Joel Oliveira Reis

Assistant Professor, University of Macau

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Contact

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Languages

Native Portuguese speaker Full professional proficiency in English Basic knowledge of spoken and written Chinese

Programming and Software

Matlab, Python, C/C++, ROS, Git, Linux, SolidWorks, LATEX







Github (7)

joelreis

WeChat 🤏 joelreis90

CV last updated on February 16, 2024

About me

I was born in 1990, in Fátima, Portugal. I received the M.Sc. degree in aerospace engineering from the Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal, in 2013, and the Ph.D. degree in electrical and computer engineering from the University of Macau, Macau, China, in 2019.

During my master's, I began working on the conception, designing, development and testing of a low-cost ultra-short baseline acoustic positioning system, which became known as PONTUS - POrtable Navigation Tool for Underwater Scenarios, a versatile device meant to be used as a tool for localization of subsea targets. PONTUS can be mounted on a marine robotic vehicle, or be operated manually by a scuba diver thanks to it featuring a graphical display providing real-time data on the tracking of the designated target (see figure below).



(a) 3D Rendering in SolidWorks



(b) Final prototype ready for tests

Ultra-short baseline acoustic positioning system PONTUS

I was involved in this project for about two years, during which time I was directly responsible for the implementation of real-time applications, ultimately focused on problems related to acoustic communications, digital signal processing via a C6713 DSP chip from Texas Instruments, inertial navigation architectures and systems programming. Later on, I prepared and conducted a series of experiments to validate and assess the performance of the developed prototype, as well as to demonstrate the efficiency of novel localization and navigation algorithms that I developed in the initial stage of my Ph.D. at the University of Macau.

Still within the scope of underwater applications, my Ph.D. research then branched towards attitude estimation using high grade gyroscopes that are sensitive to the Earth's spin. While localization seeks to answer the question where are the targets?, and navigation seeks to answer the question where am 1?, attitude estimation is concerned with determining our own orientation in space, which is a critical aspect in challenging underwater environments where information is typically scarce and of difficult access. This research direction gave me the opportunity to work with state-of-the-art technology, namely the KVH 1775 fiber optic rate gyro and the Ideal Aerosmith motion rate table (see figure below).

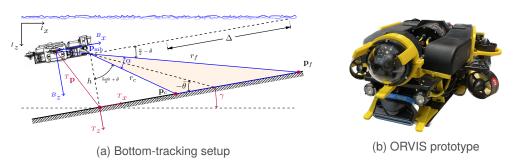
Currently, I am working with ORVIS, an autonomous underwater vehicle (AUV) for shallow water bathymetric missions. This vehicle was fully developed in-house at the SCORE Laboratory of the University of Macau. The ORVIS AUV is equipped with a sensor suite consisting of an Oculus M1200d multibeam imaging sonar, a Waterlinked A50 doppler velocity



Attitude estimation setup: fiber optic gyroscope mounted on a rotating motion rate table.

log, and a set of basic navigation sensors: Microstrain 3DM-GX4-45 Inertial Measurement Unit, GPS unit, depth pressure sensor, and sonar altimeter. The purpose of this cutting edge research project is to set out advanced solutions to the development of shallow water intervention tools that can be employed in Macau waters for accurate shallow water bathymetry, inspection of underwater structures, studies of marine biodiversity, assessment of the human impact on the marine environment, detection and localization of toxic spills, etc.

Following the designing and assembling of the ORVIS prototype, I have been entirely responsible for all aspects of its systems programming and sensor integration. In parallel with the vehicle's hardware and software development, I have also been working on new control algorithms using multibeam imaging sonar. The latest novelty concerns a new intelligent bottom-tracking paradigm that exploits convenient geometrical relationships related to the sonar itself and to the profile of the sea bottom (see figure below).



Despite a strong focus on and dedication to underwater ocean robotics, my work with autonomous systems extends to aerial and surface vehicles as well. I have recently made contributions (refer to **Publications** below) to state estimation and nonlinear control of quadrotors, including aerial cargo transportation, and also to nonlinear control of marine vessels. My expertise on the latter, combined with my knowledge of software frameworks for robots, was key to lead the SCORE Laboratory team to victory in the First Zhuhai Wanshan International Intelligent Vessel Competition.

