

# Project 2

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## Mastermind & Battleship

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This write up contains an introduction which consists of a description of Mastermind and Battleship and why these games were chosen for the project. It summarizes the project with statistics including satisfaction of criteria, what variables, constructs, and processes were implemented, and notes on exceptional areas of the project(i.e, challenges encountered during the development process). It describes the development process with example inputs/outputs, flowcharts and pseudocode, and details of major variables. The write up lists which concepts were used from the textbook, and finally includes the documented code.

	Table of Contents
1	Introduction
2	Summary 1. Program Statistics 2. Areas of Note in Development
3	Description 1. Program Walkthrough 2. Flowcharts 3. Variables/Structures/Classes 4. Concepts Implemented
4	References
5	Code Documentation

# 1 Introduction: Mastermind

Mastermind is a two-player board game in which turns are taken by alternating between the roles of a *codebreaker* and a *codemaker*. The codemaker chooses a pattern—be it a pattern of colored marbles or simply numbers—and the codebreaker attempts to guess the pattern within a limited number of turns. The codebreaker is given clues in the form of being told how many correct elements (i.e, red marbles or the number three) his guess has as well as how many of those elements are in the correct position of the pattern. It's important to note that a guess could include all the right colors or numbers, but none of them could be in the right position.

The game of Mastermind makes a good fit for a computer game because the role of the codemaker is easily adapted to be played by a computer. A computer is perfectly capable of coming up with random patterns, and is just as fit at telling a person how close to that pattern they are. A computer would also never take out its frustrations on the codebreaker if he/she demonstrates proficiency at decipher its patterns. As a matter of fact, a computer may be preferable to playing with a friend, if one has lousy friends.

Mastermind is an outwardly simple game. Given a secret pattern, figure out the pattern...it is the kind of thing a person might accidentally get correct without realizing they were playing a game in the first place. However as with any good game, it offers an experience that leaves the player satisfied and feeling good. Everybody likes being correct, especially when it comes packaged with a slight taste of having bested someone. With Mastermind, the codebreaker is given just this kind of opportunity.

## Battleship

Battleship is another two player board game. Players each have a grid, in which they secretly place ships. The players take turns guessing at the location of each other's ships in an attempt to destroy all of their opponent's ships before theirs are destroyed.

Battleship shares the advantages for adapting into a computer game that Mastermind does. It's easy to imagine the computer taking on the role of an opponent taking guesses at where you hid your ships. While this iteration of Battleship is a simple system with random guesses taken by the computer, it also has strong potential for developing an AI based around educated guesses.

An area of note about this version of Battleship is the lack of multi-length ships. All ships are 1 spot "long" as opposed to various sizes that a typical Battleship game has. While this was admittedly due to time constraints, it's worth mentioning that there do exist variations of Battleship that feature a majority of 1 length ships (namely the variation called Salvo).

## 2 Summary

2.1 Statistics	
Program Length (lines of code). . . . .	1059
# Classes . . . . .	3
# Structures . . . . .	4
# Variables . . . . .	32
# Functions . . . . .	29

### 2.1 Areas of Note in Development

At the end of the day the most significant obstacle in the development of the project was my own indecisiveness. I debated with myself over a few different ways of implementing how to handle a user's guesses as well as where to keep track of certain elements such as how many attempts the user has taken. I settled on the current iteration for Mastermind because I felt the structure-within-structure approach suited the logic behind a user's guesses very well. It also allowed for a simple system for keeping track of accuracy of guesses, and comparing how many guesses have been taken to how many are allowed. Also, structures were very beneficial as it made implementing a form of stat tracking almost trivial when combined with binary file I/O.

As for Battleship, I enjoyed working with classes in terms of implementation. Having less experience with objects the start was disorienting but as the member functions began to take shape it became increasingly easy to test my code as I wrote it as opposed to constantly having to pass test parameters into function calls in a driver. There was a certain level of satisfaction to implementing concepts such as polymorphism. The act of overriding abstract and base cases of member functions gave a feeling of complexity I hadn't seen yet and made it fun to work with.

The modular nature of objects made the project significantly easier to alter as problems with my initial planning popped up. For example, my current system of having the BaseBS class more or less by the player class and the DerivBS class be the computer class led me to mistakenly have the player target their own board due to having written the target member function for BaseBS in terms of the player taking a turn. Once I realized my mistake, it was as simple as copy and pasting the contents of the two versions of target in order to swap the logic and get it working perfectly.

Considering the amount of carry-over from the first project, this second project didn't take unreasonably long to accomplish. I started working on it about a week a half ago, although most of the heavy work was done over the weekend.

## 3 Program Description

### 3.1 Program Walkthrough

The main menu offer s5 options to the user.

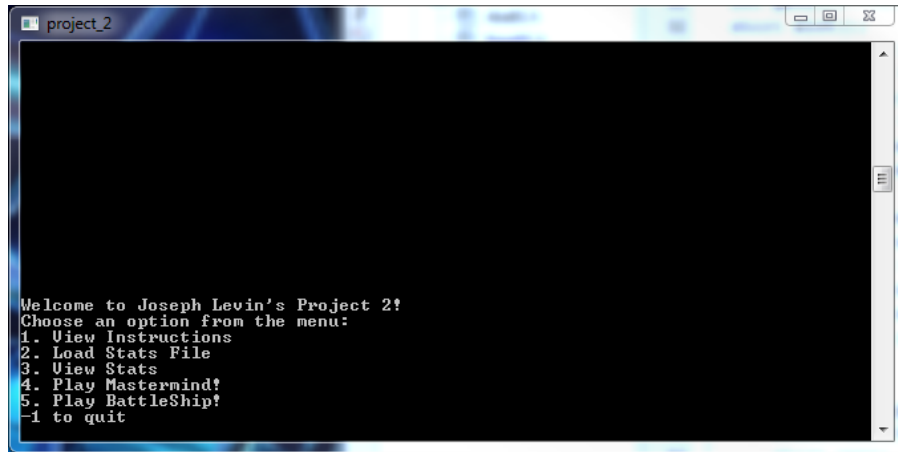
1. View Instructions
  2. Load Stats File
  3. View Stats
  4. Play Mastermind
  5. Play Battleship
- 1 to quit at any time

If the user inputs 1, they are shown a brief explanation of how Mastermind is played. It should be noted that the original game allows 6 different colors, but I forgot this and chose 8 instead.

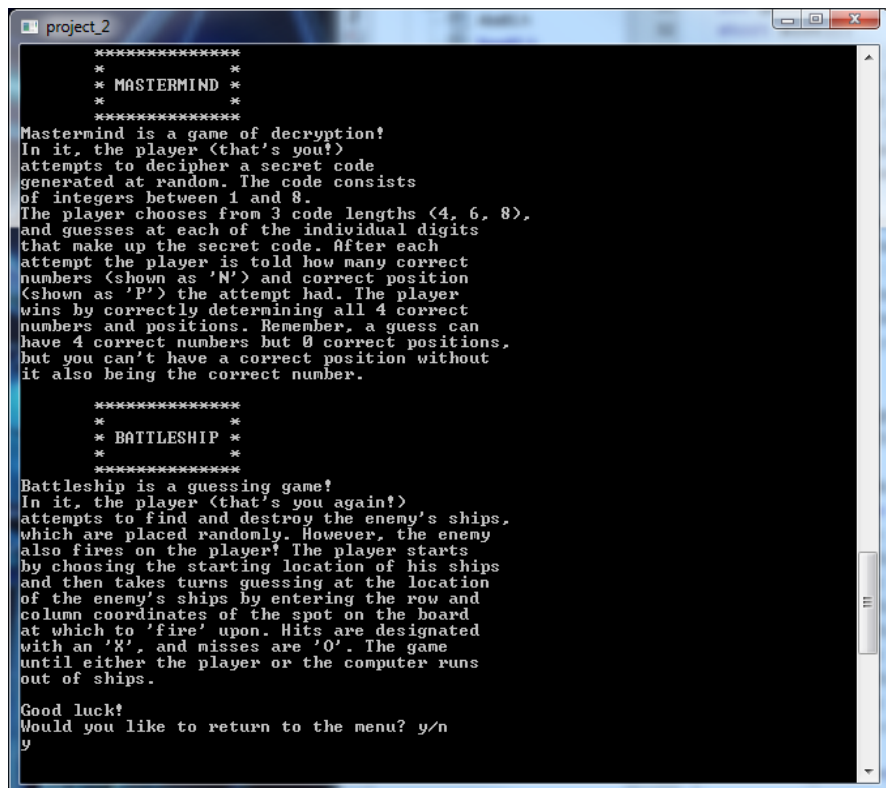
Choosing 2 prompts the user to enter the name of a stats file to load.

