MIDI test suite

crescendo-gap-compatible-target-midi.ly



crescendo-return-crescendo-midi.ly

crescendo-return-louder-target-midi.ly

crescendo-return-softer-target-midi.ly

crescendo-return-unspecified-target-midi.ly

crescendo-single-compatible-target-midi.ly

crescendo-single-unspecified-target-midi.ly

decrescendo-multiple-compatible-target-midi.ly



decrescendo-single-contrary-target-midi.ly



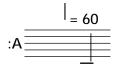
dynamic-initial-midi.ly



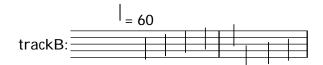
dynamic-voices-sequential-midi.ly



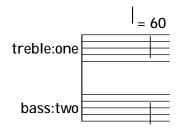
dynamic-voices-simultaneous-midi.ly



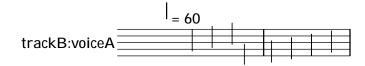
keys work in MIDI, this is d-minor
key-initial-midi.ly



Midi2ly -key works on all staves, this is G major (-key=1) key-option-all-staves-midi.ly

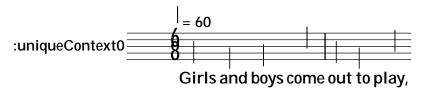


 $\label{eq:midi2ly} \begin{array}{l} {\tt midi2ly's\ option\ --key\ works,\ this\ is\ F\ major.} \\ {\tt key-option-midi.ly} \end{array}$



Lyrics are preserved

lyrics-addlyrics-midi.ly



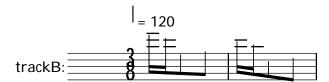
midi-overlapping-notes-midi.ly



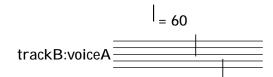
Partcombined music is preserved partcombine-midi.ly



 ${\tt midi2ly's}$ option --duration-quant preserves first note length (16). quantize-duration-2-midi.ly



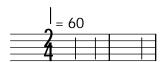
midi2ly's option --duration-quant quantizes durations of notes.
quantize-duration-midi.ly



midi2ly's option --start-quant quantizes start of notes.
quantize-start-midi.ly



LilyPond respects rests, also when there are dynamics rest-dynamic-midi.ly



midi2ly identifies rests

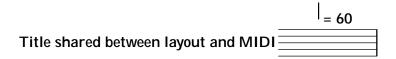
rest-midi.ly

If a score has a \header block which defines a title, this title should override any title defined in a \header block of the score's enclosing \bookpart or \book (or a title defined in a top-level \header block) when naming the MIDI sequence generated from the score. Otherwise, if the score has no title defined, the MIDI sequence generated from the score should get named using the title defined in the \header block of the nearest enclosing \bookpart, \book, or top-level scope that contains a title definition.

sequence-name-scoping-midi.ly

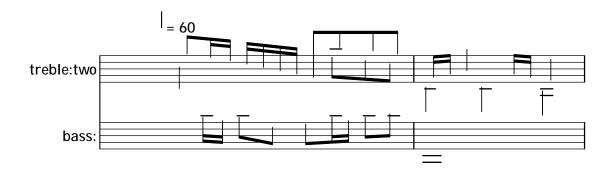
The MIDI sequence generated from a score should get its name from the title defined in the score's \header block (if any). The title used for layout can be overridden for MIDI output by specifying a separate midititle in the \header block. If the score does not define a title of its own, and has no enclosing \bookpart, \book, or top-level scope with a \header block that defines a title, either, the MIDI sequence should get the default name.

sequence-name-midi.ly



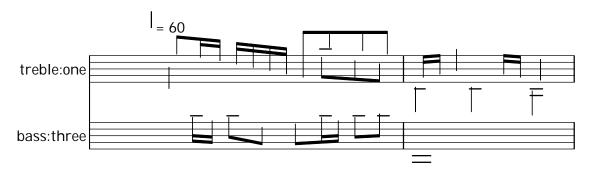
Midi2ly remaps voices correctly to staves in MIDI-files that use instrument<->channel mapping when combined with voice<->track mapping. TODO: pianostaff

staff-map-instrument-midi.ly

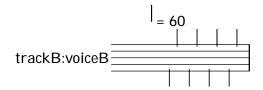


Midi2ly remaps voices correctly to staves in MIDI-files that use voice<->channel mapping when combined with staff<->track mapping. TODO: pianostaff

staff-map-voice-midi.ly

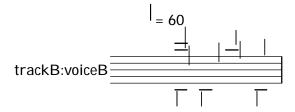


midi2ly maps two voices nicely on one staff as \voiceOne , \voiceTwo voice-2-midi.ly



 $\rm midi2ly\ maps$ four voices nicely on one staff as $\voiceOne,\voiceTwo,\voiceThree,\voiceFour$

voice-4-midi.ly



midi2ly still produces output for a staff with five voices. However, in such cases, most probably the the correct \vec{v} voiceX... mapping is lost.

voice-5-midi.ly

