

Homework 8

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1.

a. We do not see significance in the leg predictor on the response.

```
data(seatpos, package = "faraway")

lmod <- lm(hipcenter ~ ., seatpos)

summary(lmod)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = hipcenter ~ ., data = seatpos)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -73.827 -22.833  -3.678   25.017   62.337
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  436.43213   166.57162    2.620   0.0138 *
## Age           0.77572     0.57033    1.360   0.1843
## Weight        0.02631     0.33097    0.080   0.9372
## HtShoes       -2.69241     9.75304   -0.276   0.7845
## Ht            0.60134    10.12987    0.059   0.9531
## Seated        0.53375     3.76189    0.142   0.8882
## Arm          -1.32807     3.90020   -0.341   0.7359
## Thigh        -1.14312     2.66002   -0.430   0.6706
## Leg          -6.43905     4.71386   -1.366   0.1824
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 37.72 on 29 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6866, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6001
## F-statistic:  7.94 on 8 and 29 DF,  p-value: 1.306e-05
```

b.

```
x <- model.matrix(lmod)
```

```
x0 <- apply(x, 2, mean)

predict(lmod, new = data.frame(t(x0)), interval = "prediction", level=0.99)
```

```
##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 -164.8849 -270.2157 -59.55403
```

c.

Part 1. Backwards elimination

```
lmod <- lm(hipcenter ~ ., seatpos)

lmod2 <- update(lmod, . ~ . -Ht)

lmod3 <- update(lmod2, . ~ . -Weight)

lmod4 <- update(lmod3, . ~ . -Seated)

lmod5 <- update(lmod4, . ~ . -Arm)

lmod6 <- update(lmod5, . ~ . -Thigh)

lmod7 <- update(lmod6, . ~ . -Age)

lmod8 <- update(lmod7, . ~ . -Leg)

# Used in the process of finding the best model:
# summary(lmod)
# summary(lmod2)
# summary(lmod3)
# summary(lmod4)
# summary(lmod5)
# summary(lmod6)
# summary(lmod7)

summary(lmod8)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = hipcenter ~ HtShoes, data = seatpos)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-99.981	-27.150	2.983	22.637	73.731

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	565.5927	92.5794	6.109	4.97e-07 ***
HtShoes	-4.2621	0.5391	-7.907	2.21e-09 ***

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 36.55 on 36 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6346, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6244
## F-statistic: 62.51 on 1 and 36 DF,  p-value: 2.207e-09
```

Part 2. AIC: We find the optimal model seemingly to be Age + Ht + Leg

```
require(leaps)
```

```
## Loading required package: leaps
```

```
b <- regsubsets(hipcenter ~ ., seatpos)
```