Error displayed if not found

If found, file is read into a Stats struct via binary file IO

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "project\_2". The window has a dark background with white text. The text displays a welcome message and a menu of five options: 1. View Instructions, 2. Load Stats File, 3. View Stats, 4. Play Mastermind!, and 5. Play BattleShip!. A prompt "-1 to quit" is at the bottom.

```
project_2
Welcome to Joseph Levin's Project 2!
Choose an option from the menu:
1. View Instructions
2. Load Stats File
3. View Stats
4. Play Mastermind!
5. Play BattleShip!
-1 to quit
```

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "project\_2" showing the instructions for two games. The first section is for "MASTERMIND", describing it as a decryption game where the player guesses a 4-digit code. The second section is for "BATTLESHIP", describing it as a guessing game where the player tries to sink the enemy's ships. Both sections end with a "Good luck!" message and a prompt to return to the menu.

```
project_2
*****
*          *
* MASTERMIND *
*          *
*****
Mastermind is a game of decryption!
In it, the player (that's you!)
attempts to decipher a secret code
generated at random. The code consists
of integers between 1 and 8.
The player chooses from 3 code lengths (4, 6, 8),
and guesses at each of the individual digits
that make up the secret code. After each
attempt the player is told how many correct
numbers (shown as 'N') and correct position
(shown as 'P') the attempt had. The player
wins by correctly determining all 4 correct
numbers and positions. Remember, a guess can
have 4 correct numbers but 0 correct positions,
but you can't have a correct position without
it also being the correct number.

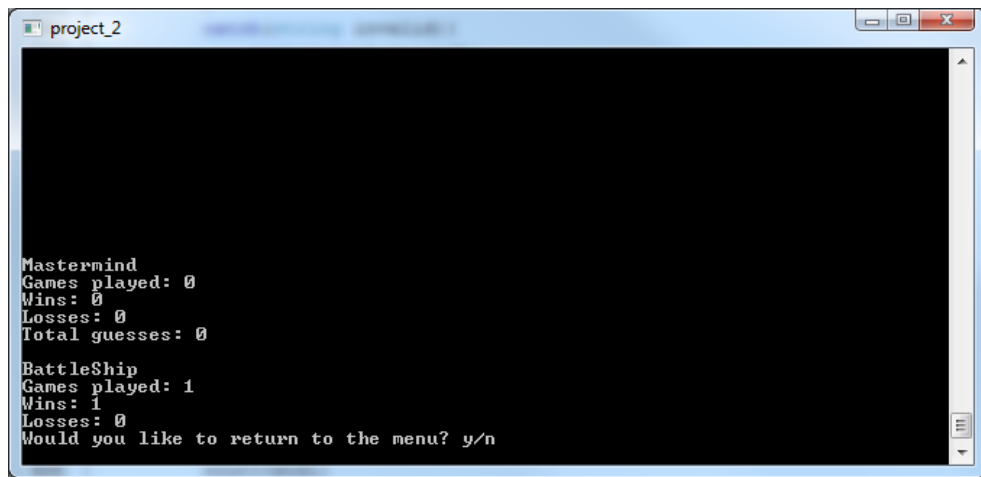
*****
*          *
* BATTLESHIP *
*          *
*****
Battleship is a guessing game!
In it, the player (that's you again!)
attempts to find and destroy the enemy's ships,
which are placed randomly. However, the enemy
also fires on the player! The player starts
by choosing the starting location of his ships
and then takes turns guessing at the location
of the enemy's ships by entering the row and
column coordinates of the spot on the board
at which to 'fire' upon. Hits are designated
with an 'X', and misses are 'O'. The game
until either the player or the computer runs
out of ships.

Good luck!
Would you like to return to the menu? y/n
y
```

Choosing 3 displays the contents of a loaded Stats struct

Default values are all zero

The stats structure is declared at the top of main and is initialized to default values and deleted at the end of the program



```
project_2
Mastermind
Games played: 0
Wins: 0
Losses: 0
Total guesses: 0

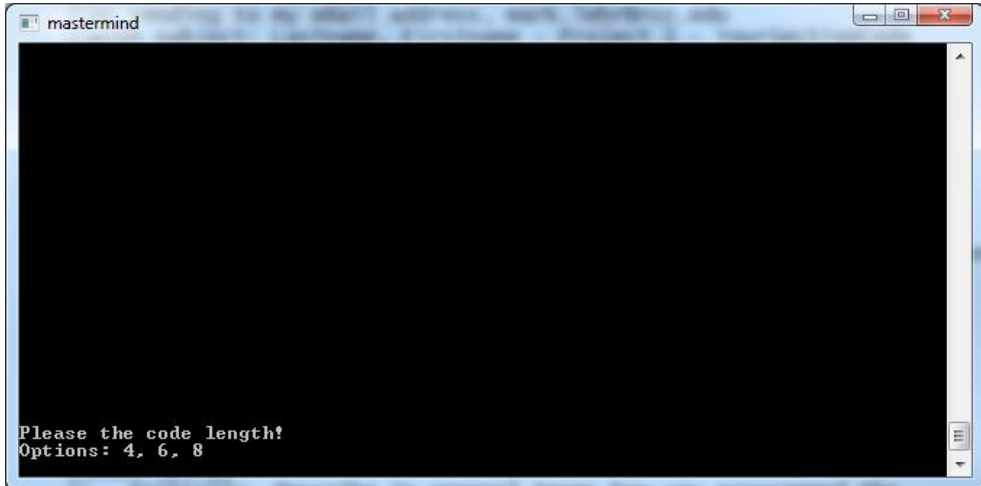
BattleShip
Games played: 1
Wins: 1
Losses: 0
Would you like to return to the menu? y/n
```

Choosing 4 launches Mastermind

Player is prompted to choose code length

Note: if length=1, then odds of getting right answer first try is  $1/(8^1)$ .

i.e,  $l=4$ ,  
odds= $1/(8^4)=0.0002$



```
mastermind

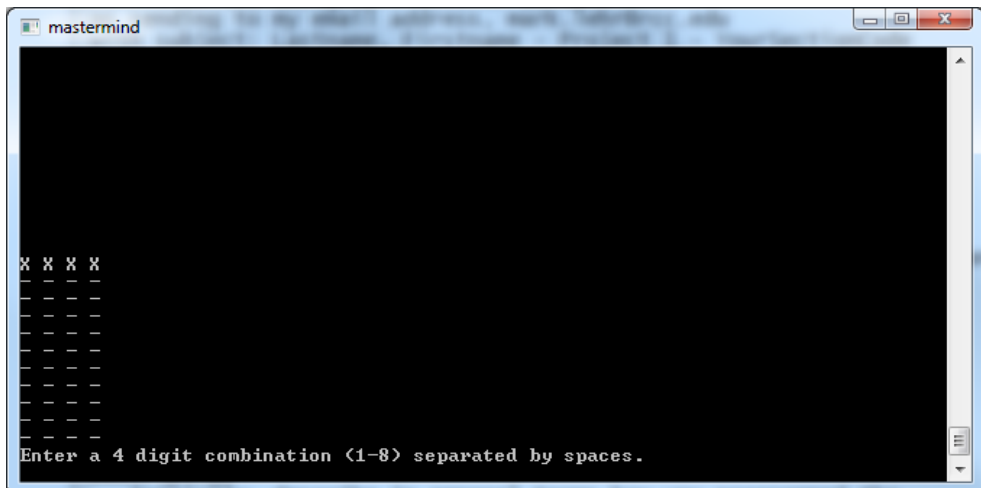
Please the code length!
Options: 4, 6, 8
```

After choosing length (4) board is displayed

Input will only accept 4 digits separated by spaced

i.e, input = 1 2 3 4

the is told how many correct numbers (N=#) and correct positions (P=#)



```
mastermind

x x x x
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -

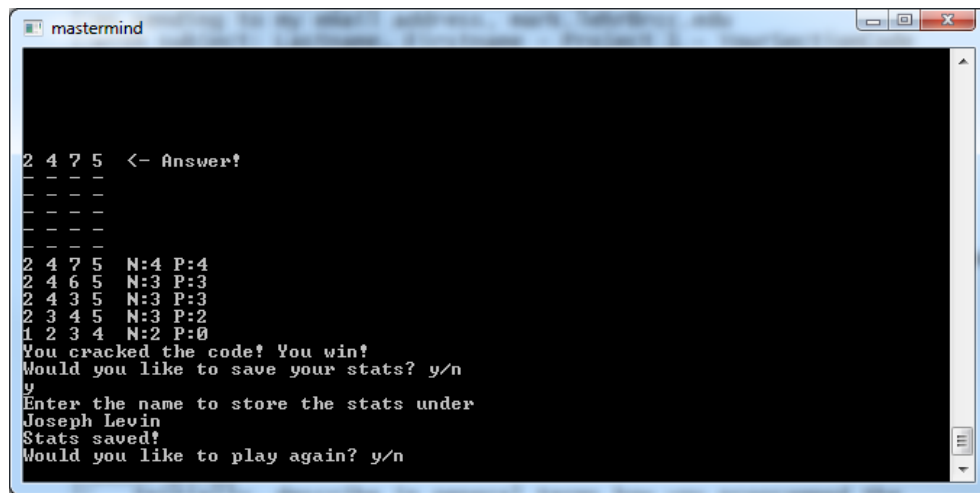
Enter a 4 digit combination <1-8> separated by spaces.
```

Upon correctly guessing,  
answer is revealed and a  
victory message is  
displayed

User is prompted to save  
stats

i.e, input y to save

input <file name>

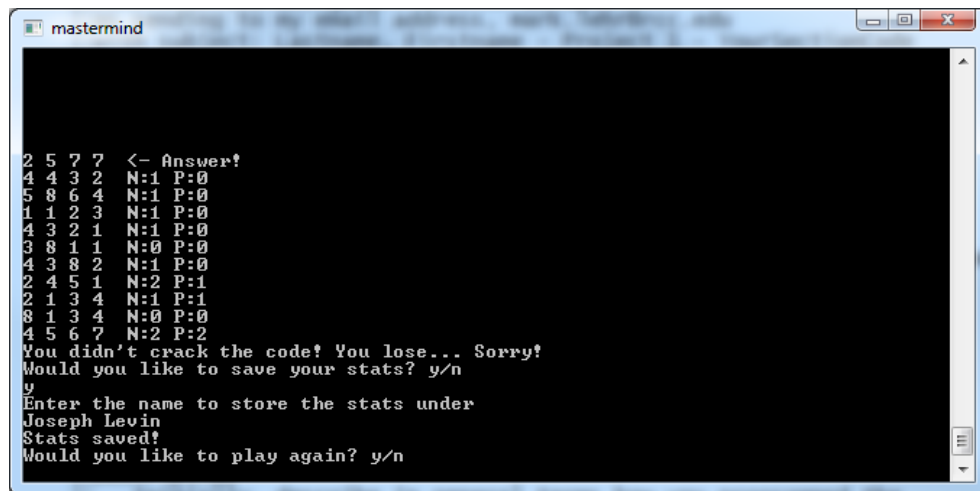


```
mastermind
2 4 7 5  <- Answer!
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
2 4 7 5  N:4 P:4
2 4 6 5  N:3 P:3
2 4 3 5  N:3 P:3
2 3 4 5  N:3 P:2
1 2 3 4  N:2 P:0
You cracked the code! You win!
Would you like to save your stats? y/n
y
Enter the name to store the stats under
Joseph Levin
Stats saved!
Would you like to play again? y/n
```

