## Lesson 5.9 Area: Rectangles

The **area** of a figure is the number of square units inside that figure. Area is expressed in **square** units or units<sup>2</sup>.

The area of a rectangle is the product of its length and its width.

$$5 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = 5 \times 5$$

$$A = 5 \times 5 \text{ or } 5^2$$

$$A = 25 \text{ cm}^2$$

If you know the area of a rectangle and either its length or its width, you can determine the unknown measure.

$$A = 24 \text{ m}^{2}$$

$$A = 24 \text{ m}^{2}$$

$$A = 6 \times w$$

$$\frac{24}{6} = \frac{6w}{6}$$

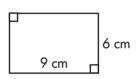
$$4 = w$$

The width is 4 meters.

Find the unknown measure for each rectangle.

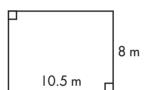
١.

a



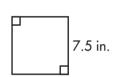
$$area = cm^2$$

b



$$area = m^2$$

C



$$area = in.^2$$

2.

$$A = 150 \text{ ft.}^2$$
 10 ft.

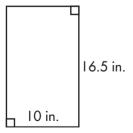
$$length = ft.$$

$$A = 72 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\mathsf{width} = \mathsf{m}$$

$$area = in.^2$$

3.



$$A = 62.5 \text{ ft.}^2$$
 5 ft.

$$length = ft.$$

$$A = 121 \text{ m}^2$$

$$side = m$$