The vast majority of my published works thus far have featured experimental validations with all sorts of sensors and different types of autonomous vehicles. This has allowed me to acquire over the years general knowledge of computer network management and electronic systems, including electrical connectors, welding, cabling, and mounting hardware.

To conclude this *About me* section, I am also an avid reader and cinephile.

Academic Positions

2024 – Assistant Professor

Jan - University of Macau

Department of Ocean Science and Technology

Education

2014 - 2019 Doctor of Philosophy in Electrical and Computer Engineering

Aug - Nov University of Macau

Dissertation: Nonlinear Estimation Techniques for Underwater Localization and Positioning Solutions.

2011 – 2013 Master in Aerospace Engineering (Final grade: 17/20)

Sep – Nov Instituto Superior Técnico, University of Lisbon

Thesis: Advanced Signal Processing Aiding Techniques for Inertial Navigation Systems

2008 – 2011 Graduated Engineering Sciences - Aerospace Engineering (Final grade: 16/20)

Sep – Jun Instituto Superior Técnico, University of Lisbon

2006 - 2008 High School Diploma - Science and Technologies (Final grade: 18/20)

Sep – Jul Centro de Estudos de Fátima, Portugal

Awards

2022 FDCT Funding Scheme for Postdoctoral Researchers of Higher Education Institutions

Macau China

Awarded a post-doctoral fellowship for a period of 24 months.

2020 First Zhuhai Wanshan International Intelligent Vessel Competition

Zhuhai, China

Winner of Sailing Race Project - Development of a path following controller for an unmanned surface vessel.

2020 Macau Science and Technology Development Fund (FDCT)

Macau, China

Recipient of Scientific and Technological R&D Award for Postgraduates.

Research Positions

2022 - 2023 University of Macau

March – Dez Post-doctoral Fellow funded by the FDCT Funding Scheme for Postdoctoral Researchers of Higher Education Institutions of the UM Macao Talent Programme.

Period of two years dedicated to the practical development and testing of prototypes for autonomous aerial

and underwater vehicles.

2019 – 2022 Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Macau

Research Assistant. Dec – Mar

> Involved in UM Funded projects STEALTH (STate EstimAtion in Large neTworks with Heterogenous agents) and SECANTS (Self-triggered and Event-triggered Control of Autonomous NeTworked Systems, and in FDCT funded project SLOTMAV (Slung Load Transportation by Multiple Aerial Vehicles).

2012 - 2014 Institute for Systems and Robotics, Lisbon

Oct - Aug Fellow Researcher.

> Worked in the Project MAST/AM: Advanced Tracking and Telemetry Methodologies to Study Marine Animals, which was funded by FCT -Fundação para a Ciência e Tecnologia. Main work consisted in programming a Digital Signal Processor C6713 from Texas Instruments that served as the backbone of an ultra-short baseline acoustic positioning system.

Patents

2022 Attitude estimation method, terminal, system and computer readable storage medium.

Reference number UMPT262-2020 under jurisdiction of United States Utility (Published).

Inventors: Joel Reis, Pedro Batista, Carlos Silvestre, Paulo Oliveira

The technical problem to be solved by this invention is to provide an attitude estimation method, a terminal, a system and a computer-readable storage medium, which reduce the complexity of attitude estimation and improve the accuracy of attitude estimation.

The work in this patent is based on the theoretical research acomplishments obtained during my Ph.D.

Professional service

Journal Reviewer

- IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control
- IEEE Transactions on Cybernetics
- IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics
- IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics
- IEEE Aerospace and Electronic Systems Magazine
- IEEE Transactions on Cognitive and Developmental Systems
- IEEE Sensors Journal
- IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurement
- Automatica
- Asian Journal of Control

- IEEE Journal of Oceanic Engineering

Conference Reviewer

- ∠ IEEE Conference on Decision and Control (CDC)
- △ IEEE American Control Conference (ACC)
- △ IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS)
- △ IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)
- △ The International Conference on Unmanned Aircraft Systems (ICUAS)

