E+01 1.084E+02 1.084E+03 1.084E+03 2.407E+03 1.2806E+03 1.246C+03 1.2406E+03 1.2406E+03 1.2406E+03 1.2406E+03 1.2407E+03 1.2407E+03 1.2407E+03<	SaDE		1.343E-05	2.196E-01	6.676E-01	2.717E-01	1.176E + 03		1.887E + 03	2.055E+03	2.262E + 03	1.813E + 02	1.332E+03
SS -6415E+02 -6.239E+02 -5.863E+02 2.186E+01 3.521E+03 5.552E+04 5.751E+04 5.7	myDE	F_3	-6.703E+02	-6.358E+02	-6.147E+02	2.154E+01	1.715E+03	F_7	2.328E-09	2.367E-09	2.387E-09	3.361E-11	4.160E+02
-6.073E+02 -5.914E+02 -5.740E+02 1.847E+03 1.857E+04 5.552E+04 5.751E+04 9.588E+04 -4.188E+02 -4.108E+02 -5.740E+02 2.548E+03 8.816E+04 9.152E+04 9.440E+04 4.188E+02 -4.108E+02 -4.009E+02 -4.019E+03 2.548E+03 8.816E+04 9.152E+04 9.440E+04 4.332E+01 3.133E+01 9.24E+03 1.924E+03 2.88E+01 6.19E+03 3.83E+08 6.93E-25 1.73E+03 8.074E+01 8.98E+01 6.236E+01 7.84TE+00 2.832E+03 3.89E+08 1.99E-06 1.99E-06 8.074E+01 8.98E+01 6.198E+02 1.078E+01 7.84TE+00 2.83E+03 3.89E-06 1.93E-06 1.99E-06 8.074E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -1.80BE+02 1.23E-04 4.99E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.30E+03 -1.20BE+02 -1.30E+03 -1.20BE+02 -1.30E+03 -1.30E+02 -1.30E+03 -1.30E+03 -1.30E+02 -1.30E+03	CMAES		-6.415E+02	-6.239E+02	-5.863E+02	2.186E + 01	3.521E+03		1.619E + 05	1.675E + 05	1.717E+05	5.066E + 03	5.849E + 03
F4,158E+02 -4,103E+02 -4,069E+02 4,019E+00 2,548E+03 8,816E+04 9,152E+04 9,440E+04 1,302E-25 1,336E-25 1,336E-25 1,346E-25 2,377E-27 2,401E+03 F,8 5,764E-25 5,93E-25 6,105E-25 1,775E+03 1,836E+03 1,924E+03 5,688E+01 6,19E+03 3,88EB-08 6,39E-07 7,723E-27 8,074E+01 8,989E+01 1,084E+02 1,078E+01 3,88EB-08 6,39E-07 1,206E+03 8,074E+01 8,989E+01 1,084E+02 1,078E+01 3,60E+02 4,30E+02 1,20GE+02 1,20GE+02 1,20GE+02 -4,50C+02 -4,50CE+02 -4,50CE+02 -4,50CE+02 -4,50CE+02 1,20GE+02	CoDE		-6.073E+02	-5.914E+02	-5.740E+02	1.344E+01	1.827E + 03		5.552E+04	5.751E+04	5.958E+04	2.033E + 03	5.155E+02
F4 1.3026–25 1.3356–25 1.3646–25 2.3776–27 2.4016+03 F8 5.7646–25 5.928–25 6.1056–25 1.7756+03 1.8366+03 1.9246+03 5.6886+01 6.6196+03 3.54076–27 6.3726–27 7.7236–27 4.3326+01 5.1176+03 1.9246+03 5.6886+01 7.8476+03 3.8886–08 6.3936–07 3.6996–06 8.0746+01 8.9896+01 1.0846+02 1.0786+03 3.7606+03 2.4006+02 1.2406–03 5. -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 2.8366-13 2.6486+02 -1.8006+02 -1.8006+02 -1.8006+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 2.3656+03 2.6486+03 -1.8006+02 -1.7806+02 -1.7906+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 2.3656+03 2.6486+03 -1.8006+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7906+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 -4.5006+02 -2.5006+02 -1.7006+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7906+02 -1.7006+02 -1.7006+02	SaDE		-4.158E+02	-4.103E+02	-4.069E+02	4.019E + 00	2.548E+03		8.816E + 04	9.152E + 04	9.440E + 04	3.145E+03	8.786E + 02
