Aviation Risk Assessment

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Stakeholder is considering purchasing and operating commercial & private airplanes.

Business Context



They want to know more the lowest-risk planes.



Risk can be evaluated in terms of safety and cost.



This project prioritizes safety first and then categorizes planes by investment size.

Project Goals

Evaluate

Evaluate data for aircraft safety records

- fix duplicate or missing data
- designate relevant & insightful measurement methods

Recommend

Recommend aircraft that are low-risk in terms of

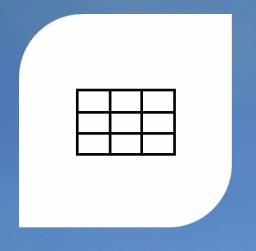
- number of incidents
- severity of incidents

Categorize

Categorize recommended planes in terms of

- size
- cost

Data Overview









Data records show every NTSBdocumented incident since 1962

This study focuses on airplanes that are still made or were only recently discontinued.

Passenger capacity and operational costs differ widely among these planes.

Subsequently, planes are split into three size-based tiers.

General analysis of low-risk planes

- lighter, single-engine aircraft are higher risk
- larger, multi-engine aircraft are lower risk

Method Overview

Compiling more specific findings:

- certain manufacturers make lower-risk planes
- split those aircraft into three tiers:
 - 1. private planes
 - 2. regional airliners
 - 3. large airliners
- determining which aircraft per size are the lowest-risk

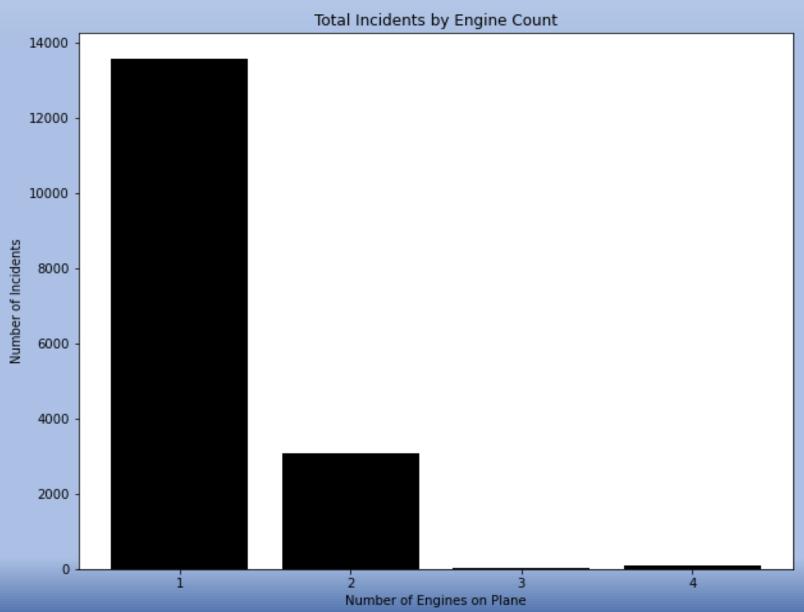
Results Overview

avoid single-engine and light aircraft &

consider these recommended manufacturers:

- large airliners:
 - Boeing
 - Airbus
- regional airliners:
 - Bombardier
 - Embraer
- private planes:
 - Gulfstream
 - Learjet
 - Cessna
 - Piper
 - Beech

why eliminate single-engine planes?



Total Injuries and Fatalities by Engine Count 8000 -Number of Injuries and Fatalities 6000 4000 2000 -