Publications

Papers in Journals

- 18. Weiming Yang, Gan Yu, **Joel Reis** and Carlos Silvestre, "Robust nonlinear 3D control of an inverted pendulum balanced on a quadrotor," Automatica, vol. 159. Elsevier BV, p. 111336, Jan. 2024.
- 17. Linghuan Kong, **Joel Reis**, Wei He and Carlos Silvestre, "Experimental validation of a robust prescribed performance nonlinear controller for an unmanned aerial vehicle with unknown mass," in IEEE Transactions on Mechatronics, 2023. (in press)
- 16. Linghuan Kong, **Joel Reis**, Wei He and Carlos Silvestre, "Comprehensive Nonlinear Control Strategy for VTOL-UAVs With Windowed Output Constraints," IEEE Transactions on Control Systems Technology, vol. 31, no. 6. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), pp. 2673–2684, Nov. 2023.
- 15. **Joel Reis**, Gan Yu and Carlos Silvestre, "Kalman-based velocity-free trajectory tracking control of an underactuated aerial vehicle with unknown system dynamics," Automatica, vol. 155. Elsevier BV, p. 111148, Sep. 2023.
- 14. Gan Yu, **Joel Reis**, David Cabecinhas, Rita Cunha and Carlos Silvestre, "Reduced-Complexity Active Disturbance Rejection Controller for Quadrotor-Slung-Load Transportation," IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics: Systems, vol. 53, no. 8. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), pp. 5248–5259, Aug. 2023.
- 13. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Discrete-time Kalman filter for heave motion estimation," Ocean Engineering, vol. 277. Elsevier BV, p. 114240, Jun. 2023.
- 12. Gan Yu, **Joel Reis** and Carlos Silvestre, "Quadrotor Neural Network Adaptive Control: Design and Experimental Validation," in IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters, vol. 8, no. 5, pp. 2574-2581, May 2023.
- 11. **Joel Reis**, Wei Xie, David Cabecinhas and Carlos Silvestre, "Nonlinear Backstepping Controller for an Underactuated ASV With Model Parametric Uncertainty: Design and Experimental Validation," in IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Vehicles, vol. 8, no. 3, pp. 2514-2526, March 2023.
- 10. **Joel Reis**, Gan Yu, David Cabecinhas and Carlos Silvestre, "High performance quadrotor slung load transportation with damped oscillations," in International Journal of Robust and Nonlinear Control, 1–30, August 2022.
- 9. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Earth Velocity and Rigid-Body Attitude Estimation on SO(3) Using Biased Measurements," in IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics, vol. 27, no. 6, pp. 4246-4257, December 2022.
- 8. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Attitude, body-fixed Earth rotation rate, and sensor bias estimation using single observations of direction of gravitational field," in Automatica, Volume 125, 109475, March 2021.
- 7. Wei Xie, **Joel Reis**, David Cabecinhas and Carlos Silvestre, "Design and experimental validation of a nonlinear controller for underactuated surface vessels," in Nonlinear Dynamics, 102, 2563–2581, November 2020.
- 6. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Kalman Filter Cascade for Attitude Estimation on Rotating Earth," in IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics, vol. 25, no. 1, pp. 327-338, February 2020.
- 5. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Attitude estimation using high-grade gyroscopes," in Control Engineering Practice, Volume 92, 104134, November 2019.
- 4. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Calibration of High-Grade Inertial Measurement Units Using a Rate Table," in IEEE Sensors Letters, vol. 3, no. 4, pp. 1-4, April 2019.
- 3. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Nonlinear Observer on SO(3) for Attitude Estimation on Rotating Earth Using Single Vector Measurements," in IEEE Control Systems Letters, vol. 3, no. 2, pp. 392-397, April 2019.
- 2. **Joel Reis**, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Source Localization Based on Acoustic Single Direction Measurements," in IEEE Transactions on Aerospace and Electronic Systems, vol. 54, no. 6, pp. 2837-2852, December 2018.

1. **Joel Reis**, Marco Morgado, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Design and Experimental Validation of a USBL Underwater Acoustic Positioning System," in Sensors, 16, 1491, September 2016.

