Build Smarter AI Apps: Empower LLMs with LangChain

Module Cheat Sheet: Introduction to LangChain in GenAI

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
WatsonxLLM	A class from the ibm_watson_machine_learning.foundation_models.extensions.langchain module that creates a LangChain compatible wrapper around IBM's watsonx.ai models.	<pre>from ibm_watsonx_ai.foundation_models in from ibm_watson_machine_learning.foundat model_id = 'mistralai/mixtral-8x7b-instr parameters = { GenParams.MAX_NEW_TOKENS: 256, GenParams.TEMPERATURE: 0.2, } credentials = {"url": "https://us-south. project_id = "skills-network" model = ModelInference(model_id=model_id, params=parameters, credentials=credentials, project_id=project_id) mixtral_llm = WatsonxLLM(model=model) response = mixtral_llm.invoke("Who is mage)</pre>
Message Types	Different types of messages that chat models can use to provide context and control the conversation. The most common message types are SystemMessage, HumanMessage, and AIMessage.	from langchain_core.messages import Humansg = mixtral_llm.invoke([SystemMessage(content="You are a he HumanMessage(content="I enjoy mystem])
PromptTemplate	A class from the langchain_core.prompts module that helps format prompts with variables. These templates allow you to define a consistent format while leaving placeholders for variables that change with each use case.	<pre>from langchain_core.prompts import Promp prompt = PromptTemplate.from_template(") input_ = {"adjective": "funny", "topic": formatted_prompt = prompt.invoke(input_)</pre>
ChatPromptTemplate	A class from the langchain_core.prompts module that formats a list of chat messages with variables. These templates consist of a list of message templates themselves.	<pre>from langchain_core.prompts import ChatF prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_message ("system", "You are a helpful assist ("user", "Tell me a joke about {top:]) input_ = {"topic": "cats"} formatted_messages = prompt.invoke(input)</pre>

