

Computational Finance

Exercises for all participants

T-Exercise 05 (4 points)

We want to price an American put option with strike price $K = 1.2$ and time to maturity being three years. For this purpose we want to utilize a CRR model with $M = 3$ equally spaced time periods, $S(0) = 1$, $\sigma^2 = 0.3$ and an annual interest rate of 5%.

- Draw and calculate the corresponding CRR model by hand (of course you can still use a calculator) and write beneath each point the corresponding price of the option (please round on four position after the decimal point after each calculation).
- Calculate the replicating portfolio $\varphi = (\varphi_0, \varphi_1)$ for all time periods.

C-Exercise 06 (Options in the CRR model) (4 points)

- Write a Python function

```
V_0 = CRR_AmEuPut (S_0, r, sigma, T, M, K, EU)
```

that computes and returns an approximation to the price of a European or an American put option with strike $K > 0$ and maturity $T > 0$ in the CRR model with initial stock price $S(0) > 0$, interest rate $r > 0$ and volatility $\sigma > 0$. The parameter "EU" is 1 if the price of an European put shall be computed or is 0 in the American case. Use the binomial method as presented in the course with $M \in \mathbb{N}$ time steps.

- As $M \rightarrow \infty$ we would expect convergence of the price in the binomial model towards the price in the Black-Scholes model. To show this implement the BS-Formula for European put options as a Python function:

```
V_0 = BlackScholes_EuPut (t, S_t, r, sigma, T, K)
```

- Test your algorithm with

$S(0) = 100$, $r = 0.05$, $\sigma = 0.3$, $T = 1$, $M = 10, \dots, 500$, $K = 120$.

- Plot the price of a European put option (EU = 1) in the binomial model in dependence on the number of steps M .
- Plot the fair price in the BS-model into the same plot using the same parameters.
- Print the price of an American put option (EU = 0) with the same $S(0), r, \sigma, T, K$ as above and $M = 500$ steps in the console.

Useful Python commands: `numpy.maximum`

T-Exercise 05:

Given: $K = 1,2$ $S(0) = 1$ $r = 0,05$
 $M = 3$ $\sigma^2 = 0,3$

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a)

1Step: Calculate parameters

$$\Delta t = T/M = 3/3 = 1$$

$$(1.6) \beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-r\Delta t} + e^{(r+\sigma^2)\Delta t} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-0,05} + e^{(0,05+0,3)} \right) \approx 1,1857$$

$$(1.4) v = \beta + \sqrt{\beta^2 - 1} = 1,1857 + \sqrt{1,1857^2 - 1} \approx 1,827$$

$$(1.5) d = \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{1,827} \approx 0,5457$$

$$(1.7) q = \frac{e^{r\Delta t} - d}{v - d} = \frac{e^{0,05} - 0,5457}{1,827 - 0,5457} \approx 0,3948$$

2Step: Calculate S and claim X at T

$S_0 V_0$

$S_1 V_1$

$S_2 V_2$

S_3

$V_3 = (K - S_3)^+$

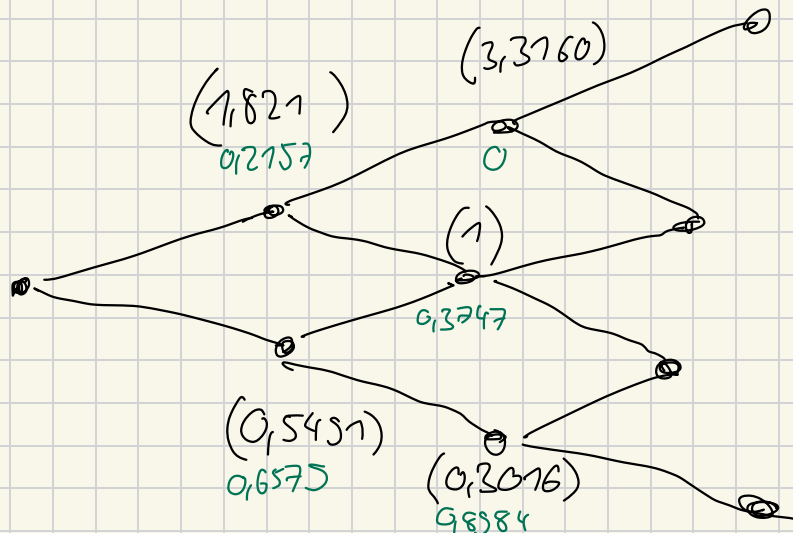
(6,0385) (0)

