## MATH 6605 Homework 1

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**Question 1.** Let  $\Omega = \mathbb{R}$  be the set of real numbers. Describe the  $\sigma$ -algebra generated by each of the following collections of subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$ .

- (i)  $C_1$  is the collection of all subsets of  $[0, \infty)$ .
- (ii)  $C_2$  is the collection of all subsets of  $\mathbb R$  that contain exactly three points.

**Question 2.** Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$  be a probability triple. For sets A and B in  $\mathcal{F}$ , write  $A \equiv B$  if  $P(A\Delta B) = 0$ . Prove

- (i) The relation " $\equiv$ " is an equivalence relation on  $\mathcal{F}$ .
- (ii) If  $A \equiv B$ , then  $P(A) = P(B) = P(A \cap B)$
- (iii)  $\{C \in \mathcal{F} : C \equiv \emptyset \text{ or } C \equiv \Omega\}$  is a  $\sigma$ -algebra.

**Question 3.** Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$  be a probability triple. Fix a set  $D \in \mathcal{F}$  such that P(D) > 0. Define

$$\mathcal{F}_D = \{ A \in \mathcal{F} : A \subset D \} \qquad P_D(A) = \frac{P(A)}{P(D)}$$

for  $A \in \mathcal{F}_D$ . Prove that  $(D, \mathcal{F}_D, P_D)$  is a probability triple.