MAC2312: Calculus 2 - Section 3

Quiz 7: 8.1 Arc Length

June 11, 2015

1. Set up an integral that represents the length of the curve $y = \sin x$ from x = 0 to $x = \pi$.

A.
$$\int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} \ dx$$

$$B. \int_0^\pi \sqrt{1-\sin^2 x} \ dx$$

$$\mathbf{C.} \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x} \ dx$$

$$D. \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 x} \ dx$$

$$y = \sin x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x$$

so the length along the curve $y = \sin x$ from x = 0 to $x = \pi$ is

$$L = \int_{a}^{b} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} \ dx$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x} \ dx$$