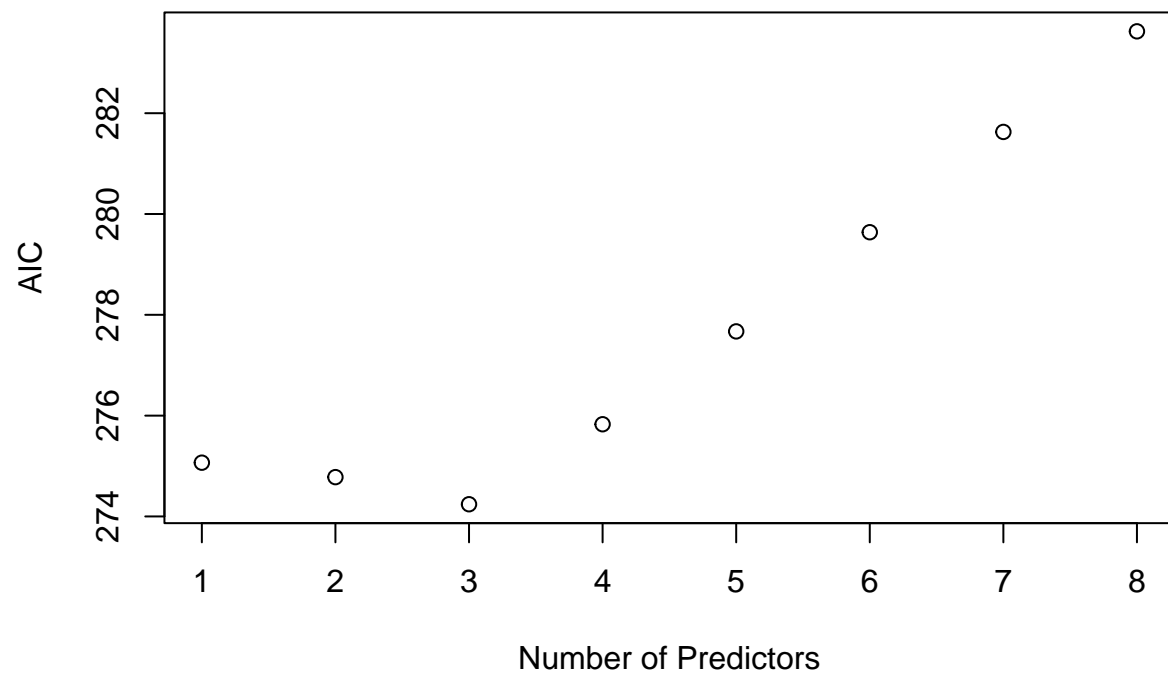
```
rs <- summary(b)
```

```
rs$which
```

```
##      (Intercept)   Age Weight HtShoes    Ht Seated   Arm Thigh    Leg
## 1             TRUE FALSE  FALSE   FALSE  TRUE  FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2             TRUE FALSE  FALSE   FALSE  TRUE  FALSE FALSE FALSE  TRUE
## 3             TRUE  TRUE  FALSE   FALSE  TRUE  FALSE FALSE FALSE  TRUE
## 4             TRUE  TRUE  FALSE   TRUE  FALSE  FALSE FALSE  TRUE  TRUE
## 5             TRUE  TRUE  FALSE   TRUE  FALSE  FALSE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE
## 6             TRUE  TRUE  FALSE   TRUE  FALSE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE
## 7             TRUE  TRUE   TRUE   TRUE  FALSE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE
## 8             TRUE  TRUE   TRUE   TRUE  TRUE   TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE
```

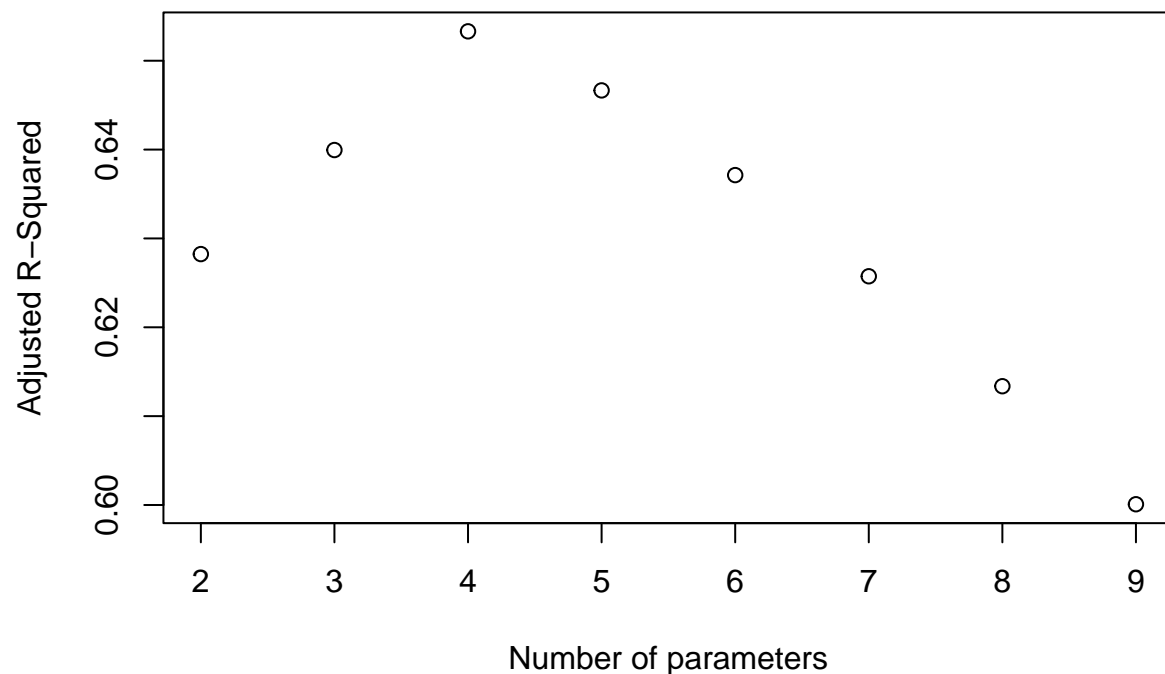
```
AIC <- 38 * log(rs$rss/38) + (2:9) * 2
```

```
plot(AIC ~ I(1:8), ylab = "AIC", xlab = "Number of Predictors")
```



