



## Aprendizagem Automática Avançada (2º Ciclo de Informática)

### Bayesian Learning Exercises

#### Problem 1 \*

The following problem is adapted from <https://www.ida.liu.se/ext/caisor/TDDC65/dectree-exercise/page-100930.html>.

You may use pomegranate's (<https://pomegranate.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>) implementation of Conditional Probability Tables and Bayesian Networks.

Pomegranate has a tutorial on Bayesian Networks available <https://pomegranate.readthedocs.io/en/latest/BayesianNetwork.html>.

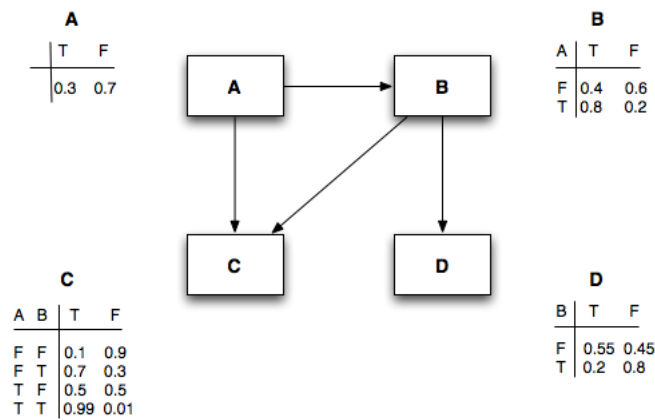


Figure 1: Bayesian Network / Causal Net. Variables  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $D$  are represented as nodes, and a truth table is given alongside them.

Given the bayesian network provided in Figure 1, calculate the following queries:

- $P(A = T \mid C = T, D = T)$
- $P(A = T \mid D = F)$
- $P(B = T \mid C = T)$
- $P(B = T \mid A = T, C = T)$
- $P(C = T \mid A = F, B = F, D = F)$

## Problem 2 \*

For problem 2, compare Naïve Bayes and Random Forest results in the cases indicated below. You may use scikit-learn for both.

You may use a dataset you are interested in exploring or any other dataset we have explored in class (e.g., iris, breast cancer) to solve the following exercises.

- a) Use Naïve Bayes to classify your dataset, exploring different parameter values.
- b) Use Random Forest to classify your dataset, exploring different parameter values.