#### NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

#### CS1101S — PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY

(AY2021/2022 SEMESTER 1)

### **READING ASSESSMENT 1**

Time Allowed: 45 Minutes

### **ANSWERS**

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. This assessment contains 18 Multiple-Choice Questions in 4 Sections.
- 2. Each question has one correct answer. **1 mark** is awarded for each correct answer and there is no penalty for a wrong answer.
- 3. The full score of this assessment is **18 marks**.
- 4. Answer all questions.
- 5. This is a **Closed-Book** assessment, but you are allowed one double-sided **A4 / foolscap / letter-sized sheet** of handwritten or printed **notes**.
- 6. You are allowed to use up to **4 sheets** of **blank A4 / foolscap / letter-sized** paper as **scratch paper**.
- 7. Follow the instructions of your invigilator or the module coordinator to submit your answers.

# **Section A**

(1) What is the result of evaluating the following Source program?

```
const a = 3;
function fun(a) {
    const b = 20;
    return a + b + c;
const b = 5;
const c = 10;
fun(a + b);
A. 18
В.
   33
C. 23
D. 38 (answer)
Ε.
```

- Error: one or more names is/are redeclared
- Error: one or more names is/are not declared before being used
- (2) What is the result of evaluating the following Source program?

```
const x = 3;
function fun(x) {
    if (x % 2 === 0) {
        const z = 20;
    } else {
        const z = 30;
    return x + y + z;
}
const y = 5;
const z = 10;
fun(x + y);
A. 23 (answer)
В.
    33
C. 43
D. 18
E. 28
F.
    38
```

- **G.** Error: one or more names is/are redeclared
- **H.** Error: one or more names is/are not declared before being used

(3) What is the result of evaluating the following Source program?

```
const x = 1;
(x => (x => (x => 2 * x)(x + 3))(3 * x + 1))(x + 4);
A. 2
B. 10
C. 16
D. 20
```

- **E.** 38 (answer)
- **F.** 40
- (4) What is the result of evaluating the following Source program?

```
function w(w, x) {
    return x <= 1 ? x : w(w, x - 1);
}
w((w, x) => 2 * x + 1, 5);
```

- A. 1
- **B.** 9 (answer)
- C. 19
- **D.** 39
- **E.** 79
- **F.** 159
- **G.** Error: one or more names is/are redeclared
- **H.** Error: wrong kind of arguments(s) or wrong number of argument(s)

(5) What is the result of evaluating the following Source program?

```
function h(f, x) {
    function h(g, x) {
   return x <= 1 ? 1 : 3 * g(f, x - 1);</pre>
    return x <= 1 ? 1 : 2 * f(h, x - 1);
}
h(h, 5);
A. 16
В.
    24
C.
    32
D.
    36
         (answer)
Ε.
    54
F.
    81
```

- **G.** Error: one or more names is/are redeclared
- **H.** Error: wrong kind of arguments(s) or wrong number of argument(s)

# **Section B**

In some of the following questions, the pre-declared display function is used in the Source programs. The display function displays/prints the value of its input argument in the REPL, and returns the value of its input argument. For example, display(2 \* 5) prints 10 and returns 10; and display(1 > 2) prints false and returns false.

(6) What is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated?

```
function fun(x) {
    if (x === 0) {
        display(x);
        return 0;
    } else {
        display(fun(x - 1));
        return x;
    }
}
fun(5);
    3
       2
          1
              0
В.
    4
       3
          2
              1
                 0
          2
C.
    4
       3
              1
                 0
                    0
D.
    0
       1
          2
              3
       1
           2
              3
                 4
Ε.
    0
              2
F.
    0
       0
           1
                 3
                    4 (answer)
```

**G.** None of the other options is the correct answer

(7) What is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated?

```
function fun(x) {
    if (x <= 1) {
        return 1;
    } else {
        display(x);
        return fun(x - 1) + fun(x - 2);
    }
}
fun(5);
       4
           3
               2
                  2
                     3
                         2 (answer)
В.
    5
        3
           2
               4
                  2
                      3
                         2
C.
    5
           3
                  2
                         2
       4
               3
                      2
D.
    5
        3
           4
               2
                  2
                      3
                         2
    5
           3
               2
                         2
E.
                  4
                      3
F.
    None of the other options is the correct answer
```

- (8) What is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated?

```
function fun(x) {
    display(x);
    return x \leftarrow 1 ? x : fun(fun(x - 1));
fun(5);
    5
        4
            3
                2
                    1
    5
            3
                2
В.
                    1
                       1
        4
C.
    5
            3
                2
                    1
                       1
                           1
                                   1 (answer)
        4
                               1
    5
                2
                    1
                               2
                                   1
D.
        4
            3
                       4
                           3
                3
                           2
Ε.
    5
        4
            4
                    3
                       2
                               1
                                   1
F.
    None of the other options is the correct answer
```