Part 3. Adjusted R^2 : again, we find the best model to be Age + Ht + Leg

```
plot(2:9, rs$adjr2, xlab = "Number of parameters", ylab = "Adjusted R-Squared")
```



```
which.max(rs$adjr2)
```

```
## [1] 3
```

Part 4. Stepwise selection: we find Age + HtShoes + Leg appears to be the best model.

```
lmod <- lm(hipcenter ~ ., data=seatpos)
step(lmod)
```

```
## Start:  AIC=283.62
## hipcenter ~ Age + Weight + HtShoes + Ht + Seated + Arm + Thigh +
##      Leg
##
##      Df Sum of Sq  RSS   AIC
## - Ht      1      5.01 41267 281.63
## - Weight  1      8.99 41271 281.63
## - Seated  1     28.64 41290 281.65
## - HtShoes 1    108.43 41370 281.72
## - Arm     1    164.97 41427 281.78
## - Thigh   1    262.76 41525 281.87
## <none>                 41262 283.62
## - Age     1   2632.12 43894 283.97
## - Leg     1   2654.85 43917 283.99
##
```

```

## Step: AIC=281.63
## hipcenter ~ Age + Weight + HtShoes + Seated + Arm + Thigh + Leg
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## - Weight   1     11.10 41278 279.64
## - Seated    1     30.52 41297 279.66
## - Arm       1    160.50 41427 279.78
## - Thigh     1    269.08 41536 279.88
## - HtShoes   1    971.84 42239 280.51
## <none>                        41267 281.63
## - Leg      1   2664.65 43931 282.01
## - Age      1   2808.52 44075 282.13
##
## Step: AIC=279.64
## hipcenter ~ Age + HtShoes + Seated + Arm + Thigh + Leg
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## - Seated    1     35.10 41313 277.67
## - Arm       1    156.47 41434 277.78
## - Thigh     1    285.16 41563 277.90
## - HtShoes   1    975.48 42253 278.53
## <none>                        41278 279.64
## - Leg      1   2661.39 43939 280.01
## - Age      1   3011.86 44290 280.31
##
## Step: AIC=277.67
## hipcenter ~ Age + HtShoes + Arm + Thigh + Leg
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## - Arm       1    172.02 41485 275.83
## - Thigh     1    344.61 41658 275.99
## - HtShoes   1   1853.43 43166 277.34
## <none>                        41313 277.67
## - Leg      1   2871.07 44184 278.22
## - Age      1   2976.77 44290 278.31
##
## Step: AIC=275.83
## hipcenter ~ Age + HtShoes + Thigh + Leg
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## - Thigh     1    472.8 41958 274.26
## <none>                        41485 275.83
## - HtShoes   1   2340.7 43826 275.92
## - Age      1   3501.0 44986 276.91
## - Leg      1   3591.7 45077 276.98
##
## Step: AIC=274.26
## hipcenter ~ Age + HtShoes + Leg
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## <none>                        41958 274.26
## - Age      1   3108.8 45067 274.98
## - Leg      1   3476.3 45434 275.28
## - HtShoes   1   4218.6 46176 275.90

