

Computational Finance

Exercises for all participants

T-Exercise 25QF (for QF only) (4 points)

A *Poisson process* N with intensity $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_+$ is a process with right-continuous, increasing paths such that for all $s, t \in \mathbb{R}_+$ the increments $N(t+s) - N(t)$ are independent of $N(t)$ and such that $N(t)$ follows a Poisson distribution with parameter λt . For $\rho, \mu \in \mathbb{R}$ and a Poisson process N with intensity $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_+$, compute the characteristic function of $X(t) := \rho N(t) - \mu t$.

~~T-Exercise 25Math (Merton's jump-diffusion model) (4 points)~~

~~In Merton's jump-diffusion model the logarithm $X = \log(S)$ of the stock price is of the form~~

$$X(t) = X(0) + \mu t + \sigma W(t) + \sum_{j=1}^{N(t)} Y_j,$$

~~where W is a standard Brownian motion, $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$, $\sigma > 0$, $N(t)$ is a Poisson random variable with parameter λt for $\lambda > 0$ and Y_1, Y_2, \dots are normally distributed with mean $m \in \mathbb{R}$ and variance $s^2 > 0$. Moreover $W, N(t), Y_1, Y_2, \dots$ are all independent. Calculate the characteristic function~~

$$\chi_t(u) := E[e^{iuX(t)}].$$

Hints:

- ~~(a) The characteristic function of a normally distributed random variable Y with mean $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$ and variance $\sigma^2 \in \mathbb{R}_+$ is given by $E[\exp(iuY)] = \exp(iu\mu - u^2\sigma^2/2)$ for $u \in \mathbb{R}$.~~
- ~~(b) It holds that $\exp(\sum_{j=1}^{N_t} Y_j) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} 1_{\{N(t)=m\}} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^m Y_j)$ for any $t \in \mathbb{R}_+$.~~

Ex. 25

T-Exercise 25QF (for QF only) (4 points)

A Poisson process N with intensity $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_+$ is a process with right-continuous, increasing paths such that for all $s, t \in \mathbb{R}_+$ the increments $N(t+s) - N(t)$ are independent of $N(t)$ and such that $N(t)$ follows a Poisson distribution with parameter λt . For $\rho, \mu \in \mathbb{R}$ and a Poisson process N with intensity $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_+$, compute the characteristic function of $X(t) := \rho N(t) - \mu t$.

Idea: We want to describe the law of $X(t)$ without knowing its exact probability density function.

1st step: Define characteristic function (ref. p. 80)

$$\chi(u) = E[e^{iuX(t)}] \quad (\text{general definition})$$

$$= E[e^{iu\rho N(t) - i\mu t}] \quad (Ply \sim X(t))$$

2nd step: Compute function solve derivative

$$\begin{aligned} \chi(u) &= E[e^{iu \overbrace{\rho N(t)}^{\text{stochastic}}}] \cdot E[e^{-i\mu t}] \\ &= E[e^{iu\rho N(t)}] \cdot e^{-i\mu t} \end{aligned}$$

① ②

3rd step: Apply properties of poisson on ① (from MGF-App. 6)

$$E[e^{iu\rho N(t)}] = e^{t\lambda(e^{i\rho} - 1)} \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} E[e^{tx}] &= \text{MGF} \sim \text{poiss} \\ &= e^{t\lambda(x-1)} \end{aligned} \right.$$

result combining ① and ②

$$\mathcal{J}_t(u) = e^{\tau\lambda(e^{i\omega\rho} - 1)} \cdot e^{-i\omega\rho t}$$