# The NTSB Aviation Accident Dataset

An overview, analysis, and recommendations

## **Overview**



The company is interested in becoming involved in the aviation industry. Specifically with owning and operating aircraft in a commercial endeavor, which would indicate an interest in airplanes or helicopters.

## The NTSB Aviation Accident dataset



Years overview: 1948 - 2022

Number of records: 89,000

Data fields: 31 fields including location, injury severity, aircraft damage and category, weather, make and model, cause of incident, etc.

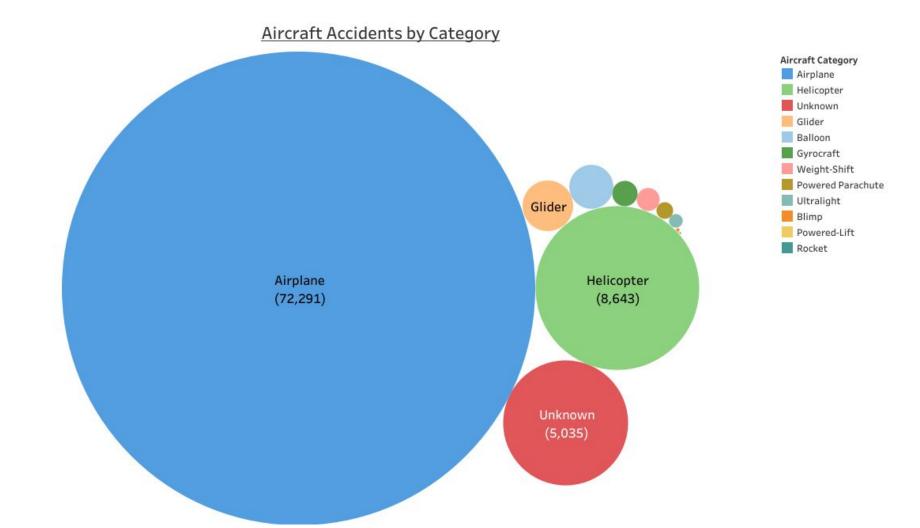
## **Aircraft Categories**

Categories in the dataset include: airplanes, helicopters, gliders, balloons, gyrocrafts, powered parachutes, blimps and more.

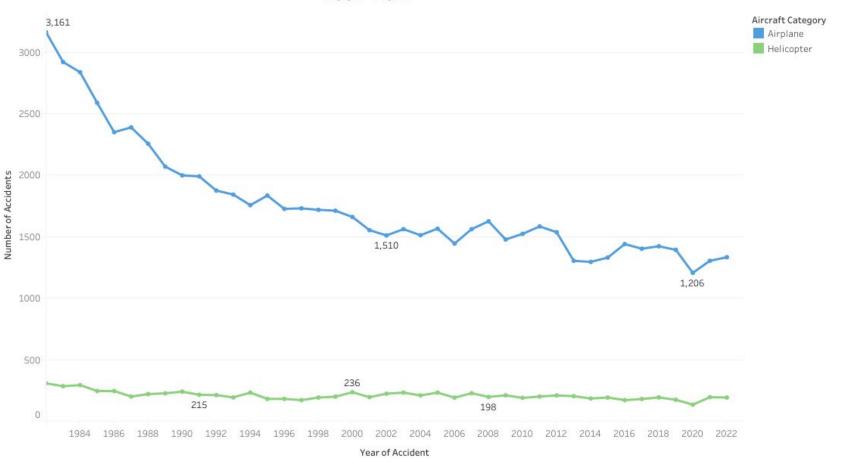
The records were mostly incomplete as far as category.

The Make field in the dataset proved useful to completing the category field.



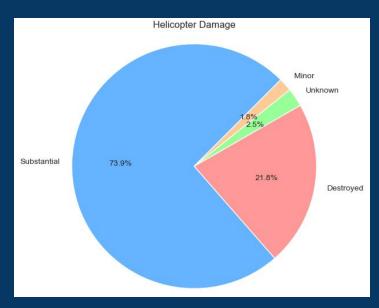


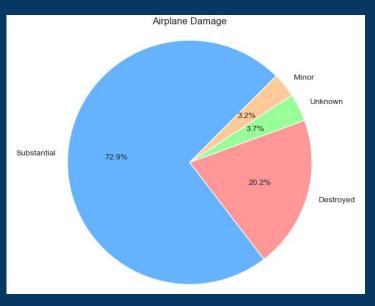
#### Airplane and Helicopter Accidents 1982 - 2022