```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = hipcenter ~ Age + HtShoes + Leg, data = seatpos)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)      Age      HtShoes      Leg
##    456.2137     0.5998    -2.3023    -6.8297
```

- d. Using the model chosen by AIC, it appears that for every increase of a unit of leg length, we can expect to see hipcenter decrease by -6.739. The model has a very similar multiple r-squared value to the original, though it has a much higher adjusted r-squared, 0.6533 to the original model's 0.6001.

```
lmodAIC <- lm(hipcenter ~ Age + Ht + Leg, seatpos)
summary(lmodAIC)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = hipcenter ~ Age + Ht + Leg, data = seatpos)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -79.715 -22.758  -4.102   21.394   60.576
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  452.1976   100.9482    4.480 8.04e-05 ***
## Age           0.5807     0.3790    1.532  0.1347
## Ht          -2.3254     1.2545   -1.854  0.0725 .
## Leg         -6.7390     4.1050   -1.642  0.1099
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 35.12 on 34 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6814, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6533
## F-statistic: 24.24 on 3 and 34 DF,  p-value: 1.426e-08
```

```
z <- model.matrix(lmodAIC)
z0 <- apply(z, 2, mean)
predict(lmodAIC, new = data.frame(t(z0)), interval = "prediction", level=0.99)
```

```
##          fit      lwr      upr
## 1 -164.8849 -261.961 -67.80873
```

2.

- a. Linear Regression with all predictors:

```
data(fat, package="faraway")

##Values to remove every 10th observation starting at 1

fatseq <- seq(1, 252, by = 10)

fatTrain <- fat[-fatseq,]
fat10 <- fat[fatseq,]

rmse <- function(x,y){
  sqrt(mean((x-y)^2))
}

lmodF1 <- lm(siri ~ . -brozek -density, fatTrain)

rmse(lmodF1$fit, fatTrain$siri)
```

```
## [1] 1.406899
```

```
pred <- predict(lmodF1, fat10)
y1 <- fat10$siri

rmse(pred, y1)
```

```
## [1] 1.946023
```

b. Linear regression with stepwise variable selection:

```
lmStep <- step(lmodF1)
```

```
## Start:  AIC=186.31
## siri ~ (brozek + density + age + weight + height + adipos + free +
##      neck + chest + abdom + hip + thigh + knee + ankle + biceps +
##      forearm + wrist) - brozek - density
##
##           Df Sum of Sq   RSS   AIC
## - hip      1      0.0  447.4 184.32
## - neck     1      0.2  447.5 184.39
## - knee     1      0.2  447.5 184.39
## - age      1      0.3  447.6 184.45
## - wrist    1      1.4  448.7 185.02
## - height   1      1.6  449.0 185.13
## - ankle    1      2.9  450.2 185.76
## <none>             447.3 186.31
## - biceps    1     10.7  458.1 189.66
## - abdom     1     16.1  463.5 192.31
## - forearm   1     18.5  465.8 193.47
## - chest     1     23.3  470.6 195.76
## - thigh     1     25.4  472.7 196.78
## - adipos    1     42.1  489.4 204.62
## - weight    1    576.0 1023.4 371.33
```