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MessagesPlaceholder	A placeholder that allows you to add a list of messages to a specific spot in a ChatPromptTemplate. This capability is useful when you want the user to pass in a list of messages you would slot into a particular spot.	<pre>from langchain_core.prompts import Messa from langchain_core.messages import Huma prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_message ("system", "You are a helpful assist MessagesPlaceholder("msgs")]) input_ = {"msgs": [HumanMessage(content= formatted_messages = prompt.invoke(input)</pre>
JsonOutputParser	A parser that allows users to specify an arbitrary JSON schema and query LLMs for outputs that conform to that schema. A parser is useful for obtaining structured data from LLMs.	<pre>from langchain_core.output_parsers impor from langchain_core.pydantic_v1 import E class Joke(BaseModel): setup: str = Field(description="ques punchline: str = Field(description=" output_parser = JsonOutputParser(pydanti) format_instructions = output_parser.get_ prompt = PromptTemplate(template="Answer the user query.i input_variables=["query"], partial_variables={"format_instructi") chain = prompt mixtral_llm output_pa</pre>
CommaSeparatedListOutputParser	A parser used to return a list of comma-separated items. This parser converts the LLM's response into a Python list.	<pre>from langchain.output_parsers import Con output_parser = CommaSeparatedListOutput format_instructions = output_parser.get_ prompt = PromptTemplate(template="Answer the user query. {fc input_variables=["subject"], partial_variables={"format_instructi") chain = prompt mixtral_llm output_paresult = chain.invoke({"subject": "ice c</pre>
Document	A class from the langchain_core.documents module that contains information about some data. This class has the following two attributes: page_content (the content of the document) and metadata (arbitrary metadata associated with the document).	<pre>from langchain_core.documents import Doc doc = Document(page_content="""Python is an interpr</pre>
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PyPDFLoader	A document loader from the langchain_community.document_loaders that loads PDFs into Document objects. You can use this document loader to extract text content from PDF files.	from langchain_community.document_loader loader = PyPDFLoader("path/to/document.r documents = loader.load()
WebBaseLoader	A document loader from the langchain_community.document_loaders that loads content from websites into Document objects. You can use this document loader to extract text content from web pages.	<pre>from langchain_community.document_loader loader = WebBaseLoader("https://python.l web_data = loader.load()</pre>
CharacterTextSplitter	A text splitter from langchain.text_splitter that splits text into chunks based on characters. This splitter is useful for breaking long documents into smaller, more manageable chunks for processing with LLMs.	<pre>from langchain.text_splitter import Char text_splitter = CharacterTextSplitter(chunk_size=200, # Maximum size of character to split) chunks = text_splitter.split_documents(character)</pre>
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter	A text splitter from langchain.text_splitter that splits text recursively based on a list of separators. This splitter tries to split on the first separator, then the second separator, and any subsequent separators, until the chunks of text attain the specified size.	<pre>from langchain.text_splitter import Recu text_splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSr</pre>
WatsonxEmbeddings	A class from langchain_ibm that creates embeddings (vector representations) of text using IBM's watsonx.ai embedding models. You can use these embeddings for semantic search and other vector-based operations.	<pre>from langchain_ibm import WatsonxEmbeddi from ibm_watsonx_ai.metanames import Emt embed_params = { EmbedTextParamsMetaNames.TRUNCATE_IN EmbedTextParamsMetaNames.RETURN_OPTI } watsonx_embedding = WatsonxEmbeddings(model_id="ibm/slate-125m-english-rtr url="https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.comproject_id="skills-network", params=embed_params,)</pre>
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Chroma	A vector store from langchain.vectorstores that stores embeddings and provides methods for similarity search. You can use Chroma for storing and retrieving documents based on semantic similarity.	<pre>from langchain.vectorstores import Chron // Create a vector store from documents docsearch = Chroma.from_documents(chunks // Perform a similarity search query = "Langchain" docs = docsearch.similarity_search(query</pre>
Retrievers	Interfaces that return documents given an unstructured query. Retrievers accept a string query as input and return a list of Document objects as output. You can use vector stores as the backbone of a retriever.	<pre># Convert a vector store to a retriever retriever = docsearch.as_retriever() // Retrieve documents docs = retriever.invoke("Langchain")</pre>
ParentDocumentRetriever	A retriever from langchain.retrievers that splits documents into small chunks for embedding but returns the parent documents during retrieval. This retriever balances accurate embeddings with context preservation.	<pre>from langchain.retrievers import ParentI from langchain.storage import InMemorySt parent_splitter = CharacterTextSplitter(child_splitter = CharacterTextSplitter(vectorstore = Chroma(collection_name="split_parents", embedding_function=watsonx_embedding) store = InMemoryStore() retriever = ParentDocumentRetriever(vectorstore=vectorstore, docstore=store, child_splitter=child_splitter, parent_splitter=parent_splitter,) retriever.add_documents(documents) retrieved_docs = retriever.invoke("Langcenter)</pre>
RetrievalQA	A chain from langchain.chains that answers questions based on retrieved documents. The RetrievalQA chain combines a retriever with an LLM to generate answers based on the retrieved context.	<pre>from langchain.chains import RetrievalQ4 qa = RetrievalQA.from_chain_type(llm=mixtral_llm, chain_type="stuff", retriever=docsearch.as_retriever(), return_source_documents=False) query = "what is this paper discussing?" answer = qa.invoke(query)</pre>