(9) What is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated? Note that the value returned by math\_floor(x) is the largest integer value that is less than or equal to x.

```
function fun(f, a, b) {
    display(a);
    display(b);
    const x = math_floor((a + b) / 2);
    const fx = f(x);
    return a > b
            ? false
            : fx === 0
            ? x
            : fx < 0
            ? fun(f, a, x - 1)
            : fun(f, x + 1, b);
}
fun(x \Rightarrow 2 * x - 26, 1, 20);
A.
    1
        20
             11
                  20
                        11
                             14
                                   13
                                        14
    1
        20
                  20
В.
             11
                        11
                             14
                                   12
                                        13
                                              13
                                                 13
C.
    1
        20
             10
                  20
                        10
                             15
                                   12
                                        15
    1
        20
                 9
                      1
                         4
                              1
D.
             1
                                  1
                                      1
                                         0
                                             (answer)
Ε.
    1
        20
             11
                  20
                        16
                             20
                                   19
                                        20
                                              20
                                                  20
                                                        21 20
```

**F.** None of the other options is the correct answer

(10) Given that, in Source, the left operand of a binary operation is evaluated before the right operand, what is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated?

```
function D(m, x) {
    display(m);
    return x;
}
function fun(x) {
    return x * x;
}
D( "fun",
   fun( D( "*",
            D("2", 2) * D("3", 3)
      )
 );
    "2"
          "*"
                "3"
Α.
                      "fun"
    "2"
          "3"
                      "fun"
В.
                              (answer)
                      "fun"
C.
                         "3"
    "fun"
D.
             "2"
                         "*"
    "fun"
                   "3"
E.
    "fun"
            "*"
                   "2"
                         "3"
F.
```

**G.** None of the other options is the correct answer

(11) What is the sequence of values printed by the display function when the following program is evaluated?

```
function D(m, x) {
    display(m);
    return x;
const f = D(2, () \Rightarrow D(1, 1));
D(3, f());
    1
        2
           1
               2
                   3
Α.
    2
               2
В.
        1
           3
                   1
    2
           2
C.
        1
               3
D.
    1
        2
           1
               3
Ε.
    2 1
            3 (answer)
```

**F.** None of the other options is the correct answer

# **Section C**

(12) What kind of process does the following function give rise to for any *integer* argument n > 0?

- **A.** An iterative process
- **B.** A recursive process (answer)
- **C.** A process that is neither iterative nor recursive
- **D.** A substitution process
- **E.** An infinite process
- (13) What kind of process does the following function give rise to for any *integer* argument n > 0?

```
function f(n) {
    return n <= 1 ? 1 : f(f(n - 1));
}</pre>
```

- **A.** An iterative process
- **B.** A recursive process (answer)
- C. A process that is neither iterative nor recursive
- **D.** A substitution process
- **E.** An infinite process

(14) What kind of process does the following function give rise to for any *integer* argument n > 0?

```
function f(n) {
    return n <= 1 ? 1 : (x => x)(f(n - 1));
}
```

- **A.** An iterative process
- **B.** A recursive process (answer)
- **C.** A process that is neither iterative nor recursive
- **D.** A substitution process
- E. An infinite process
- (15) What kind of process does the following function give rise to for any *integer* argument n > 5?

```
function f(n) {
    return n <= 1
      ? 1
      : n <= 5
      ? 2 * f(n - 1)
      : f(n - 2);
}</pre>
```

- **A.** An iterative process (answer)
- **B.** A recursive process
- C. A process that is both iterative and recursive
- **D.** A substitution process
- **E.** An infinite process

## **Section D**

(16) We specify that the function q, when applied to any two *integer* arguments x and y, should return true if x is equal to y, or if x or y is equal to zero, and return false otherwise. Consider the following implementation:

Which one of the following statements is correct?

- **A.** The function q meets the specification.
- **B.** The function q does not meet the specification because it can be applied to non-integer arguments.
- **C.** The function q does not meet the specification because the arguments x and y must always be larger than zero.
- **D.** The function q does not meet the specification because it does not check whether the arguments are valid inputs.
- **E.** The function q does not meet the specification because it does not work correctly for some valid arguments. (answer)

(17) We specify that the function A, when applied to any non-negative integer argument n, should return n modulo 2. Consider the following implementation:

Which one of the following statements is correct?

- **A.** The function A meets the specification. (answer)
- **B.** The function A does not meet the specification because it can be applied to non-integer arguments.
- **C.** The function A does not meet the specification because the nested helper function does not check if the argument n is greater than 0.
- **D.** The function A does not meet the specification because it is an inefficient way to compute n modulo 2.
- **E.** The function A does not meet the specification because it does not work correctly for some valid arguments.
- (18) We specify that the function C, when applied to any number argument, should return the cube of the argument. Consider the following implementation:

```
function z(g, x) {
    return g(g(x));
}
const C = x => z(x => x * x, x);
```

Which one of the following statements is correct?

- **A.** The function C meets the specification.
- **B.** The function C does not meet the specification because it can be applied to non-integer arguments.
- **C.** The function C does not meet the specification because one of the lambda expressions cannot be evaluated.
- **D.** The function C does not meet the specification because it is an inefficient way to compute the cube of a number.
- E. The function C does not meet the specification because it does not work correctly for valid inputs. (answer)

 END OF QUESTIONS	