```

## - free      1      3385.3 3832.6 669.75
##
## Step: AIC=184.32
## siri ~ age + weight + height + adipos + free + neck + chest +
##      abdom + thigh + knee + ankle + biceps + forearm + wrist
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - neck      1         0.2  447.5 182.39
## - knee      1         0.2  447.5 182.39
## - age       1         0.3  447.7 182.47
## - wrist     1         1.4  448.8 183.03
## - height    1         1.7  449.1 183.19
## - ankle     1         3.0  450.4 183.83
## <none>                        447.4 184.32
## - biceps    1        10.8  458.2 187.72
## - abdom     1        16.4  463.7 190.44
## - forearm   1        18.8  466.2 191.63
## - chest     1        24.8  472.1 194.50
## - thigh     1        27.1  474.4 195.59
## - adipos    1        43.6  491.0 203.34
## - weight    1       683.5 1130.8 391.90
## - free      1      3415.7 3863.0 669.54
##
## Step: AIC=182.39
## siri ~ age + weight + height + adipos + free + chest + abdom +
##      thigh + knee + ankle + biceps + forearm + wrist
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - knee      1         0.2  447.7 180.50
## - age       1         0.2  447.8 180.52
## - wrist     1         1.3  448.8 181.03
## - height    1         1.7  449.2 181.23
## - ankle     1         3.3  450.8 182.07
## <none>                        447.5 182.39
## - biceps    1        10.7  458.2 185.74
## - abdom     1        16.4  463.9 188.54
## - forearm   1        18.7  466.2 189.66
## - chest     1        24.7  472.2 192.55
## - thigh     1        26.9  474.4 193.60
## - adipos    1        45.7  493.2 202.38
## - weight    1       688.4 1135.9 390.90
## - free      1      3464.1 3911.6 670.37
##
## Step: AIC=180.5
## siri ~ age + weight + height + adipos + free + chest + abdom +
##      thigh + ankle + biceps + forearm + wrist
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - age       1         0.4  448.1 178.68
## - wrist     1         1.3  449.1 179.17
## - height    1         1.6  449.3 179.30
## - ankle     1         4.0  451.7 180.49
## <none>                        447.7 180.50
## - biceps    1        10.6  458.3 183.76

```

```

## - abdom 1 16.6 464.3 186.72
## - forearm 1 19.1 466.8 187.94
## - chest 1 24.7 472.4 190.62
## - thigh 1 32.1 479.8 194.15
## - adipos 1 48.9 496.6 201.94
## - weight 1 731.7 1179.4 397.41
## - free 1 3464.0 3911.7 668.37
##
## Step: AIC=178.68
## siri ~ weight + height + adipos + free + chest + abdom + thigh +
## ankle + biceps + forearm + wrist
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC
## - height 1 1.4 449.5 177.41
## - wrist 1 2.4 450.5 177.89
## - ankle 1 3.9 452.0 178.63
## <none> 448.1 178.68
## - biceps 1 10.8 458.9 182.08
## - forearm 1 18.7 466.8 185.94
## - abdom 1 20.1 468.2 186.59
## - chest 1 25.1 473.2 188.99
## - thigh 1 33.4 481.5 192.95
## - adipos 1 49.4 497.5 200.31
## - weight 1 738.0 1186.1 396.68
## - free 1 3491.5 3939.6 667.97
##
## Step: AIC=177.41
## siri ~ weight + adipos + free + chest + abdom + thigh + ankle +
## biceps + forearm + wrist
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC
## - wrist 1 2.6 452.1 176.72
## - ankle 1 3.9 453.5 177.38
## <none> 449.5 177.41
## - biceps 1 11.2 460.7 180.98
## - forearm 1 19.0 468.6 184.79
## - abdom 1 20.4 469.9 185.44
## - chest 1 25.3 474.9 187.81
## - thigh 1 32.1 481.6 190.99
## - adipos 1 79.2 528.7 212.09
## - weight 1 847.9 1297.4 414.96
## - free 1 3492.9 3942.4 666.14
##
## Step: AIC=176.72
## siri ~ weight + adipos + free + chest + abdom + thigh + ankle +
## biceps + forearm
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC
## <none> 452.1 176.72
## - ankle 1 6.1 458.2 177.74
## - biceps 1 12.9 465.1 181.09
## - forearm 1 22.1 474.2 185.50
## - abdom 1 23.4 475.5 186.12
## - chest 1 25.3 477.4 187.01

```

