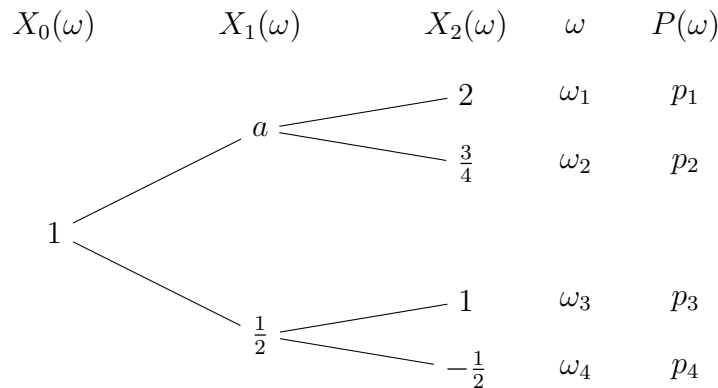


*Mathematical Finance: QF*

In-Tutorial exercises (for discussion on Tuesday, 21/11/2023)

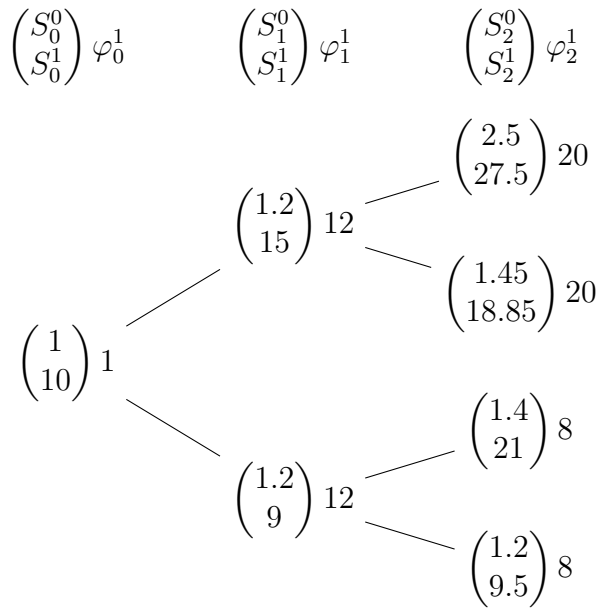
**In-Tutorial Exercise 1.** We consider a stochastic process  $X = (X_0, X_1, X_2)$  on the probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{P}(\Omega), P)$  with  $\Omega = \{\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3, \omega_4\}$  and  $p_1, p_2 > 0$ . The process  $X$  is given by the following tree.



Let  $\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}_1, \mathcal{F}_2)$  be the filtration generated by  $X$ .

- Assume  $a = 3$ . Is there a probability measure  $P$  such that  $X$  is a martingale w.r.t.  $\mathcal{F}$  (i.e. are there reasonable values for  $p_1$  and  $p_2$ )?
- Assume  $a = \frac{5}{4}$ . Determine a probability measure  $P$  (i.e. find values for  $p_1, \dots, p_4$ ) such that  $X$  is a martingale w.r.t.  $\mathcal{F}$ .

**In-Tutorial Exercise 2.** We consider a price process  $S = (S^0, S^1)$  with time horizon  $n = 2$ . The process  $S$  and a predictable process  $\varphi^1$  are given by the following tree.



- a) How can you tell by just looking at the tree representation that  $\varphi^1$  is predictable?
- b) Determine a predictable process  $\varphi^0$  such that  $\varphi = (\varphi^0, \varphi^1)$  is a self-financing trading strategy with initial capital  $V_0(\varphi) = 10$ .
- c) Determine the associated value process  $V(\varphi)$ .