Module 2
Pair Programming, Ruby

CS W169A: Software Engineering

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1 What Would Ruby Do?

Given the following snippets of Ruby code, determine the output. If you can, find a classmate, discuss, then validate your solutions by typing the code into an interpreter. You should alternate who types and who explains the output.

(i)
```ruby
fruit1 = "strawberry"
fruit2 = "banana"
puts fruit1.reverse
puts fruit2.reverse!
fruit1 + " " + fruit2
```

(ii)
```ruby
class String
    @@hello = "hi there!"
    def hello; "world"; end
end
"smoothie".hello
```

(iii)
```ruby
class Fruit
    def method_missing(meth)
        if meth.to_s =~ \/^tastes_(.+)\?\$\/
            "Yup, that fruit tastes #{\$1}!"
        else
            super
        end
    end
end
orange = Fruit.new
orange.bitter?
orange.tastes_sour?
orange.tastes_sweet?
```

2 Collections

In this next part, try to rewrite each of the following method as one (short) line. One person should be the writer,while the other person explains what to write. Try alternating roles between the two exercises. (Hint: see figure 3.7 in the textbook.)

(i)
```ruby
def foo(arr)
    res = 0
    arr.each do |n|
        res += n
    end
    res
end
```

(ii)
```ruby
def bar(hsh)
    res = {}
    hsh.each do |k, v|
        if v > 100
            res[k] = v
        end
    end
    res
end
```

3 Iterators

In this part, create your own iterators with the yield statement that return the following elements. Again, alternate roles between the two exercises.

(i) Write a function fib(n) that yields the first n Fibonacci numbers in sequence and returns nil.

```
>> fib(4) { |x| puts x }
1
1
2
3
nil
```

(ii) Write the function Array#odds which yields the odd-indexed elements of the array in sequence and returns nil.

```
>> [10, 30, 50, 70, 90].odds do |n|
..   puts n
.. end
30
70
nil
```

4 Extra Practice

Implement a linked list. Try to include the add, delete, and contains oeprations.