Fixed Income Derivatives - Curve fitting Exam Preparation

Assume you have the following market data available where the interest rate swaps pay 6M EURIBOR semiannually against a fixed rate paid annually.

| EURIBOR | Fixing | FRA | Midquote | IRS | Midquote |
|---------|---------|------|----------|-----|----------|
| 6M | 0.03478 | 1X7 | 0.03743 | 2Y | 0.04377 |
| | | 2X8 | 0.03871 | 3Y | 0.04625 |
| | | 3X9 | 0.03989 | 4Y | 0.04777 |
| | | 4X10 | 0.04098 | 5Y | 0.04875 |
| | | 5X11 | 0.04198 | 7Y | 0.04992 |
| | | 6X12 | 0.04289 | 10Y | 0.05081 |
| | | 7X13 | 0.04374 | 15Y | 0.05148 |
| | | 8X14 | 0.04452 | 20Y | 0.05181 |
| | | 9X15 | 0.04524 | 30Y | 0.05211 |

Problem 1 - Fitting the yield curve

- a) Discuss what properties the term structure of the short rate and the term structure of the instantaneous forward rate should have after fitting a term structure to market data.
- b) Fit a zero coupon bond spot rate curve to the market data above using different techniques and discuss which fit is better in terms of the criteria from a).
- c) Plot the term structures of spot rates, instantaneous forward rates and par swap rates implied by the fitted ZCB term structure.

Problem 2 - Bumping spot rates and finding the DV01 of a swap

Next, we will use the ZCB term structure for risk management and compute the DV01 of a 10Y payer swap when spot rates are bumped by 1 bps up and down.

- a) Bump each of the spot rates for $T \in [1, 2, ..., 10]$ by 1 bp up and down.
- b) Bump all of the spot rates for $T \in [1, 2, ..., 10]$ by 1 bp up and down.
- c) Discuss which of the spot rates that influences the DV01 of the 10Y swap the most and interpret your result.
- d) Redo a)-c) for the 5Y interest rate swap.

Problem 3 - Bumping market rates and finding the DV01 of a swap

Finally, we will investigate the sensitivity of a 10 Y payer swap to changes in market rates by bumping these up and down also by one bps.

- a) Bump each of the market rates for the Euribor fixing, the FRAs and the interest rate swaps by 1 bp up and down.
- b) Bump all of the market rates by 1 bp up and down.
- c) Discuss which of the market rates that influences the DV01 of the 10Y swap the most and interpret your result.
- d) Redo a)-c) for the 5Y interest rate swap.

Problem 4 - Mark-to-market

In this problem, you will compute the mark-to-market value of three different swap related derivatives and compute the PnL of each position since inception.

- a) Compute the market value of a 7Y swap with a notional of 1 entered into a year ago at the swap rate 0.048. Also, compute the PnL of this position.
- b) Compute the market value of a 1Y6Y payer swaption also with a notional of one entered into exactly one year ago at the then at-the-money strike of 0.048. Also compute the PnL of this position if the initial cost of the swaption was 38 bps.
- c) Compute the market value of a 5Y5Y forward receiver swap with a notional of 1 entered into exactly two years ago at the then 5Y5Y par forward swap rate of 0.051. Also compute the PnL of this position.

Problem 5 - Fitting a Vasicek model to the yield curve

In this problem, we will fit the Vasicek model to our yield curve data

- a) Use the initial values $r_0 = 0.03$, a = 0.5, b = 0.04 and $\sigma = 0.03$ to fit a Vasicek model to your ZCB spot rate curve.
- b) Plot the fitted spot rates in your Vasicek model in the same plot as your ZCB spot and forward rates.
- c) Based on the quality of your fit, can you conclude that the short rate much follow a Vasicek model?