Similarly, losing reveals  
answer and a defeat  
message is displayed

User is still prompted to  
save stats

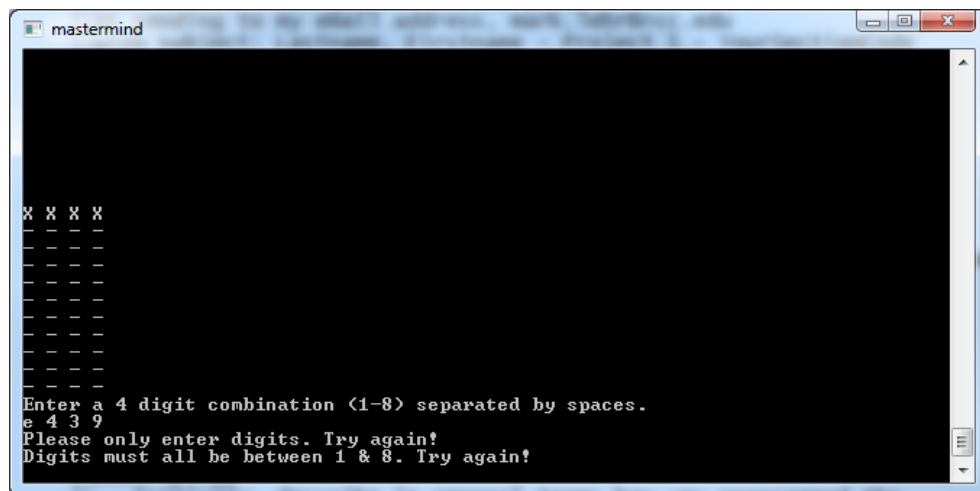
If file name is reused, old  
stats are overwritten



```
mastermind
2 5 7 7  <- Answer!
4 4 3 2  N:1 P:0
5 8 6 4  N:1 P:0
1 1 2 3  N:1 P:0
4 3 2 1  N:1 P:0
3 8 1 1  N:0 P:0
4 3 8 2  N:1 P:0
2 4 5 1  N:2 P:1
2 1 3 4  N:1 P:1
8 1 3 4  N:0 P:0
4 5 6 7  N:2 P:2
You didn't crack the code! You lose... Sorry!
Would you like to save your stats? y/n
y
Enter the name to store the stats under
Joseph Levin
Stats saved!
Would you like to play again? y/n
```

Input will only accept digits  
1 – 8.

Non digits will give  
appropriate error, as will  
digits outside of range

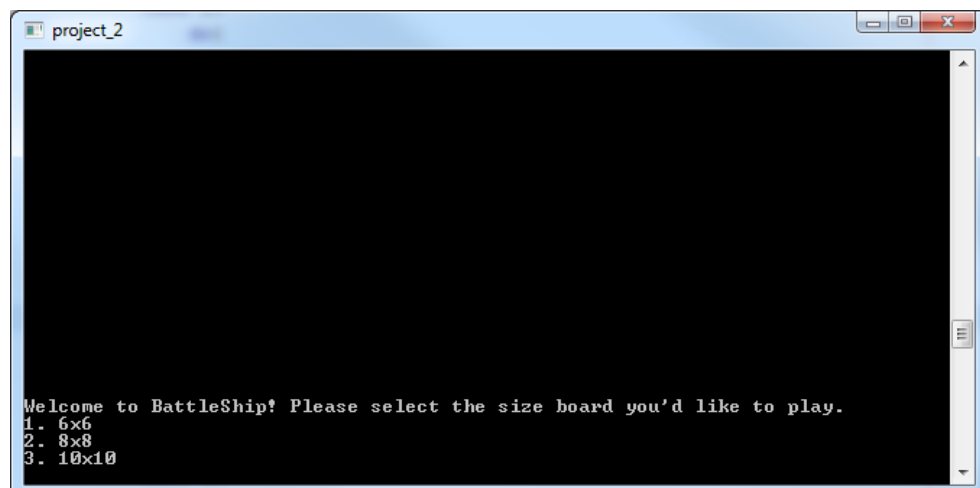


```
mastermind
X X X X
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
- - - -
Enter a 4 digit combination <1-8> separated by spaces.
e 4 3 9
Please only enter digits. Try again!
Digits must all be between 1 & 8. Try again!
```

Choosing 5 in the menu will  
launch Battleship

Battleship is implemented  
using abstract classes with  
polymorphism.

First the player is prompted  
to choose the dimension of  
the board. An exception is  
used to handle invalid input



```
project_2
Welcome to BattleShip! Please select the size board you'd like to play.
1. 6x6
2. 8x8
3. 10x10
```



A member function is called to place the player's ships one at time until there are ships equal to the dimension of the board.

In the case of the computer, a derived place function is used to randomly place its ships

```

project_2
4 | | | | | | |
5 | | | | | | |
Enter the row coordinate for where to begin ship 5
4
Enter the column coordinate for where to begin ship 5
5
  0 1 2 3 4 5
0 | | | | | | |
1 | | + | + | | |
2 | | | | | | |
3 | | | | + | + |
4 | | | | | | + |
5 | | | | | | |
Enter the row coordinate for where to begin ship 6

```

The BaseBS class contains a member function for displaying the board in a grid format. It shows the location of the ships as +, hits as X, misses as O.

The DerivBS class contains a member function radar() that displays a modified version of the instance's board that excludes ships from being displayed

```

project_2
Player board <5 ships remain>
  0 1 2 3 4 5
0 | X | | 0 | | | |
1 | | + | 0 | | | |
2 | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | | |
3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | |
4 | | | 0 | | + | 0 | |
5 | | 0 | | | | | + |
Radar <3 enemy ships remain>
  0 1 2 3 4 5
0 | 0 | | | | | |
1 | | | 0 | X | | 0 |
2 | X | 0 | | 0 | | |
3 | | | | | | 0 |
4 | | | 0 | | | | |
5 | X | | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
Enter the row <vertical> component of the coordinate you wish to fire upon

```

Gameplay continues until either the player or the computer runs out of ships.

Saving works identically to the implementation in Mastermind.