```
## - thigh    1      29.5  481.7 189.02
## - adipos   1      79.2  531.3 211.20
## - weight   1     847.4 1299.6 413.33
## - free     1    3709.0 4161.1 676.34
```

```
rmse(lmStep$fitted.values, fatTrain$siri)
```

```
## [1] 1.414443
```

```
predStep <- predict(lmStep, fat10)
rmse(predStep, y1)
```

```
## [1] 1.98911
```

c. Principal component regression:

```
require(pls)
```

```
## Loading required package: pls
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'pls'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
##      loadings
```

```
pcrmod <- pcr(siri ~ . -brozek -density, data = fatTrain)
```

```
pcrsme <- RMSEP(pcrmod, newdata = fat10)
```

```
## plot(pcrsme)
```

```
## Appropriate no. of components
```

```
which.min(pcrsme$val)
```

```
## [1] 11
```

```
pcrmod11 <- pcr(siri ~ . -brozek -density, data = fatTrain, ncomp = 11)
```

```
rmse(pcrmod11$fitted.values, fatTrain$siri)
```

```
## [1] 2.971977
```

```
rmse(predict(pcrmod11, fat10), fat10$siri)
```

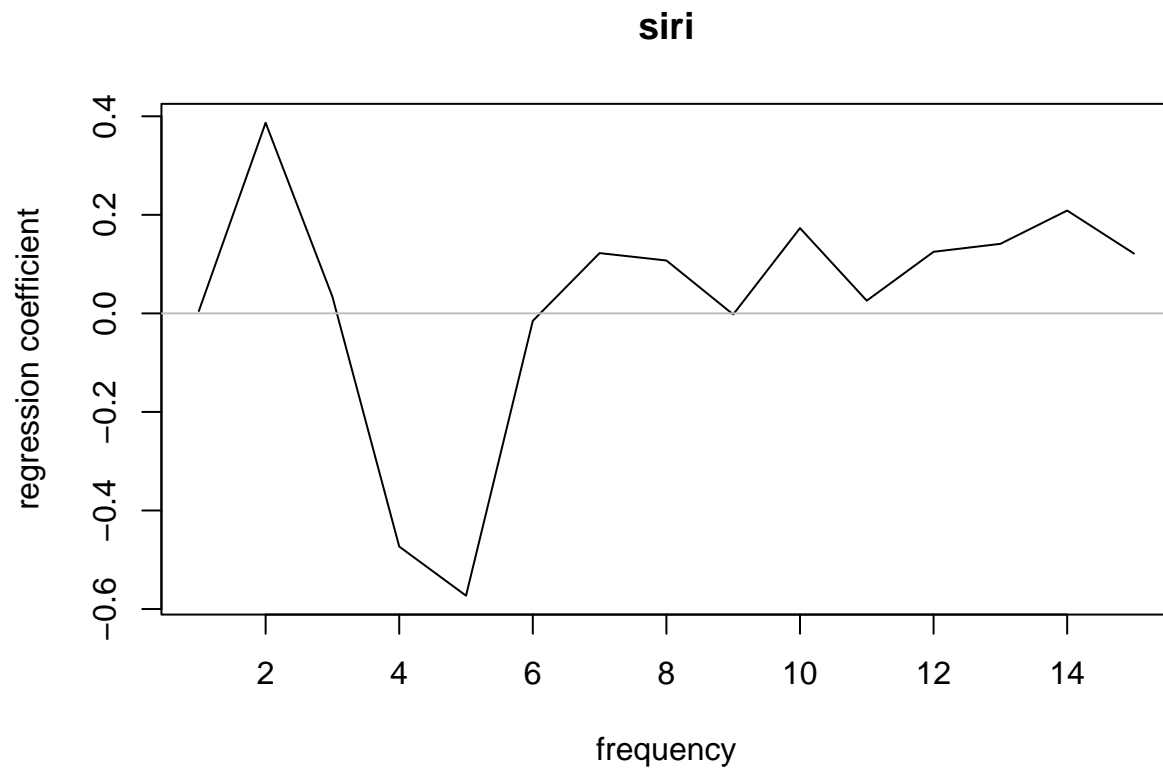
```
## [1] 2.973433
```

d. Partial least squares:

```

set.seed(123)
plsmmod <- plsr(siri ~ . -brozek -density, data = fatTrain, ncomp = 11, validation = "CV")
coefplot(plsmmod, ncomp = 11, xlab = "frequency")

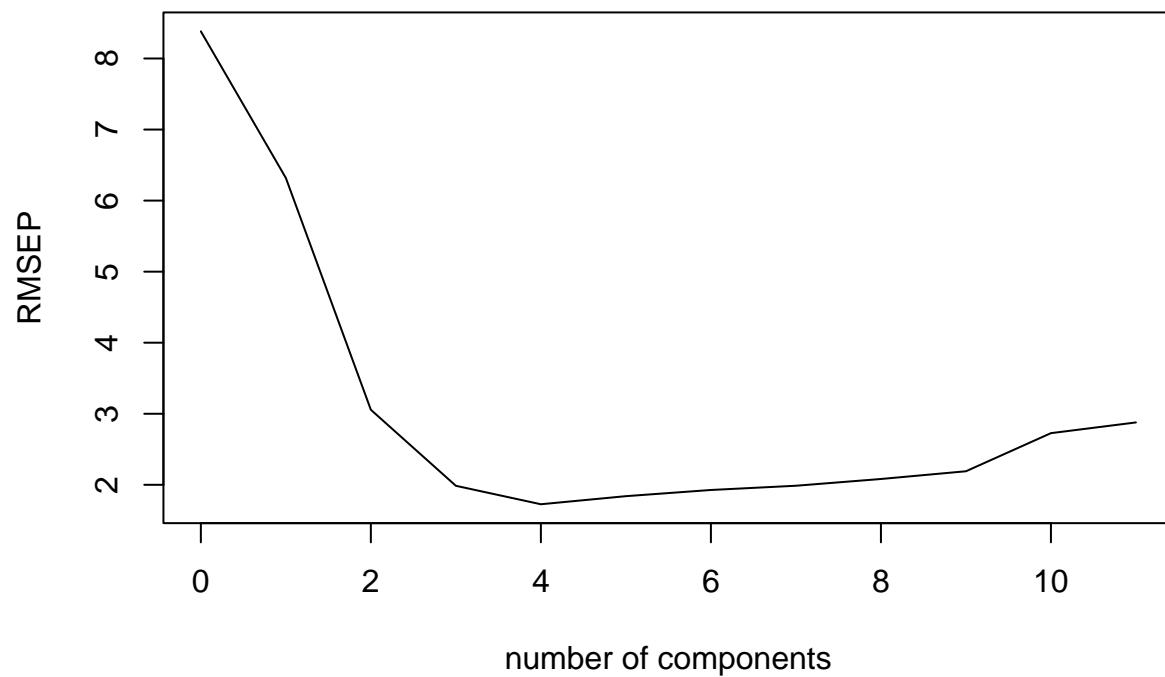
```



```

plsCV <- RMSEP(plsmmod, estimate = "CV")
plot(plsCV, main = "")

```



```
which.min(plsCV$val) ## it appears that 5 is an appropriate ncomp value
```

```
## [1] 5
```

```
ypred <- predict(plsmod, ncomp = 5)
```

```
rmse(ypred, fatTrain$siri)
```

```
## [1] 1.45939
```

```
ytpred <- predict(plsmod, fat10, ncomp=5)
```

```
rmse(ytpred, fat10$siri)
```

```
## [1] 2.028371
```

e. Ridge regression:

```
require(MASS)
```

```
## Loading required package: MASS
```

```

means <- apply(fatTrain[,4:18],2,mean)

fatMatrix <- as.matrix(sweep(fatTrain[,4:18],2,means))

test10 <- as.matrix(sweep(fat10[,4:18],2,means))

par(mfrow= c(1,1))

ysiri <- fatTrain$siri - mean(fatTrain$siri)

rgmod <- lm.ridge(ysiri ~ fatMatrix, lambda = seq(0, 10, 1e-4))

matplot(rgmod$lambda, t(rgmod$coef), type = "l", lty = 1, xlab = expression(lambda), ylab = expression(beta))

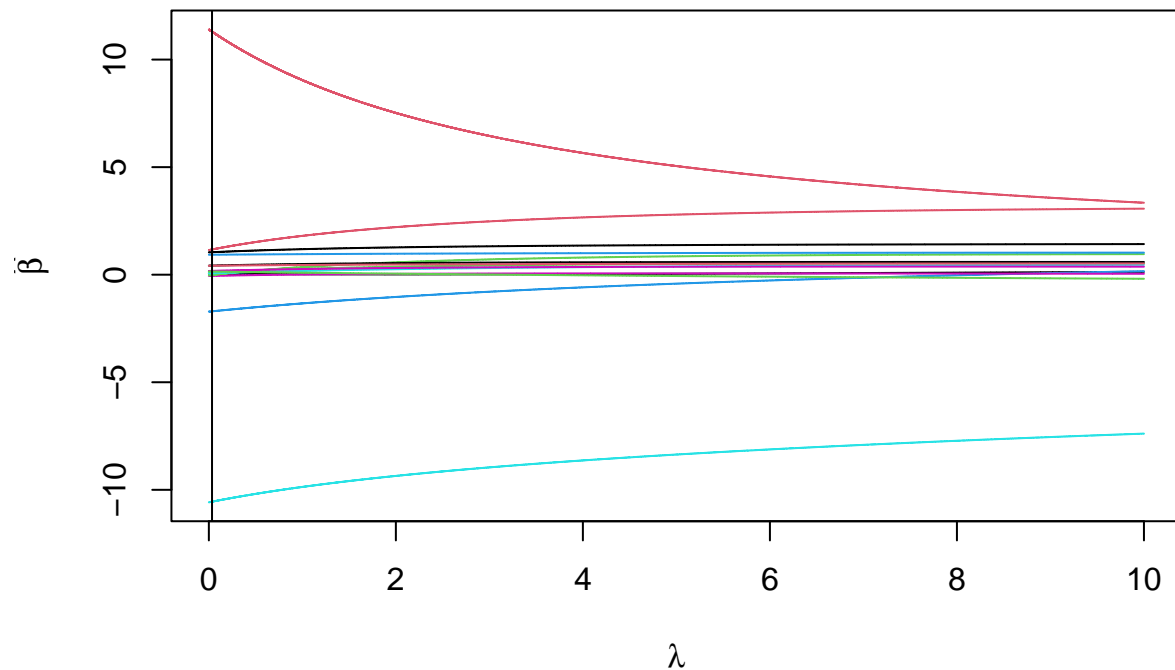
select(rgmod)

## modified HKB estimator is 0.1113946
## modified L-W estimator is 0.4093012
## smallest value of GCV at 0.0339

abline(v=0.0339)

```

Ridge trace



```

rgyfit <- scale(fatMatrix, center=F, scale=rgmod$scales) %*% rgmod$coef[,468] + mean(fatTrain$siri)

rmse(rgyfit, fatTrain$siri)

```

```
## [1] 1.407043
```

```
rgypred <- scale(test10, center=F, scale=rgmod$scales) %*% rgmod$coef[,468] + mean(fatTrain$siri)
rmse(rgypred,fat10$siri)
```

```
## [1] 1.933964
```

Conclusion: We get solid results with both methods of linear regression, all predictors and stepwise variable selection. However, we do not get favorable results with the principal component regression. However, this could be further explored. We also have promising results from the partial least squares and ridge regression methods. It is unclear why the principal component regression performed returned poor results, but perhaps a different testing sample size would change the outcome.