## Aircraft Damage:

## Minor, Substantial or Destroyed



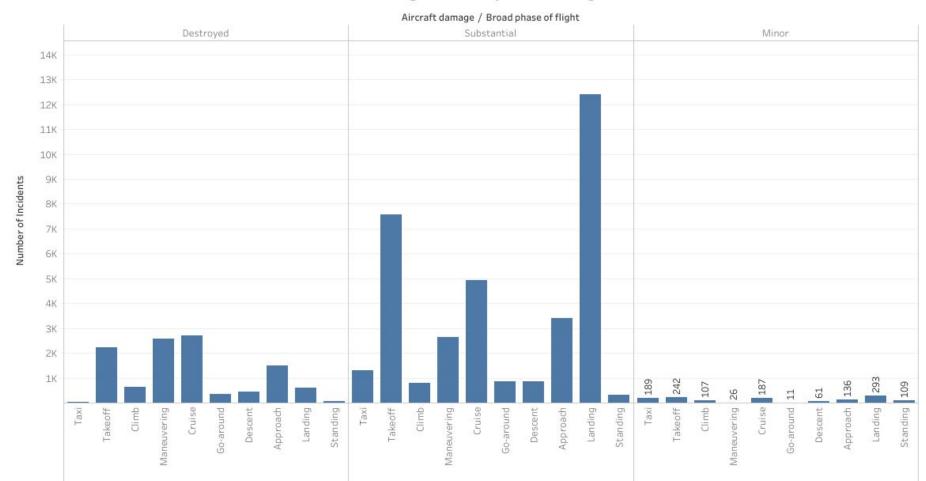


## Aircraft Damage & Phase of Flight

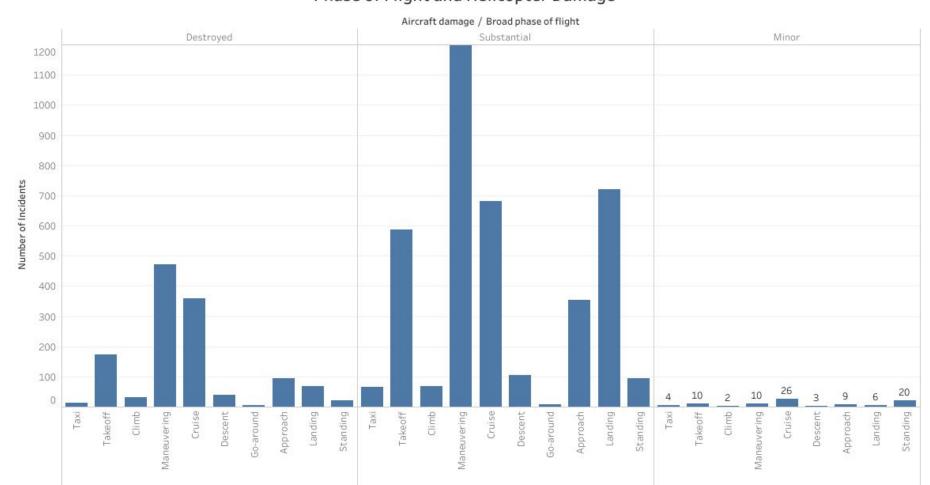
When during the aircraft's operation do accidents most often occur?