Number of Engines on Plane

categorizing planes by size

private planes seat 15 or fewer people



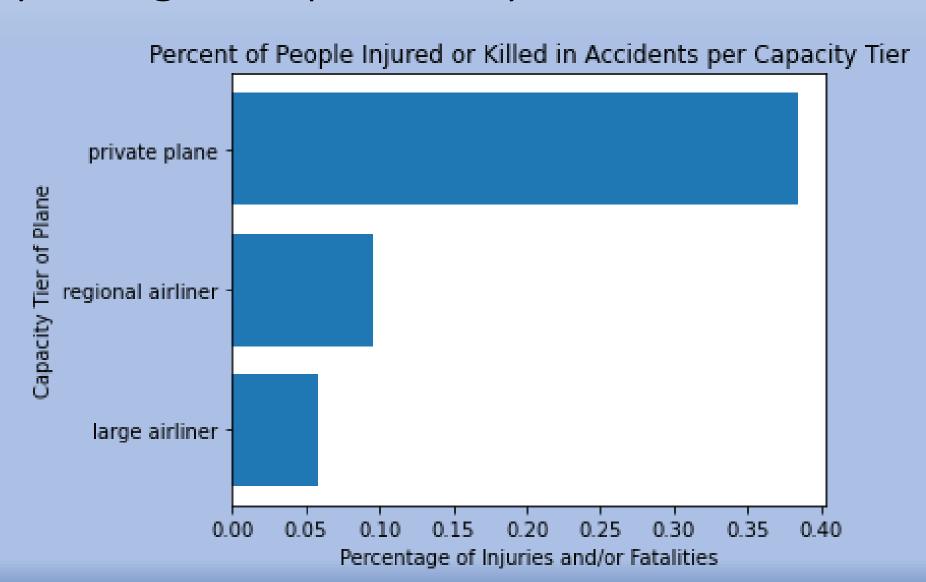
regional airliners seat 16-100

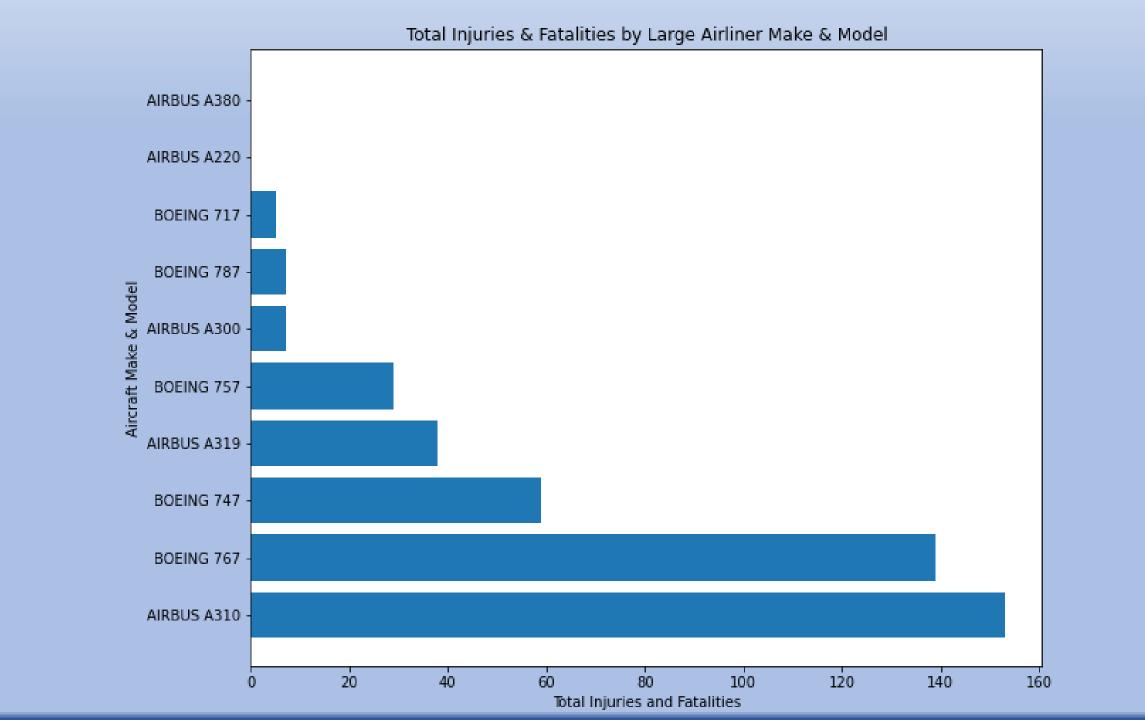


large airliners seat more than 100

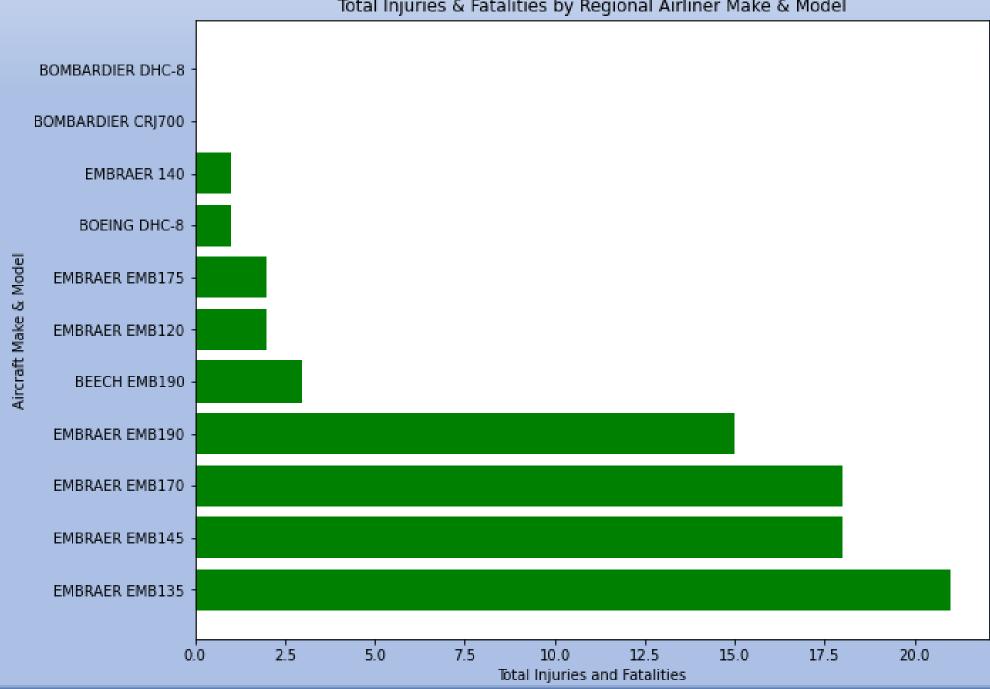


why categorize planes by size?





Total Injuries & Fatalities by Regional Airliner Make & Model





results summary

- single-engine planes have a much higherrisk than planes with two or more engines
- private aircraft are more affordable, but have more accidents
- private aircraft accidents are deadlier overall
- regional aircraft have the fewest accidents, but larger airliners are similarly safe



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