Practice □ Tutorials □ 30 Days of Code □ Day 23: BST Level-Order Traversal

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joel_h_healy

Day 23: BST Level-Order Traversal

by vatsalchanana

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Objective
Today, we're going further with Binary Search Trees. Check out the Tutorial tab for learning materials and an instructional video!

Task
A level-order traversal, also known as a breadth-first search, visits each level of a tree's nodes from left to right, top to bottom. You are given a pointer, , pointing to the root of a binary search tree. Complete the *levelOrder* function provided in your editor so that it prints the level-order traversal of the binary search tree.

Hint: You'll find a queue helpful in completing this challenge.

Input Format

The locked stub code in your editor reads the following inputs and assembles them into a BST:

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The first line contains an integer, (the number of test cases).
The subsequent lines each contain an integer, , denoting the value of an element that must be added to the BST.

Output Format

Print the value of each node in the tree's level-order traversal as a single line of space-separated integers.

Sample Input

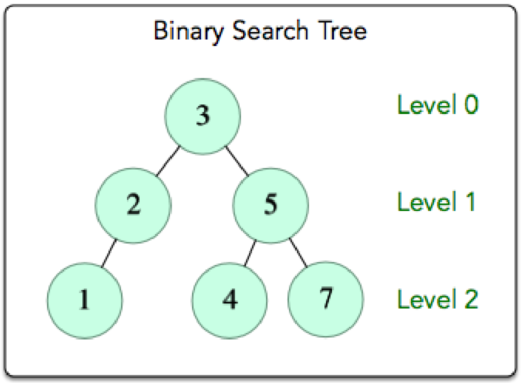
```
6
3
5
4
7
2
1
```

Sample Output

```
3 2 5 1 4 7
```

Explanation

The input forms the following binary search tree:



We traverse each level of the tree from the root downward, and we process the nodes at each level from left to right. The resulting level-order traversal is , and we print these data values as a single line of space-separated integers.

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Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)

Python 3

```
import sys

class Node:
    def __init__(self,data):
        self.right=self.left=None
        self.data = data
```

```
class Solution:
    def insert(self,root,data):
        if root==None:
            return Node(data)
        else:
            if data<=root.data:
                cur=self.insert(root.left,data)
                root.left=cur
            else:
                cur=self.insert(root.right,data)
                root.right=cur
        return root
    def levelOrder(self,root):
        #Write your code here
        q = [root]
        while q:
            if q[0].left:
                q.append(q[0].left)
            if q[0].right:
                q.append(q[0].right)
            print("{} ".format(q[0].data), end='')
            q.pop(0)

T=int(input())
myTree=Solution()
root=None
for i in range(T):
    data=int(input())
    root=myTree.insert(root,data)
myTree.levelOrder(root)

```

Line: 27 Col: 42

□ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

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