

School of Management, Economics, Law, Social Schiences and International Affairs

The effect of Twitter activity on Bitcoin price

Documentation

Software Engineering for Economists (7,610,1.00)

Dimitrios Koumnakes - 10-613-370 Severin Kranz - 13-606-355 Joël Sonderegger - 11-495-488 Alen Stepic - 11-475-258 Chi Xu - XX-XXX

Fall Term 2017

Supervisor
Prof. Dr. Philipp ZAHN
Department of Economics

December 27, 2017

Abstract

(Insert text)

Contents

1	Introduction												1														
	1.1	Goal	of th	ne pa	per .																						1
	1.2 Methodology																		1								
	1.3	Scope	٠.																								1
2	2 Data Collection												2														
	2.1	Tweet	ts D	ata .										•													2
		2.1.1	Ру	thon	Scrip	ot .								•													2
		2.1.2	На	ardwa	are Se	tup				•				•													4
	2.2	Bitcoi	in P	rice I	Oata																						4
		2.2.1	Ex	kecuti	ion .																						4
		2.2.2	Oı	ıtput																							4
		2.2.3	Al	PI: Bi	itcoin	aver	age.	.cor	n.					•								•					5
3	Dat	a Aggı	reg	ation	ı																						5
4	4 Data Analysis													5													

List of Figures

List of Abbreviation

API Application Programming Interface

CKEY Consumer Key

CSECRET Consumer Secret

ATOKEN Access Token

ASECRET Access Token Secret

1 Introduction

In the academic environment accountability and reproducibility is important. However, the publishing process of papers and journals seem to be outdated. New ways of data collection and data processing exist by using computational economics. The usage of algorithms can increase effectiveness and efficiency. Hence, much lager data sets can be proceeded. However this creates also new problems regarding to traceability and reproducibility. Often cited academic paper exist, where the initial computation is not reproducible. Furthermore, some academic paper even contain computational errors. Replicating data or existing results do not provide any new knowledge at all. Nevertheless, the ability to reproduce increases trustworthiness and indicate the quality of the conducted work. This explains why reproduction is of great relevance.

1.1 Goal of the paper

The goal of this documentation is the provision of a description. This description should enable the reader to reproduce the results discussed in the separate paper. Thus, it contains an explanation how the input data have been gathered, stored, aggregated and analysed. In other words, the input data, the model core, the model parameters and the applied math program are explained.

1.2 Methodology

This documentation consists out of four chapters. The first chapter contains a short introduction and provides the reader with an overview about the topic. Furthermore it points out the relevance of documentation. The second chapter discusses the input data. This includes the process of gathering and storing twitter tweets as well as the gathering of the bitcoin price data. The third chapter discusses how the data is aggregated by pointing out the core model and its parameters. Finally the fifth chapter discusses how the analysis has been conducted.

1.3 Scope

The scope of the documentation is the provision of an overview about the different steps which have been conducted to obtain the results in the paper. It does not contain any discussions about the results of the separate paper. It is not a deep description of the code as the code itself as the code is documented separately. Nevertheless, important lines of code are discussed.

2 Data Collection

Here, we provide a detailed description of how the data for the sequential analysis is gathered and stored. This includes two subsections the (1) tweets data and the (2) bitcoin price data.

2.1 Tweets Data

Whit the python script real-time twitter data are streamed and stored. This happens with help of a raspberry pi.

2.1.1 Python Script

Twitter offers different Application Programming Interfaces (API) for collecting data. However, the time frame for gathering data on a free base is limited to 7 days. On the other hand, python offers different twitter libraries. Such as the open-source package tweepy. This package has been used for streaming the twitter data as it simplify the script.

Installing Tweepy

Tweepy can be installed very simple by running following commands in the command prompt.

pip install tweepy

If the previous downloaded python installation package does not contain the tweepy library, the tweepy library has to be downloaded. The package can be downloaded for free from the following link:

https://pypi.python.org/pypi/tweepy

Twitter Authentication

To access the twitter data, twitter requests an identification of the user. The identification is assured by different keys and access tokens. Those are the (1) consumer key (ckey), (2) consumer secret (csecret), (3) access token (atoken) and (4) access token secret (asecret).

To get the mentioned key and tokens a twitter account is needed. Once, an twitter account exist an application has to be created. This has to be conducted by login with the twitter account credentials under the following link:

https://apps.twitter.com/

After the creation of an application the keys and tokens can be extracted. Figure 1 illustrates

how to retrieve the keys and tokens.

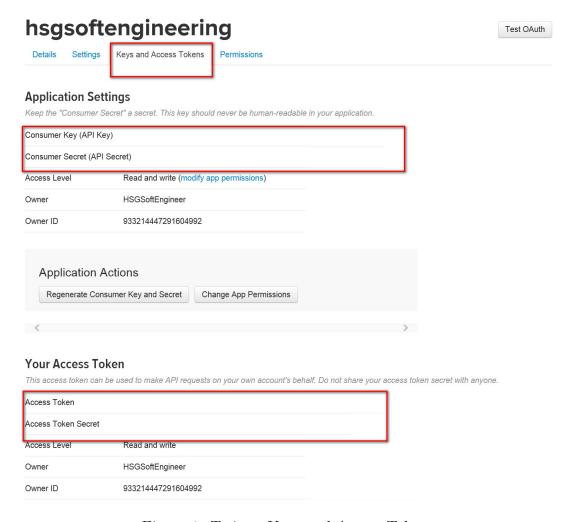


Figure 1: Twitter Keys and Access Tokens

Twitter Streaming API

By running the python script collectTwitterData.py real-time twitter data is pushed in a JSON format. Tweets are pushed just in case the tweet contains the defined key word bitcoin.

\$ python collectTwitterData.py

From the JSON format the following parameters are decoded

- created at: Timestamp of the created tweet
- text: text of the tweet

The time timestamps is UTC time.

2.1.2 Hardware Setup

(Severin's Part)

2.2 Bitcoin Price Data

We wrote a Python script which collects Bitcoin price data as there was no preexisting data collection that satisfied our needs. The Bitcoin price is best expressed by the Bitcoin Price Index. The Bitcoin price index (BPI) is an index of the exchange rate between the Bitcoin (BTC) and the US dollar (USD) (**kristoufek2015main**). The objective of the script was to gather hourly Bitcoin Price Index data for at least the time period in which we gather the tweets data. We found the an API by bitcoinaverage.com which sufficed our needs. An API description follows later.

2.2.1 Execution

By executing the python script CollectCryptocurrencyData.py hourly data for the Bitcoin Price Index is retrieved.

\$ python CollectCryptocurrencyData.py

2.2.2 Output

After successfully running the python script CollectCryptocurrencyData.py the file bpi.csv is generated in the folder /data. It is important to note that every execution of the script overwrites any existing bpi.csv file.

The file bpi.csv contains historical Bitcoin Price Index data for one month on an hourly basis. Each data point consists of the following parameters:

• time: Timestamp on an hourly basis

• average: Average price (in USD)

• high: Highest price (in USD)

• low: Lowest price (in USD)

• open: Opening price (in USD)

2.2.3 API: Bitcoinaverage.com

Bitcoinaverage.com offers a free API that provides historical Bitcoin Price Index data. The following requests delivers data for an per hour monthly sliding window.

https://apiv2.bitcoinaverage.com/indices/global/history/BTCUSD?period=monthly&?format=json

The time timestamps is UTC time.

3 Data Aggregation

(Joel's Part)

4 Data Analysis

(Dimitri's Part)