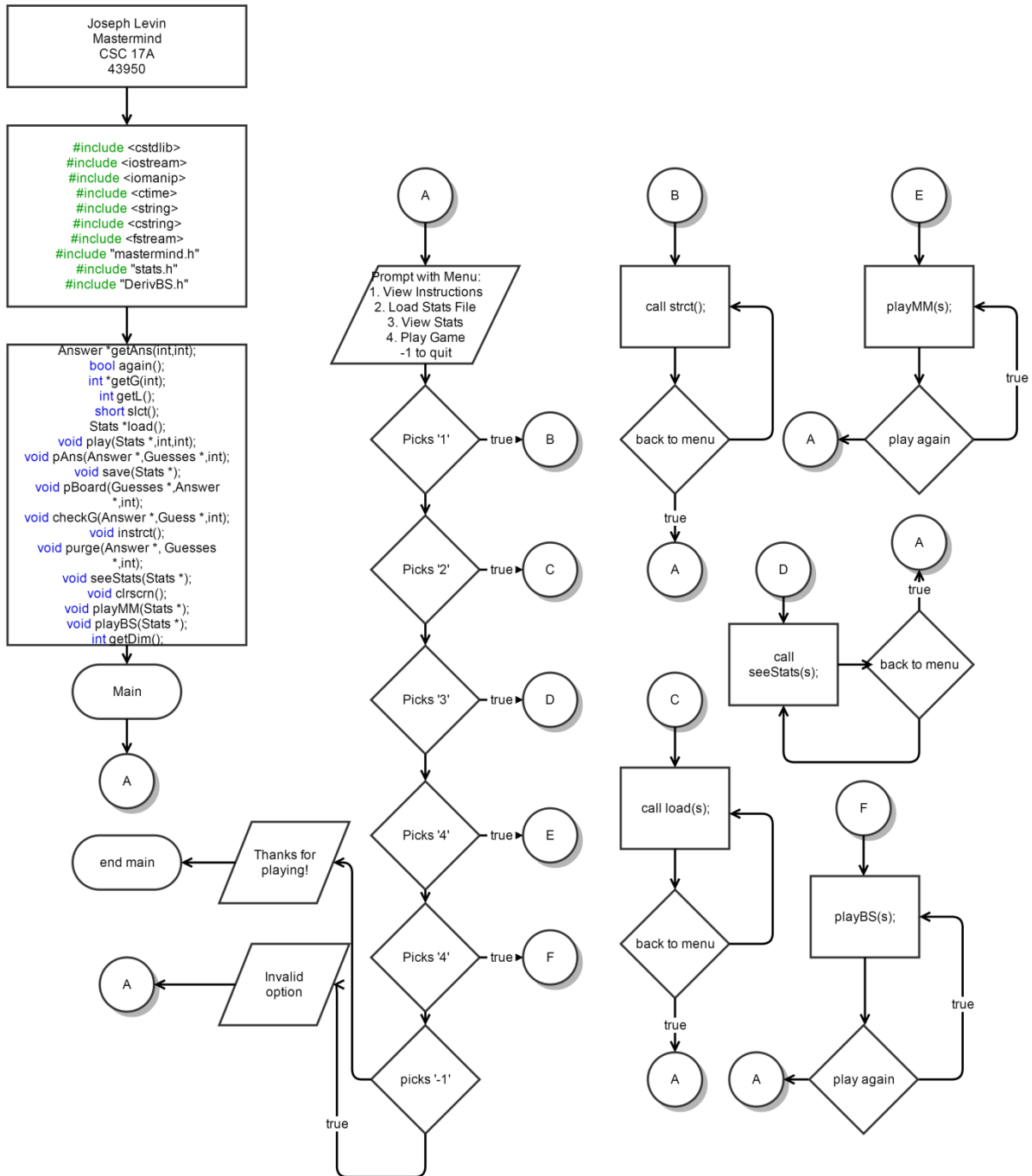
```

project_2
0 | X | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
1 | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
2 | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | | |
3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | 0 |
4 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | 0 |
5 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | + |
Radar <0 enemy ships remain>
  0 1 2 3 4 5
0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | X |
1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | | 0 |
2 | X | 0 | | 0 | | |
3 | X | | 0 | | | 0 |
4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
5 | X | | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
You win! Congratulations!
Would you like to save your stats? y/n
y
Enter the name to store the stats under
Joseph

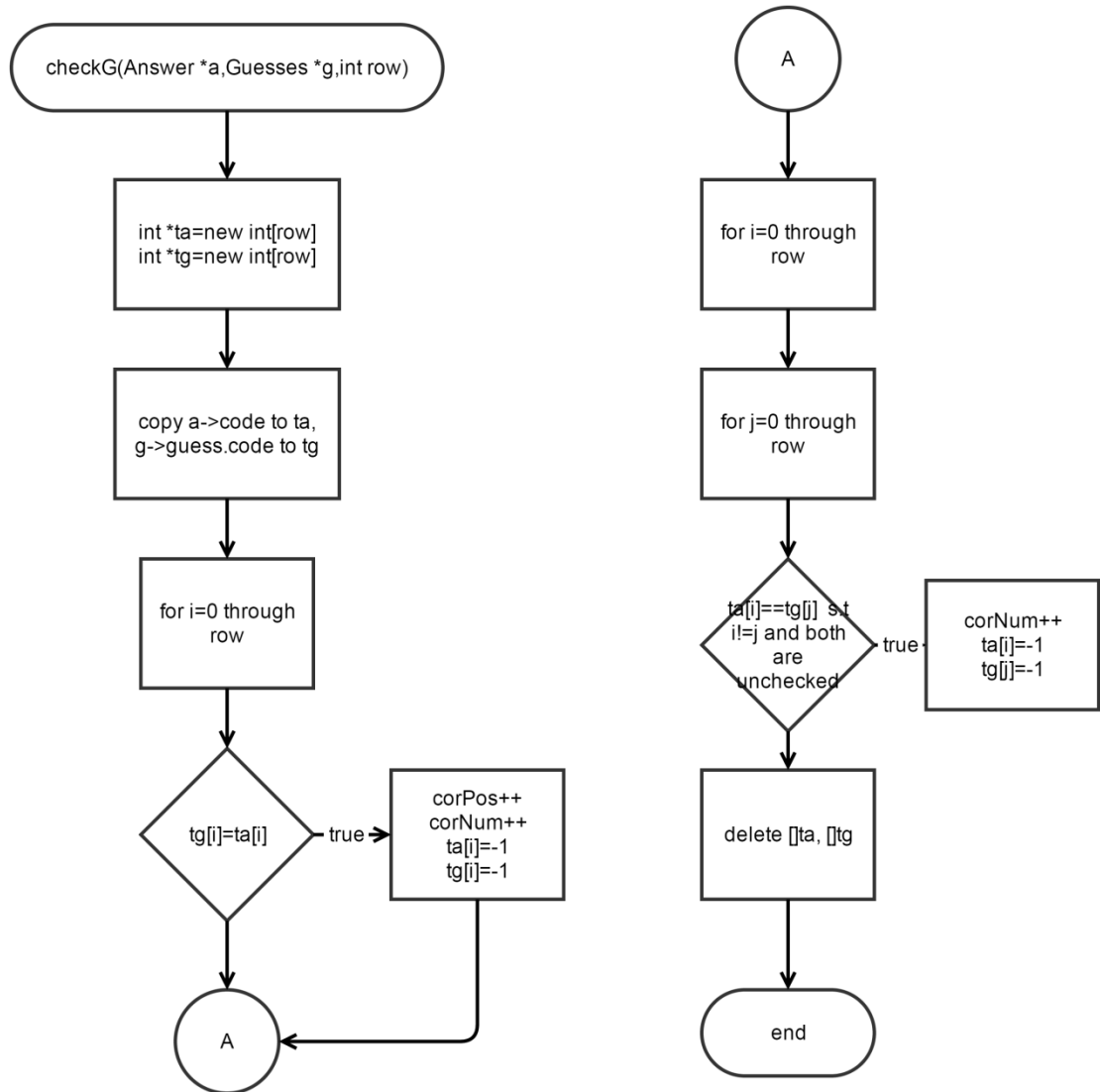
```

## 3.2 Flowcharts

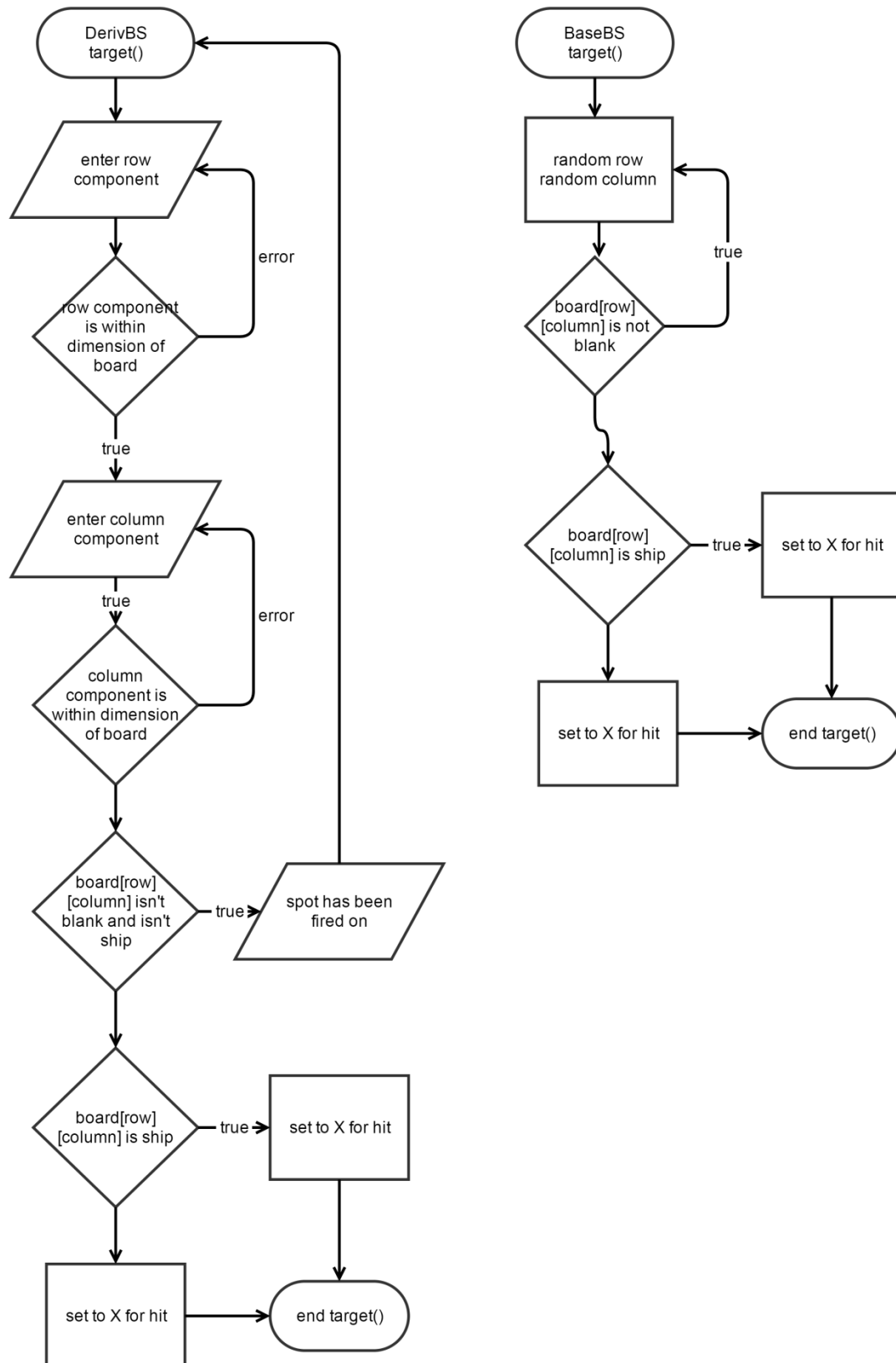
Main menu:



Mastermind Guess Checking Function (checkG):

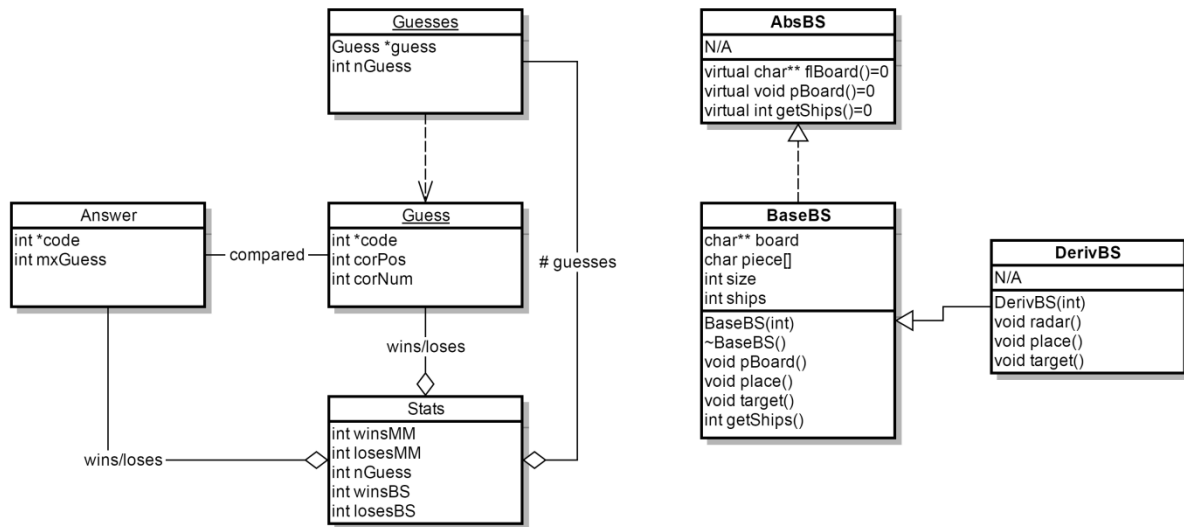


## Battleship Target member functions



### 3.3 Structures, Classes and Variables

#### 3.3.1 Structure and Classes UML:



#### 3.3.2 Structures/Classes/Variable Listing:

Answer	int *code stores answer pattern int mxGuess stores maximum guesses allowed
Guesses	Guess *guess stores individual guess structures (for each turn) int nGuess stores number of guesses taken
Guess	int *code stores guess attempt int corPos # of positions guessed correctly during a turn (determines win) int corNum # of numbers guessed correctly during a turn
Stats	int winsMM stores number of games won in Mastermind int losesMM stores number of games lost in Mastermind int nGuess stores total guesses taken between all games in Mastermind