1.775E+03 1.836E+04 1.924E+03 5.688E+01 6.619E+03 3.407E-27 6.871E-27 7.723E-27 4.33E+01 5.117E+01 6.236E+01 7.847E+00 2.83E+03 3.88E-08 6.393E-07 3.699E-06 8.074E+01 8.989E+01 1.084E+02 1.078E+01 3.760E+03 2.400E-06 1.992E-04 1.246E-03 7.074E+01 8.989E+01 1.084E+02 1.078E+01 3.760E+02 -4.500E+02 -1.800E+02	myDE	F_4	1.302E-25	I.333E-25	I.364E-25	2.377E-27	2.401E + 03	F_8	5.764E-25	5.923E-25	6.105E-25	1.162E-26	3.719E + 02
4.332E+01 5.117E+01 6.236E+01 7.847E+00 2.832E+03 3.888E-08 6.393E-07 3.699E-06 8.074E+01 8.989E+01 1.084E+02 1.078E+101 3.760E+03 2.400E-06 1.992E-04 1.246E-03 5.5 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 2.836E-14 4.364E+02 F13 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 2.836E-13 2.645E+03 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.233E-04 4.955E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.233E-04 4.955E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.730E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.045E+02 1.700E+02 -1.700E+02 -1.700E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.046E+02 1.700E+02 -1.700E+02 -1.700E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.046E+02 1.700E+02 -1.700E+02	CMAES		1.775E+03	1.836E + 03	1.924E+03	5.688E + 01	6.619E + 03		5.407E-27	6.871E-27	7.723E-27	6.233E-28	2.559E+03
8.074E+01 8.99E+01 1.084E+02 1.078E+01 3.760E+03 2.400E-06 1.992E-04 1.246E-03 8.9 4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 1.078E+01 1.760E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.800E+02 8.5 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 2.450E+02 2.450E+02 -1.800E+02 -1.900E+02 <	CoDE		4.332E+01	5.117E+01	6.236E + 01	7.847E+00	2.832E+03		3.888E-08	6.393E-07	3.699E-06	1.112E-06	4.401E + 02
F9 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 5.684E-14 4.364E+02 F13 -1.800E+02 -1.709E+02 -1.709E+03 -1.709E+02 -1.709E+02 -1.709E+03 -1.709E+03	SaDE		8.074E + 01	8.989E + 01	1.084E + 02	1.078E + 01	3.760E+03		2.400E-06	1.992E-04	1.246E-03	3.783E-04	8.700E + 02
SS -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 2.83EE-13 2.645E+03 -1.800E+02	myDE	F_9	-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	5.684E-14	4.364E+02	F_{13}	-1.800E+02	-1.800E+02	-I.800E+02	4.019E-14	I.698E+03
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CMAES		-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	2.836E-13	2.645E + 03		-1.800E+02	-1.800E+02	-I.800E+02	2.339E-03	3.853E + 03
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CoDE		-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	1.233E-04	4.995E + 02		-1.800E+02	-1.781E+02	-1.622E+02	5.592E+00	1.695E+03
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SaDE		-4.500E+02	-4.488E+02	-4.396E+02	3.265E + 00	9.269E + 02		-1.800E+02	-1.799E+02	-1.793E+02	2.335E-01	2.418E + 03
SS -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -4.500E+02 -1.201E+02	myDE	F_{10}	-4.221E+02	-4.202E+02	-4.187E+02	1.004E+00	4.538E+02	F_{14}	-1.400E+02	-1.400E+02	-1.400E+02	4.494E–14	7.466E+02
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	CMAES		-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	-4.500E+02	8.550E-04	2.519E+03		-1.201E+02	-1.201E+02	-1.201E+02	1.322E-02	5.291E+03
