# Reinforcement Learning 强化学习基础

中山大学计算机学院

# 目录

- 1. 深度Q学习(Deep Q-Learning, DQN)
- 2. 实验任务

### **3.2 DQN**

#### **Replay Buffer**

full Q-learning with replay buffer:

+ samples are no longer correlated

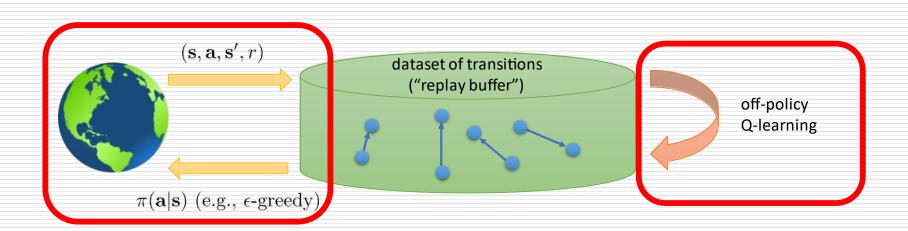
1. collect dataset  $\{(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i, \mathbf{s}'_i, r_i)\}$  using some policy, add it to  $\mathcal{B}$ 



2. sample a batch 
$$(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i, \mathbf{s}'_i, r_i)$$
 from  $\mathcal{B}$   
3.  $\phi \leftarrow \phi - \alpha \sum_i \frac{dQ_{\phi}}{d\phi}(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i)(Q_{\phi}(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i) - [r(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i) + \gamma \max_{\mathbf{a}'} Q_{\phi}(\mathbf{s}'_i, \mathbf{a}'_i)])$ 

+ multiple samples in the batch (low-variance gradient)

but where does the data come from? need to periodically feed the replay buffer... K = 1 is common, though larger K more efficient

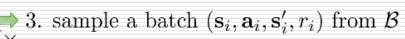


## **3.2 DQN**

#### Target Networks

Q-learning with replay buffer and target network:

- 1. save target network parameters:  $\phi' \leftarrow \phi$



targets don't change in inner loop!

#### Deep Q-Network(DQN)

"classic" deep Q-learning algorithm:

- 1. take some action  $\mathbf{a}_i$  and observe  $(\mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{a}_i, \mathbf{s}_i', r_i)$ , add it to  $\mathcal{B}$
- 2. sample mini-batch  $\{\mathbf{s}_j, \mathbf{a}_j, \mathbf{s}'_i, r_j\}$  from  $\mathcal{B}$  uniformly
- 3. compute  $y_j = r_j + \gamma \max_{\mathbf{a}'_j} Q_{\phi'}(\mathbf{s}'_j, \mathbf{a}'_j)$  using target network  $Q_{\phi'}$
- 4.  $\phi \leftarrow \phi \alpha \sum_{j} \frac{dQ_{\phi}}{d\phi}(\mathbf{s}_{j}, \mathbf{a}_{j})(Q_{\phi}(\mathbf{s}_{j}, \mathbf{a}_{j}) y_{j})$
- 5. update  $\phi'$ : copy  $\phi$  every N steps

## 3 实验任务及报告提交要求

#### 实验任务

■ 在gym库的cartpole环境中实现DQN算法。

#### 报告提交要求

- □ 提交一个压缩包。压缩包命名为: "学号\_姓名\_作业编号",例如: 20220525\_张三\_实验11。
- □ 压缩包包含三部分: code文件夹和实验报告pdf文件
  - □ Code文件夹: 存放实验代码
  - □ Pdf文件格式参考发的模板
- □ 如果需要提交新版本,则在压缩包后面加\_v1等。如"学号\_姓名\_作业编号\_v1.zip",以此类推。
- □ 截止日期: 2022年7月13日24点
- □ 提交邮箱: zhangyc8@mail2.sysu.edu.cn