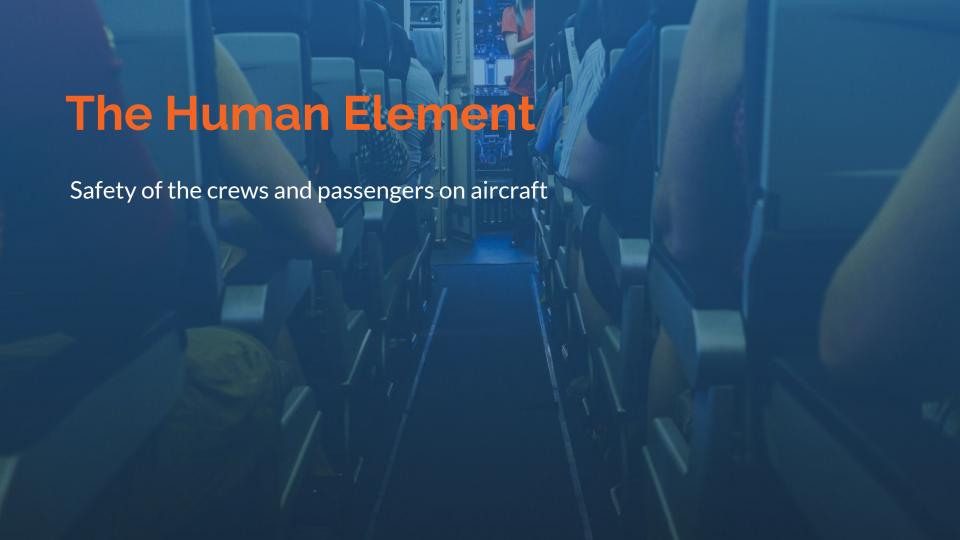


#### Phase of Flight and Airplane Damage

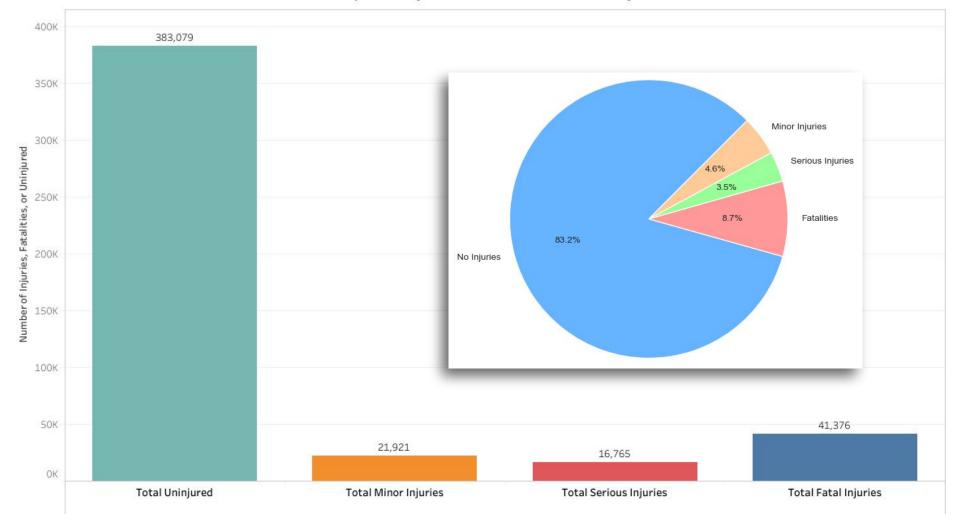


#### Phase of Flight and Helicopter Damage

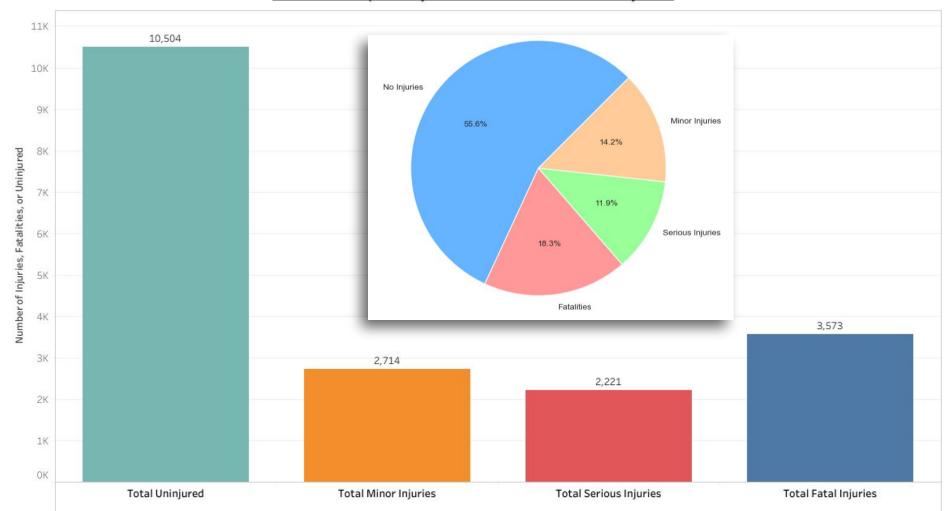




#### Total Airplane Injuries, Fatalities, and Uninjured



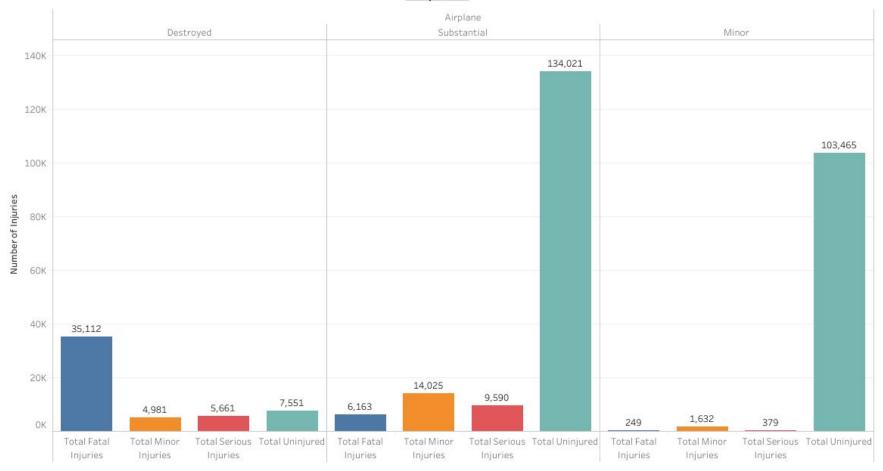
#### Total Helicopter Injuries, Fatalities, and Uninjured



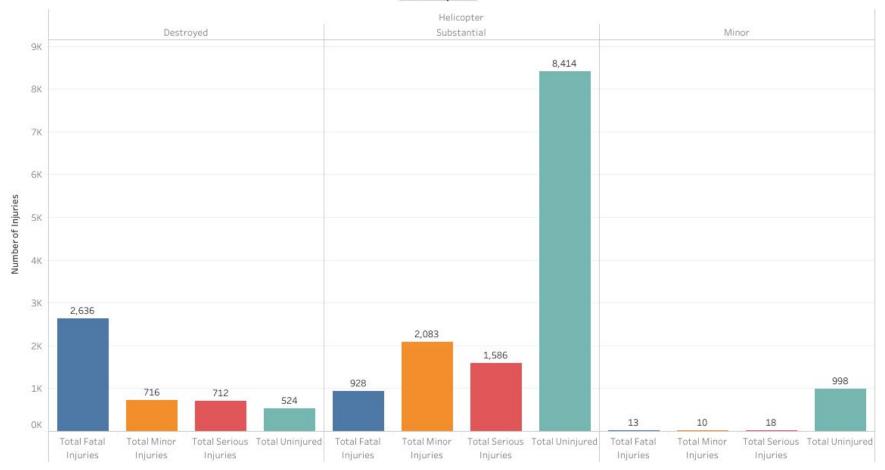
# The Human Element & Damage Levels

A look at how injuries relate to the aircraft damage

## <u>Fatalities and Injuries based on Damage Level</u> <u>Airplane</u>



#### <u>Fatalities and Injuries based on Damage Level</u> <u>Helicopter</u>



## **Causes of Incidents**

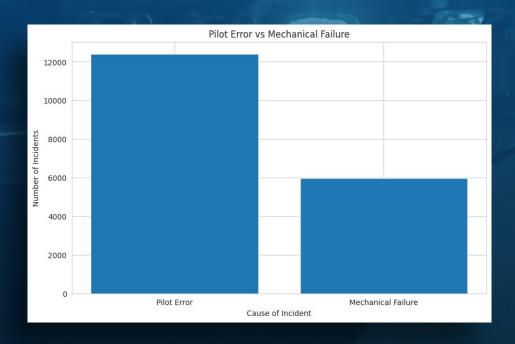
The dataset provides a field called Report Status that details the reason for the aircraft accident.

This field in the dataset is mostly non-informative, containing values such as Probable Cause, Unknown, Foreign, or Factual.

A number of values contained the words "pilot's failure", and these values constitute a human-error factor.

About 14% of the records (12,414) indicate pilot error as the main cause of the incident. Another 6.8% (5,966) contain a variety of causes for the incident, most of which point to mechanical or equipment issues.

## **Causes of Incidents**



18,380 informative values for Report Status
almost 68% are pilot error
32.5% are equipment failure

## Summary

Airplane accidents from 1982 through 2022 dramatically decreased.

Frequency of helicopter incidents remained quite steady.

Likelihood of injury or death in an airplane accident is much lower than in a helicopter accident.

For destructive accidents in both airplanes and helicopters, the injury level is likely to be fatal.

The importance of training, proper maintenance, and strict adherence to safety protocols cannot be stressed enough.

## **Suggestions for Further Study**

Aircraft in use in the various aviation industries over the same period as the accident dataset would be useful. Numbers, makes, models, etc. would give us the opportunity to evaluate the safety record of different makes and models of aircraft as we would have figures related to their overall representation in the industry.

Recommendations could then be made regarding what makes and models would be the best investment for the company from a reliability and safety standpoint.

Completing the Report Status column of the dataset would be extremely helpful in providing more insights as to the safety protocols, training, and maintenance of the aircraft industries