Agenda

- Definition of a module
- Benefits of modularity
- Pitfalls
- Analyzing packages with JDepend
- Adventure
- Summary

Definition of a module

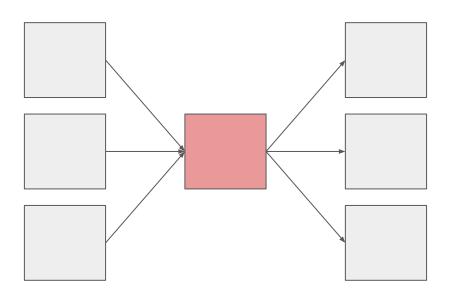
- Set of related functionality
- Can depend on other modules
- In java we use classes, packages and jars

Benefits of modularity

- Reduce complexity make it easier to understand
 - Conveys intent
 - Enforces boundaries
- Changes are restricted
- Testing is easier
- Reuse

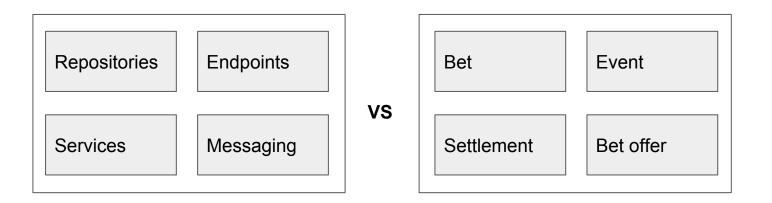
Pitfalls

- Coupling to other modules
 - Using other modules
 - Being used by other modules



Pitfalls cont.

- Not being cohesive functionality is not related
- Different types of cohesion
 - Coincidental
 - Logical
 - Functional
 - o ... and a few others



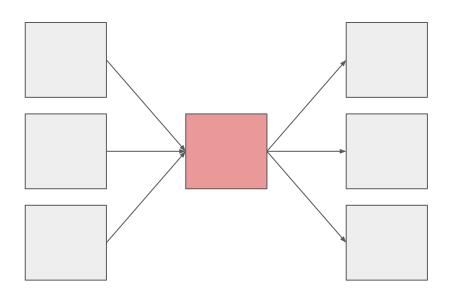
Pitfalls cont.

- Being neither abstract nor concrete
- Circular dependencies



Analyzing packages with JDepend

- How many depend on this package?
- How many packages does it depends on?
- Abstract or concrete?
- How unstable is it?
- Is it a trouble maker?



Example

- Analysis of two packages
 - letter.func
 - letter.console

letter.func

Stats:

Concrete Classes: 2

Abstract Classes: 4

of packages using it: 3

of packages used: 0

Abstractness: 67%

Instability: 0%

Trouble maker: 33%

Depends Upon:

Not dependent on any packages.

Used By:

letter.console

letter.service

letter.writer

letter.console

Stats:

Concrete Classes: 7

Abstract Classes: 2

of packages using it: 1

of packages used: 4

Abstractness: 22%

Instability: 80%

Trouble maker: 2%

Depends Upon:

letter.core

letter.func

letter.service

letter.writer

Used By:

letter.writer

Adventure

Summary

- Advantages of modularity and pitfalls
- Modularity metrics
- Using stan4j