Quiz 5: 7.6 Integration Using Tables and CAS

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1. Use the formula

$$\int \sqrt{2au - u^2} \ du = \frac{u - a}{2} \sqrt{2au - u^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{a - u}{a}\right) + C$$

to evaluate $\int \sqrt{x-x^2} \ dx$.

A.
$$\frac{2x-1}{4}\sqrt{x-x^2} + \frac{1}{8}\cos^{-1}(1-2x) + C$$

B.
$$\frac{x-1}{2}\sqrt{x-x^2} + \frac{1}{2}\cos^{-1}(1-x) + C$$

C.
$$\frac{x-2}{2}\sqrt{x-x^2} + 2\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2-x}{2}\right) + C$$

D.
$$\frac{4x-1}{8}\sqrt{x-x^2} + \frac{1}{32}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4-x}{4}\right) + C$$

$$\int \sqrt{x - x^2} \, dx = \int \sqrt{2au - u^2} \, du \qquad \left[\begin{array}{c} u = x & a = 1/2 \\ du = dx \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \frac{u - a}{2} \sqrt{2au - u^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{a - u}{a} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{x - 1/2}{2} \sqrt{x - x^2} + \frac{(1/2)^2}{2} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1/2 - x}{1/2} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{2x - 1}{4} \sqrt{x - x^2} + \frac{1}{8} \cos^{-1} (1 - 2x) + C$$