Papers in Conferences

- 4. Pedro Casau, **Joel Reis** and Carlos Silvestre, "Event-triggered trajectory tracking control of an underactuated autonomous surface vessel," in 2022 American Control Conference (ACC), pp. 1757-1762, June 2022.
- 3. **Joel Reis**, Carlos Silvestre, Pedro Batista and Paulo Oliveira, "Attitude observers aided by implicit measurements of the Earth angular velocity," in 59th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control (CDC), pp. 1300-1305, December 2020.
- Joel Reis, Pedro Batista, Paulo Oliveira and Carlos Silvestre, "Nonlinear Attitude Observer on SO(3) Based on Single Body-Vector Measurements," in 2018 IEEE Conference on Control Technology and Applications (CCTA), pp. 1319-1324, August 2018.
- Joel Reis, Paulo Oliveira, Pedro Batista and Carlos Silvestre, "Filter design for localization aided by direction and Doppler measurements," in 2014 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), pp. 2957-2962, June 2014.

Projects

Following my PhD, I have been actively involved in the projects listed below, which encompass the fields of aerial robotics and marine robotics, the latter including surface and underwater environments. My role in these projects ranges from scientific research work to practical engineering, namely systems programming and implementation of navigation and control algorithms.

IMCIAV (FDCT Macau / NSFC China)

Project title: IMCIAV - Interaction Modeling and Control of Intelligent Autonomous Vehicles

Project reference: FDCT/0031/2020/AFJ

Financing Agency: University of Macau Funded by the FDCT - Fundo para o Desenvolvimento das Ciências e da Tecnolo-

gia, Macau, University of Science and Technology Beijing funded by the National Science Foundation China.

Initiated: September 22, 2020 Conclusion: September 21, 2023

Project description:

This research project focus on the two core issues of intelligent autonomous robots: Interacting Multiple Model and Control methods. Firstly, the objective is to construct dynamic models of autonomous robots with adaptability to the environment, using offline dynamic models and online system parameters obtained from the environmental information. Secondly, in order to improve the autonomy and robustness of the autonomous robots, we will study the control methods of the robots under the scenarios of constraint-unconstrained transformations. Further, taking the unmodelled environment into consideration, we will study interactive control strategies of for autonomous robots as to improve their intelligence and safety when they

interact with the environment.

Finally, based on local sensing information, the distributed algorithms will be studied to complete the task of autonomous multi-agent cooperation and to be applied to practical scenarios such as autonomous robots navigating in complex urban environment. The scientific research teams from both University of Macau and University of Science and Technology Beijing will cooperate together to find feasible solutions to the key scientific problems of Interacting Multiple Model and Control methods and of Intelligent Autonomous Robots.



Project ORVIS (FDCT Macau)

Project title: ORVIS - Ocean Robotic Vehicles for Intervention in Shallow Waters

Project reference: FDCT/0146/2019/A3

Financing Agency: FDCT - Fundo para o Desenvolvimento das Ciências e da Tecnologia, Macau

Initiated: May 24, 2020 Conclusion: May 23, 2023

Project description: The purpose of this cutting edge research project is to set out advanced solutions to the development of shallow water intervention tools that can be employed, in Macau waters for accurate shallow water bathymetry, inspection of underwater structures, studies of marine biodiversity, assessment of the human impact on the marine environment, detection and localization of toxic spills, etc.

The key outcomes of the proposed research effort are fourfold: i) to conceive, develop, and test a Remotely Operated Vehicle, ORVIS ROV, and an Autonomous Underwater Vehicle, ORVIS AUV, for shallow water operations based on off-the-shelf affordable components; ii) to develop algorithms for high accuracy bathymetry and seabed mapping based on affordable multibeam imaging and doppler velocity log sonars; iii) to develop novel nonlinear trajectory tracking and path following controllers with bottom following and obstacle avoidance capabilities for marine vehicles to allow them to perform accurate bathymetry with full seabed coverage of the target areas in the presence of unexpected static or even dynamic obstacles; iv) to develop fault detection and isolation techniques as applied to marine vehicles, exploring new sensor, actuator or vehicle configurations.



Prototype autonomous underwater vehicle developed in the University of Macau.