AbsBS	public: virtual char** flBoard() virtual void pBoard() virtual int getShips()
BaseBS	protected: char** board for storing the game boards char piece[4] stores the game pieces. Ships, hit marker, miss marker, and blank tile int size stores the dimension of the board. i.e, if board is 6x6 then size == 6 int ships stores the number of ships belonging to either the player or computer public: BaseBS(int) Constructor. Takes in int and sets size equal to it ~BaseBS() Destructor. Deletes all components to char** array void pBoard() outputs board with all pieces displayed including ships void place() prompts player to place all of his ships. Amount of ships is equal to size void target() randomly chooses a spot on the player's board. Serves as computer's turn int getShips() Returns remaining ships as int.
DerivBS	public: DerivBS(int) Inherits base class constructor without changes void radar() Displays board but with position of ships omitted. For player's targeting void place() Randomly places all of computers ships void target() Prompts player to target a spot on computer's board. Serves as player's turn

### 3.4 Concepts Implemented:

Chapter	
9	9.1 Getting Address of a Variable 9.2 Pointer Variables 9.3 Arrays/Pointers 9.5 Initializing Pointers 9.6 Comparing Pointers 9.7 Pointers as Function Parameters 9.8 Dynamic Memory Allocation 9.9 Returning pointers from functions
10	10.1 Character Testing 10.2 Character Case Conversion 10.4 Library Functions for Working With C-Strings 10.5 C-String/Numeric Conversion Functions 10.7 C++ string Class
11	11.1 Abstract Data Types 11.2 Combining Data into Structures 11.3 Accessing Structure Members 11.4 Initializing a Structure 11.5 Arrays of Structures 11.6 Nested Structures 11.7 Structures as Function Arguments 11.8 Returning a Structure From a Function 11.9 Pointers to Structures
12	12.4 More Detailed Error Testing 12.7 Binary Files 12.8 Creating Records with Structures
13	13.1 Procedural and Object-Oriented Programming 13.2 Introduction to Classes 13.3 Defining an Instance of a Class 13.4 Private Members 13.5 Separating Class Specification from Implementation 13.6 Inline Member Functions 13.7 Constructors 13.8 Passing Arguments to Constructors 13.9 Destructors 13.10 Overloading Constructors
15	15.1 Inheritance 15.2 Protected Members and Class Access 15.3 Constructors and Destructors in Base and Derived Classes 15.4 Redefining Base Class Functions 15.5 Class Hierarchies 15.6 Polymorphism and Virtual Member Functions 15.7 Abstract Base Classes and Pure Virtual Functions
16	16.1 Exceptions

## 4 References

Textbook: C++ From Control Structures through Objects, 8<sup>th</sup> ed. Tony Gaddis. (2015)



## 5 Code Documentation

### Main

```
6  /*
7   * File:   main.cpp
8   * Author: Joseph Levin
9   * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
10  * 6/5/2015
11  */
12
13 //System Libraries
14 #include <cstdlib>
15 #include <iostream>
16 #include <iomanip>
17 #include <ctime>
18 #include <string>
19 #include <cstring>
20 #include <fstream>
21
22 using namespace std;
23
24 //User Libraries
25 #include "mastermind.h"
26 #include "DerivBS.h"
27 #include "stats.h"
28
29 //Global Constants
30
31 //Function Prototypes
32 Answer *getAns(int,int); //generates an answer
33 bool again(); //replay function
34 bool menu(); //returns to menu
35 int *getG(int); //gets guess from user
36 int getL(); //returns length for code combination
37 short slct();
38 Stats *load(); //loads stats structure
39 void play(Stats *,int,int); //launches the game
40 void pAns(Answer *,Guesses *,int); //prints the answer
41 void save(Stats *); //saves the stats structure as binary file
42 void pBoard(Guesses *,Answer *,int); //prints the game board
43 void checkG(Answer *,Guess *,int); //checks guess against answer
44 void instrct();
45 void purge(Answer *, Guesses *,int); //deletes all structures related to
    a game
46 void seeStats(Stats *); //Displays stats
47 void clrscrn(); //clears screen
48 void playMM(Stats *); //driver for mastermind game
49 void playBS(Stats *); //driver for battleship
50 int getDim(); //gets dimension for BattleShip board
51
52 //Begin
53 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
54     srand(time(0));
55     short optn;
```

```

56     bool optnChk;//for checking if menu option is valid
57     Stats *s=new Stats;
58     //initialize all Stats variables to 0
59     s->gamesMM=0;
60     s->winsMM=0;
61     s->losesMM=0;
62     s->gamesBS=0;
63     s->winsBS=0;
64     s->losesBS=0;
65     s->nGuess=0;
66     //display menu
67     do{
68         optnChk=false;
69         clrscrn();
70         //get menu selection
71         optn=slct();
72         switch(optn){
73             //display instructions
74             case 1:
75                 do{
76                     clrscrn();
77                     instrct();
78                 }while(!menu());
79                 break;
80             //load a stats struct
81             case 2:
82                 s=load();
83                 break;
84             //view stats
85             case 3:
86                 do{
87                     clrscrn();
88                     seeStats(s);
89                 }while(!menu());
90                 break;
91             //play Mastermind
92             case 4:
93                 do{
94                     clrscrn();
95                     playMM(s);
96                 }while(again());
97                 break;
98             //play BattleShip
99             case 5:
100                 do{
101                     clrscrn();
102                     playBS(s);
103                 }while(again());
104                 break;
105             //exit case
106             case -1:
107                 cout<<"Thanks for playing!"<<endl;
108                 break;
109             //invalid option
110             default:
111                 cout<<"Invalid option selected..."
112                     "it's not that hard, really."<<endl;

```

```

113             break;
114         }
115     }while(optn!=-1);
116     //clean up!
117     delete s;
118
119     //It's over!
120     return 0;
121 }
122
123 //!!Clear screen function outputs a ton of new lines in order to
clear
124 //!!the command prompt to look nice
125 void clrscrn(){
126     for(int i=0; i<100; i++)
127         cout<<endl;
128 }//end
129 //!!getAns dynamically creates a Answer struct, fills the code
array with
130 //!!random integers 0-9, sets nGuess to max (max # of guesse) and
then returns
131 Answer *getAns(int max, int row){
132     Answer *answer=new Answer;
133     answer->mxGuess=max;//max number of guesses allowed
134     answer->code=new int[row];//the combination is 'row' digits
long
135     for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
136         answer->code[i]=rand()%8+1;//fill code with 1-9
137     return answer;
138 }//end
139 //!!checkG takes in an Answer struct. It copies the contents of
the code array
140 //!!into another int array and compares each element to a Guess
array
141 //!!It changes the elments in the temp int array to -1 as it finds
matches
142 //!!in order to ensure no duplicate matches are found
143 //!!if an element in the guess matches the position and number of
the answer
144 //!!both the correct number and correct position counters are
incremented
145 //!!otherwise if only the number is matched then the correct
number indication
146 //!!is incremented. Man this is a long description.
147 void checkG(Answer *a,Guesses *g,int row){
148     int *ta=new int[row];//temp array to store answer
149     int *tg=new int[row];//temp array to store guess
150     for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
151         ta[i]=a->code[i];//copy answer to temp answer
152         tg[i]=g->guess[g->nGuess-1].code[i];//copy guess to temp
guess
153     }
154     //loop through arrays to check for both correct position and
correct number
155     for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
156         if(tg[i]==ta[i]){
157             g->guess[g->nGuess-1].corPos++;

```

```

158             g->guess[g->nGuess-1].corNum++;
159             ta[i]=-1;//no duplicates
160             tg[i]=-1;
161         }
162     }
163     //loop through temp answer again
164     for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
165         //loop through guess
166         for(int j=0;j<row;j++){
167             //check for same number
168             if(ta[i]==tg[j]&& i!=j&&tg[j]!=-1&&ta[i]!=-1){//same
num, diff pos
169                 g->guess[g->nGuess-1].corNum++;
170                 ta[i]=-1;
171                 tg[j]=-1;
172             }
173         }
174     }
175     delete []ta;
176     delete []tg;
177 }//end
178 /*!
179  * getG prompts the user to enter a 4 digit combination,
    separated by spaces
180  * it stores it as a string, and checks if every odd element is a
    digit 1-8
181  * and then checks if every even is a space
182  * if this is true, it then converts each odd element into an int
    and stores
183  * it in an int array and returns this array
184  * takes an int to specify how big an int array to create
185  */
186 int *getG(int row){
187     //declare variables
188     int *temp=new int[row];//will be returned
189     string guess;//for character checking
190     bool check;//input validation
191     cout<<"Enter a "<<row
192         <<" digit combination (1-8) separated by
    spaces."<<endl;
193     do{
194         check=true;
195         getline(cin,guess);
196         if(guess.size()!=2*row-1){//row digits plus spaces
between
197             cout<<"You must enter "<<row<<" digits separated by
    spaces."
198                 <<"Try again!"<<endl;
199             check=false;;
200         }
201     }else{
202         //every odd must be 1-8, and every even must be space
203         for(int i=0;i<2*row-1;i++){
204             //check odds for all digits
205             if(i%2==0&&!isdigit(guess[i])){
206                 check=false;

