

$$2) \vec{r} = (7000\hat{i} - 2000\hat{j} - 4000\hat{k}) \text{ km}$$

$$\vec{v} = (3\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}) \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}}$$

$$r = \sqrt{(7000)^2 + (-2000)^2 + (-4000)^2} \text{ km} = 8306,62 \text{ km}$$

$$v = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-6)^2 + (5)^2} = \sqrt{70} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} = 8,37 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}}$$



Teniendo  $\mu = 398600,4418 \frac{\text{km}^3}{\text{s}^2}$  constante.

$$\vec{e} = \frac{(v^2 - \frac{\mu}{r}) \vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{v}}{\mu}$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{\left[ \left( \frac{8,37 \text{ km}}{\text{s}} \right)^2 - \frac{\mu}{8306,62 \text{ km}} \right] \vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{v}}{\mu}$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{\left( \frac{70,057 \text{ km}^2}{\text{s}^2} - \frac{47,985 \text{ km}^2}{\text{s}^2} \right) \vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{v}}{\mu}$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{\left( \frac{22,071 \text{ km}^2}{\text{s}^2} \right) \vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{v}}{\mu}$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{(154497; -44142; -88284) - (39000; -78000; 65000)}{\mu}$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{154497\hat{i} + 33858\hat{j} - 153284\hat{k}}{398600,4418} = 0,29\hat{i} + 0,085\hat{j} - 0,38\hat{k}$$

$$e = \sqrt{(0,29)^2 + (0,085)^2 + (-0,385)^2} = 0,489$$

$$e = 0,489 \rightarrow (a)$$

\* Para calcular la anomalía verdadera

$$\cos(\nu) = \frac{\vec{e} \cdot \vec{r}}{e \cdot r} \rightarrow \nu = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\vec{e} \cdot \vec{r}}{e r} \right)$$

$$\nu = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(0,29; 0,085; -0,385) (7000; -2000; -4000)}{0,489 \cdot 8306,62} \right]$$

$$\nu = 33,17 \rightarrow (b)$$