- 1.) In the empty string (E) both Na(s) & Nb(s) are equal to 0 so E is balanced, since 0+0=0
- 2) S=xy is balanced since S=xy=S(x)+S(y). S(x) is balanced SO  $N_a(x)-N_b(x)=O$  & S(y) is balanced SO  $N_a(y)-N_b(y)=O$  since we can rewrite S(xy) as  $(N_a(x)-N_b(x))+(N_a(y)-N_b(y))$ , S=xy must be balanced
  - 3) Szazb is balanced since we can write it as the concatenation of 2 balanced strings ("ab" and z) since I proved in part 2 that the concatenation of 2 balanced strings is balanced Szazb is balanced

2) base case: N=2

10(2) logz(2) = 20
With 2 teams the max amount of pushups is 10
Since 10 < 20 the base case holds true
induction step:

 $\sum_{n=1}^{k+1} = |O_n| \log_2 n = |O(k+1)| \log_2(k+1)$ 

The number of players on both teams in the final match must equal k+1 so if the teams are a, b then a+b=k+1.

There are Z cases

acb-since a is smaller that team will do

a=b Since a=b the amount of pushups is

loalogza +10b logzb +10a = 10(k+1) logz(k+1) is the formula for total pushups

ackt/2 -> Zack+1 so,

10a logz(2a) + 10b logzb = 10a logz(k+1) + 10b logz(k+1)
= 10(a+b) logz(k+1) Since a+b=k+1

= [0(k+1)logz(k+1)

This DFA accepts all except the final mode that represents 101. All other states are accept states, lot must be consecutive.

b) -> 0 -> 0 -> 0

This DFA will stay in an accept state until a 1,0,1 gets passed into the system. DFA ignores other digits meaning the 101 can be non-consecutive