```

```

207             cout<<"Please only enter digits. Try
again!"<<endl;
208         }
209         //check if all digits are 1-8
210         else
211             if(i%2==0&&(atoi(&guess[i])>8||atoi(&guess[i])<1)){
212                 check=false;
213                 cout<<"Digits must all be between 1 & 8. Try
again!"<<endl;
214                 break;
215             }
216             //check if every even is space
217             else{
218                 if(!isspace(guess[i])&&!isdigit(guess[i])){
219                     check=false;
220                     cout<<"Every digit must be "
<<"separated by a space. Try
again!"<<endl;
221                 }
222             }
223         }
224     }
225     }while(!check);
226     //copy digits into int array to return
227     for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
228         temp[i]=atoi(&guess[2*i]);
229     //int array ready to return
230     return temp;
231 }//end
232 /*!
233  * pBoard takes in pointers to an Answer and Guess, and an int
234  * specifying the code length. It prints out dashed lines
indicating
235  * how many guesses remain and also prints out all previous
guesses
236  */
237 void pBoard(Guesses *g, Answer *a, int r){
238     //X's represent the mystery code
239     for(int i=0;i<r;i++)
240         cout<<"X ";
241     cout<<endl;
242     //-s represent spaces left for remaining guesses
243     for(int i=0;i<(a->mxGuess)-(g->nGuess)+1;i++){
244         for(int j=0;j<r;j++){
245             cout<<"- ";
246         }
247     }
248     //all previous guesses
249     if(g->nGuess-1!=0){
250         for(int i=g->nGuess-2;i>=0;i--){
251             for(int j=0;j<r;j++){
252                 cout<<g->guess[i].code[j]<<" ";
253             }
254             cout<<" N:"<<g->guess[i].corNum
<<" P:"<<g->guess[i].corPos<<endl;
255         }
256     }
257     //finished

```

```

258     }//end
259     /*!
260     * getL prompts the user to enter either 4, 6, or 8. It then
    returns
261     * the value selected as an int. No parameters
262     */
263     int getL(){
264         int l;//length of code
265         bool check=false;//error checking flag
266         cout <<"Please the code length!"<<endl<<"Options: 4, 6,
    8"<<endl;
267         do{
268             cin>>l;
269             if(cin.fail() || (l!=4&&l!=6&&l!=8)){
270                 cin.clear();
271                 cin.ignore(256, '\n');
272                 cout<<"Sorry! You have to choose "
273                     "either 4, 6, or 8. Try again!"<<endl;
274             }
275             else
276                 check=true;
277             }while(!check);
278             return l;
279         }//end
280         /*!
281         * pAns prints the answer code
282         */
283         void pAns(Answer *a, Guesses *g, int r){
284             //Show Answer
285             for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
286                 cout<<a->code[i]<<" ";
287
288             cout<<" <- Answer!"<<endl;
289             //-s represent spaces left for remaining guesses
290             for(int i=0; i<(a->mxGuess)-(g->nGuess); i++){
291                 for(int j=0; j<r; j++)
292                     cout<<"- ";
293                 cout<<endl;
294             }
295             //all previous guesses
296             if(g->nGuess!=0){
297                 for(int i=g->nGuess-1; i>=0; i--){
298                     for(int j=0; j<r; j++)
299                         cout<<g->guess[i].code[j]<<" ";
300                     cout<<" N:"<<g->guess[i].corNum
301                         <<" P:"<<g->guess[i].corPos<<endl;
302                 }
303             }
304         }//end
305         /*!
306         * play is the main driver for Mastermind gameplay. It handles
    turn taking,
307         * win/lose checks, as well as stat saving. Void function, takes
    in an integer
308         * to determine max # of guesses and an integer to determine code
    length
309         */

```

```

310     void play(Stats *s,int m,int r){
311         //generate answer
312         cin.clear();
313         cin.ignore(265,'\n');
314         char optn;
315         Answer *a=getAns(m,r);
316         //generate and prepare Guesses
317         Guesses *g=new Guesses;
318         g->nGuess=0;
319         g->guess=new Guess[m];
320         for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
321             g->guess[i].corNum=0;
322             g->guess[i].corPos=0;
323         }
324         //loop until win/lose
325         do{
326             clrscrn();
327             g->nGuess++;
328             pBoard(g,a,r);
329             g->guess[g->nGuess-1].code=getG(r);
330             checkG(a,g,r);
331             }while(g->nGuess<a->mxGuess&&g->guess[g->nGuess-
1].corPos!=r);
332         //display answer and determine win or lose and increment
stats counters
333         clrscrn();
334         pAns(a,g,r);
335         s->gamesMM++;
336         if(g->guess[g->nGuess-1].corPos==r){
337             cout<<"You cracked the code! You win!"<<endl;
338             s->winsMM++;
339         }
340         else{
341             cout<<"You didn't crack the code! You lose...
Sorry!"<<endl;
342             s->losesMM++;
343         }
344         s->nGuess+=g->nGuess;
345         cout<<"Would you like to save your stats? y/n"<<endl;
346         do{
347             cin>>optn;
348             if(tolower(optn)!='y'&&tolower(optn)!='n')
349                 cout<<"Sorry, that's not a valid option. Please try
again."<<endl;
350             else if(tolower(optn)=='y'){
351                 save(s);
352                 cout<<"Stats saved!"<<endl;
353             }
354             else
355                 cout<<"Stats not saved."<<endl;
356             }while(tolower(optn)!='y'&&tolower(optn)!='n');
357         //clean up
358         purge(a,g,m);
359     }//end
360     /*!
361     * purge takes in an Answers and Guesses pointer and deletes all
dynamically

```

```

362     * allocated elements of the struct, as well as the structs
    themselves
363     * and then points them to nullptrs
364     */
365     void purge(Answer *a, Guesses *g, int m) {
366         delete []a->code;
367         a->code=NULL;
368         delete a;
369         for(int i=0; i<m; i++){
370             delete []g->guess[i].code;
371             g->guess[i].code=NULL;
372         }
373         delete g->guess;
374         g->guess=NULL;
375         delete g;
376         g=NULL;
377     }
378     /*!
379     * save takes in a Stats struct pointer. It prompts the user for
    a name
380     * to store the stats struct under, and then writes the contents
    of the Stats
381     * to a binary file. Returns void
382     */
383     void save(Stats *s) {
384         cin.clear();
385         cin.ignore(256, '\n');
386         ofstream out; //file stream
387         cout<<"Enter the name to store the stats under"<<endl;
388         string name;
389         getline(cin, name);
390         out.open(name.c_str(), ios::binary);
391         out.write(reinterpret_cast<char *>(s), sizeof(Stats));
392         out.close();
393     } //end
394     /*!
395     * load prompts the user for a name, and attempts to open a file
396     * with that name. If found, it reads the contents into a Stats
    structure
397     * and returns it.
398     */
399     Stats *load() {
400         cin.clear();
401         cin.ignore(256, '\n');
402         string name;
403         ifstream in;
404         cout<<"Enter the name of the person whose stats to
    load"<<endl;
405         do {
406             getline(cin, name);
407             in.open(name.c_str(), ios::binary);
408             if(in.fail()) {
409                 cout<<"Name not found. Try again!"<<endl;
410             }
411         } else {
412             Stats *s=new Stats;
413             in.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>(s), sizeof(Stats));

```



```

414         in.close();
415         return s;
416     }
417     }while(in.fail());
418 }
419 //!slct serves to take in input for menu selection, performs
error checks
420 //!and then returns the value if it passes checks
421 short slct(){
422     short pick; //for menu selection
423     bool check=false;
424     cout<<"Welcome to Joseph Levin's Project 2!"<<endl;
425     cout<<"Choose an option from the menu: "<<endl
426         <<"1. View Instructions"<<endl
427         <<"2. Load Stats File"<<endl
428         <<"3. View Stats"<<endl
429         <<"4. Play Mastermind!"<<endl
430         <<"5. Play BattleShip!"<<endl
431         <<"-1 to quit"<<endl;
432     do{
433         cin>>pick;
434         if(cin.fail()||pick<=0&&pick!=-1||pick>5){//error
checking
435             cin.clear();
436             cin.ignore(256,'\n');
437             cout<<"Error. Invalid selection. Try again."<<endl;
438         }
439         else
440             check=true;//valid input
441     }while(!check);
442     return pick;
443 }
444 /*!
445  * again asks the user if they would like to play another game
446  * it returns true if the user does, false if they do not
447  */
448 bool again(){
449     bool check=false;
450     char pick;
451     cout<<"Would you like to play again? y/n"<<endl;
452     do{
453         cin>>pick;
454         if(cin.fail()||tolower(pick)!='y'&&tolower(pick)!='n'){//only accepts
455             cin.clear();
456             //y or n as input
457             cin.ignore(256,'\n');
458             cout<<"Error. Invalid selection. Try again."<<endl;
459         }
460         else if(tolower(pick)=='y'){//user wants to repeat
461             check=true;
462             cin.clear();
463             cin.ignore(256,'\n');
464             return true;
465         }
466         else{ //user does not want to repeat
467             cin.clear();