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CoDE		-3.489E+02	-3.448E+02	-3.413E+02	2.632E + 00	6.076E + 02		-1.331E+02	-1.319E+02	-1.308E+02	9.079E-01	7.677E+02
F ₁₁ 1.58TE+03 1.742E+03 2.026E+03 1.386E+02 6.26IE+02 F ₁₅ -1.43IE+04 -1.414E+04 -1.392E+04 S 1.066E+03 1.187E+03 1.232E+03 5.748E+01 2.812E+03 -1.259E+04 -1.252E+04 -1.240E+04 3.006E+03 1.516E+04 1.028E+05 3.143E+04 7.174E+02 -1.082E+04 -1.058E+04 -1.046E+04 3.531E+03 4.841E+03 1.059E+04 2.185E+03 1.199E+03 -8.939E+03 -8.923E+03 F ₁₂ -3.300E+02 -3.300E+02 -3.300E+02 5.684E-14 5.259E+02 F ₁₆ 3.085E+02 3.314E+02 3.495E+02 S 5.611E+03 6.175E+03 6.737E+03 3.842E+02 6.493E+02 4.124E+03 4.345E+03 5.058E+03 5.053E+03 5.723E+03 4.061E+03 4.061E+03 5.053E+03 5.723E+03	SaDE		-3.861E+02	-3.816E+02	-3.760E+02	3.779E+00	1.061E + 03		-1.277E+02	-1.272E+02	-1.270E+02	3.367E-01	1.363E + 03
SS 1.066E+03 1.187E+03 5.748E+01 2.812E+03 2.812E+03 2.812E+03 -1.259E+04 -1.259E+04 -1.240E+04 3.006E+03 1.516E+04 1.028E+05 3.143E+04 7.174E+02 -1.082E+04 -1.058E+04 -1.046E+04 3.531E+03 4.841E+03 1.059E+04 2.185E+03 1.199E+03 -8.939E+02 -8.923E+03 -8.892E+03 F12 -3.300E+02 -3.300E+02 5.684E-14 5.259E+02 8.091E+03 3.495E+02 3.495E+02 S5 5.611E+03 6.175E+03 6.737E+03 3.842E+02 2.800E+03 9.091E+03 9.237E+03 9.311E+03 1.661E+03 1.848E+03 2.068E+03 1.170E+02 6.493E+02 4.124E+03 4.345E+03 5.125E+03	myDE	F_{11}	1.587E + 03	1.742E+03	2.026E+03	1.386E + 02	6.261E + 02	F_{15}	-1.431E+04	-1.414E+04	-1.392E+04	1.644E + 02	2.346E+03
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CMAES		1.066E+03	I.187E+03	I.232E+03	5.748E+01	2.812E + 03		-1.259E+04	-1.252E+04	-1.240E+04	7.295E+01	5.046E + 03
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CoDE		3.006E + 03	1.516E+04	1.028E + 05	3.143E + 04	7.174E+02		-1.082E+04	-1.058E+04	-1.046E+04	1.418E + 02	2.508E + 03
$F_{12} = -3.300E + 02 \\ -3.300E + 03 \\ -3.300E + 02 \\ -3.300E + 03 \\ -3.300E + 02 \\ -3.310E + 02 \\ -3.310E + 03 \\ -3.310E + $	SaDE		3.531E+03	4.841E + 03	1.059E+04	2.185E+03	1.199E + 03		-8.939E+03	-8.923E+03	-8.892E+03	1.829E + 01	3.762E+03
SS 5.611E+03 6.175E+03 6.737E+03 3.842E+02 2.800E+03 9.091E+03 9.237E+03 9.311E+03 1.661E+03 1.848E+03 2.068E+03 1.170E+02 6.493E+02 4.124E+03 4.345E+03 4.530E+03 4.530E+03 4.528E+03 5.053E+03 2.723E+02 1.034E+03 4.061E+03 4.699E+03 5.125E+03	myDE	F_{12}	-3.300E+02	-3.300E+02	-3.300E+02	5.684E-14	5.259E+02	F_{16}	3.085E + 02	3.314E + 02	3.495E + 02	I.467E+0I	2.079E+03
1.661E+03 1.848E+03 2.068E+03 1.170E+02 6.493E+02 4.124E+03 4.345E+03 4.530E+03 4.520E+03 5.053E+03 2.723E+02 1.034E+03 4.061E+03 4.699E+03 5.125E+03	CMAES		5.611E + 03	6.175E + 03	6.737E+03	3.842E + 02	2.800E + 03		9.091E + 03	9.237E + 03	9.311E + 03	8.625E + 01	7.353E+03
$4.202E + 03 \qquad 4.528E + 03 \qquad 5.053E + 03 \qquad 2.723E + 02 \qquad 1.034E + 03 \qquad 4.061E + 03 \qquad 4.699E + 03 \qquad 5.125E + 03$	CoDE		1.661E + 03	1.848E + 03	2.068E+03	1.170E + 02	6.493E + 02		4.124E+03	4.345E+03	4.530E+03	1.522E+02	2.151E+03
	SaDE		4.202E+03	4.528E+03	5.053E+03	2.723E + 02	1.034E+03		4.061E+03	4.699E + 03	5.125E+03	3.888E + 02	2.709E+03