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ChatMessageHistory	A lightweight wrapper from langchain.memory that provides convenient methods for saving HumanMessages, AIMessages, and then fetching them all. You can use the ChatMessageHistory wrapper to maintain conversation history.	<pre>from langchain.memory import ChatMessage history = ChatMessageHistory() history.add_ai_message("hi!") history.add_user_message("what is the ca // Access the messages history.messages // Generate a response using the history ai_response = mixtral_llm.invoke(history)</pre>
ConversationBufferMemory	A memory module from langchain.memory that allows for the storage of messages and conversation history. You can use this memory module conversation chains to maintain context across multiple interactions.	<pre>from langchain.memory import Conversatic from langchain.chains import Conversatic conversation = ConversationChain(llm=mixtral_llm, verbose=True, memory=ConversationBufferMemory()) response = conversation.invoke(input="He")</pre>
LLMChain	A basic chain from langehain.chains that combines a prompt template with an LLM. It's the simplest form of chain in LangChain.	<pre>from langchain.chains import LLMChain template = """Your job is to come up wit</pre>
SequentialChain	A chain from langchain.chains that combines multiple chains in sequence, where the output of one chain becomes the input for the next chain. SequentialChain is useful for multi-step processing.	<pre>from langchain.chains import Sequential(// First chain - gets a meal based on lc location_chain = LLMChain(</pre>

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```
// Combine into sequential chain
                                                                                                                          overall_chain = SequentialChain(
                                                                                                                              chains=[location_chain, dish_chain,
input_variables=['location'],
output_variables=['meal', 'recipe',
                                                                                                                               verbose=True
                                                                                                                          from langchain_core.runnables import Rur
                                                                                                                          // Create each individual chain with the
                                                                                                                          location_chain_lcel = (
                                                                                                                              PromptTemplate.from_template(locatic
                                                                                                                                 mixtral_llm
                                                                                                                                 StrOutputParser()
                                                                                                                          dish_chain_lcel = (
                                                                                                                               PromptTemplate.from_template(dish_te
                                                                                                                                 mixtral llm
                                                                                                                               | StrOutputParser()
                                                                                                                          time_chain_lcel = (
    PromptTemplate.from_template(time_te
                                                                                                                               | mixtral_llm
                                                                                                                               | StrOutputParser()
                                        A component from langchain_core.runnables that allows function
                                                                                                                          overall_chain_lcel = (
RunnablePassthrough
                                        chaining to use the 'assign' method, enabling structured multi-step
                                                                                                                               RunnablePassthrough.assign(meal=lamk
                                        processing.
                                                                                                                                 RunnablePassthrough.assign(recipe=
                                                                                                                               | RunnablePassthrough.assign(time=la
                                                                                                                          // Run the chain
                                                                                                                          result = overall_chain_lcel.invoke({"loc
pprint(result)
                                                                                                                          from langchain_core.tools import Tool
                                                                                                                          from langchain_experimental.utilities in
                                                                                                                          python_repl = PythonREPL()
                                                                                                                          python_calculator = Tool(
                                                                                                                               name="Python Calculator",
                                                                                                                              func=python_repl.run,
description="Useful for when you nee
                                        A class from langchain_core.tools that represents an interface that an
                                                                                                                          result = python_calculator.invoke("a = 3
Tool
                                        agent, chain, or LLM can use to interact with the world. Tools perform
                                        specific tasks like calculations and data retrieval.
                                                                                                                          from langchain.tools import tool
@tool decorator
                                        A decorator from langchain.tools that simplifies the creation of custom
                                        tools. This tool automatically converts a function into a Tool object.
                                                                                                                          def search_weather(location: str):
    """Search for the current weather ir
                                                                                                                              # In a real application, this functi
return f"The weather in {location} i
```

create_react_agent	A function from langchain agents that creates an agent following the ReAct (Reasoning + Acting) framework. This function takes an LLM, a list of tools, and a prompt template as input and returns an agent that can reason and select tools to accomplish tasks.	<pre>from langchain.agents import create_reac agent = create_react_agent(llm=mixtral_llm, tools=tools, prompt=prompt)</pre>
AgentExecutor	A class from langchain agents that manages the execution flow of an agent. This class handles the orchestration between the agent's reasoning and the actual tool execution.	<pre>from langchain.agents import AgentExecut agent_executor = AgentExecutor(agent=agent, tools=tools, verbose=True, handle_parsing_errors=True) result = agent_executor.invoke({"input":</pre>

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