```

```

467         cin.ignore(256, '\n');
468         check=true;
469         return false;
470     }
471     }while(!check);
472
473 }//end
474 /*!
475  * menu prompts the user if they want to return to the main menu.
476  * if the user types 'y', it returns true
477  * if the user types 'n', it returns false
478  */
479 bool menu(){
480     bool check=false;
481     char pick;
482     cout<<"Would you like to return to the menu? y/n"<<endl;
483     do{
484         cin>>pick;
485
486         if(cin.fail()||tolower(pick)!='y'&&tolower(pick)!='n'){//only accepts
487             cin.clear();
488             //y or n as input
489             cin.ignore(256, '\n');
490             cout<<"Error. Invalid selection. Try again."<<endl;
491         }
492         else if(tolower(pick)=='y'){//user wants to repeat
493             check=true;
494             cin.clear();
495             cin.ignore(256, '\n');
496             return true;
497         }
498         else{ //user does not want to repeat
499             cin.clear();
500             cin.ignore(256, '\n');
501             check=true;
502             return false;
503         }
504     }while(!check);
505 }
506 /*!
507  * seeStats takes in Stats pointer. It displays the elements
508  * within,
509  * (wins/loses/total guesses) and also calculates win percentage,
510  * and
511  * correct guess percentage
512  */
513 void seeStats(Stats *s){
514     if(s->gamesBS!=0||s->gamesMM!=0){
515         cout<<"Mastermind"<<endl;
516         cout<<"Games played: "<<s->gamesMM<<endl;
517         cout<<"Wins: "<<s->winsMM<<endl;
518         cout<<"Losses: "<<s->losesMM<<endl;
519         cout<<"Total guesses: "<<s->nGuess<<endl;
520         cout<<endl;
521         cout<<"BattleShip"<<endl;
522         cout<<"Games played: "<<s->gamesBS<<endl;
523         cout<<"Wins: "<<s->winsBS<<endl;

```

```

520         cout<<"Losses: "<<s->losesBS<<endl;
521     }
522     else
523         cout<<"Stats File is empty!"<<endl;
524 }
525 /*!
526  * instrct displays the rules for Code Breaker (based on
Mastermind)
527  */
528 void instrct(){
529     cout<<"          *****"<<endl;
530     cout<<"          *          *"<<endl;
531     cout<<"          * MASTERMIND *"<<endl;
532     cout<<"          *          *"<<endl;
533     cout<<"          *****"<<endl;
534     cout<<"Mastermind is a game of decryption!"<<endl
535         <<"In it, the player (that's you!)"<<endl
536         <<"attempts to decipher a secret code"<<endl
537         <<"generated at random. The code consists"<<endl
538         <<"of integers between 1 and 8."<<endl
539         <<"The player chooses from 3 code lengths (4, 6,
8), "<<endl
540         <<"and guesses at each of the individual
digits"<<endl
541         <<"that make up the secret code. After each"<<endl
542         <<"attempt the player is told how many correct
"<<endl
543         <<"numbers (shown as 'N') and correct position
"<<endl
544         <<"(shown as 'P') the attempt had. The player"<<endl
545         <<"wins by correctly determining all 4 correct"<<endl
546         <<"numbers and positions. Remember, a guess
can"<<endl
547         <<"have 4 correct numbers but 0 correct
positions,"<<endl
548         <<"but you can't have a correct position
without"<<endl
549         <<"it also being the correct number."<<endl;
550     cout<<endl;
551     cout<<"          *****"<<endl;
552     cout<<"          *          *"<<endl;
553     cout<<"          * BATTLESHIP *"<<endl;
554     cout<<"          *          *"<<endl;
555     cout<<"          *****"<<endl;
556     cout<<"Battleship is a guessing game!"<<endl
557         <<"In it, the player (that's you again!)"<<endl
558         <<"attempts to find and destroy the enemy's
ships,"<<endl
559         <<"which are placed randomly. However, the
enemy"<<endl
560         <<"also fires on the player! The player starts"<<endl
561         <<"by choosing the starting location of his
ships"<<endl
562         <<"and then takes turns guessing at the
location"<<endl
563         <<"of the enemy's ships by entering the row
and"<<endl

```

```

564                                     <<"column coordinates of the spot on the board"<<endl
565                                     <<"at which to 'fire' upon. Hits are
designated"<<endl
566                                     <<"with an 'X', and misses are 'O'. The game"<<endl
567                                     <<"until either the player or the computer
runs"<<endl
568                                     <<"out of ships."<<endl;
569         cout<<endl<<"Good luck!"<<endl;
570     }//end
571     /*!
572     * playMM is the main driver for Mastermind.
573     * Parameters: a stats struct for storing stats
574     */
575     void playMM(Stats *s){
576         clrscrn();
577         int l=getL();
578         play(s,10,l);
579     }
580     /*!
581     * playBS is the main driver for BattleShip.
582     * Parameters: a stats struct for storing stats
583     */
584     void playBS(Stats *s){
585         int dim;//for storing dimension of board
586         char optn;//for stat saving selection
587         bool sConf=false;//confirming size is valid
588         cout<<"Welcome to BattleShip!"
589             <<" Please select the size board you'd like to
play."<<endl;
590         cout<<"1. 6x6"<<endl;
591         cout<<"2. 8x8"<<endl;
592         cout<<"3. 10x10"<<endl;
593         do{
594             try{
595                 dim=getDim();
596                 sConf=true;
597             }
598             catch(string invalid){
599                 cout<<invalid<<endl;
600             }
601         }while(!sConf);
602         //initialize BaseBS (for player) and DerivBS (for computer)
of dim
603         BaseBS player(dim);
604         DerivBS comp(dim);
605         //randomly place computer's ships
606         comp.place();
607         //place players ships
608         player.place();
609         //begin rounds
610         do{
611             clrscrn();
612             //display board and radar
613             cout<<"Player board ("<<player.getShips()<<" ships
remain)"<<endl;
614             player.pBoard();
615             cout<<endl;

```

```

616         cout<<"Radar ("<<comp.getShips()<<" enemy ships
        remain)"<<endl;
617         comp.radar();
618         //targeting round
619         player.target();
620         comp.target();
621         }while(comp.getShips()!=0&&player.getShips()!=0);
622         clrscrn();
623         //Display boards final time
624         cout<<"Player board ("<<player.getShips()<<" ships
        remain)"<<endl;
625         player.pBoard();
626         cout<<endl;
627         cout<<"Radar ("<<comp.getShips()<<" enemy ships
        remain)"<<endl;
628         comp.radar();
629         //Determine victor and increment stats counters
630         s->gamesBS++;
631         if(comp.getShips()==0){
632             cout<<"You win! Congratulations!"<<endl;
633             s->winsBS++;
634         }
635         else{
636             cout<<"You lose. Sorry!"<<endl;
637             s->losesBS++;
638         }
639         cout<<"Would you like to save your stats? y/n"<<endl;
640         do{
641             cin>>optn;
642             if(tolower(optn)!='y'&&tolower(optn)!='n')
643                 cout<<"Sorry, that's not a valid option. Please try
        again."<<endl;
644             else if(tolower(optn)=='y'){
645                 save(s);
646                 cout<<"Stats saved!"<<endl;
647             }
648             else
649                 cout<<"Stats not saved."<<endl;
650             }while(tolower(optn)!='y'&&tolower(optn)!='n');
651         }//end
652         /*!
653         * getDim prompts user for dimension for BattleShip board. It
        will throw
654         * an exception if invalid, otherwise returns the value
655         */
656         int getDim(){
657             int dim;
658             cin>>dim;
659             if(dim<1||dim>3||cin.fail()){
660                 string invalid="Invalid selection for dimension. Try
        again.";
661                 throw invalid;
662             }
663             //Reassign dim to the corresponding dimension
664             if(dim==1){
665                 dim=6;
666             }

```

```

667         else if(dim==2){
668             dim=8;
669         }
670         else{
671             dim=10;
672         }
673         return dim;
674 }

```

## Mastermind.h

```

675  /*
676   * File:   mastermind.h
677   * Author: Joseph
678   *
679   * Created on April 26, 2015, 7:47 PM
680   */
681  #ifndef MASTERMIND_H
682  #define MASTERMIND_H
683
684  /*!
685   * Answer stores the correct code in an int array and the max
   guesses allowed
686   */
687  struct Answer{
688      /*!stores the integer combination
689      int *code;
690      /*!keeps track of maximum guesses allowed
691      int mxGuess;
692  };
693
694  /*!
695   * Guess stores a guess in an int array, the number of correct
   positions
696   * associated with the guess and the number of correct numbers
697   */
698  struct Guess{
699      /*!stores the guess
700      int *code;
701      /*!tallies the number of correct positions in a guess
702      int corPos;
703      /*!tallies the number of correct numbers in a guess
704      int corNum;
705  };
706
707  /*!
708   * Guesses stores a pointer a Guess (one for each turn) and
709   * the total number of guesses taken
710   */
711  struct Guesses{
712      /*!array of guess attempts
713      Guess *guess;
714      /*!how many guesses have been taken
715      int nGuess;
716  };
717  #endif /* MASTERMIND_H */

```

## Stats.h

```
718  /*
719  * File:   stats.h
720  * Author: Joseph Levin
721  * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
722  * 6/5/2015
723  */
724
725  #ifndef STATS_H
726  #define STATS_H
727  /*!
728   * Stats stores the number of wins, losses, and number of guesses
729   */
730  struct Stats{
731      //!number of wins for Mastermind
732      int winsMM;
733      //!number of loses for Mastermind
734      int losesMM;
735      //!number of guesses for Mastermind
736      int nGuess;
737      //!number of wins for BattleShip
738      int winsBS;
739      //!number of loses for BattleShip
740      int losesBS;
741      //!tracks games played
742      int gamesBS;
743      int gamesMM;
744  };
745 #endif /* STATS_H */
```

## AbsBS.h

```
746
747  /*
748  * File:   AbsBS
749  * Author: Joseph Levin
750  * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
751  * 6/5/2015
752  */
753
754  #ifndef ABSBS_H
755  #define ABSBS_H
756  /*!Abstract class for the Battleship board
757  class AbsBS{
758  public:
759      //!2D char array to store the board
760      virtual char** flBoard()=0;
761      //!outputs the board
762      virtual void pBoard()=0;
763      //!returns ships remaining
764      virtual int getShips()=0;
765  };
766  #endif /* ABSBS_H */
```