Project SECANTS (Level III MYRG R&DAO University of Macau)

Project title: SECANTS – Self-triggered and Event-triggered Control of Autonomous NeTworked Systems

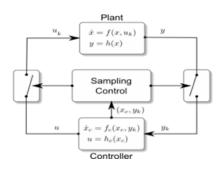
Project reference: MYRG2018-00198-FST **Financing Agency:** University of Macau

Initiated: January 1, 2019 Conclusion:December 31, 2021

Project description:

The goal of this project is the decentralized control of networked hybrid systems by means of advanced sampled-data feedback. Hybrid system models are specially tailored to describe physical systems that experience abrupt changes in the dynamics, thus they are particularly well-suited to represent the interconnection between physical systems and digital computers, referred to as sampled-data control.

Standard design for sampled-data control systems relies typically on periodic sampling of both the input and the output of the plant. However, two non-periodic sampling control strategies have recently been proposed: event-based control and self-triggered control. This project will further develop these strategies by: i) making use of the hybrid systems modelling framework to define the overarching architecture of sampled-data control systems for continuous time plants (of which event-based control and self-triggered control are particular examples); and ii) extending the previous



model to sampled-based control of a hybrid system and exploiting its application to the decentralized control of networked hybrid systems. The focus will be placed on finding conditions for completeness, non-Zenoness, stability and robustness of solutions to the closed-loop system, while optimizing for performance. The effectiveness of the new techniques will be demonstrated in the distributed control of modular aerial vehicles.

Project SLOTMAV (FDCT Macau) =

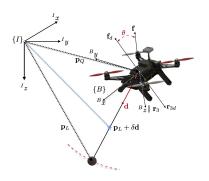
Project title: SLOTMAV – Slung Load Transportation by Multiple Aerial Vehicles

Project reference: MYRG2018-00198-FST

Financing Agency: FDCT - Fundo para o Desenvolvimento das Ciências e da Tecnologia, Macau

Initiated: August 15, 2017 Conclusion: August 14, 2020

Project description: Technological developments are enabling autonomous Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) to play an ever-increasing role as remote sensing platforms. In particular, a team of rotorcrafts equipped with cables connected to a slung load can work together to control and carry a platform on which a multitude of sensors can be installed. The multiple rotorcraft configurations add redundancy and fail safety, allowing the mission to be carried out in crowded areas with total confidence and without endangering the public. Moreover, the carrying capacity and endurance of the mission are greatly increased, hence, opening the UAVs to a wide range of new tasks. The aims of this project are manifold: i) to conceive, develop, and test new advanced high performance control strategies for a single UAV carrying a slung load; ii) to conceive, develop, and test new advanced high performance control strategies for multiple UAVs carrying a load hanged by a single or multiple anchor points; and iii) to develop a team of UAVs and all the onboard real-time systems for load sensing, navigation, control, and mission control.



This is a fundamental step towards the goal of developing a failsafe, redundant, high performance and endurance multi-vehicle aerial platform that can be safely operated in many daily situations that include: media event coverage in crowded locations, like sportive events; deliver aid, including water and medical supplies to affected areas; and the operation of expensive sensor arrays in remote sensing applications. As final project output two operational setups are proposed, were the accuracy of the position and orientation of the load along the trajectory will be fundamental for its correct operation. These setups consist of: i) a demonstration of a coordinated load catch and release maneuver by a

single or by multi-vehicle configurations; ii) a demonstration of the operation of a sensing array comprised of visible light and infrared cameras by multiple aerial vehicles. This project will boost the development of advanced, high performance, nonlinear control and load sensing algorithms that will improve the current level of autonomy of load carrying UAVs. Their real time onboard implementation will allow demonstrating the efficacy of the UAV team as an autonomous platform with enormous potential for carrying out remote sensing missions. Equipped with onboard advanced sensing and control systems, it will be fully shown how the collaborative UAV team can: i) be easily launched from a confined area; ii) carry the sensing platform to the site of interest; iii) make the sensing platform describe accurately the desired trajectory to maximize sensor performance; and iv) return to a safe place, all in autonomous mode and with appropriate fail safety and redundancy mechanisms. The experience acquired from both the UAVs and the installed equipment will pave the way for future installation of more sophisticated sensing equipment, thus providing end-users with safe and versatile sensing platforms supporting a multitude of missions in the fields of remote sensing, inspection, monitoring, media coverage, surveying, mapping and imaging.