Italics represents the best results obtained by the corresponding algorithm for each function



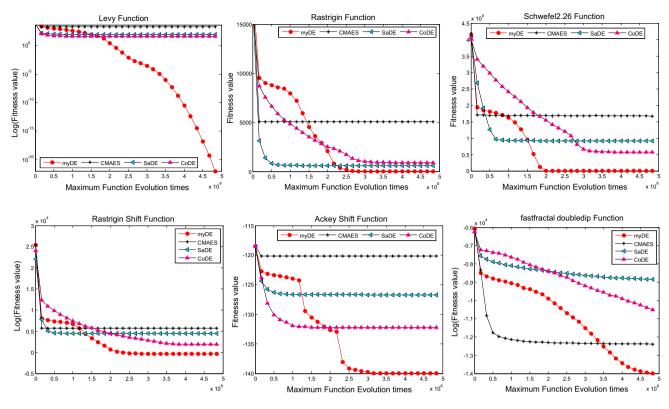


Fig. 25 Convergence curves of six functions (Levy, Rastrigin, Schwefel 2.26, Ackey Shift, Rastrigin Shift and Fastfractal doubledip) for comparison of four algorithms on D=1000

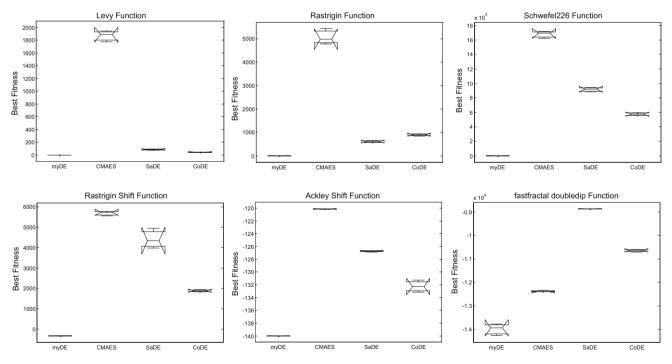


Fig. 26 Optimal solution distribution boxplot of six functions (Levy, Rastrigin, Schwefel 2.26, Ackey Shift, Rastrigin Shift and Fastfractal doubledip) on D = 1000



Table 10 Results comparison with seven state-of-the-art high-dimensional optimization algorithms on 1000D problems

Algorithm	F_9	F_{10}	F_{11}	F_{12}	F_{13}	F_{14}	F_{15}
jDEdynNP-F	1.14E-13	1.95E+01	1.31E+03	3.98E-14	2.17E-04	1.47E-11	-1.35E+04
EPUS-PSO	5.53E+02	4.66E+01	8.37E+05	5.89E+00	7.58E+03	1.89E+01	-6.62E+03
UEP	5.37E-12	1.05E+02	1.96E+03	8.87E-04	1.03E+04	1.99E+01	-1.18E+04
MTS	$0.00E{+}00$	4.72E-02	3.41E-04	0.00E + 00	$0.00E{+}00$	1.21E-11	-1.40E + 04
LSEDA-gl	3.22E-13	1.04E-05	1.73E+03	1.71E-13	5.45E+02	4.26E-13	-1.35E+04
DEwSAcc	8.79E-03	9.61E+01	9.15E+03	3.58E-03	1.82E+03	2.30E+00	-1.06E+04
DMS-PSO	$0.00E{+}00$	9.15E+01	8.98E+09	$0.00E{+}00$	3.84E + 03	7.76E+00	-7.51E+03
myDE	$0.00E{+}00$	2.91E+01	1.59E+03	$0.00E{+}00$	$0.00E{+}00$	1.09E-13	-1.400E + 04

Italics represents the best results obtained by the corresponding algorithm for each function

Table 11 Multi-problem-based statistical pairwise comparison of myDE and other algorithms. ($\alpha = 0.05$)