(1,1827) (0)

(0,5457) (0,6508)

(0,1656) (1,0344)

(1)
0,4557



3 Step Calculate the Value process of claim X

$$(t_3) \quad V_3 = X = \begin{cases} 0 & \omega \in \omega_1 \\ 0,6509 & \vdots \\ 1,0344 & \omega \in \omega_3 \end{cases}$$

(t_2) By (1.15) we get:

$$V_2 = \max \left\{ \max [K - S_{ji}]^+, \exp(-r \Delta t) (q V_{j+1, i+1} + (1-q) V_{j+1}) \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ① &= \max \left\{ \max \{1, 2-3, 3\}^+, \exp(-0,05) \cdot (0,3348 \cdot 0 + (1-0,3348) \cdot 0) \right\} \\ &= \boxed{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ② &= \max \left\{ \max \{1, 2-1\}^+, \exp(-0,05) \cdot ((1-0,3348) \cdot 0,6509) \right\} \\ &= \max \{ 0,2, 0,3747 \} = \boxed{0,3747} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ③ &= \max \left\{ \max \{1, 2-0,3016\}^+, \exp(-0,05) \cdot (0,3348 \cdot 0,6509 + (1-0,3348) \cdot 1,0344) \right\} \\ &= \max \{ 0,8984, 0,8355 \} = \boxed{0,8984} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (t_1) \quad V_1 &= \begin{cases} \max \left\{ \max \{1, 2-1,1821\}^+; \exp(-0,05) \cdot ((1-0,3348) \cdot 0,3747) \right\} = \boxed{0,2157} \\ \max \left\{ \max \{1, 2-0,5451\}^+; \exp(-0,05) \cdot (0,3348 \cdot 0,3747 + (1-0,3348) \cdot 0,8984) \right\} = \boxed{0,6575} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

t_0

0,4587

$$V_1 = \max \left\{ 0, \exp(-0,05) \cdot (0,3548 \cdot 0,2157 + (1-0,3548) \cdot 0,6535) \right\}$$
$$= 0,4557$$

5) Build replicating strategy.

and hence

$$\varphi_1(t_i) = \frac{V(S(t_{i-1})u, t_i) - V(S(t_{i-1})d, t_i)}{S(t_{i-1})(u-d)} \quad (1.12)$$

by taking differences. From (1.11) we get

$$\varphi_0(t_i) = \frac{V(S(t_{i-1}), t_{i-1}) - \varphi_1(t_i)S(t_{i-1})}{B(t_{i-1})} \quad (1.13)$$

t_3 :

upper branch $\Rightarrow \varphi_1, \varphi_0 = 0$ since no value here

middle branch:

$$\varphi_1(t_3) = \frac{0 - 0,6509}{(u-d)} \approx -0,5118$$

$$\varphi_0(t_3) = \frac{0,3747 - (-0,5118) \cdot 1}{\exp(r-2)} \approx 0,8027$$

lower branch

$$\varphi_1(t_3) = \frac{0,6509 - 1,0344}{(u-d)} = -0,3015$$

$$\varphi_0(t_3) = \frac{0,8984 - (-0,3015 \cdot 0,3016)}{\exp(0,05 \cdot 2)} = 0,8972$$

t_2 :

upper branch:

$$\varphi_1(t_2) = \frac{0 - 0,3747}{1,821 \cdot (u-d)} = -0,1618$$

$$\varphi_0(t_2) = \frac{0,2157 - (-0,1618 \cdot 1,821)}{\exp(0,05)} = 0,4854$$

lower branch:

$$\varphi_1(t_2) = \frac{0,3747 - 0,8984}{0,5481 \cdot (u-d)} = -0,7433$$

$$\varphi_0(t_2) = \frac{0,6579 - (-0,7433 \cdot 0,5481)}{\exp(0,05)} = 1,0175$$

t_1 : $\varphi_1(t_1) = \frac{0,2157 - 0,6579}{(u-d)} = -0,3477$

$$\varphi_0(t_1) = 0,4597 - (-0,3477) = 0,8074$$

t_0 By construction:

$$\varphi_1(t_1) = \varphi_1(t_0)$$

$$\varphi_0(t_1) = \varphi_0(t_0)$$