

Question 1. Let $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{1+n^2x^2}$ for $x \in [0, 1]$. Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx = \int_0^1 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) dx$, but the convergence is not uniform.

Question 2. Let $f_n(x) = nxe^{-nx}$ for $x \in [0, 1]$. Determine whether the sequence $(f_n)_n$ converges uniformly on $[0, 1]$ and if so, compute $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx$.

Question 3. Let $f_n(x) = \frac{x}{1+nx^2}$ for $x \in [0, 1]$. Determine whether the sequence $(f_n(x))$ converges uniformly on $[0, 1]$, and if so, compute $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx$.

Question 4. Let $f_n(x) = \frac{\sin nx}{\sqrt{n}}$ for $x \in [0, \pi]$. Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^\pi f_n(x) dx = 0$ and the convergence is uniform.

Question 5. Let $f_n(x) = \frac{x^n}{n}$ for $x \in [0, 1]$. Determine whether the sequence $(f_n)_n$ converges uniformly on $[0, 1]$, and if so, compute $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx$.