Proposed algorithm versus other algorithms						D = 500					D = 1000)			
	p value	W+	W =	W-	Winner	p value	W+	W =	W-	Winner	p value	W+	W =	W-	Winner
DE/rand/1-2 versus DE/rand/1	1.76E-01	81	10	45	DE/rand/1-2	6.10E-03	116	6	14	DE/rand/1-2	2.40E-03	136	0	0	DE/rand/1-2
DE/best/1-2 versus DE/best/1	5.31E-04	135	0	1	DE/best/1-2	4.38E-04	136	0	0	DE/best/1-2	4.38E-04	136	0	0	DE/best/1-2
DE/rand/2-2 versus DE/rand/2	4.38E-04	136	0	0	DE/rand/2	4.38E-04	136	0	0	DE/rand/2	4.38E-04	136	0	0	DE/rand/2
DE/current-to- best/1-2 versus DE/current-to- best/1	7.45E-04	123	0	3	DE/current-to-best/1-2	1.10E-03	131	0	5	DE/current-to-best/1-2	7.76E-04	133	0	3	DE/current-to-best/1-2
DE/best/2-2 versus DE/best/2	6.70E-03	116	3	17	DE/best/2-2	1.22E-04	133	1	2	DE/best/2-2	6.10E-05	136	0	0	DE/best/2-2
myDE versus CMAES	4.94E-02	102	3	31	myDE	4.94E-02	102	3	31	myDE	7.85E-02	99	3	34	myDE
myDE versus CoDE	1.07E-02	116	3	17	myDE	6.70E-03	122	1	13	myDE	1.00E-04	135	1	0	myDE
myDE versus SaDE	4.00E-03	122	1	13	myDE	4.00E-03	122	1	13	myDE	1.00E-04	136	0	0	myDE

In Table 11, it can be seen from the results of Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test that the proposed algorithm is the winner among all algorithms.

5.6 Population diversity analysis

In order to further investigate performance of the proposed algorithm, in this work, we keep track the population diversity of five algorithms (myDE, DE/Best/1, SaDE, CoDE, and CMAES); the population diversity is defined as follows:

Diversity =
$$\frac{1}{D} \sum_{i=1}^{D} SD_i$$

 $SD_i = \sqrt{\frac{1}{NP} \sum_{j=1}^{NP} (x_i^j - \bar{x}_i)^2}, \quad i = 1, 2, ..., D$



where \bar{x}_i is the mean value of *i*th decision variable in population.

Figure 27 shows the changing curves of population diversity in evolution process for two complex functions (Schwefel 2.26 function and Fastfractal Doubledip function). It indicates that the population diversities of other four algorithms (DE/Best/1, SaDE, CoDE and CMAES) falls very quickly, likely resulting in premature trapping into local minimums, accordingly the global optimal solution may be lost. On the contrary, the population diversity of myDE falls more slowly than that of other algorithms and its curve can keep a progressive decreasing. This illustrates that myDE can keep strong search ability during the evolution process and it would not prematurely fall into local search region, so it can obtained higher precision global solution (as population individuals constant gathering) than other four algorithms for multimodal optimization problem with high dimensionality.

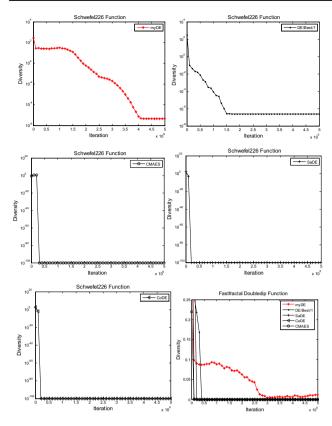


Fig. 27 The changed curves of population diversity (D = 1000)

6 Conclusion

Differential evolution algorithm has already developed very high level. Many of state-of-the-art variants of DE either have complex structure or need expensive time consumption and large storage space. To find the high-precision global optimal solution with small population size and low calculation consume, a new DE algorithm is proposed in this study, in which new dynamic crossover operator and novel local adjustment strategy are presented. In addition, mutation operation and the dynamic crossover operation are integrated together and are combined with local adjustment strategy to decrease the CPU time. To verify the performance of the proposed algorithm, numerical experiments have been tested on sixteen benchmark functions. Five frequently referred mutation operators, i.e., DE/rand/1, DE/Best/1, DE/current-to-best/1, DE/Best/2, DE/rand/2, are employed as mutation operation in the proposed DE; then, it is compared with standard DE and three state-of-the-art EA (SaDE, CoDE, CMAES). Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test is used to analyze comprehensively the performance for all test functions.

Experimental results show that the proposed algorithm has a better capacity and better cost performance to solve complicated multimodal optimization problems with high dimensionality.

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Compliance with ethical standards

Conflict of interest The authors declare that they have no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this paper. Shouheng Tuo proposed the improved DE algorithm firstly, did all experiments and written the article; Junying Zhang puts forward many constructive ideas and revised the manuscript in detail; Xiguo Yuan and Longquan Yong give some good ideas for this work.

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