

Math 1200 Fall 2023 Section A Tutorial 02
Equivalence Relations and Classes (Practice)

Feel free to reach out to me by email if you have any questions about the problems below.

- (1) Which of these relations on $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ are equivalence relations? Determine their properties of an equivalence relation that the others lack.
 - (a) $\{(0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}$
 - (b) $\{(0, 0), (0, 2), (2, 0), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$
 - (c) $\{(0, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}$
 - (d) $\{(0, 0), (1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$
 - (e) $\{(0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 2), (1, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 0), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}$
- (2) Which of these relations on the set of all functions from \mathbb{Z} to \mathbb{Z} are equivalence relations? Determine the properties of an equivalence relation that the others lack.
 - (a) $\{(f, g) : f(1) = g(1)\}$
 - (b) $\{(f, g) : f(0) = g(0) \text{ or } f(1) = g(1)\}$
 - (c) $\{(f, g) : f(x) - g(x) = 1 \text{ for all } x \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
 - (d) $\{(f, g) : \text{for some } c \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ for all } x \in \mathbb{Z}, f(x) - g(x) = c\}$
 - (e) $\{(f, g) : f(0) = g(1) \text{ and } f(1) = g(0)\}$
- (3) Let R be the relation on the set of ordered pairs of positive integers such that $((a, b), (c, d)) \in R$ if and only if $a + d = b + c$. Show that R is an equivalence relation.
- (4) Give a description of each of the congruence classes modulo 6.
- (5) Which of these collections of subsets are partitions of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$?
 - (a) $\{1, 2\}, \{2, 3, 4\}, \{4, 5, 6\}$
 - (b) $\{1\}, \{2, 3, 6\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$.
 - (c) $\{2, 4, 6\}, \{1, 3, 5\}$
 - (d) $\{1, 4, 5\}, \{2, 6\}$
- (6) Which of these collections of subsets are partitions of $\{-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3\}$?
 - (a) $\{-3, 1, 1, 3\}, \{-2, 0, 2\}$
 - (b) $\{-3, -2, -1, 0\}, \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$
 - (c) $\{-3, 3\}, \{-2, 2\}, \{-1, 1\}, \{0\}$
 - (d) $\{-3, -2, 2, 3\}, \{-1, 1\}$
- (7) List the ordered pairs in the equivalence relations produced by these partitions of $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$
 - (a) $\{0\}, \{1, 2\}, \{3, 4, 5\}$
 - (b) $\{0, 1\}, \{2, 3\}, \{4, 5\}$
 - (c) $\{0, 1, 2\}, \{3, 4, 5\}$
 - (d) $\{0\}, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$