## BaseBS.h

```
767      /*
768      * File:   BaseBS.h
769      * Author: Joseph Levin
770      * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
771      * 6/5/2015
772      */
773
774      #ifndef BASEBS_H
775      #define BASEBS_H
776      #include "AbsBS.h"
777
778      /*!
779      * BaseBS is the base class for the battleship board.
780      */
781      class BaseBS:AbsBS{
782      protected:
783          //!for storing the board
784          char** board;
785          //!X is hit, O is miss, + is ship, <space> is empty
786          char piece[4]={'X','O','+', ' '};
787          //!dimension of board
788          int size;
789          //!ships on board
790          int ships;
791      public:
792          //!Constructor for base battleship board. Takes in an
integer for
793          //!the dimension of the board (area is nxn))
BaseBS(int);
795          //!Destructor for the board
~BaseBS();
797          //!For initially filling board
char** flBoard();
799          //!For outputting the board formatted to show ships
void pBoard();
800          //!place handles the ship placing procedure for the
player.
802          //!it checks to make sure the given coordinates are
within
803          //!the acceptable range of size, and then sets the given
tile
804          //!to the + char to represent a ship has been placed
void place();
805          //!target handles the process of targeting a spot to fire
on it
807          void target();
808          //!getShips returns the value of the ships member
variable
809          int getShips();
810      };
811 #endif  /* BASEBS_H */
```



## BaseBS.cpp

```
812  /*
813      * File:   BaseBS.cpp
814      * Author: Joseph Levin
815      * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
816      * 6/5/2015
817      */
818
819  //Libraries
820  #include <iostream>
821  #include <iomanip> //board formatting
822  #include <cstdlib>
823  #include <vector> //for rand
824  #include "BaseBS.h"
825
826  using namespace std;
827
828  BaseBS::BaseBS(int s){
829      size=s;
830      board=flBoard();
831  }
832  BaseBS::~BaseBS(){
833      for(int i=0;i<size;i++){
834          delete []board[i];
835      }
836      delete []board;
837  }
838  /*!
839   * flBoard() initializes the board with all empty spaces
840   */
841  char** BaseBS::flBoard(){
842      char** board = new char*[size];
843      for (int i=0;i<size; i++){
844          board[i]=new char[size];
845      }
846      for (int i=0;i<size;i++) {
847          for (int j=0;j<size;j++)
848              board[i][j]=piece[3];
849      }
850
851      return board;
852  }
853  void BaseBS::pBoard(){
854      cout<<" ";
855      for (int i=0;i<size;i++) {
856          cout<<setw(3)<<setfill(' ')<<i<<" ";
857      }
858      cout<<endl;
859      for (int i=0;i<size; i++) {
860          cout<<" "<<setw(size*4+1)<<setfill('-')<<"-"<<endl;
861          cout<<i<<" ";
862          for (int j=0;j<size;j++) {
863              cout<<"|"<<setw(2)<<setfill(' ')<<board[i][j]<<" ";
864          }
865          cout<<"|"<<endl;
866      }
```

```

867         cout<<" " <<setw(size*4+1)<<setfill('-') << '-' << endl;
868     }
869     void BaseBS::place() {
870         bool conf1,conf2,conf3;//error buffers
871         ships=0;//begin with no ships placed
872         int row, col;//for checking the given coordinate
873         for(int i=0;i<size;i++){//will place size # of ships
874             do{
875                 pBoard();
876                 cout<<"Enter the row coordinate for where to begin
ship "
877                     <<ships+1<<endl;
878                 //check confirms to false
879                 conf1=false;
880                 conf2=false;
881                 conf3=false;
882                 do{//gets the row coordinate
883                     cin>>row;
884                     if (cin.fail()||(row<0||row>size-1)){//size-1
denotes edge
885                         cin.clear();
886                         cin.ignore(256, '\n');
887                         cout<<"Error. Invalid input."<<endl;
888                     } else
889                         conf1=true;//row coordinate is acceptable
890                 } while(cin.fail()||(row<0||row>size-1)||!conf1);
891                 cout<<"Enter the column coordinate for where to begin
ship "
892                     <<ships+1<<endl;
893                 do{
894                     cin>>col;
895                     if (cin.fail()||(col<0||col>size-1)){
896                         cin.clear();
897                         cin.ignore(256, '\n');
898                         cout<<"Error. Invalid input."<<endl;
899                     } else
900                         conf2=true;//column coordinate is acceptable
901                 } while(cin.fail()||(col<0||row>size-1)||!conf1);
902                 if(board[row][col]!=piece[3]){//piece[3] == blank
space
903                     cout << "This spot is already occupied" << endl;
904                 }
905                 else {
906                     board[row][col]=piece[2];//piece[2]== '+'
907                     ships++;//added ship to board
908                     conf3=true;//process is completed successfully
909                 }
910             }while(!conf3);
911         }
912     }
913     //!target for BaseBS handles the computer firing on the player's
board
914     //!it is a glorified random number generator
915     void BaseBS::target() {
916         bool confirm=false;
917         int row,col;
918         //randomly fires at spots until it

```

```

919         do{
920             row=(rand()%size);
921             col=(rand()%size);
922             //piece[3]==blank, piece[2]==ship
923             if(board[row][col]==piece[3]||board[row][col]==piece[2])
924                 confirm=true;
925         } while(!confirm);
926         //piece[2]==ship,piece[0]==X
927         if (board[row][col]==piece[2]){
928             board[row][col]=piece[0];
929             ships--;
930             //piece[1]==0
931         } else
932             board[row][col]=piece[1];
933     }
934     //!getShips returns the value of the ships member variable
935 int BaseBS::getShips(){return ships;}

```

## DerivBS.h

```

936     /*
937     * File:   DerivBS.h
938     * Author: Joseph Levin
939     * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
940     * 6/5/2015
941     */
942     #ifndef DERIVBS_H
943     #define DERIVBS_H
944
945     #include "BaseBS.h"
946
947     /*!
948     * DerivBS is a derived class of BaseBS. It contains addition
949     functions
950     * for handling the computer logic
951     */
952     class DerivBS:public BaseBS{
953     public:
954         //!constructor for DerivBS calls BaseBS constructor
955         DerivBS(int);
956         //!displays a version of the board with ships masked
957         void radar();
958         //!place for DerivBS randomly places ships for computer
959         void place();
960         //!target for DerivBS randomly fires on spots for
961         computer void target();
962     };
963 #endif /* DERIVBS_H */

```

## DerivBS.cpp

```
963      /*
964      * File:   DerivBS.cpp
965      * Author: Joseph Levin
966      * C++ Project 2 - Spring 2015 43950
967      * 6/5/2015
968      */
969
970      #include "DerivBS.h"
971      #include<iostream>
972      #include<iomanip>
973      #include <cstdlib>
974
975      using namespace std;
976
977
978      /*!constructor for DerivBS calls BaseBS constructor
979      DerivBS::DerivBS(int s):BaseBS(s){;}
980      /*!displays a version of the board with ships masked
981      void DerivBS::radar(){
982          cout<<" ";
983          for (int i=0;i<size;i++) {
984              cout<<setw(3)<<setfill(' ')<<i<<" ";
985          }
986          cout<<endl;
987          for (int i=0;i<size; i++) {
988              cout<<" "<<setw(size*4+1)<<setfill('-')<<'-'<<endl;
989              cout<<i<<" ";
990              for (int j=0;j<size;j++) {
991                  //if ship isn't at that spot, place piece at i,j
992                  if(board[i][j]!=piece[2]){
993                      cout<<"|"<<setw(2)<<setfill(' ')<<board[i][j]<<"
994                      ";
995                      //if ship is at that spot, mask ship by placing blank
996                      spot instead
997                      else{
998                          cout<<"|"<<setw(2)<<setfill(' ')<<piece[3]<<" ";
999                      }
1000                  }
1001                  cout<<"|" <<endl;
1002              }
1003              cout<<" "<<setw(size*4+1)<<setfill('-') << '-' << endl;
1004          }
1005      /*!place for DerivBS randomly places ships for computer
1006      void DerivBS::place(){
1007          int row, col;
1008          ships=0;
1009          for(int i=0;i<size;i++){
1010              //randomly picks spots until it finds one that isn't
1011              occupied already
1012              do{
1013                  row=(rand()%size);
1014                  col=(rand()%size);
1015                  }while(board[row][col]!=piece[3]); //piece[3]==blank space
1016                  board[row][col]=piece[2]; //piece[2] == '+', ship
```

```

1015         ships++;
1016     }
1017 }
1018 //!target for DerivBS handles the player firing on the computer's
board
1019 //!it prompts for the coordinates one component a time, checks
for any errors
1020 //!and decides if it was a hit or miss and announces such
1021 void DerivBS::target() {
1022     int row, col;
1023     bool conf1, conf2, conf3; //error buffers
1024     do{
1025         conf1=false;
1026         conf2=false;
1027         conf3=false;
1028         cout<<"Enter the row (vertical) component of the
coordinate "
1029             <<"you wish to fire upon"<<endl;
1030         do{
1031             cin>>row;
1032             if (cin.fail()||row<0||row>size-1) {
1033                 cin.clear();
1034                 cin.ignore(256, '\n');
1035                 cout<<"Error. Invalid selection." << endl;
1036             } else
1037                 conf1=true;
1038         }while(cin.fail()||row<0||row>size-1||!conf1);
1039         cout<<"Enter the column (horizontal) component "
1040             <<"of the coordinate you wish to fire
upon"<<endl;
1041         do{
1042             cin>>col;
1043             if(cin.fail()||col<0||col>size-1){
1044                 cin.clear();
1045                 cin.ignore(256, '\n');
1046                 cout<<"Error. Invalid selection."<<endl;
1047             }else
1048                 conf2=true;
1049         }while(cin.fail()||col<0||col>size-1||!conf2);
1050         if(board[row][col]!=piece[3]&&board[row][col]!=piece[2])
1051             cout<<"This spot has been fired upon already."<<endl;
1052         else
1053             conf3=true;
1054     } while (!conf3);
1055     //if a ship was hit, replace with X and decrease remaining
ships
1056     //and announce hit was successful
1057     if (board[row][col]==piece[2]){
1058         board[row][col]=piece[0];
1059         ships--;
1060     }
1061     //if a ship wasn't hit, replace with 0 and announce miss
1062     else{
1063         board[row][col]=piece[1];
1064     }
1065 }

```