## PC Tutorial 2: Bayesian Estimation of Linear Regression Models

- 1. Consider the house price example discussed in the textbook and in the lecture. Try to replicate the results. To this end, proceed in the following steps.
  - (a) Write a Matlab function normgam\_posterior.m that computes the normal-gamma posterior of a multiple regression model with normal-gamma prior. Specifically, the user should supply data y and X as well as prior parameters  $\beta$ , V,  $s^2$ , and  $\nu$ . Then the function should compute and hand back posterior parameters, posterior means of  $\beta$  and h, and posterior variances of  $\beta$  and h.
  - (b) Write a Matlab script that opens the data file hprice.txt, sets informative prior parameters  $\underline{\beta}$ ,  $\underline{V}$ ,  $\underline{s}^2$ , and  $\underline{\nu}$  (e.g., those discussed in the lecture), calls the function normgam\_posterior.m, and displays the results.
  - (c) Add to the Matlab script a part that sets noninformative priors, calls the function normgam\_posterior.m, and displays the results. Note: make sure that the function can handle zeros for  $\underline{V}$  and  $\underline{\nu}$ .
  - (d) Write a Matlab function t\_interval.m that computes symmetric  $100*(1-\alpha)\%$  intervals for each of the k random variables of a k-dimensional t distribution with parameters  $\mu$ ,  $\Sigma$ , and  $\nu$ .
  - (e) Add to the Matlab script a part that calls the function t\_interval.m and displays 95% and 99% HPDI intervals for  $\beta_1$  to  $\beta_5$ .
  - (f) Add to the Matlab script a part that computes  $p(\beta_i > 0|y)$ ,  $i = 1, \ldots, 5$ , both based on the informative and noninformative priors.
  - (g) (\*) Add to the Matlab script a part that computes posterior odds ratios for models  $M_i: \beta_i = 0$  compared to the unrestricted model.