

```
P0 = 100; M = 100;  $\sigma$  = 0.4; r = 0.04; T = 1 / 12;
n = 10 000; dt = T / n;
```

```
Timing[
W = RandomReal[NormalDistribution[], {n}] * Sqrt[T];
PE = 0; PV = 0; p = {};
For[i = 1, i < n + 1, i++,
P = Exp[T (r -  $\sigma$  ^ 2 / 2) +  $\sigma$  W[[i]]];

(*

P2=Which[P≥1.5,16,P≥1.4,8,P≥1.3,4,P≥1.2,2,P≥1.2,1,P<1.2,0]0.8;
P2=Which[P≥1.3,20,P<1.3,0];
P2=Which[P≥1.5,16,P≥1.4,8,P≥1.3,4,P≥1.2,2,P≥1.1,1,P≥1,0.5,P<1,0];
P2=Which[P≥1.5,16,P≥1.4,8,P≥1.3,4,P≥1.2,2,P≥1.1,1,P≥1,0.5,P≥0.9,0.1,P<0.9,0]/5;
*)
P2 = Max[P - 1, 0] * 100;
AppendTo[p, P2];
PE += P2;
PV += P2 ^ 2;
];

{"Mean:", Exp[-r T] PE / n, "StD of Mean:",
Sqrt[Exp[-2 r T] / n / (n - 1) (PV - PE ^ 2 / n)]}
]
{0.39, {Mean:, 4.77754, StD of Mean:, 0.0735602}}
```

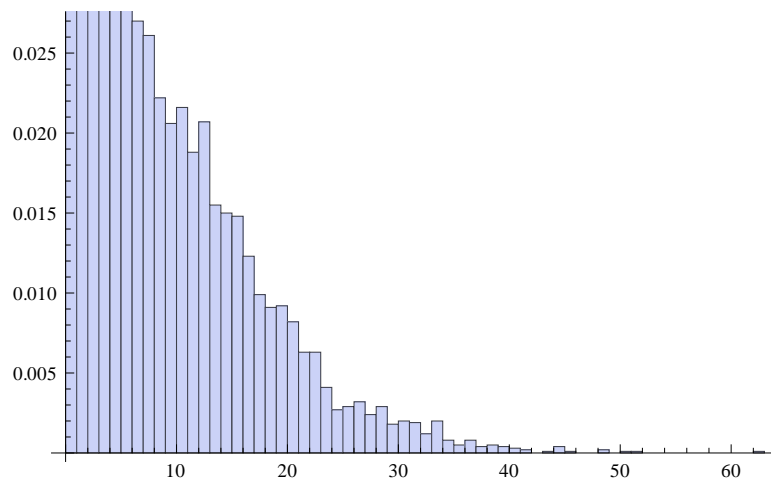
oder eben 1 € pro 10 % rednite!!!

stellt dir diesne werbe slogan vor.

Börsenspiel - 1 € echten Euro für 10 % Rendite
ja ist nice
aber der anfang wird hart

Also für 50 cent gibt es diese auszählunge (in €€€!)

Histogram[p , Automatic, "ProbabilityDensity"]



Tally[p] // N

{ {0., 9471.}, {1.6, 426.}, {6.4, 14.}, {3.2, 85.}, {12.8, 4.} }